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DOMINION OF CANADA
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

ANNUAL SURVEY *of* EDUCATION IN CANADA

1930

Published by authority of the Hon. H. H. Stevens
Minister of Trade and Commerce



OTTAWA
F. A. ACLAND
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1932

PREFACE

School attendance in 1929-30 continued to increase in regularity as well as in absolute numbers, the time spent in school by the average child during the year having been at least a month more than that of the child of ten years ago. The better attendance is reflected in the results of the schools, for the proportion of pupils getting as far as the high school grades has increased by more than fifty per cent in the same period. This, in turn, has increased the supply of teachers, and raised their general level of qualifications. The proportion of men in the teaching profession has shown a slow but steady gain at the same time, until it now exceeds the proportion existing before the War.

In this issue of the Survey, Part I has been recast and the scope of each chapter more definitely defined to parallel corresponding sections in Part II. Some changes have been made in the Table of Contents, as it affects Part II, to make this relation clear. Several changes and additions have been made among the statistical tables dealing with universities and colleges, private schools, teacher training schools, and the Dominion Summary of all institutions with a view to their improvement. A descriptive table is given in Chapter III which will allow a better understanding of the statistics of universities and colleges.

Part I consists of four chapters, Part II has eight sections of statistics. Chapter I gives a brief review of all educational institutions for the Dominion as a whole (corresponding to the statistics of Section I) and discusses at some length the schools of the provincial systems (statistical Sections II to V). Chapter II reviews non-provincial schools, and the statistics of these—private schools and Indian schools—are given in Sections VII and VIII. Chapter III is confined to universities and colleges, for which the corresponding tables appear in Section VI. Chapter IV reviews for each province separately all of its educational institutions, and an appendix summarizes the year's legislation of each province affecting education.

Part I has been written by, and Part II prepared under the direction of J. E. Robbins, M.A., with the supervision of M. C. MacLean, M.A., F.S.S. The Bureau gratefully acknowledges the assistance received from the several provincial Departments of Education in securing the data that are presented in the Report.

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Dominion Statistician.

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,
JANUARY, 1932.

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INTRODUCTORY NOTES

Definition of Terms

Academy.—A term used a few years ago to designate a definite type of school in some of the provinces, e.g., in Nova Scotia where academies from 1930 are to be termed high schools. The word now only survives as the chance name of a few privately-controlled secondary schools.

Affiliated College.—A college whose courses are approved, or in some cases prescribed, by a university which conducts the examinations and awards the diplomas to the college's students. But commonly the university exercises no financial control over the college.

Annexed College.—In Quebec, a college is said to be annexed when the university merely approves the curriculum and by-laws, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diplomas awarded by the college.

Associated College.—In Quebec, an associated college is an affiliated college situated outside of Quebec or Ontario, or more accurately outside of the former Lower Canada and Upper Canada.

Assisted School.—In British Columbia, a rural school of which the teacher's salary is paid by the Provincial Government.

Assisted Section.—A term used in Nova Scotia to indicate that the School Section requires some extra aid from Government or Municipality in order to support a school.

Boards, School.—The local bodies administering the publicly-controlled schools. (See under School Trustee).

Business College.—In Canada the term is generally applied to a private institution training young people for office positions. The courses do not usually require more than a year to complete. The institutions generally confer their own diplomas, while also preparing students for public examinations such as those for the Civil Service, and chartered accountants.

Catholic Schools.—In Quebec there are two distinct school systems, both publicly-controlled, one for the Catholic residents of the province—the Catholic Schools; the other group—the Protestant Schools—being attended by most of the non-Catholic elements in the province, including the large Jewish Community in Montreal. (See Appendix I which reviews legislation of 1930 in Quebec providing for the establishment of a Jewish School system in Montreal and Outremont).

Classical College.—The most numerous type of affiliated college in Quebec. Within the province they are termed "secondary" institutions. They give instruction all the way from what would be considered the elementary grades in other provinces to the end of a full course for the B.A. Degree. They are subsidized by the Provincial Government, but their courses are controlled by the universities to which they are affiliated (Laval and Montreal), not by the Department of Education.

Collegiate Department.—In Manitoba, a school in a town which has three teachers teaching high school work only, in contradistinction to "high school," which has only two such teachers. This "Department" is housed in the same building and under the same principal as the elementary classes. The latter fact distinguishes it from "Collegiate Institutes," where only high school and technical classes are housed.

Collegiate Institute.—In Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, a pure high school which has attained to a certain standard in equipment and staff; in other provinces, a "college."

Commissioners, Board of.—In Quebec, where the administrative school unit is the municipality instead of the district or section, the regular school board is called the Board of Commissioners, while the dissentient or minority board whether Roman Catholic or Protestant, is called the Board of Trustees.

Commissioners, District.—The administrative school unit which is called "school district" in all other provinces except Quebec, Ontario and Nova Scotia, is in Nova Scotia, called a school section. All these sections are included in 33 "districts" under district commissioners, whose powers now are mainly confined to altering the boundaries of school sections. The inspector is *ex officio* the secretary of the district commissioners.

Commissioners, School.—In Nova Scotia, the name given to members of school boards in incorporated towns.

Consolidated School.—An amalgamation of two or more rural schools, or of rural schools with village or town schools, either for the purpose of strengthening the means of school support where the original schools were small or poor, or for the purpose of providing a graded school and other advantages such as conveyance, instead of the original one-room school. In some cases (as in Saskatchewan) it need not be an amalgamation. The original district may be a "large district" with a graded school and provisions for conveyance, etc.

Continuation School.—Generally, a school where instruction is continued beyond elementary grades, but which has not reached the official status of a high school. In "Continuation schools" in Ontario, at least one teacher devotes full time to work of secondary grade; they are, generally speaking, the high schools of villages and rural centres.

Day Schools.—In this report the term is used to distinguish classes conducted during the day from evening or night schools. It never means "non-residential" as it does, for instance, when the Report of the Department of Indian Affairs classifies Indian schools as residential and day schools.

Department.—Used in some provinces to mean classroom.

Department of Education.—The term is used in all provinces to define the chief permanent central body in charge of public education; in Quebec the department is not under the direction of the Provincial Government, but linked with it through the Provincial Secretary; in the other provinces it is directly under the Provincial Government.

Departmental.—Refers always to the Department of Education, *e.g.* Departmental Summer School means a summer school conducted by the Department of Education.

District, School.—In all provinces except Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario, the smallest administrative school unit, locally governed by a board of school trustees (called "section" in Nova Scotia and Ontario); in Nova Scotia, see District Commissioners above; in Ontario it refers to a high school district; in Quebec it is a subdivision of the school municipality.

District, Poor.—In New Brunswick, a school needing a special government and county fund grant for its support.

Division, Inspectoral.—In Nova Scotia, used for "inspectorate".

Division, School.—In British Columbia, a department or classroom in a school.

Elementary Grades.—In all of the provinces except Quebec, the first eight grades (not counting kindergarten) in the ordinary schools, as distinguished from the more advanced "secondary" grades.

Elementary School.—A school that teaches the work of elementary grades.

General Schools.—The expression used in Nova Scotia Reports with the meaning that "ordinary schools" has in this report.

Grade, School.—The subdivisions of the work of ordinary day schools, the elementary "grades" being, in all provinces except Quebec, Grades I to VIII, and the secondary, Grades IX to XII, each of the twelve grades requiring about one year for the average child to complete.

Graded School.—A school with more than one classroom or teacher.

Grammar School.—The High School which is free to all qualified pupils in the county is in New Brunswick called a Grammar School.

High School.—A secondary school in all provinces, or at least a school where one or more teachers devote the greater part of their time to instruction in the secondary grades. In Nova Scotia, Protestant Quebec, Alberta and British Columbia all purely secondary schools are called high schools. In Ontario, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan the largest secondary schools are called collegiate institutes and smaller schools are called high schools. (In Ontario the smallest of all are called continuation schools.)

High School Grades.—Same as secondary grades.

Independent School.—In Quebec, the primary schools (ordinary schools) that are not publicly-administered by boards of commissioners or trustees, but by private organizations. The term is practically the equivalent of "private school" as that term is used in this report. But about half of the Quebec independent schools receive grants from the provincial Government, whereas the private schools in other provinces ordinarily do not.

Inspectors.—In all provinces, the representatives of the Department of Education who periodically visit all provincially controlled schools. They are paid by, and in most provinces they are appointed by, the Department of Education. But in Quebec, and for Ontario city elementary schools, they are appointed locally by the Municipality from a list approved by the Department.

Inspectorate.—The area under the supervision of a school inspector, except in Nova Scotia where it is called an inspectoral division.

Intermediate School.—In Manitoba, a graded school with one teacher employed for high school work; in Quebec, Protestant schools in which the first nine grades are taught.

Junior College.—An expression not frequently used in Canadian education, but when used in this report means a college teaching only part of the course for the B.A. degree, usually only two years in advance of matriculation.

Junior High School.—In British Columbia and Manitoba a school teaching grades VII, VIII and IX, and offering subjects (especially prevocational such as manual training) that cannot be taught in all schools handling these grades. They are practically all located in the larger centres, in Manitoba all being in Winnipeg.

- Kindergarten Primary.*—In Ontario, a school or room, combining the work of kindergarten and Grade I.
- Official Trustee.*—A trustee specially appointed to deal with unusual problems in a school district or section or to take the place of the regular board where the latter refuses or fails to carry out the provisions of the Education Act.
- Ordinary Schools.*—A term used in this report to designate all schools doing the general work of kindergarten and the eight elementary and four secondary grades (in Quebec the primary schools) as distinguished from technical or vocational schools and special schools for physically or mentally deficient children.
- Primary School.*—In Prince Edward Island the term is used to mean a one-room school. In Quebec the term is used in the sense that "ordinary schools" is used in this report, and within the province it designates the large group of schools giving a general elementary education as opposed to the groups (the secondary schools) preparing for professional studies in the university.
- Primary Elementary Schools.*—A subdivision of the Catholic Primary Schools of Quebec. They provide a course of one preparatory "year" and six "years" in advance of it.
- Primary Complementary.*—A second subdivision of Catholic Primary Schools in Quebec providing a general two-year course in advance of the Primary Elementary Schools (the 7th and 8th "years") directed towards commerce, agriculture, industry or (for girls) domestic economy. They are also called primary vocational schools.
- Primary Superior Schools.*—A third subdivision of Catholic Primary Schools in Quebec offering a course of three "years" called respectively the ninth, tenth and eleventh. In existence only since September, 1929.
- Private School.*—A school not directly under the control of the Department of Education in the matter of program of studies, etc., and administered by persons that are not publicly appointed. Ordinarily they do not receive grants from the Province except in Quebec. (See Independent Schools.)
- Protestant Schools.*—One of the two groups of schools in the province of Quebec. See "Catholic Schools".
- Provincially-Controlled Schools.*—A term used in this report to designate all the schools under the immediate jurisdiction of the provincial Departments of Education, and to distinguish them from (1) Indian Schools, (2) Private Schools, (3) Colleges and Universities.
- Public Schools.*—In Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta the elementary schools under provincial control are divided into two classes, "public" schools and "separate" schools. In other provinces the term generally designates all publicly-controlled (i.e. provincially controlled) schools, both elementary and secondary. The term is avoided as far as possible in this Survey on account of its conflicting meanings in the different provinces, but when used, unless speaking only of Ontario, Saskatchewan or Alberta, it means all publicly-controlled schools.
- Rural Municipal Schools.*—In British Columbia, each municipality (rural and urban) is a school district and the schools in every municipality are under the control of one Board of trustees. The schools in the rural municipalities are termed rural municipal schools.
- Secondary Grades.*—School grades in advance of grade VIII, usually grades IX to XII, as distinguished from the earlier grades which are termed "elementary".
- Secondary Schools.*—Schools organized to teach the work of secondary grades except in the Catholic Quebec system. Here the secondary schools are a group preparing students for university professional courses, as opposed to the primary schools which give the training required for teachers' certificates, admission to technical schools, etc.
- Section, School.*—A term used in Nova Scotia and Ontario to indicate the unit corporation for school self-government—the equivalent of "school district" in other provinces, except Quebec.
- Separate Schools.*—One of the two groups into which provincially controlled elementary (there are a few separate secondary schools in Alberta) schools are divided in Ontario, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, the other group being called "public schools". It is scarcely accurate to say that the separate schools are denominational and the public schools undenominational, for the public school in an area in its management and in the instruction given may be more denominational than the separate school in the same area. Rather the separate schools are dissentient schools that have arisen when either Roman Catholics or Protestants in an area prefer to set up a separate school rather than to patronize the one in existence. The separate schools in these provinces are in all cases either Catholic or Protestant. In fact legal provision does not exist for separate schools for any other group, except for coloured people in Ontario.
- School.*—In Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan Reports, a single school room in charge of a teacher, in other provinces the whole school institution. It is used in the latter sense in this Report.
- Special Schools.*—The provincially controlled schools in this Survey are divided into four groups (1) Ordinary, (2) Technical, (3) Teacher Training, (4) Special. The last group contains those for children who are subnormal mentally or physically, correspondence schools, and such other provisions as may be made for those who cannot attend the classes of regular schools.
- Superior Schools.*—In New Brunswick, a school equipped and staffed to teach high school work free to all children in grade VII and upwards in the parish or parishes in which the school is located; in British Columbia, a school equipped and staffed to teach the upper elementary and two high school grades.

Technical School.—A school that offers full time technical courses—commercial, household science, art or industrial. Many of these schools also offer instruction to adults in evening classes.

Trustees, School.—The members of school boards. They are generally appointed by the local ratepayers (urban sections in Nova Scotia, and high school districts in Ontario excepted) to manage the school or schools in a particular district (or section or municipality, according as the local administrative school unit may have the one name or the other in different provinces). The term is used in all provinces, but is applied in Quebec only to the members of minority boards, the members of majority boards being called commissioners, as also are the school board members in incorporated towns of Nova Scotia.

Ages of Free Admission to Schools

Prince Edward Island.—Resident children from the 6th to the 16th year of their age; older children if there is accommodation.

Nova Scotia.—Trustees must provide accommodation for all residents over 5 years of age who wish to attend.

New Brunswick.—Trustees must provide accommodation for residents between 6 and 20; others may attend if there is accommodation.

Quebec.—Usually 5 to 16 in elementary schools. A fee is charged in all cases except where abolished by the municipality, and children 7 to 14 have to pay this fee whether they attend school or not, but no child from 7 to 14 years of age is excluded from school for non-payment of monthly fees.

Ontario.—The public schools are free to all residents (except separate school supporters) between the ages of 5 and 21; the separate schools are free to separate school supporters.

Manitoba.—Every person between the ages of 6 and 21 years has the right to attend some school.

Saskatchewan.—In rural and village districts, between 5 and 21; in towns and cities, between 6 and 21. In order to equalize educational costs in Saskatchewan boards of trustees are allowed to charge certain fees when the residents are not taxpayers of the district, and in certain other cases where it is considered that the revenue derived does not provide for the service rendered. Certain fees are chargeable for pupils classified in grades above VIII when a high school or continuation room is maintained.

Alberta.—Children are admitted to Alberta schools as soon as they have attained the age of six.

British Columbia.—Accommodation must be provided between the ages of 6 and 16 years. In the discretion of School Boards children may be admitted who are under 6 years or over 16 years.

Yukon.—Children are admitted to school as soon as they have attained the age of six years.

Ages of Compulsory Attendance

Prince Edward Island.—Ages 7 to 13, inclusive; monthly attendance must be 60 per cent of the days schools are in operation. In Charlottetown and Summerside, attendance must be 100 per cent.

Nova Scotia.—Children of ages from 7 to 14 in rural schools, and 6 to 16 in towns and cities. Within the age limits, children in town and country schools must attend regularly; must be reported for discipline when 5 days absent; and parents and guardians, in addition to fines, may have 2 cents a day added to their taxes for each absence to compensate the section for the loss of the "attendance" portion of the Municipal school fund.

New Brunswick.—In districts other than cities and towns under section 105 of the Schools Act (on resolution of trustees, but the question must be brought up at every annual meeting until adopted)—age 7 to 12 for a period of 80 days; in cities and in incorporated towns under same section, in which the compulsory act has been adopted by city or town council, ages 6 to 16 or grade VII standing if over 12 years old, period 120 days; in Saint John, Fredericton, Chatham and Newcastle, 6 to 14. Employment of children under 16 may be forbidden by the school board.

Quebec.—No statutory laws for compulsory attendance.

Ontario.—(a) Children 8 to 14 must attend full time; children from 5 to 8, if enrolled, must attend full time to the end of the school term for which they are enrolled. (b) Adolescents 14 to 16 who have not attained university matriculation standing must attend full time; those exempted on the plea of circumstances compelling them to go to work must attend part time for 400 hours a year in municipalities where part-time courses are provided. This provision came into force in September, 1921. In September, 1922, urban municipalities with a population of 5,000 and over were required to provide part time courses.

Manitoba.—Children of ages 7 to 14 must attend full time. Any pupil over 14 if enrolled must attend regularly. A child over 12 may be exempted for employment, but only six weeks in the term. Employment under 14 (except as mentioned) is forbidden. Children of ages 14 to 16 must attend school regularly if not engaged in some regular occupation.

Saskatchewan.—All children 7 to 15 who have not passed grade VIII standing, subject to certain conditions as to distance from school, etc., must attend full time. Employment of unexempted children under 15 forbidden. Deaf mutes between the ages of 8 and 15 must attend an institution seven months in each year.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Alberta.—All children 7 to 15 must attend full time.

British Columbia.—Children of ages from 7 to 15 must attend full time during the school year.

Yukon.—All children 7 to 14 years must attend full time where there is a school established.

School Year and Vacations

Prince Edward Island.—July 1 to June 30; for financial purposes in Charlottetown and Summerside, calendar year. In Charlottetown and Summerside there are vacations of nine weeks in summer and one week in December; elsewhere there is a summer vacation of six weeks beginning July, a fall vacation of two weeks in October, and a winter vacation of one week in December; or, at the option of the District, there may be three weeks in May, three weeks in October, and one week in either July or December, but schools of two or more departments may have a summer vacation of eight weeks and one in December.

Nova Scotia.—August 1 to July 31. There is a summer vacation of about eight weeks in July and August (but, with the consent of the inspector, trustees may fix these for January and February) and two weeks at Christmastide, also Friday and Monday of Easter season, and all statutory holidays. The school year now comprises 200 authorized teaching days. Full Government grant to the teacher is earned by keeping school open 100 days each half year.

New Brunswick.—July 1 to June 30, with a summer vacation of eight weeks commencing July 1, and a winter vacation of two weeks commencing on the Saturday before Christmas.

Quebec.—July 1 to June 30. The Roman Catholic Committee regulations require schools closed each year, from the 1st of July to the first Monday in September; the Protestant Committee regulations from the 1st July to the 15th August, but in practice, schools may open in September.

Ontario.—The school year consists of two terms: September 1 to December 22, and January 3 to June 29. In addition to the interval between these terms there is a vacation of one week following Easter. Statistics of the public and separate schools which are shown in this report, however, are for the two terms which made up the calendar year, while those for secondary schools, normal schools, technical schools, etc., are given for the year ending in June.

Manitoba.—July 1 to June 30, with the following vacations: (a) Easter—the full week beginning with Easter Sunday; (b) Midsummer—from the first day of July to the third Monday in August, both days inclusive, or by special resolution of the board, to the first day of September; (c) Christmas, from the 24th day of December to the 2nd day of January, both days inclusive.

Saskatchewan.—For finances, calendar year; for other statistics, July 1 to June 30. (Up to 1920, however, all statistics were given for the calendar year.) The vacations are as follows: In rural and village districts at least seven weeks in the year, of which one to six weeks must be in summer. The board may declare Easter week a holiday. The summer vacation comes between July 1 and October 1, and the winter between December 23 and March 15. In towns and cities at least eight weeks commencing July 2, and Christmas week and Easter week. The board of any district, in which the school is to be kept open for at least 200 days during the year may allow additional holidays not exceeding two weeks.

Alberta.—For finances, calendar year; for statistics, academic year, that is from July 1 to June 30. (Up to the year 1910, however, statistics were given for the calendar year.) The vacations are: In rural districts, seven to ten weeks; Easter week in yearly schools; summer, between July 1 and September 1; winter, December 24 to January 2. In towns and cities, eight to twelve weeks.

British Columbia.—July 1 to June 30. The vacations are: Summer, July and August; winter, two weeks preceding first Monday in January; Easter, four days following Easter Monday.

Yukon.—First Monday after Discovery Day (August 17) to Friday before Matriculation examinations in June. Vacations are: From June 18 (approx.) to August 18; December 24 to January 2; from Thursday before Good Friday to Wednesday following Easter Monday.

CHAPTER I.—SCHOOLS OF THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS

The recorded attendance at Canadian educational institutions in 1930 was 2,490,623. To serve this number of pupils, 83,144 teachers and 32,209 schools or colleges were required at a cost of \$165,361,198. Roughly, the schools reached a quarter of the country's population and involved an average expenditure of \$66 on each person enrolled. Four out of every five enrolled were in elementary school grades, while one had completed his elementary education and was continuing his studies. One seventh of the aggregate were practically adults—over sixteen years of age—and of these, every third person was pursuing studies by means of evening classes. A concise numerical summary of educational institutions in Canada for the year may be given as follows:—

	Number of Institutions	Number of Pupils	Number of Teachers	Expenditure
(1) Provincially controlled schools—				\$
(a) Ordinary day.....	30,188	2,106,878	64,890	
(b) Technical day.....	100	47,742	1,794	
(c) Technical evening.....	340	111,301	2,914	135,901,082
(d) Normal Schools.....	46	7,360	467	
(e) Blind and deaf.....	11	1,764	*300	
(2) Privately-controlled schools—				
(a) Ordinary day.....	795	92,275	5,518	6,672,000
(b) Business training.....	182	29,120	679	(Est.)
(3) Dominion Indian Schools.....	342	15,743	*500	2,330,437
(4) Universities and Colleges—				
(a) Preparatory.....	46†	19,783	1,394	
(b) University grade.....	152	37,400	4,708	20,367,679
(c) Others.....	7†	21,257		
Totals.....	32,209	2,490,623	83,144	165,361,198

*Approximate.

†Including only affiliated schools that are not enumerated in (b).

Schools under the management of the provincial Departments of Education, i.e., (1) above, including as they do the ordinary schools of general education, a rapidly growing number of technical and vocational schools, the normal schools for teacher training, and most of the special schools such as those for the blind and deaf, serve 90 per cent of the total enrolment. The present chapter is mainly concerned with this group.

Elementary, secondary and business training schools outside of the provincial systems, i.e., under the control of private individuals, institutions, or corporations—(2) above—include about five per cent of the total. These are reviewed from the Dominion standpoint in Chapter II, as also are the federal government's Dominion wide chain of schools for the native Indian wards—(3) above.

The fourth and last group is composed of the institutions of higher education, their attendance being swelled by preparatory and extension classes in many of them to include over three per cent of the aggregate. Chapter III is devoted to them.

ENROLMENT AND ATTENDANCE IN PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

The provincial school systems continue to show an increasing proportion in the upper grades. For the eight provinces in which the grading is uniform, 13 per cent of the pupils in 1930 had completed the elementary grades and were giving their full time to study in ordinary or technical high schools. This contrasts strongly with eight per cent a decade ago, but there seems no doubt that the proportion in 1931 and 1932 is being further augmented. Adolescents are experiencing unusual difficulty in securing employment, and are remaining in school or even returning to school after having been out for a year or more.

Two of the major factors operating to increase the proportions in high school, have doubtless been the raising of the age of compulsory attendance and improved regularity in attendance through the more rigid enforcement of attendance laws. In 1919, the proportion of enrolment in average daily attendance for the Dominion as a whole was 64.7 per cent. By 1930, it had risen to 77 per cent, and was over 70 per cent in every province. This means that the average pupil was attending at least a month more in 1930 than in 1919, and that something like a full year had been added to his school life by means of this increased regularity. A second additional

year had been added for many by raising the age of obligatory attendance. The following figures offer some indication of the manner in which the schools' results improve with better attendance: In Nova Scotia in 1930 attendance had improved 12 per cent relatively to 1921, and the average grade of children at the age of fourteen had risen 6 per cent (allowing equal weight to each grade); in Saskatchewan the attendance had improved 18 per cent, the grade 8 per cent; in Alberta the rises were 28 per cent and 11 per cent respectively.

But more stringent attendance regulations have not been the only factors operating to place more students in the high schools. The secondary schools themselves have been changing in character to attract—or perhaps better, to serve—a wider range of students. Curricula have been altered and broadened in variety to include courses that it was previously not possible to obtain in the publicly controlled school systems. Technical and vocational courses have appeared in many quarters. Some idea of the appeal that these have made at the expense of such subjects as Latin, mathematics and the natural sciences may be gained from the following figures which compare the proportions studying certain subjects in the secondary schools of six provinces (there being no data available for Manitoba, Quebec and Prince Edward Island) in 1930 with those of ten years ago:—

PER CENT STUDYING EACH SUBJECT

	1920	1930
<i>Languages—</i>		
English.....	93.4	92.3
French.....	69.1	69.6
Latin.....	59.0	49.6
<i>Mathematics—</i>		
Arithmetic.....	69.1	47.7
Algebra.....	87.6	64.0
Geometry.....	61.2	50.7
Trigonometry.....	4.3	6.1
<i>Natural Sciences—</i>		
Geography.....	54.1	51.4
Physics.....	62.3	23.3
Chemistry.....	34.6	24.6
Botany.....	40.6	17.2
Zoology.....	30.9	11.5
<i>Technical and Vocational—</i>		
Manual Training.....	9.7	10.2
Typewriting.....	8.2	16.1
Stenography.....	9.4	14.8
Other Technical Courses.....	No comparative figures	

Owing to the frequent grouping of courses in the natural science group under such heading as "General Science," the above figures in their cases are not strictly comparable, and should not be considered indicative of more than the general trend. For the same reason, comparative figures for history for the two years are not given. But there can be little room for confusion in the language and mathematics groups, and as little ground for mistaking that Latin, arithmetic, algebra and geometry are much less generally studied in the high schools than they were ten years ago. The greater proportion now proceeding to Grade XII explains the increase in trigonometry. The French language has held its own as a subject of study in the English-speaking schools—even gained a little ground—and is studied by more than two thirds of all pupils. Other languages taught—German, Spanish and Greek—are of minor importance. Offsetting the general decreases in mathematics, Latin and science there are the increases in the technical and vocational courses shown as well as those in numerous other technical subjects for which definite figures cannot be obtained.

It has been said above that 13 per cent of all pupils are in the secondary grades, but this method of statement does not present an adequate conception of the proportion of the population receiving a high school education. It is perhaps natural to associate the 13 per cent with four grades and the remaining eighty-seven with eight grades, unconsciously inferring that each elementary grade is more than three times as important as each secondary, and from this, that less than a third of pupils get as far as high school. But there are several reasons why this method of reasoning is misleading. In the first place the final year of high school, where given, is a post-graduate year and relatively unimportant in numbers. Further, the population from which the high school enrolment is drawn in any year is in a sense much smaller than that from which the early elementary grades are drawn in the same year. To illustrate: The Grade X of 1930 is drawn mainly from the Grade I of 1920, but in the interval the numbers on which Grade I has to draw have increased, probably about 25 per cent. To obtain a more reliable picture of the average school career, the age grade tables of the seven provinces in the past ten years have been studied, and the following school-life table for the aggregate deduced therefrom. There are no such data to be had for British Columbia or Quebec Protestant schools, but the

number of their pupils is insufficient to affect seriously the validity of the following figures for the elementary and high school grades of the Dominion as a whole:

	Of 100,000 Boys and Girls beginning School, the following:					
	(a) Reach the Grade Specified			(b) Leave school at the Grade Specified		
	Boys	Girls	Boys and Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys and Girls
Grade I.....	100,000	100,000	100,000	832	599	716
" II.....	99,168	99,401	99,284	1,244	777	1,010
" III.....	97,924	98,624	98,274	2,556	1,668	2,112
" IV.....	95,368	96,956	96,113	4,473	3,377	3,925
" V.....	90,895	93,579	92,237	7,352	5,251	6,301
" VI.....	83,543	88,328	85,936	10,130	7,414	8,772
" VII.....	73,413	80,914	77,163	11,568	9,102	10,335
" VIII.....	61,845	71,812	66,829	19,161	18,014	18,588
" IX.....	42,684	53,798	48,241	13,922	15,903	14,913
" X.....	28,762	37,895	33,329	11,380	14,895	13,138
" XI (Middle School).....	17,382	23,000	20,191	12,382	16,603	14,482
" XII.....	5,020	6,397	5,708	5,020	6,397	5,708

The number in Grade XII (Upper School in Ontario) does not adequately represent the proportion taking this post-graduate high school year, for it is also taught as "first year" in the universities. But it is to be noted from the above that 61.8 per cent of boys and 71.8 per cent of girls, or two-thirds of the oncoming population are getting as far as the entrance to high school. Almost half of all are doing some high school work—42.7 per cent of the boys and 53.8 per cent of the girls, and one-fifth are reaching the final or matriculation year—17.3 per cent of the boys and 23.0 per cent of the girls. The advantage of the girls is greatest in the high school years but exists in smaller degree all the way through school. Its cumulative effect is to give the average girl half a year's more education than the average boy—8.5 years as compared with the boy's 8.0 years.

TEACHERS

In terms of certificates—in fact by any available measure—recent years have witnessed a notable improvement in the competence of the teachers employed in the provincial schools. Considered in relation to the greater work that it has been noticed the schools are now doing for the average child, it appears partly as cause and partly as result. Better teachers have facilitated the progress of the pupils, and in turn as more pupils get a secondary school education more have qualified for teaching positions and have made it possible for the Departments of Education to raise the standards required for teaching certificates. An indication of the improvement in certification of teachers is given below, where the proportion with second class or higher certificates is shown for the eight provinces where certificates are thus classified, quinquennially since 1914. Collectively, the percentage has increased from 67 to 95, third class and other temporary licences having practically disappeared, especially in the Western Provinces, in spite of the fact that the requirements for the higher classes of certificate have been made more exacting. As the movement up to seconds is practically complete, further progress will have to be measured by the growing proportion obtaining first class professional standing or higher.

PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS WITH SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES OR HIGHER

Province	1914	1919	1925	1930
Prince Edward Island.....	72	76	90	92
Nova Scotia.....	57	59	65	74
New Brunswick.....	75	78	83	85
Ontario.....	75	84	92	96
Manitoba.....	53	67	76	97
Saskatchewan.....	44	62	73	99
Alberta.....	72	73	94	98
British Columbia.....	78	73	94	97
Eight Provinces.....	67	74	85	95

The increased proportion of second class certificates or higher is a very good index of the greater permanence that the profession has attained. The disappearance of third class and other temporary licences has been accompanied by a marked increase in the length of experience of the average teacher. In Manitoba, for instance, the average time that the teacher of 1923 had been engaged in the profession was less than four years; the 1930 teacher, six years.

The proportion of men in the teaching profession has increased steadily since the close of the war, when it was at the abnormally low figure of 15.5 per cent, and now amounts to 21.1 per cent for the Dominion as a whole, which compares with 19.2 per cent for the last year before the outbreak of the war. The table below shows the trend in this regard in individual provinces:—

PERCENTAGE OF MALE TEACHERS

Province	1914	1919	1925	1930
Prince Edward Island.....	27.5	17.2	21.9	21.9
Nova Scotia.....	9.4	5.3	9.0	8.6
New Brunswick.....	10.0	6.5	10.3	10.0
Quebec.....	14.3	15.2	16.1	17.7
Ontario.....	17.3	13.3	16.2	18.9
Manitoba.....	16.6	16.9	20.2	19.0
Saskatchewan.....	34.8	20.6	26.8	26.6
Alberta.....	34.5	19.3	25.9	24.6
British Columbia.....	26.1	20.8	25.7	28.9
Canada.....	19.2	15.5	18.4	21.1

After observing the general raising of standards in teachers' certification it is of interest to note some of the provisions that have been made for their more advanced training. There is the establishment within the last few years of new professional training courses in several of the universities—Saskatchewan, Alberta, Montreal, and less recently, but within the past decade, in the Maritime universities and British Columbia. The lengthening of courses in the normal schools has been general, culminating in the experiment of Ontario in bringing teachers back for a second term at normal school after they have attended a full school year and done some teaching.

Summer schools for teachers, with one or two exceptions, are an innovation of the last two decades, but have come to occupy an important place in the academic and pedagogical improvement of the teaching profession. Most of the provincial Departments of Education now offer courses during July and August at one or more centres, frequently in co-operation with universities, while in addition many of the universities and colleges conduct classes independently. The sessions ordinarily last from four to seven weeks, and in the summer of 1930 had an attendance of more than 9,000. The courses offered by the Departments of Education are usually arranged with a view to improving the professional standing of the teacher, and are attended by few other than those engaged in teaching. Work offered by the universities commonly leads towards a degree in arts or science and is undertaken by others as well as teachers. Of the total attendance, it is calculated that 7,500 or more were teachers. This represents more than one-tenth of all teachers in the Dominion. Ontario teachers appear to attend in highest proportion—about 25 per cent while next in order come British Columbia, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Alberta and New Brunswick, with percentages between 10 and 25. In Saskatchewan, Quebec and Prince Edward Island the proportions are somewhat less. A table in the section of Part II on "Teacher Training Schools" shows the location of Departmental and University summer schools in Canada, the dates of their establishment, and the attendance in 1930.

CONSOLIDATED vs. RURAL SCHOOLS

Manitoba still leads the provinces in the matter of consolidation of schools, having 108 such districts. Alberta comes next with 64, and Saskatchewan with 40. Ontario has 28, Quebec something like 30, and there are a few in the Maritimes and British Columbia. Certain data are available on these schools, in the provinces where they are most numerous, that enable some comparisons to be drawn between them and one-room schools such as they have displaced. In particular, age-grade information that has been compiled for Manitoba and Saskatchewan since the formation of the Education Branch in the Bureau of Statistics enables the progress of pupils in consolidated schools to be measured in comparison with that of children in rural schools.

Manitoba shows a very marked advantage in favour of the consolidated school. The table below gives the average grade attained by pupils at each year of compulsory school age in both classes of schools. After starting together at the age of seven each year produces a wider gap between the average pupil in the two kinds of school, until at the age of fourteen the consolidated school pupil is well advanced in the work of grade eight, and the pupil of the one-room school has not completed grade six. Apart from this advantage of distinctly more than a year on the part of the pupil of the larger school, when attendance becomes no longer obligatory, there must be a much stronger incentive for him to remain in school and complete the entrance

grade. He is already well started on his final year, while the pupil of the small school sees the entrance examination more than two years distant. Indeed, only 45 per cent of the fourteen-year-olds continue in the small school after they have reached fifteen, whereas in the consolidated school the fifteen-year-olds are 85 per cent as numerous as those a year younger. Some of the one-room children doubtless transfer to the larger schools for the high school grades, but the second percentage is so much higher that it means unmistakeably greater opportunity for the rural children within the larger school unit.

Nor does all the advantage accrue to the rural district. The table below also shows the average attainment of pupils in town, village and rural schools of more than one room that are not consolidated, and they too are seen to be at a disadvantage compared to those of the consolidated districts. Their average pupil at fourteen has not finished grade seven. True, this is nearer than the rural school comes to producing the consolidated school's results, but there appears to be a definite gain to be made by the central school through amalgamation. Moreover, where the drop in enrolment between the ages of fourteen and fifteen is only 15 per cent in the consolidated schools, it is 27 per cent in this third group.

Age	Average grade at each year of age		
	Rural	Consolidated	Town and Village not consolidated
7	1.61	1.66	1.66
8	2.12	2.43	2.33
9	3.05	3.39	3.19
10	3.85	4.33	4.01
11	4.68	5.21	4.92
12	5.46	6.17	5.83
13	6.26	7.14	6.83
14	6.95	8.21	7.97
Enrolment at each year of age			
14	3,165	1,272	2,649
15	1,439	1,087	1,930

In Saskatchewan, the same general relations hold between consolidated and each of the other two classes of schools as in Manitoba.

The teacher of the Manitoba one-room school has on the average 3.7 years' experience and receives a salary of \$867, the consolidated school teacher 6.6 years' experience and \$1,213 salary. The 40 per cent higher salary naturally secures not only a more experienced but also a better trained teacher. But in the larger school she teaches 35.6 pupils in comparison with 28.6 in the country school, with the result that her salary means only 13 per cent more per pupil taught, and since she succeeds in getting her pupils through 7.2 grades, in place of the other teacher's 5.9 grades, her cost per year of work successfully completed by her pupils is only 93 per cent of the cost of the much lower salaried teacher of the ungraded school. In other words, the consolidated school teacher, although she gets a salary 40 per cent higher actually costs 7 per cent less in terms of work successfully done. This, of course, should not be construed as derogatory of the work of the rural teacher. Her average pupil attends only 139 days in the year while the consolidated school's pupil attends 167 days. She can not be expected to cover as much work with the pupil in a year that is 28 days (almost a month and a half) shorter. Expressed in terms of attendance the one-room teacher puts her average pupil through each grade in 188 school days, the consolidated school teacher in 185. In other words, the fact that the latter's pupil attains only 5.9 grades and the former's 7.2 in eight years is accounted for practically entirely by poorer attendance; and the greater cost of the former in terms of work accomplished is more than accounted for by this irregular attendance together with her smaller number of pupils.

The teaching staff of the bigger school, then, provides instruction from Grades I to XI or XII at a smaller cost per pupil per grade than the rural teacher is able to do for Grades I to VIII, (in some cases to Grade IX, and occasionally to Grade X). This much can be said for the comparative costs of teachers, and teachers' salaries represent about one-third of the total expenditure of consolidated schools. While all of the foregoing except the last statement is deduced from Manitoba data, there is no apparent reason why it should differ substantially in other provinces.

There is a marked difference between provinces, however, in the matter of the second major factor in consolidated school outlay—conveyance costs. In Saskatchewan, where the size of such districts is particularly large, transportation costs practically as much as teachers' salaries, in Ontario only half as much. But economies of operation of the larger school unit, including the saving on salary, heating and maintenance of buildings, etc., go to offset the cost of conveyance, with the result that available data show the total cost of the larger school in terms of work accomplished to be, like teachers' salaries alone, less than the cost of the smaller. To illustrate: In Alberta, the annual cost per pupil enrolled in one-room schools is recorded as \$61.08, in consolidated schools \$86.29—or 41 per cent higher. When allowance is made for the rate at which the

grades are covered in the two classes of schools (on the basis of what is shown above to take place in the Manitoba and Saskatchewan schools) the cost per pupil per grade is only 18 per cent higher. Allowing further for the greater proportion of high school students in the larger schools, again on the Manitoba and Saskatchewan basis (the cost of a year in high school averages more than twice the cost of an elementary year) the expenses of the consolidated schools are less than 98 per cent of the small ones. The larger school, then, appears at least as cheap in terms of work done, and its added conveniences (such as healthier buildings, absence of the necessity of parents transporting their own children, etc.), are at the same time obtained.

RURAL vs. URBAN SCHOOLS: SUBJECTS TAUGHT

Though most of the Provinces make an effort to record the numbers studying each subject of the curriculum in secondary schools, data are seldom compiled on this subject for the elementary schools. For several years the Bureau of Statistics, in co-operation with the Department of Education for Saskatchewan, has been experimenting with compilations of this kind for Saskatchewan schools. Most of the subjects that are compulsory in all grades—such as the three R's—are omitted from the calculation, and attention is concentrated on subjects less generally studied with a view to comparing the amount of attention that they receive in different types of schools. The following table shows summarily the results of the compilation for rural as compared with urban schools.

COMPARATIVE PERCENTAGES OF PUPILS IN RURAL AND URBAN SCHOOLS OF SASKATCHEWAN STUDYING CERTAIN SUBJECTS IN GRADES I TO VIII, 1930

Grade	Nature Study	Elementary Science	Art or Drawing	Music	Manual Training	Hygiene	Agriculture	Home Economics	French	Physical Training	Cadet Instruction
I Rural.....	44	1	79	30	2	65	-	-	3	59	-
Urban.....	72	-	92	73	9	82	-	-	4	78	-
II Rural.....	71	3	84	33	2	79	1	-	3	60	-
Urban.....	90	-	96	78	8	91	-	-	4	81	-
III Rural.....	83	5	87	40	2	89	3	-	4	63	-
Urban.....	94	2	97	80	5	96	-	-	4	81	-
IV Rural.....	76	20	85	46	2	93	12	1	3	61	-
Urban.....	77	25	84	81	8	97	3	3	4	80	-
V Rural.....	72	24	84	50	2	97	22	1	3	61	-
Urban.....	71	29	95	82	4	98	9	4	4	80	-
VI Rural.....	64	27	83	52	2	97	34	1	3	59	-
Urban.....	66	28	91	89	14	99	21	14	4	79	-
VII Rural.....	44	11	79	56	2	99	81	1	3	60	-
Urban.....	44	7	89	82	25	98	83	24	4	81	-
VIII Rural.....	36	9	83	60	2	97	87	1	11	58	-
Urban.....	29	5	59	66	16	98	77	17	21	67	-

It is apparent at first sight that these minor subjects of the elementary curriculum are on the whole a more important factor in the town schools than in the country. Under the three closely related headings agriculture, elementary science and nature study, the rural pupils fare better except for nature study in the earliest grades, but in all of the others the urban pupils have the advantage. In art or drawing, and music, especially the latter, the town pupils lead the rural quite distinctly until they reach the entrance grade when the proportions become more uniform by reason of a very sudden drop in the popularity of artistic subjects in the urban schools—probably in part because a final examination is required only in one of drawing or music, and other subjects demand attention in preparation for the Departmental examinations at the end of the year. In the case of manual training and household science, few of the rural schools are equipped to teach them. In the town schools as many as fourteen per cent in grade six, and twenty-five per cent in grade seven get instruction of this nature, but again there is a reduction of the percentage in grade eight. The most generally taught of the subjects in the above list is hygiene, practically all children except some beginners being included. For physical training, the percentages are quite uniform in each grade, ranging about 60 per cent in rural and 80 per cent in urban (except that they too fall in grade eight). The uniformity may be interpreted to mean that only certain schools in each group give attention to physical drill and that they include all children in their exercises. Similarly, with French, in which three per cent of rural and four per cent of urban schools give instruction up to grade seven. In grade eight the proportions jump to 11 per cent and 21 per cent, respectively, doubtless in preparation for high school.

For the high school grades, the first two of which claim considerable numbers in the rural schools, the comparison has been extended to all subjects of the curriculum. The subjects in which a definitely larger proportion is reported in the rural schools are music, drawing, agriculture, physics, history and civics. Those in which the urban schools have a definite advantage are French, German, Latin, mathematics, geography, commercial subjects, household science and manual training. For reasons of space the full comparison is not here presented.

CHAPTER II.—NON-PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS AND EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

Under the terms of the British North America Act, education in Canada is primarily a matter of provincial administration, and a governmental Department of Education in each province has under its immediate jurisdiction a system of schools—schools of general education, technical and vocational schools, special schools for those unable to take the ordinary instruction, and teacher-training schools—which in the aggregate, as observed in Chapter I include 90 per cent of the enrolment in all institutions of learning. But outside of these provincial school systems from the administrative standpoint, though necessarily related to them closely, are important groups of schools and educational activities. These fall naturally into two groups: (1) Those controlled by the Dominion Government; (2) Those that are immediately controlled by private individuals or corporations (though, of course, ultimately they may be either encouraged or restrained by the provincial governments). This second group includes schools not supported by public funds, the publication of school periodicals, and the activities of various voluntary educational associations.

The present chapter is concerned with these two groups.

A. THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT

Indian Schools.—From the time of the formation of the Dominion the federal government has been charged with the education of the native Indian children, and has maintained a system of schools for them quite distinct from the provincially-controlled schools. They are administered by the Department of Indian Affairs at Ottawa. The census of the Department in 1929 showed 108,012 Indians in Canada, and in 1930 there were 15,743 children attending school, of whom 7,302 were accommodated in 78 boarding schools and 8,441 in 272 non-residential schools. The territorial distribution was as follows:—

	Residential Schools	Non- Residential Schools	Total Enrolment	Cost to Govern- ment
				\$
Prince Edward Island.....	—	1	34	722
Nova Scotia.....	—	11	286	105,257
New Brunswick.....	—	10	298	17,386
Quebec.....	—	32	1,433	78,551
Ontario.....	13	85	4,105	415,392
Manitoba.....	10	46	2,298	385,268
Saskatchewan.....	14	26	2,001	397,252
Alberta.....	19	3	1,530	326,772
British Columbia.....	16	47	3,291	532,579
Yukon.....	2	7	190	16,423
Northwest Territories.....	4	4	277	54,835
Canada.....	78	272	15,473	2,330,438

In the operation of the schools, especially the residential schools, the Department enjoys the close co-operation of different churches. The cost per pupil in the boarding schools is between four and five times as great as in the small schools, but they enable a greater diversity of instruction to be given, including training in household science for the girls and in agriculture and certain trades for the boys. The schools are everywhere accessible without cost to the Indians. Comparatively few of the children go beyond the elementary grades, but the proportion in advance of the fourth grade has doubled in the last ten years, probably due largely to compulsory attendance since 1919 of all physically-fit between the ages of seven and fifteen.

The general programs of studies followed are those of the provincial Departments of Education. All schools are inspected frequently by officers of the Department of Indian Affairs, and provincial school inspectors visit all classrooms except in New Brunswick and British Columbia where there are special Indian School Inspectors. Practically all of the residential schools are under the oversight of a physician, and in most cases there is a resident nurse. Pupils in the non-residential schools are examined by agency physicians and travelling nurses. The most promising and industrious among the graduates of the Indian schools are assisted financially in continuing their education elsewhere, or in establishing homes, 160 having received such assistance in 1930. In addition, over 200 Indian children were supported in orphanages and schools for white children. For more complete data, see the tables of Part II.

Northwest Territories.—There is no public school system in the Northwest Territories, but grants for educational purposes are made by the Department of the Interior of Canada to the

Roman Catholic and Anglican Churches, both of which maintain schools for white, Indian and Eskimo children in connection with their missions. The Roman Catholic Church operated three boarding schools and four non-residential schools; the Anglican Church one and four respectively. In addition to these, provision was made for the holding of classes for children temporarily gathered in the vicinity of any point where there is a mission.

Grants in Aid of Technical Education.—Several times in the past two decades the Dominion has come to the assistance of the provinces in providing money to encourage a greater diversity of instruction in their schools. In 1913 the Agricultural Instruction Act was passed, distributing \$10,000,000 in ten years among the provinces for the advancement of agricultural education. In 1919 a similar sum was voted for the improvement of technical education, on condition that the provinces themselves each spend an additional amount equivalent to its share; in 1929 the original time limit of ten years in which the provinces might qualify for their grants was extended five years, as Ontario was the only one that had earned the full portion to which it was entitled under the Act of 1919. Finally, in 1931, an annual sum of \$750,000 for fifteen years was voted for the same purpose, so the interest of the Central Government in the field of technical education seems likely to continue for a considerable period.

In 1929, the last year in which all provinces were drawing grants, there were 121,252 pupils in schools receiving aid from the Dominion—45,617 in day courses, 73,877 in evening classes, and 1,447 by correspondence. In 1931-32 all provinces are eligible for grants again, and the enrolment will be even greater, since the erection of new day schools and the extension of evening classes has gone forward consistently in the intervening years.

The Technical Education Acts have been administered in the Department of Labour at Ottawa, by the Technical Education Branch. An Annual Report of the Branch reviews the work of the schools assisted by its grants, and several monographs have been issued on various subjects in the field of vocational and industrial training. The work assisted includes pre-vocational or junior high school courses; commercial, homemaking, applied art, and industrial courses in high schools; part-time classes for apprentices and employed adolescents; short-term courses for adult workers; evening classes for adults; and correspondence instruction.

Military, Physical, and Cadet Training.—For a full review of the activities that come under this heading the Annual Report of the Department of National Defence should be consulted. Details of the Royal Military College at Kingston where 200 gentlemen cadets are annually taken in training are included in the present report with the chapter and statistical section on higher education. A variety of short term training courses is given to members of the permanent and non-permanent active militia, and to airmen at various centres. The amount expended by the Department in 1930-31 on the encouragement of physical training and cadet services was \$500,000. Over 11,000 teachers and normal school students attended courses provided in physical education, and 6,000 received certificates of proficiency. Cadet corps enrolled 131,985 boys, three leading features of training being first aid, signalling, and miniature rifle practice. The Department of Marine conducts short courses in navigation at six Canadian cities. It also conducts examinations for Masters' and Mates', and Radiotelegraphic operators' certificates.

Penitentiary Education.—In each of the Dominion's six penitentiaries one or more teachers are included on the regular staffs to provide the essentials of an elementary education to those in custody, while numerous agricultural and trade instructors are employed. Of a total of 3,187 inmates in 1930, 377 were under 20 years of age, and 1,460 between the ages of 20 and 30.

Division of Child Welfare.—The Department of Pensions and National Health has included a Division of Child Welfare since 1920, which, among other activities co-operates with provincial Departments of Education in connection with the promotion of school hygiene, medical and dental inspection of schools, provision of school nurses, the training of children needing special care, and the instruction of teachers-in-training in normal schools on principles and methods of preventive medicine and of child hygiene and welfare. For a full account of the activities of the Division the Annual Report of the Department should be obtained.

Miscellaneous Grants.—There are various grants made by the Dominion to organizations directly or indirectly connected with education, but which are not administered by the Federal Government. Among such may be mentioned those to the Canadian Council of Child Welfare, the Victorian Order of Nurses, etc.

Dominion Bureau of Statistics.—In 1919 an Education Branch was established in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as a result of a conference of representatives from the Provincial Departments of Education and the Dominion Government. (Copies of the Proceedings of this Conference are still obtainable from the Dominion Statistician.) Prior to that time there had been no organization for collecting and collating data on education for the Dominion as a whole, but the desirability of such an office had on frequent occasions been pointed out by educational bodies. In the Annual Surveys of Education that have since been published by the Bureau of Statistics, fundamental information on all the provincial school systems has been brought together, and from year to year, through the co-operation of the several Departments of Education, the uniformity and comparability of the information for different provinces has been steadily increased. In order to obtain the additional and more comparable information

several of the Provincial Departments collect reports from each of their schools or classrooms and forward them to the Bureau of Statistics for compilation.

Though the reports from schools of the provincial systems are in all cases collected through the Departments of Education, those from universities and colleges, and in most of the provinces those from private schools, associations, etc., are obtained from the individual sources directly by the Bureau.

In addition to the Annual Survey of Education in Canada, separate bulletins or monographs are issued from time to time dealing with certain sections of the education field, e.g., "Illiteracy and School Attendance" as revealed in the census. Teachers, trustees, inspectors and others interested in education may be placed on the mailing list by communicating with the Dominion Statistician, Ottawa.

B. NON-GOVERNMENTAL EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

Private Elementary and Secondary Schools.—There are numerous schools in each province providing a general education, but not supported by public funds and not necessarily following strictly the program of studies of the publicly-controlled schools. They are usually controlled by religious communities or private individuals. Many are widely known and have a long record of successful service. A directory of them may be obtained from the Dominion Statistician. The group enrolled 32,216 pupils in eight provinces (except Quebec) or about 2 per cent of the school population in 1930. In Quebec the number in schools of this class (called "independent primary" schools, about half of which receive provincial grants) was 60,059 or over 10 per cent of school enrolment in the province, making the proportion for the whole Dominion more than 4 per cent. In the United States 9 per cent of the pupils are in schools privately controlled, which, according to reliable sources, is probably not far from the percentage in the United Kingdom. Apart from Quebec, the proportions are highest—between 4 and 5 per cent in British Columbia and New Brunswick; between 3 and 4 per cent in Manitoba and Prince Edward Island; less in the other provinces.

There is a much higher proportion of the pupils in advanced grades in the private schools than in the public. In the eight provinces about 25 per cent of all students are in the high school grades, while a further 10 per cent have completed the lower grades and are studying special subjects, whereas in the public school systems of the same provinces only 13 per cent are in high school work. About one-third of the pupils are in residential schools, of which several are denominational orphanages, teaching only, or mainly elementary grades. In the eight provinces 53 per cent of the schools are under Roman Catholic control, 22 per cent Protestant denominations, 4 per cent other churches, and 21 per cent undenominational.

The average (median) age of pupils of each grade in the private schools compares with those in the public schools as follows:—

		Private	Public			Private	Public
		Years	Years			Years	Years
Grade 1.....	7-23	7-63	Grade 7.....	13-51	13-79		
2.....	8-57	8-95	8.....	14-42	14-62		
3.....	9-60	9-87	9.....	15-17	14-89		
4.....	10-57	10-85	10.....	16-13	15-69		
5.....	11-63	11-90	11.....	17-12	16-67		
6.....	12-62	12-90					

The private school pupils begin the first grade on the average two-fifths of a year younger, but lose half of this lead by the time they have arrived at the entrance to high school, Grade 8. On passing into high school a noteworthy transformation occurs, the public school pupils coming to be younger than the private by more than they were older at the end of the elementary grades. This seems to be due to a more rigid process of elimination in the public schools, the great majority of the older pupils in grade 8 dropping out and the younger continuing into high school; whereas the private school pupils of grade 8, whether comparatively young or old for the grade, are sent back by their parents to obtain a high school education. Financial considerations are probably a chief factor, the parents of private school pupils being better able, on the whole, to afford to keep the older children at school.

Almost half of the teachers in private schools belong to religious orders. Of 1,547 teachers in six provinces 847 are lay and 700 religious. There is a higher proportion of university graduates than among the teachers of any provincial system, there being 391 or 25.2 per cent, while the publicly-controlled schools of British Columbia lead those of other provinces with 18.3 per cent. A further very pronounced advantage of the private school lies in the ratio of pupils to teachers. They average only 15 pupils per teacher, while the provincial schools average 31.

Private Business and Commercial Schools.—Some of the special students in the above group were studying business subjects, but in schools devoting their chief attention to business training 29,120 students were recorded in 1930—19,296 in day classes and 9,724 in evening classes.

The day pupils were 4,897 male and 14,399 female, while the evening pupils were 3,664 male and 6,060 female. Most of the day courses require less than a school year to complete, but the only indication of the number completing a full course is the 6,877 reported as receiving diplomas. Some schools, however, do not issue diplomas. A rough division of the courses being followed may be given as follows:—

	Male	Female	Total
Stenographic.....	2,382	12,953	15,335
Commercial.....	2,915	1,358	4,273
Secretarial.....	1,496	4,058	5,554
Other.....	1,490	1,994	3,484

"Stenographic" courses are those in which shorthand and typewriting are the chief subjects; "Commercial" are those in which bookkeeping or accounting is the chief study; "Secretarial" includes courses reported as complete business training and similar terms, usually combining most of the subjects in the two preceding courses and requiring a few months longer to complete than either of these. "Other" includes those in the business colleges only learning to operate office appliances or machines other than the typewriter. Many office machine distributing stations, however, train operators for their particular machines and these are not included in the report.

The tables on business training schools in this report (Part II) are arranged to show the number of students in principal cities. The following summary goes somewhat farther and shows the average number of business college students in Canadian towns and cities of a given size:—

Population	Average Number of Pupils	
	In day classes	In evening classes
Under 5,000.....	43	11
5,000- 10,000.....	50	17
10,000- 25,000.....	75	22
25,000- 50,000.....	240	130
50,000-100,000.....	511	155
Over 100,000.....	1,393	989

Business schools are not frequently established in towns with a population of less than 3,000. As the population goes beyond 3,000, it becomes more and more unusual for the town to be without one. Night classes are a more important part of the schools' work in the largest cities, though some of the smaller cities provide considerable numbers for evening study. A directory of these schools may be obtained from the Dominion Statistician.

Other Private Schools.—Schools in the above groups constitute by far the two most numerous types of private schools. Other privately owned schools of a technical character—those giving instruction in telegraphy, barbering, motor mechanics, etc., are to be found in all of the larger cities. Correspondence schools also enroll considerable numbers in common school subjects as well as courses of a technical or professional character. (Previous reports have described the Frontier College.) Schools of music should also be mentioned, but statistics are not compiled for any of these.

SCHOOL PERIODICALS

The following list is published as a directory of magazines in Canada whose chief interest is in the field of education. Most of them are published either by corporations or teachers' associations, but for the sake of completeness those sponsored by Departments of Education are also included. The names of officers, except for possible inaccuracies, are as at the end of the calendar year 1931.

Journal of Education, being the supplement to the Report of the Superintendent of Education for Nova Scotia, published about five times per year. The medium of the Education Department's official notices.

The Nova Scotia Teachers' Bulletin.—Official organ of the Nova Scotia Teachers' Union. Bi-monthly except July and August. Editor, H. V. Corkum, Box 266, Mahone Bay, N.S.; Business Manager, John J. Oliver, Box 666, Yarmouth, N.S.

The Educational Review.—Official organ of the New Brunswick Teachers' Association and Prince Edward Island Teachers' Federation. Monthly except July and August. Editor and Business Manager, Miss Jessie I. Lawson, 14 De Monts Street, Saint John West, New Brunswick.

L'Enseignement Secondaire au Canada.—A monthly review issued by the Permanent Committee of Affiliated Institutions of Secondary Instruction, published by the University of Laval. Managing Director, M. l'Abbe Arthur Maheux.

L'Enseignement Primaire.—The organ of Catholic primary schools of the province of Quebec. Editor, C. J. Magnan, Inspector-General of Catholic Normal Schools, 79 Chemin Ste-Foy, Quebec; Manager, P.O. Box 636, Upper Town, Quebec.

The Educational Record of the Province of Quebec.—Quarterly journal in the interest of the Protestant schools of Quebec, and the medium through which the Proceedings of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Education are communicated. Editor and Publisher, J. C. Sutherland, Inspector-General of Protestant Schools, Quebec.

The Teachers' Magazine of Quebec.—Official organ of the Provincial Association of Protestant Teachers of Quebec. Bi-monthly during school year. Editor, Miss Isabel E. Brittain, 1431 Tower Avenue, Montreal; Business Manager, F. N. Stephen, 4272 Hampton Ave., Montreal.

The School.—A magazine devoted to Elementary and Secondary Education in Canada. Monthly except July and August. Editorial Board, the Staff of the Ontario College of Education, University of Toronto, 371 Bloor St. W., Toronto 5; Managing Editor, Dr. W. E. Macpherson.

Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation Bulletin.—Bi-monthly except July and August. Editor, Dr. E. A. Hardy, 124 Duplex Ave., Toronto 12.

The Educational Courier.—Official organ of The Federation of Women Teachers' Associations of Ontario and The Ontario Public School Men Teachers' Federation. Bi-monthly except July and August. Editor, Miss H. E. Carr, 1139 Bay St., Toronto 5; Business Manager, Mr. J. E. Robertson, 16 St. Clair Gardens, Toronto.

The Canadian School Journal.—Official organ of the Ontario Educational Association and the Canadian School Trustees' Association. Published monthly by the Ontario School Trustees' and Ratepayers' Association (one of the four main departments of the O.E.A.). Editorial office, 18 Bloor St. W., Toronto.

The Canadian Teacher.—Published by the Educational Publishing Company, 36 Shuter St., Toronto. Every 19 days except July and August, beginning September 1. Editor, M. Parkinson.

The Ontario Home and School Review.—Published quarterly by the Ontario Federation of Home and School Associations. Executive Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. H. Maltby, 101-A Bloor St. W., Toronto.

The Western School Journal.—Incorporating "A Bulletin of the Department of Education for Manitoba" and "A Bulletin of the Manitoba Educational Association". Monthly except July and August. Editor, Dr. W. A. McIntyre, Principal of Winnipeg Normal School.

The Manitoba Teacher.—Official organ of the Manitoba Teachers' Federation. Monthly except July and August. Editor, W. Sadler, 211 Belvidere St., St. James.

The Saskatchewan Teacher.—Official organ of the Saskatchewan Teachers' Alliance. Monthly. Editor, A. E. Cooke, Battleford, Sask.

The Western Teacher.—"The modern classroom magazine". Lesson plans and outlines for elementary schools. Published monthly by Western Extension College, Ltd., Educational Publishers, Saskatoon and Winnipeg.

The School Trustee.—Published monthly by the Saskatchewan School Trustees' Association. Managing Editor, C. E. Little, K.C., 2 Victoria Park Building, Regina.

The Western Educator.—A magazine for classroom service. Published monthly except July and August, by the Institute of Applied Art, Ltd., 10042-109th St., Edmonton. An amalgamation of "The Alberta School", "The Saskatchewan School" and "The Manitoba School".

The A.T.A. Magazine (official organ of the Alberta Teachers' Alliance, Inc.) and *The A.S.T. Magazine* (official organ of the Alberta School Trustees' Association) under one cover. Monthly. Editor of the teachers' section, J. W. Barnett, Imperial Bank Building, Edmonton; Editor of the trustees' section, Mrs. A. H. Rogers, Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta.

The B.C. Teacher.—Published on the 15th of each month except July and August by the British Columbia Teachers' Federation. Managing Editor, Harry Charlesworth, Aldine House, 1300 Robson St., Vancouver.

The Public School Magazine.—A monthly magazine for school children, especially of Victoria and district. Editor, Donald A. Fraser, North Ward School, Victoria.

Parent-Teacher News.—Published by the British Columbia Parent-Teacher Federation. President, Mrs. A. E. Delmage, 1201 W. 8th Ave., Vancouver.

EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

The list below is published as a directory of associations whose chief interest lies in the field of education. The nature of the list is clear at a glance. For instance, each province and the Dominion as a whole has a teachers' organization. These all appear. Five provinces and the Dominion have school trustees' associations, three have provincial parent-teacher associations, etc. Those whose scope is Dominion-wide are listed first, then those of the Maritime Provinces, Quebec, Ontario and the Western Provinces, in order. The names of officers, except for possible inaccuracies, are as at the end of the calendar year 1931.

Dominion

The Canadian Education Association.—Founded in 1892 as Dominion Educational Association. Name changed to Canadian Education Association, with a new constitution, in 1918. Number of members, 100. President, Dr. J. T. Ross, Deputy Minister, Department of Education, Edmonton; Secretary, Dr. W. J. Karr, Department of Education, Toronto. Last meeting was held November 5, 6 and 7, 1929, at Montreal; the next will be held November 1, 2 and 3, 1932, at Toronto.

National Conference of Canadian Universities.—Founded 1911. Membership, 29 universities and colleges and the National Research Council. Annual or biennial meetings. President 1930-32, President W. Sherwood Fox, University of Western Ontario, London; Secretary, President Carleton Stanley, Dalhousie University, Halifax. Last meeting was held May 26 and 28, 1930, at Toronto; the next meeting will be held in 1932 at Vancouver.

Canadian Teachers' Federation.—Founded 1920. Annual meeting in Edmonton, Alberta, in July, 1930, and in New Brunswick, 1931. President, W. McL. Barker, M.A., Moncton, N.B.; Secretary, M. J. Caldwell, 131 Connaught Crescent, Regina.

Canadian National Federation of Home and School Associations.—Founded July, 1927. Approximate number of members, 25,000. President, Dr. George W. Kerby, Mount Royal College, Calgary; Secretary, Mrs. A. M. Curtis, 514 Sunderland Ave., Calgary. First biennial meeting May, 1929, at Toronto; second biennial meeting July 6-8, 1931, at Calgary; third biennial meeting to be held in Port Arthur, 1933.

National Council of Education.—Founded 1919. Membership, executive of 19. President, James A. Richardson, LL.D., Winnipeg; Secretary, Fred J. Ney, M.C., Boyd Bldg., Winnipeg. Last meeting was held in Victoria, B.C., in 1929; the next meeting is to be held in Toronto, 1932.

Overseas Education League.—Founded 1910. Honorary Organizer, Major F. J. Ney, Boyd Bldg., Winnipeg; Secretary, Miss Lillian Watson, Boyd Bldg., Winnipeg.

League of the Empire, Canadian Branch.—Founded in London, England, in 1901. Later a Canadian Branch was formed with Principal Maurice Hutton of University College, Toronto (present address, 50 Prince Arthur Ave., Toronto) as Chairman, which office he still holds.

Canadian Educational Guidance Movement.—Founded December 29, 1930. (Formerly the Canadian Collegiate Movement.) Hon. President of National Council, E. W. Beatty, K.C., Montreal; President Ontario Council, E. A. Miller, M.A., London; Secretary, Herbert L. Troyer, 15 Joicey Blvd., Toronto 12. Next annual meeting, Easter week 1932.

Canadian School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1922. President, Samuel Farmer, Port Perry, Ontario; Secretary, W. M. Morris (deceased Dec. 1931), 18 Bloor St. W., Toronto. Last annual meeting was held in Toronto, November, 1931.

The New Education Fellowship.—Branches have been organized in Canadian cities from coast to coast, including Halifax, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver and Victoria.

Maritimes

Prince Edward Island Teachers' Federation.—Founded 1924 (continuing the P.E.I. Teachers' Union, previously known as the P.E.I. Teachers' Association, founded about 1880). Annual meetings held at Charlottetown in April. Attendance in 1931 about 400. President, Mr. Russell Leard, Souris; Secretary, Miss Jacqueline Macdonald, 135 Upper Prince St., Charlottetown.

Nova Scotia Teachers' Union.—Founded 1896. Reorganized 1920. President, S. I. Robinson, Halifax, N.S.; Secretary, Miss Georgie MacMinn, Truro, N.S. Last meeting was held April 3-4, 1931, at Halifax.

Nova Scotia Headmasters' Association.—Founded 1930. Secretary, H. V. Corkum, Mahone Bay. Annual meetings are to be held at Halifax last week of Christmas holidays.

New Brunswick Teachers' Association.—Founded 1918. Membership, 1,000. Last biennial meeting was held in Moncton, June 26, 1930; the next biennial meeting will be in June, 1932. President, W. McL. Barker, Principal Moncton Aberdeen High School; Secretary, C. T. Wetmore, Consolidated School, Rothesay, N.B.

The Teachers' Institute of New Brunswick.—Founded 1878. Number of members, 800. President, Dr. A. S. McFarlane, Chief Superintendent of Education, Fredericton; Secretary, Dr. H. H. Hagerman, 123 Charlotte St., Fredericton, N.B. Last meeting was held June 25-27 1930, in Moncton, N.B.; the next meeting will be held in Fredericton, N.B., in June, 1932.

Quebec

Provincial Association of Protestant Teachers of Quebec.—Founded 1864. Sixty-seventh annual convention in Montreal, October, 1931. Attendance, 1,670. President for 1931-32, Miss Alice C. Dresser, St. Francis High School, Richmond; General Secretary, W. E. Black, 352 Lansdowne Ave., Westmount, Que.

High School Principals' Association of the Province of Quebec.—Founded 1927. Members, about 50. Meeting in Montreal, October, 1931. Secretary, C. E. Ployart, Shawinigan Falls, Que.

Comités Permanents des Maisons d'Enseignement secondaire affiliées.—Secretaries, Abbé Lionel Dequire, Valleyfield College, Valleyfield, and Abbé Leopold Roberge, Levis College, Levis, Que.

Local Associations of Catholic Teachers.—(1) Alliance Catholique des Instituteurs de Montréal, J. M. Manning, 117 St. Catherine St. W., Montreal; (2) Association des Instituteurs de Québec, Z. Toussignant, Laval Normal School, Québec; (3) Conférence des Instituteurs de l'Ecole Normale Jacques Cartier, J. N. Brisebois, Jacques Cartier Normal School, Montreal; (4) Association des Instituteurs de Trois-Rivières, President, O. J. Desaulniers, St. Francis Xavier School, Three Rivers; (5) Association des Instituteurs de Chicoutimi, David Samson, Chicoutimi, Que.; (6) Cercle des Institutrices de la ville de Hull, Miss Donald Thibault, Hull. (7) Several other association for which names of officers are not at hand.

Ontario

Ontario Educational Association.—Founded in 1861. Annual meetings are held in Toronto Easter week. President, Dr. J. H. Putman, 206 Rideau Terrace, Ottawa; Secretary, A. E. Bryson, 44 Silverthorne Ave., Toronto 9.

Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation.—Founded in 1919. President, A. S. Zavitz 141 Benson Ave., Peterborough; Secretary, S. H. Henry, 226 Evelyn Ave., Toronto 9. Membership, 3,900. Annual meetings held during Christmas vacation at Toronto.

Federation of Women Teachers' Associations of Ontario.—Founded 1918. Membership, 4,000. President, Miss M. Burns, 42 Lorne Ave., Ottawa; Secretary, Miss H. E. Carr, 1139 Bay St., Toronto 5. Annual meetings held in April at Toronto.

The Ontario Public School Men Teachers' Federation.—Founded 1920. Number of members, 900. President, J. M. Barclay, Thorold; Secretary, J. E. Robertson, 16 St. Clair Gardens, Toronto. Annual meetings held in Toronto during Easter week.

Ontario Federation of Home and School Associations.—Founded in 1919. There are about 300 local associations with an estimated membership of 20,000. President, Mrs. W. R. Morris, Peterborough; Executive Secretary, Mrs. H. Maltby, 101A Bloor St. W., Toronto 5.

Ontario Urban School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1919. Membership in all cities and towns in Ontario with a population of over 5,000. President, John Muir, Niagara Falls; Secretary, C. T. McBride, St. Catharines. The last annual meeting was held at Windsor, 1931; the next will be held at Fort William in June, 1932.

Western Ontario Secondary Schools' Association.—Founded 1921. Number of members, 55. President, W. H. Downey, The Hon. W. C. Kennedy Collegiate Institute, Windsor, Ont.; Secretary, Professor N. C. Hart, University of Western Ontario, London. Annual meetings held in May at the University of Western Ontario.

Workers' Educational Association of Ontario.—Organized in 1923. Secretary, Drummond Wren, 197 Mortimer Ave., Toronto. For students in courses under its auspices see Part II.

Western

Manitoba Educational Association.—Founded 1905. Membership, 2,000. President, Principal B. J. Hales, Normal School, Brandon; Secretary, H. J. Russell, 255 Machray Ave., Winnipeg. Annual meetings are held at Easter in Winnipeg.

Manitoba School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1906. Membership, 660. President, A. T. Haisworth, Deloraine; Secretary, Robert Love, Melita, Man. Annual meetings are held in February,—at Winnipeg in 1931 and 1932.

Manitoba Teachers' Federation.—Founded 1918. Number of members, 2,600. President, George Florence; Secretary, E. K. Marshall, 403 McIntyre Block, Winnipeg. Annual meetings are held Easter week in Winnipeg.

Saskatchewan Educational Association.—Founded 1908. Annual meeting at Regina, Easter week, 1932. President, A. W. Cameron, Nutana Collegiate, Saskatoon; Secretary, J. Alex. McLeod, Provincial Normal School, Regina.

Saskatchewan Teachers' Alliance.—Founded 1916. Number of members, 3,000. President, J. R. McKay, 413-10th Street, Saskatoon; Secretary, A. E. Cooke, Battleford, Sask. Last annual meeting was held Easter week, 1931, at Regina; the next annual meeting will be held Easter week, 1932, at Saskatoon in affiliation with 180 local organizations.

Saskatchewan School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1915. Number of members, 800. President, R. H. Heane, Elbow, Sask.; Secretary, C. E. Little, K.C., 2 Victoria Park Bldg., Regina. Annual meetings are held in February, at Moose Jaw in 1931, Saskatoon in 1932.

The Alberta Educational Association.—Founded 1910. Membership, 1,300. President, J. C. Ferguson, Calgary; Secretary, C. F. Leppard, 123 Superior Ave., Calgary, Alta. Annual meetings are held Easter week, at Edmonton in 1931, Calgary in 1932.

The Alberta Teachers' Alliance Inc.—Founded 1917. Number of members, 3,600. President, C. D. Hicks, 10,600-112th Street, Edmonton; Secretary, J. W. Barnett, Imperial Bank Bldg., Edmonton, Alta. Annual meetings are held Easter week.

Alberta School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1907. Annual meetings are held in February—at Edmonton in 1931. About 500 trustees in attendance. President, J. O. King, Raymond; Secretary, Mrs. A. H. Rogers, Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.

The Alberta Parent-Teacher Federation.—President, Principal E. W. Willis, Innisfail, Alta.

The British Columbia Teachers' Federation.—Founded 1916. Membership, 2,400. Annual meetings in April, at Victoria in 1931. President, Ira Dilworth, Victoria High School, Victoria; General Secretary, Harry Charlesworth, Aldine House, 1300 Robson St., Vancouver.

British Columbia School Trustees' Association.—Founded 1905. Annual meeting at Chilliwack, 1931. Attendance, 145. Next meeting at Kelowna. President, Mrs. T. A. Barnard, Nanaimo; Secretary, Geo. A. Grant, 2772 Sussex Ave., Burnaby, via New Westminster, B.C.

The British Columbia Parent-Teacher Federation.—Organized about seven years ago. President, Mrs. A. E. Delmage, 1201 W.-8th Ave., Vancouver, B.C.

HEALTH AND WELFARE ORGANIZATIONS

The following organizations have all been described at some length in previous issues of this Report. Their work is directly connected with the work of the schools, but in a different manner to the associations listed above.

Canadian Junior Red Cross.—Membership at June, 1930, was 236,394 in 7,614 branches. The unit of organization is the classroom, each classroom being a branch. For statistics see Part II. National Director, Miss Jean E. Brown, 410 Sherbourne St., Toronto 5.

Canadian Council on Child and Family Welfare.—Founded 1921. Seeks to act as a connecting link between the Child Welfare Division of the Department of Pensions and National Health and the Council's constituent bodies, and to act in close advisory relationship to the administrative health and welfare bodies of the Provincial Governments. Executive Director, Miss Charlotte Whitton, 245 Cooper St., Ottawa.

Canadian Association of Child Protection Officers.—Founded 1921. Aims through study and discussion to secure uniformity in the laws relating to the protection and care of children, and in the methods of their administration and enforcement. Secretary, Judge Ethel MacLachlan, Court House, Regina, Sask.

Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada.—Founded 1897. Had 82 branches and 316 nurses on duty in 1930. See Part II for further data. National Office, Jackson Building, Ottawa.

Canadian Council of the Girl Guides' Association.—Founded in 1912. The unit of organization is the Company or Pack, details of the number of which and of membership may be seen in Part II. General Secretary, Miss E. A. Riepert, 22 College St., Toronto.

The Boy Scouts' Association.—Originated 1907. Incorporated in Canada 1914. For details of the membership of the 47,000 boys in 1930, see Part II. Chief Executive Commissioner, John A. Stiles, Dominion Headquarters, 172 Wellington St., Ottawa.

CHAPTER III.—UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

In dividing schools into two classes in Chapters I and II—those of the provincial systems and those outside of the provincial systems—the institutions of higher education were not included in either, for in their field provinces, religious denominations, professional societies, private individuals, etc., are all involved; and in any case all of the work of universities and colleges is probably better considered as a unit at the summit of the educational systems in the Dominion. In all of the provinces this is essentially true except in the French-speaking section of Quebec, where many of the colleges whose enrolment is included in the discussion below—the French “secondary” schools—have a high proportion of their students in courses that are in one sense parallel to the advanced grades in the provincial school system, as is explained elsewhere in this report.

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STUDENTS OF UNIVERSITY GRADE

The aggregate number of students reported in attendance was 73,515. Of these, 37,400 were of university grade (i.e., following courses for which matriculation was prerequisite) and all but 4,319, or 33,081 were in attendance at the regular session. They were enrolled in 152 different colleges or universities and were distributed among the nine provinces as follows:—

	Total students of university grade		University grade attendance, full session	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Prince Edward Island.....	95	12	95	12
Nova Scotia.....	1,361	774	1,365	560
New Brunswick.....	780	359	661	249
Quebec.....	8,791	1,825	8,743	1,824
Ontario.....	9,595	4,639	8,139	3,311
Manitoba.....	2,092	1,230	1,868	1,027
Saskatchewan.....	1,389	697	1,161	462
Alberta.....	985	476	957	428
British Columbia.....	1,355	915	1,337	904
Canada.....	26,473	10,927	24,334	8,777

From these figures it is calculated that the proportion of women in university classes of the regular session is 29.1 per cent in Nova Scotia, 27.3 per cent in New Brunswick, 17.1 per cent in Quebec, 28.9 per cent in Ontario, 35.5 per cent in Manitoba, 28.5 per cent in Saskatchewan, 30.9 per cent in Alberta, 40.4 per cent in British Columbia, 26.4 per cent in Canada as a whole. The place that women assume in university enrolment is noticeably higher in the western provinces than in eastern Canada. When extra-mural students, and students of evening classes, summer schools and other short courses are included, as in the first two columns above, the proportion of women in the total is raised to 29.2 per cent.

Of the 33,081 attending the full session 23,383 men and 8,494 women were undergraduates, while 951 men and 283 women were graduate students, i.e., working toward a higher degree in a subject in which they already held a bachelor's degree. Many of the larger numbers classed as undergraduates actually held degrees, but not in the subject or faculty in which they were studying during the session under consideration. The graduate degrees granted included 397 masters' degrees or licences to men and 86 to women, the term “licentiate” being used by the universities of Laval, Montreal and Ottawa, in place of the term “master”. Those completing the doctorate were 57 men and 7 women, while honorary doctors' degrees were conferred on 108 men and one woman.

Undergraduate diplomas and degrees conferred, together with the enrolment in each of the various branches of learning, are shown in the following table. More than half of all students, or 17,227, are in “Arts and Science” or what are commonly termed “academic” courses, as dis-

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tinguished from "professional" courses. Of these 34 per cent are in first year, 28 per cent in second year, 19 per cent in third year, 18 per cent in fourth year—the first two years being disproportionately high on account of one or two years of "Arts" being prerequisite to many of the professional courses.

	Undergraduate enrolment regular session	Diplomas and Certificates		Bachelors' degrees, (including medical doctors)	
		Men	Women	Men	Women
Arts, Pure Science, Letters and Philosophy	17,227	90	13	1,774	1,020
Agriculture	1,017	67	2	133	1
Arch. Art	119	12	—	13	1
Commerce and Accounting	970	61	—	114	17
Dentistry	410	—	—	126	1
Education	753	48	230	46	31
Engineering and Applied Science	3,115	76	—	266	6
Forestry	146	5	—	33	—
Household Science	807	—	78	—	126
Law	834	—	—	187	17
Literary Science	46	—	36	—	—
Medicine	2,846	—	—	551	34
Mus.	341	7	126	1	3
Public Health and Nursing	340	14	176	—	—
Pharmacy	641	54	7	139	6
Physical Education	88	—	21	—	—
Social Science	36	—	23	—	—
Theology	1,704	57	—	80	—
Veterinary Med.	124	—	—	20	—
Total	31,877	491	712	3,521	1,263

Some of the professional diplomas represent completion of courses similar to those for bachelor degrees, since some of the universities grant diplomas in pharmacy or theology; for instance, where others give bachelor degrees. Adding such to the bachelor degrees, and making allowance for duplication where the same person may be receiving a second bachelor degree (in a different branch of study) it may be concluded that there are produced annually about 3,500 new male and 1,300 new female university graduates with a bachelor's degree or higher—about 12 per cent of the men and 7 per cent of the women being destined to continue their studies toward postgraduate degrees in Canada, while some, in addition, will take advanced work in the United States and overseas. This rate, if sustained, is sufficient to produce 3 per cent of university graduates in the adult population—over 4 per cent of the men and 1.5 per cent of the women. While no record of the number of graduates in the Dominion's present adult population has been obtained, evidence points to the conclusion that they are in the neighbourhood of 2 per cent which is the proportion stated by the Office of Education at Washington to exist in the United States. Assuming the present proportion to be just 2 per cent, it will require more than fifty years at the present rate of increase to raise it to 3 per cent.

The financial reports of the institutions attended by the 33,081 students of the full academic year show that the average current cost of a year's instruction in a Canadian university (not counting the student's board and lodging, and other personal expenses for books, etc.) is about \$494. Of this amount the average student pays \$116 in fees, has \$231 paid for him by the provincial government, \$94 paid from the income of property set aside for the purpose, and the remaining \$53 paid from a number of sources, the most important of which is probably church contributions. In addition to the current cost an allowance must be made for depreciation of the university property used, the value of which for each student is \$2,745, including lands and buildings, as well as classroom and laboratory equipment. This is calculated, from a record of capital expenditures, to be in the neighbourhood of \$100 per year, the cost of replacement being, in the long run, borne by gifts from individuals and corporations, and grants from provincial governments. In other words, the total annual cost to the university for each student (which takes no account of the student's own outlay for board, books, etc.) is about \$600. A university course lasting four years costs the university about \$2,400, of which it collects \$464 or slightly less than 20 per cent from the student.

STUDENTS NOT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE

The 37,400 students above discussed represent little more than half of the total enrolment in universities and colleges. Many of the arts colleges operate preparatory departments in which instruction is given in the high school grades, or even elementary grades. These accounted for 19,783 students, practically all of whom were in regular attendance at the full session, and in many cases the academic year in the preparatory department is several weeks longer than in the arts courses.

The remaining 16,332 of the enrolment, 7,627 men and 8,705 women, were not following high school courses, but could not be classed as university-grade students as they had not necessarily matriculated. A minority of them, 903 men and 3,848 women, attended the full session, generally studying music, household science or agriculture. The remainder were the students of summer courses in teaching methods, series of evening extension lectures, correspondence and other extra-mural courses, agricultural and other short courses.

EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

It is probably better to consider together all of the activities apart from attendance at the regular session, whether they deal with students of university grade or not. By so doing we find the following students reported:—

	Men	Women
Evening and Saturday classes	3,230	2,793
Correspondence and other extra mural	2,716	1,951
Summer schools for teachers	1,480	2,603
Agricultural short courses	1,900	185
Other short courses	404	743
Total	9,890	8,275

Apart from the enrolment reported here many thousands of people were reached by extension lectures that were not grouped in series and reported as courses, and still larger numbers reached by university radio broadcasts, travelling libraries, agricultural assistance and various other forms of extension service. These activities were reviewed at some length in the Annual Survey of Education in Canada, 1929.

TEACHING STAFFS

Below is summarized the entire teaching staff of universities and colleges according to the type of work in which each individual is giving instruction:—

	Full time	Part time
Arts, Letters, and Pure Science	1,752	238
Professional courses	1,773	998
Preparatory grades	1,332	62
Total excluding duplicates	4,857	1,240

The high proportion of part-time instructors in professional courses is due to the number of men in the practice of medicine, law, etc., who devote a part of their time to a course of lectures in the university. Of the teachers of arts classes 14 per cent were women, of professional 8 per cent, of preparatory 42 per cent.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS OF CANADA. LOCATION, CONTROL, COURSES AND AFFILIATION.

Name of Institution,* address and control	Courses offered at regular session	Affiliation with other Canadian Universities and Colleges
Prince Edward Island Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, (Pro- testant) University, Charlottetown, (Roman Catho- lic)	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational) Junior Commercial, Preparatory and Full Course in Arts (Men only)	Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's. Has degree-granting powers, but in practice degrees are granted by Laval University, Quebec.
Nova Scotia Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist)	Preparatory in Horton Academy reported in private schools. Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music, Speech and Theology. Three Years Engineering (Co-educational).	Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
Dalhousie University, Halifax (Co-educational)	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries. Three Years Engineering. (Co-edu- cational).	On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Angli- can)	Arts and Science, Degree in Theology. Preparatory in King's College, School of Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools. (Co-educational).	All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Mount Saint Vincent College, P. O. English- town (Catholic).	Preparatory in Mt. St. Vincent Academy reported in private schools. Degrees in Arts, Secretarial Science, and Music (Women only).	Arts students may receive advanced standing at Dalhousie in 1st and 2nd year classes for work done at the College, and instruction in sepa- rate classes in 3rd and 4th year work.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. Preparatory in Pine Hill Divinity Hall.	First Year of course may be taken at Mount Allison University. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm., Sci. and Dalhousie Univ.) St. Joseph Xavier University, Antigonish (Ro- man Catholic).	Two Year Pharmacy. Prepares students to become registered Phar- macists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Preparatory, Arts and Science, Commerce, Household Science, Three Years Languages, Men and women, the ladies College being Mount St. Bernard. Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Three Years Engineering (Men only).	Students may obtain degree of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition. B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill. Engineering Course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic) College Ste. Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic). Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catho- lic). Nova Scotia College of Agriculture, Truro (Pro- testant). Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Pro- testant).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only). Theology and Philosophy. Two Years of Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of Home Economics. Three Years of Agriculture (Co-educational). A degree course in Agriculture (Co-educational). The two last year's of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees in Engineering.	Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.A. course at Mount Allison College, Quebec. Regular students have taken three years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie- King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
New Brunswick University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial). Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational). Degree in Arts and Science, Music, and Home Economics. Diploma in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering One Year Theology. Two Years pre-medical (Co-educational).	Arrangements provide for completion of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College or McGill in two years, in theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years.
University of Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph (Roman Catholic-French and English). College de Sainte-Croix, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degree in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only). Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).	

Quebec

Bishops' University, Lennoxville, Que.	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teachers' Diploma (Co-educational).	See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangements re credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (<i>Undenominational</i>).	Degrees or diplomas in Arts and Sciences, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Social Service, Physical Education, Library Science and Graduate School (Co-educational). The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts. Full Courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science. (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational).	An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College. (Affiliated to McGill. Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in either.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees in Theology.	
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, (Undenominational).	Degrees in Theology.	
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church).	Degrees in Theology.	
Ducasse Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	Degrees in Theology.	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 Montaville St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	Degrees in Theology.	
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (The Grand Seminary of Montreal), Law, Medicine, Philosophy, Letters, Sciences, Dental Surgery, Pharmacy, Social Science (Men). Degrees Courses, etc., in Commerce (Men and Women). Degree Courses, etc., in Agriculture (Men).	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control is exercised by the University.
École Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montreal.	Degree Course in veterinary medicine (Men).	
École des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 836 Avenue Viger, Montreal.	Degree Course in Optometry and Optics (Men).	
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe (Roman Catholic).	Degree and Diploma courses in Education (Men).	
École de Médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe.	Degree and Diploma courses in Education (Women).	
École d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montreal.		
Institut pédagogique, St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montreal.		
Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave., Montreal.		
Collège de Montréal, 1831 rue Sherbrooke Ouest.		
Séminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.		
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.		
Séminaire de St-Thérèse, St-Thérèse.		
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption.		
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.		
Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Henry, Montreal.		
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.		
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent.		
Séminaire St-Charles-Burton, Sherbrooke.		
Collège de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.		
Collège de St-Jean-sur-Richelieu, St-Jean.		
Collège Loyola, Montreal.		
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent.		
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montreal.		
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montreal.		
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montreal.		
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, 4873 Westmount, Montreal.		

The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in Italian, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions.

"Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which provides the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS OF CANADA--LOCATION, CONTROL, COLLUSES AND AFFILIATION--Continued

[illegible]

Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e., of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented in the examinations, and sanctions the diplomas awarded.

Schools "annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal.
See meaning of "annexed" above.

The seven "Grand Sorbonnières" listed are scholars of theology, located at one of the "Grands Sorbonnières" or "Cassini Colleges" bearing the same name. They are educated in this University, the sciences being prescribed, and the degrees being granted by the University. The Grand Sorbonne at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology at Laval University.

Schools for girls, affiliated to the University of Laval.

lected Colleges and Little Seminars affiliated to the University of Ibadan. The Classical Course includes instruction from the early times, up to and including the four final years of the course for the degrees of B.A. (or B.Sc.) in the University. In a total of 4,460 students in these institutions in 19-90 there were 1,148 in the last four years of the course, i.e. in *work of university grade*. About one-third of the remaining 3,312 were in the earlier years of the Classical Course, the others mainly in junior commercial courses.

<p>École Apostolique Notre Dame, Quebec. Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor. Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, Gaspé. Collège Charles Garnier, Quebec. Séminaire St. Alphonse, Ste-Anne de Beauport and Ottawa. Collège du Sacré-Cœur (Jesuites), Sudbury, Ont. Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta. St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I. Académie Commerciale, Quebec City. L'Institut des Pères du Sacré-Cœur, Arthurton, N.S. École d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière. Unaffiliated schools—Roman Catholic— Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Charlesbourg. Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), 794 Blvd. Gouin, L.-E. Montreal. Séminaire de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1555 Rachel E., Montreal. Séminaire des P. du S. Sacrement 514 St. Jacques, 1555 Rachel E., Montreal. Royal Ave. E., Montreal. Studium Franc. de Théologie, Rosemount Block, Montreal. Maison d'études du monastère de La Trinité (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles. Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau. Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Pont-Viau. Stadium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Quebec. Noviciat des P.P. Benedictins, St. Benoit du Lac. École apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Joliette. Noviciat de Marie Immaculée (Charts), Champlain. Juvénat St. Bernard (Charts), Mistassini. Juvénat St. Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Beary, Montreal. Juvénat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville. Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery. Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel. Juvénat des P.P. du S. Sacrement, Terrebonne. Collège Marquiste (Franciscains), Thetford Mines.</p>	<p>Chateaufort, and in St. Dunstan's, Junior Commercial (Men). High School and University Courses in Commerce (Men). Diplomat Courses in Education (Men). Degrees course in Agriculture (Men).</p>	<p>Advanced instruction in Theology, Philosophy, and Rhetoric. The combined annual enrollment is about 150 men.</p>	<p>"Associated Colleges," i.e., "affiliated classical colleges," situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario. (Lower and Upper Canada.) Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.</p>	<p>No University affiliation.</p>	<p>Classical schools preparatory to theology. The students do work of university as well as "high-school" grade.</p>
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Also listed with the institutions of the province where located

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS OF CANADA—LOCATION, CONTROL, COURSES AND AFFILIATION—Continued

Name of institution, address and control	Courses offered at regular session	Affiliation with other Canadian Universities and Colleges
Ontario		
<i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic, O.M.I.)</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts, Philosophy, and Theology (Grand Seminaire d'Ottawa for men, Preparatory Department (Also conducts a Provincial Normal School for teachers of bilingual schools in Ontario, Girls.)	Affiliated to the University of Ottawa, i.e., the course of study and examinations in the several Schools are controlled by the University. (In the statistics for 1930 the enrolment and staffs of these institutions are included under the one heading with the University of Ottawa, but the financial statistics are not so included.)
Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa	Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.	
Hôtel Dieu Hospital, Kingston, Ont.	Diploma course for nurses.	
Sudbury Hospital, Sudbury, Ont.	Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.	Affiliated Arts Colleges of the University of Western Ontario. The University approves the curriculum and grants the degrees in Arts. The Evangelical Lutheran Seminary is attached to Waterloo College and not separately affiliated with the University.
St. Catharines College, St. Catharines, Ont.	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (and Science), Medicine, and Public Health (Co-educational).	
Assumption College, Sudbury (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory and Junior years of Arts Course (Girls only).	
Huron College, London (Anglican)	Instruction in Arts courses. Degrees in Theology (Men).	Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University, and statistics included with it.
Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)	Full degree course in Arts (Men and Women).	
Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran)	Preparatory and full degree course in Arts in the College (Co-educational), in Theology in the Seminary. Degrees conferred in conjunction with "Western".	
Evangelical Lutheran Seminary, Waterloo	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine (Co-educational).	Affiliated with McMaster University. Degrees in Arts granted by McMaster. No affiliation.
Queen's University, Kingston (United Church)	Degree Course in Theology	
Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church)	Degrees in Arts (and Science) and Theology (Co-educational).	
McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)	Preparatory and full course in Arts. Diplomas in Music and Expression (Co-educational).	Canadian Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses. No affiliation.
Abundant College, Brandon, Man. (Baptist)	Three-year course for which two years of Arts is prerequisite, graduating bachelors-at-law (Co-educational).	
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society)	A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men).	
Royal Military College, Kingston (Roman Catholic)	Junior commercial, preparatory years, and three year College or Arts Course (Men).	See under Laval University. Became affiliated to University of Ottawa in 1930.
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory and Arts (Men).	
College du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic)		

<p>St. Augustine's Seminary, Kingston Road (Roman Catholic), Toronto.</p> <p>Student des Redemptoristen, 207 Bayswater, Ottawa (Roman Catholic).</p> <p>Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls, (Roman Catholic, Carmelite).</p> <p>Margaret Eaton School, Yonge & McGill Sts., Toronto (Undenominational).</p> <p>University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial).</p>	<p>Theology and Philosophy.</p> <p>Theology and Philosophy.</p> <p>Preparatory, Philosophy and Theology.</p> <p>Two-year post-matriculation course in physical education for Women.</p> <p>Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Sciences (including Architecture), School of Graduate Studies, Diplomas in Social Science, Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Courses for Graduate Nurses, Physical Education for Women, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library School. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).</p> <p>Arts Degree Course in Victoria College, theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational).</p> <p>Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and Women).</p> <p>Degree Courses in Arts and Philosophy (Co-educational).</p> <p>Theology.</p> <p>Theology.</p> <p>Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy (Co-educational).</p> <p>Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational).</p> <p>Degree Courses in Veterinary Science (Men).</p>	<p>These institutions are "incorporated" with the University of Toronto. Arts students may receive part of their instruction in University College and do receive their degrees from the University of Toronto, theology students from the respective colleges (in Emmanuel College from Victoria University which, through federation (the St. Michaels and Trinity, contains within itself two colleges, Victoria and Emmanuel).</p> <p>Professional Colleges affiliated to the University of Toronto. Degrees granted by the University.</p>
<p>Manitoba</p> <p>University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).</p> <p>Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).</p> <p>United College (Anglican and Methodist), Winnipeg (United Church).</p> <p>St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Catholic).</p> <p>College de St. Boniface, St. Boniface (French and English, Roman Catholic).</p> <p>Brandon College, Brandon (Baptist).</p>	<p>Degrees in the faculties of Arts and Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering and Architecture, Agriculture and Household Science (Manitoba Agricultural College), Pharmacy diplomas (Co-educational).</p> <p>Four-year Course leading to degrees of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to full course in Arts and Theology. Co-educational.</p> <p>Most of Preparatory and Arts instruction has been given in Wesley College, most of Theology in Manitoba College in the last few years, but the latter was sold to become St. Joseph's Catholic boys' College in 1931.</p> <p>Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology (Men).</p> <p>Preparatory and Junior Commercial and full course in Arts (Men).</p> <p>Preparatory and full Arts Course. Diplomas in Music and Expression (Co-educational).</p>	<p>Under the direction of Trustees jointly appointed by the University of Manitoba and the Law Society of Manitoba.</p> <p>Arts Colleges affiliated with the University of Manitoba, Arts students of the Colleges may take some of their classes in the Faculty of Arts of the University. All degrees in Arts granted by the University. United College and St. John's grant degrees in Theology.</p>

Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS OF CANADA—LOCATION, CONTROL, COURSES AND AFFILIATION—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses offered at regular session	Affiliation with other Canadian Universities and Colleges
Saskatchewan		
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Protestant)</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education (also course leading to provincial high school teacher's certificate), Pre-medical and pre-dental years. (Co-educational)	Theological colleges affiliated with the University of Saskatchewan. Degrees and Diplomas in Theology are granted by the Colleges. In all but St. Chad's, students take Arts subjects in the classes of the University of Saskatchewan.
Pius-College, Saskatoon (Anglican Church)	Preparatory and Diploma courses in Theology.	Junior Colleges of the University of Saskatchewan, i.e., Colleges whose instruction up to the second year in Arts is recognized by the University. Moose Jaw College (boys) and Sacred-Heart Academy (girls) in Regina, are similarly affiliated but the former ceased to operate in 1931.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Lutheran Church)	Preparatory and Diploma courses in Theology.	See under the University of Ottawa. Sacré-Cœur is also affiliated to the University of Saskatchewan.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican Church)	Preparatory and two years in Arts, Music (Co-educational).	
Canadian College, Regina (United Church)	" " " (Boys).	
Canadian College, Regina (United Catholic Church)	" " " (Co-educational).	
St. Peter's College, Moose Jaw (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Boys).	
St. Peter's College, Moose Jaw (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Girls).	
St. Peter's College, Moose Jaw (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Girls).	
College Mathias, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	
College Thériault, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Girls).	
College du Sacré-Cœur, Regina (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Girls).	
Convent des S. de la Providence, Regina (Roman Catholic)	" " " (Girls).	
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British Columbia	
<p>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</p> <p>Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).</p> <p>Anglican Theology College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).</p> <p>Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).</p> <p>Western School of Pharmacy, Vancouver (Private).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts and Science* (including Commerce), Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, high school teachers' training course (Co-educational).</p> <p>Two years of Arts, University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational).</p> <p>Degree courses in theology.</p> <p>Two-year diploma course in Pharmacy (Co-educational).</p>
	<p>A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.</p> <p>Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.</p> <p>No affiliation.</p>

CHAPTER IV.—REVIEW OF ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY PROVINCES

Each of the preceding chapters discusses a part of the educational field from the standpoint of the Dominion as a whole. Chapter IV reviews all of the educational institutions for each province separately. This is done under similar headings for each province, each heading having to do with a different class of educational institution. (1) The first and largest group is the publicly-controlled schools of general education. (2) A second heading is devoted to technical and vocational schools under provincial control, as these represent the largest group supplementing the work of the ordinary schools. (3) There remain, however, certain special schools or classes for children unable to attend the ordinary schools, such as those for blind, deaf, invalid, psychopathic or delinquent children, and correspondence courses and other facilities for children out of reach of a school. These, too, are generally provided by the provincial governments. They are discussed under a third heading. (4) Institutions where teachers are trained represent a fourth distinct group. They include the provincial normal schools and Departmental summer schools. The university summer schools and the regular university training courses for teachers, though they overlap with the fifth group, are also here mentioned. (5) To complete the general view of each province's system it is necessary to look at the institutions of higher education—the universities and colleges, but they are described at greater length in Chapter III. (6) Finally there remains to be noted the work of schools not included in the publicly-controlled group but similarly engaged in giving the fundamentals of a general or technical education. Among private schools of a technical character, however, information is only obtained from those giving a business or commercial training—the largest and most important group.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

During the school year ending in 1930 the number of pupils and students in all educational institutions in Prince Edward Island was 19,676. These were distributed as follows: 17,277 in public elementary and secondary schools; 336 in Prince of Wales College; 1,094 in agricultural and technical courses; 157 in St. Dunstan's University; 11 in the schools for the blind and deaf in Halifax, N.S.; 573 in private elementary and secondary schools; 294 in business colleges, and 34 in Indian schools. In addition, there were about 200 residents of the province attending Canadian universities and colleges outside the province. These bring the total to about 19,900.

Ordinary Schools under Public Control.—In the public elementary and secondary schools the average daily attendance was 7,164 in one-room schools and 5,037 in graded schools, or a total of 12,201. The percentages of the year's enrolment in average daily attendance were: primary (one-room), 66.5; graded, 77.6; all schools, 70.6. As in other provinces, high school or continuation work is not confined to high school rooms, but may even be taken in the one-room school if the teacher is qualified to teach it. In these various schools throughout the province, pupils proceed as far as grade ten, at the end of which they may take the examination for admission to Prince of Wales College and Normal School, a provincially controlled institution. Other schools in Prince Edward Island do not teach an "eleventh" grade, as they do in other provinces.

Teacher Training and Higher Education.—By following the course in Prince of Wales College for one year (which consists of professional as well as academic training) a student may obtain a teacher's certificate, either second or third class, depending on his rank at examination. By continuing for a second year at the College the student may obtain a first class teacher's certificate, or (as a result of the College's affiliation with certain universities outside of the province) may qualify for admission to the second or third year of an Arts course. The enrolment in 1930 was 127 males and 209 females. In comparison with these figures the teaching staff of the provincial school system consisted of 135 men and 482 women. And, as noted above, about 200 students from Prince Edward Island, most of them probably graduates of Prince of Wales College, were registered in universities outside of the province.

St. Dunstan's University is a Roman Catholic institution for young men offering preparatory and commercial courses, as well as a full course in Arts approved by Laval University at Quebec, which grants the degrees to graduating students. In 1930 there were 77 in St. Dunstan's in courses of high school grade and 80 of university grade.

Technical and Vocational Courses.—Night courses for day workers were offered in four towns and a variety of day courses at Charlottetown. The latter included 803 in agricultural courses conducted through the ordinary schools, 116 in woodworking and drawing, 68 in home economics and 38 in dairying short courses, 36 in a commercial course offered to students having completed grade ten.

Private Elementary and Secondary Schools.—Five schools reported 573 pupils, 450 of whom were in elementary grades.

NOVA SCOTIA

During the school year ending in 1930 Nova Scotia had in all institutions an aggregate of 129,206. This enrolment included 113,860 in ordinary general schools; 263 regular and 317 summer students in Normal College and 413 in the Departmental Summer School at Halifax; 6,725 in technical courses, not including students of university standard; 321 in preparatory courses; 2,165 in courses of university standard and 668 in other courses exclusive of secondary correspondence courses from the Technical College in the universities and colleges; 2,833 in private elementary and secondary schools; 789 in private business colleges; 178 in schools for the blind and deaf exclusive of pupils from outside the province, and 286 in Indian schools.

Public Schools of General Education.—Of the enrolment of 113,860 in ordinary day schools (Grades I to XII) 38,662 were in 1,464 rural schools and 75,238 in 274 village, town and city classrooms. The average daily attendance was 85,080 or 74.8 per cent of the enrolment, again somewhat higher than in the year preceding. The increase in the number in secondary grades was again proportionately greater than in all grades combined, the total for 1930 being 12,915. Among the secondary schools the distinction between "county academy" and "high school" disappeared in 1930, and all schools maintaining purely high school departments henceforth receive grants on the same basis, i.e., as high schools. Beyond schools thus specializing in high school classes a large number of rural and village schools taught some high school work; 375 of them had pupils in grade IX, 553 had pupils in IX and X, and 373 went as high as grade XI.

Nova Scotia in common with the other two Maritime Provinces pays a part of the legislative grants direct to the teachers. In the other provinces, except in the case of British Columbia rural schools, provincial assistance is paid to the school boards. Some \$415,000, in the total of \$916,000 paid by the provincial treasury in Nova Scotia, was paid direct to the teachers. Altogether the cost of the schools of the province was \$3,970,000.

Special Schools.—The provincial School for the Deaf at Halifax had 69 pupils from Nova Scotia and almost an equal number from Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and New Brunswick. The School for the Blind had 168 pupils, of whom 169 belonged to Nova Scotia.

During the year a new residential institution was being built near Truro to provide training for sub-normal children, along both general and vocational lines. In 1927, school boards in all sections having fifteen or more retarded children of school age, were required to provide auxiliary classes. Several classes have been organized in Halifax and Yarmouth, and preliminary surveys have been made in other towns.

In 1930 correspondence study facilities were introduced for children living out of reach of a school and 35 were enrolled.

The Halifax Industrial School is a reform school for boys who are school truants or minor juvenile delinquents. Its facilities were extended during the year to provide instruction along vocational lines.

Teacher Training Schools.—The proportion of men in the teaching profession continues to be much less than in any other province except New Brunswick. In training at the Provincial Normal College's winter session there were 23 men and 240 girls, at the summer session 34 and 283. Courses in education are offered to Arts students in Acadia, Dalhousie and St. Francis Xavier universities, and the number of graduates of the year who had taken education options was 45, two-thirds of whom were men. For several years past the Department of Education has offered summer improvement courses in teaching methods, etc., at Halifax. Over 400 attended in 1930. In addition St. Francis Xavier, Mount St. Vincent and St. Mary's College conduct summer schools in university subjects.

Technical and Vocational Classes.—No city in Nova Scotia had yet established a day technical school of secondary grade, though such a project was under serious consideration in both Halifax and Sydney. Short term or part-time day classes in the Provincial Technical College, Agricultural College, College of Art and Halifax Industrial School reached 1,979 women and girls and 52 men. The figures include the full-time class of 14 at the College of Art. (In Manual Training classes of the ordinary schools of general education there were 1,978 boys and 3,266 girls, most of the girls being in domestic science classes and the boys in machine science.) Evening coal-mining classes, which have been conducted for many years, were held in 18 centres and were attended by more than 700. Other evening technical classes in 16 centres enrolled 864 males and 1,119 females, while 1,925 were reached by correspondence courses. This last type of enrolment increased greatly during the year due mainly to the inauguration by the Department of Education of free technical courses for school teachers.

Universities and Colleges.—There are twelve universities or colleges in Nova Scotia, ten of which grant their own degrees. For details of courses, etc., see their tabular descriptions in Chapter III, and for statistics see Part II, Section 6 of this Report.

Private Schools of General Education.—Sixteen schools in this category, with an enrolment of 2,833, report 1,539 pupils in elementary grades, 726 in secondary grades, and most of the remaining 268 taking special or collateral subjects of high school grade. The above total of 2,833 represents about 2.5 per cent of the province's enrolment in general schools. Beyond these, seven business training schools reported 789 pupils.

NEW BRUNSWICK

During the school year 1929-30 the number enrolled in all educational institutions in New Brunswick was 95,946, including 85,717 in ordinary day schools; 3,158 in technical schools; 300 in the Normal School; 208 in Indian schools; 72 in schools for the blind and deaf in Halifax, N.S.; 741 in private business colleges; 3,650 in private elementary and secondary schools; 569 in preparatory college courses and 1,139 of university grade.

Publicly Controlled Ordinary Day Schools.—Of the enrolment of 85,717 in ordinary day schools, 80,787 attended during the first term ended December 31 and 80,454 during the second term ended June 30. The enrolment during the first term consisted of 39,558 boys and 41,229 girls; during the second term, 40,008 boys and 40,446 girls. Increase is shown in the number of boys and decrease in the number of girls in the second term of the winter and spring months. The 85,717 pupils enrolled for the year attended a grand total of 12,502,930 days, while the schools were in operation an average of 194.2 days. From this it is deduced that 64,380 attended daily, or an average of 75.9 per cent of the enrolment. The attendance of twenty-day periods may be seen in Table 4.

The chief secondary schools in New Brunswick are the "grammar schools", situated in county towns and free to all pupils of high school grade in the county. They had 2,184 pupils in grades IX to XII in 1930. Next come the "superior schools", free to all pupils in Grade VII and upwards in the parish where the school is situated. Their high school grade pupils numbered 1,295. Other graded schools doing high school work had 292 pupils, making a total for the province of 3,771 in the secondary grades of graded schools. But in addition, as in other provinces, the equivalent of high school work is done in ungraded (one-room) schools. Judging from the age-grade reports from these schools over 6 per cent of the pupils, or about 2,500, appear to be doing the equivalent of Grade IX or higher. In round numbers this makes a total for the province of 6,300, or since 8 per cent of the enrolment of all schools, in high school grades. If the 1,229 in full-time courses at the province's technical schools (see below) be added, the proportion is raised almost to 9.5 per cent. And with the inclusion of pupils in private schools the proportion becomes about 10 per cent.

Special Schools.—Most of the deaf and blind children from New Brunswick are supported in the Nova Scotia schools at Halifax, where there were 36 blind and the same number of deaf with permanent residence in New Brunswick.

Teacher Training Schools.—A new provincial normal school building at Fredericton was being built during the year to replace the one destroyed by fire. The enrolment for the year in temporary quarters was 32 young men and 268 young women, 300 being the maximum of students allowed to enter on training in a single year. Of these, 140 were training for first class certificates, 145 for second class, and 15 for third.

Among the graduating class at Mount Allison University 11 had taken education options and would be eligible for superior first class certificates from Nova Scotia. The annual summer school at Mount Allison was attended by 199, the newly inaugurated summer session at the University of New Brunswick by 35 and that for home economics teachers at the Saint John Vocational School by about 20. The Rural Science Camp conducted by the Department of Agriculture at Sussex annually since 1916 was discontinued in 1930 and held at Mount Allison in 1931.

Technical and Vocational Schools.—The first day vocational school of secondary grade in the province was opened at Woodstock in 1919. There were eight in 1930 with a full-time enrolment of 1,229. The courses most generally offered are prevocational, home economics and commercial, but art, pulp- and paper-making and other industrial courses are also given in some schools. In addition a winter course of three months was given to garage-men in the St. John School, and evening technical courses in nine centres were attended by 1,899 individuals, 707 male and 1,192 female.

Universities and Colleges.—There are four autonomous degree-granting institutions in New Brunswick and no affiliated colleges. For description of the work in each see the table at the end of Chapter III, and for statistical information see Part II of this Report, Section 6.

Private Elementary and Secondary Schools.—Schools under private control are a more important factor in the New Brunswick educational system than in any of the other provinces except Quebec and British Columbia. The majority of them are convent schools, and their enrolment of 3,650 represents 4 per cent of the total number of pupils in schools of general education. About half, or 1,744 pupils, live in school residences. Since the advanced grades in these schools claim a much higher proportion of the students than in the publicly-controlled, they are a relatively more important factor in New Brunswick secondary education than are similar schools in other provinces.

QUEBEC

In previous years the summary of enrolment as given in Table 1, Part II of this Report has been entirely for the year previous, e.g., the figures for 1928 for all institutions were given

in the 1929 Report. In the Dominion summary for 1930, however, the figures are for the year ending in 1930, except in the case of the first group, viz., ordinary day schools. This makes the information for Quebec more uniform with that from the other provinces, from the standpoint of time, but renders the provincial total in the present Report incomparable with that in the Report of last year.

Ordinary Day Schools.—The term "ordinary day schools" as used in this report for all the provinces includes in Quebec nursery, primary elementary, primary complementary, Protestant intermediate and high schools. In the publicly-controlled part of this group—those under the control of school commissions (majority schools) or trustee boards (minority schools)—there were 521,057 pupils; in those independently controlled, 60,059. Of the total of 581,116 the number in Catholic denominational schools was 505,969, in Protestant 75,147. The percentage of attendance for all schools was 80.4.

The complete course in the Protestant schools of this group—elementary, intermediate and high schools—consists of eleven grades and leads to admission to the provincial Protestant normal school (Macdonald College School for Teachers) for professional training, or to matriculation to McGill or Bishop's University, similar to the elementary and secondary schools of other provinces. The number of the 75,147 in the upper three or high school grades was 5,538 or about 7.4 per cent. The fact that there is no twelfth grade as in the other provinces tends to make the proportion in high school work smaller than elsewhere. Teachers in Protestant schools were 2,290 women, 321 men.

The work of the Catholic schools in this group (primary elementary and primary complementary) is divided into nine "years", some of which require more than a year to complete. The first of these "years" is termed the "preparatory" year; the next six constitute the "elementary" course, are called the "first" to "sixth" years respectively and correspond in a general way to the eight elementary grades in other provinces. The "seventh" and "eighth" years constitute the "complementary" or continuation course and correspond to high school grades in other provinces. Of the total of 492,389 in Catholic primary schools, 471,192 were in the elementary course, 21,197 in the complementary. Those who obtain teaching licences without attendance at the normal schools have generally completed their training in this "complementary" course. (Those who attend normal schools do so in place of taking the complementary course, as the normal school course extends over two or more years according to the class of certificate desired.) The complementary course, however, does not lead to university matriculation as do high school courses. The preparation for university studies in the University of Laval and the University of Montreal is given in another group of schools, comprised chiefly of affiliated classical colleges, little seminaries and convents, and independent classical schools. In the elementary and complementary schools there were 14,584 female and 3,318 male teachers. About 43 per cent of the former were nuns and about 74 per cent of the latter were in religious orders.

Institutions of Secondary and Higher Education.—In the Protestant school system of Quebec the secondary or university preparatory schools are the high schools, and their enrolment is included under the preceding heading. In the Catholic system they are a separate group of schools, as already stated. Most of them in addition to offering the equivalent of the upper elementary and high school grades in other provinces, teach also work of post-matriculation or university standard. In fact, all Arts courses in the province (except in McGill and Bishop's Universities) are given in these "secondary" institutions. Those that are affiliated to the Universities of Montreal and Laval constitute the faculties of Arts in these universities. Due to this direct and intimate connection of the Catholic "secondary" schools with the universities they are included in the statistical tables of this report on Higher Education. Their inclusion makes a total of 30,627 in the university and college section for Quebec.

Of the 30,627—4,832 are in Bishop's and McGill, the English-speaking institutions, including the latter's three affiliated theological colleges and Macdonald College of Agriculture. The remaining 25,795 are distributed as follows: 9,967 men and boys in classical colleges and little seminaries affiliated to the two French Universities, of whom 2,793 were in the last four years, or Arts course; 6,239 girls in affiliated convents, and other secondary schools; 1,285 men in independent, unaffiliated classical and theological schools. The remaining 9,204 were in the faculties of the Universities of Montreal and Laval, and their affiliated professional colleges—such as Ste. Anne de la Pocatière and Oka Agricultural, Commercial Academy and School of Higher Commercial Studies, Polytechnic School and Institute of Pedagogy.

For further description of the institutions under this heading see the table in Chapter III, and for statistics see Part II, Section 6.

Teacher Training Schools.—There were seventeen Catholic Normal Schools for girls and two for boys, with about 200 and 1,600 attending. On entering the normal school from the primary elementary school, an elementary teaching diploma may be obtained in two years, or a superior diploma in three years. In some of the schools a fourth year has recently been added leading to a supplementary diploma. About 1,400 of the pupils were in the first two years, almost 400 in the third and 30 in the fourth. The Superior Normal School in Laval University for graduates enrolled 29 men. Pedagogical training for graduates of the French Universities is now offered in Montreal by the Institute of Pedagogy at Marguerite Bourgeois College for young ladies and at St. Georges Institute of Pedagogy founded in 1930 for young men. Both of these

pedagogical colleges are affiliated to the University of Montreal. The work of the former, in addition to a regular class of 45, has expanded to include a large attendance in vacation, evening, Saturday and correspondence courses for teachers.

The Protestant Normal School had an attendance of 12 males and 142 females. At Bishop's University there were 16 in the education course for graduates. The education department in McGill was enlarged in staff during the year. In 1931 the graduate work at Bishop's was offered at a summer session, and summer courses for elementary teachers were introduced at Macdonald College with an attendance of 150.

Technical Schools.—There are day technical schools for boys, giving diversified industrial training in courses ranging from one to four years in length at Montreal, Quebec, Three Rivers, Shawinigan Falls, Hull and Beauport. Their students in 1930 numbered 1,901. At Montreal and Quebec there are schools of Fine Art giving, in addition to courses in drawing, painting and design, a six-year course in architecture. Further day technical courses for boys are given at the Rousesville Intermediate Agricultural School, St. Hyacinthe Dairy School, Beetherville Forest Rangers' School and La Tuque College, in addition to such institutions as the Polytechnic School included under higher education in this report. Home economics courses in Montreal and Quebec, subsidized under the Technical Education Act had 2,964 pupils.

Evening technical courses are widely held throughout the province—schools of arts and trades at 19 centres, commercial courses in Montreal and Quebec, dress-making schools at 38 centres, housekeeping schools at 130. The total enrolment in courses subsidized by the Dominion Government was 5,377 in day classes and 14,516 in evening, but in addition to these there were the housekeeping and dressmaking evening classes, just mentioned, that are not subsidized, with an attendance of about 30,000, as well as some day classes.

Special Schools.—Among the schools for the benefit of those unable to attend the ordinary schools are two in Montreal for the blind—one each for the French- and English-speaking residents of the province. They were attended by 146 pupils. There are also three schools for deaf mutes, two Catholic and one Protestant, with 581 pupils. These schools are subsidized, but not wholly conducted by the Provincial Government as in the other provinces.

The school for feeble-minded near Quebec city had 525 under its care, 350 boys and 176 girls. Three hundred and six of the pupils were under the age of 14, the others older. Both French- and English-speaking pupils were accommodated.

Private Schools.—These are included in the discussion of "ordinary day schools" above, where they are termed "independent" schools. They are relatively much more numerous than in any of the other provinces, accounting for about 10 per cent of the enrolment in the "primary" schools of the province. The highest proportion of "independent" or private schools in any of the other provinces is only about 4 per cent—New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and British Columbia. But whereas the private schools of other provinces are not subsidized by the provincial government, something like half of those in Quebec are.

ONTARIO

During the school year last reported (calendar year 1929 for public and separate schools; school year 1929-30 for other schools), the total number attending educational institutions in Ontario was 846,801. These included 708,081 in ordinary day schools under public control, including public, separate, continuation, high schools and collegiate institutes; 25,558 in full time day and 3,537 in part time day technical schools; 44,431 in evening technical schools; 6,932 in night elementary and high schools; 1,482 in normal schools and the vocational teacher-training school; 4,105 in Indian schools; 453 in schools for the blind and deaf; 13,994 in private business colleges; 9,518 in private elementary and high schools; 2,585 in preparatory courses in universities and colleges, 14,234 in courses of university grade, and 10,590 in other courses.

Ordinary Publicly Controlled Schools.—Apart from the evening elementary schools in 20 centres which had 3,309 pupils, the elementary schools in Ontario are of three kinds—"public" or undenominational, Roman Catholic "separate," and Protestant "separate." Of the last group there are only five in the province and statistics include them with the "public" schools. There were 6,466 schools in the first group with 540,558 pupils, 770 in the second group with 105,518 pupils. The Catholic separate schools are on the average one and two-thirds times as large as the "public," as a result of a much higher proportion of them being urban. Of the 770 separate schools 318 are in cities, towns, or villages; of the 6,466 public, only 759. Though the great part of the work of these schools is confined to the eight elementary grades, many of them teach the equivalent of high school work in what are termed "fifth classes." In the larger group there were 6,779 pupils in these advanced classes, in the smaller 5,080. The percentage of the "public" schools' enrolment in average daily attendance was 71.5; that of the separate was 74.9. The average number of pupils to a public school teacher was 38, to a separate school teacher almost 42—a further reflection of the greater rural element in the former class. Over 15 per cent of the public teachers were men, less than 7 per cent of the separate. The cost of public schools, was \$31,455,211 of which 10.5 per cent came from legislative grants; separate schools cost \$5,004,435 of which 6.5 per cent came from grants. The proportion of school expenditure met by grants is much smaller in urban than in rural sections.

In addition to the elementary schools there are the secondary schools confining their work to the high school grades. They are the "continuation schools," "high schools" and "collegiate institutes." Fundamentally, each class of school teaches the same work, the chief distinctions among them being in size and teaching facilities—with the result that the secondary schools in the cities and larger towns are generally ranked as collegiate institutes, in the smaller towns as high schools, and in villages or small centres as continuation schools. There were 63 collegiate institutes and 142 high schools with 57,475 pupils, 214 continuation schools with 9,368. The average number of teachers in a continuation school was two, and 11.6 per cent were university graduates; the average number in high schools and colleges was ten, and 89.8 per cent were graduates. The average salary of the one group was \$1,576, of the other \$2,472. In the larger schools 48.6 per cent of the pupils were boys, in the smaller only 41 per cent. Expenditure in support of high schools and colleges was \$10,621,982 of which \$443,727 came from legislative grants; continuation schools cost \$1,256,360 of which \$236,977 was received from grants. In addition to the day pupils, there were 3,563 in evening high school classes in 23 cities and towns.

Adding the 66,843 day pupils in the secondary schools to the 3,563 evening pupils, and the 11,865 in "fifth classes" of elementary schools, gives \$2,271 in high school grades of the publicly-controlled schools of the province, apart from the enrolment of vocational high schools which is also an important factor.

Vocational and Technical Schools.—There are now 51 day technical schools in Ontario offering full-time courses for which the completion of elementary grades is prerequisite. Of the total enrolment of 29,095 some 13,000 were taking commercial or business training. In the evening enrolment 15,493 of the 44,431 were taking commercial courses. Two other widely offered types of instruction in both day and evening schools are domestic or household science, and art courses, and training for a variety of industries and trades is given, especially in the larger centres. Evening classes in English for "New Canadians" at 23 centres had 3,587 enrolled. Girls outnumber boys in full-time classes, there being 13,374 of them to 12,184 boys. But more than half of those in evening classes are men and boys.

The Training College for Technical Teachers, which opened at Hamilton in 1925 with an enrolment of 185 for the year, had 371 teachers in training in its regular session and summer courses in 1930. Men occupy the majority of teaching positions in the technical schools—548 as compared with 345 women in full time schools, and 954 as against 532 women in evening schools. Gross expenditure for technical education was \$6,173,009, of which \$1,036,441 came from legislative grants.

In addition to these day and evening schools where the work was confined to technical instruction, subjects of a vocational nature were offered in many of the ordinary schools of general education. In 1930 there were 1,342 elementary schools giving instruction that qualified them for agricultural grants, and 105 secondary schools offering agricultural options. Manual training classes were offered in the schools of 27 cities and towns, in a total of 130 schools. Household science classes were conducted in 129 schools in 27 different centres.

Special Schools and Classes.—Among the provisions made by the Ontario Department of Education for children unable to attend the ordinary schools are auxiliary classes for subnormal children. Similar classes are held in the larger cities of most of the other provinces but statistics of them are not usually published separately. The establishment of auxiliary classes in Ontario is a matter within the autonomy of local school boards. Advisory assistance, free surveys and grants equivalent to one-half the excess cost of education are provided by the provincial government. All teachers of auxiliary classes are specially trained in a five-weeks' summer course after normal school graduation and at least three years' teaching experience. The number of cities conducting such classes, and the enrolment is as follows:—

Type of Class	Number of centres	Number of teachers	Total Enrolment	Boys	Girls
Psychopathic children with mental age of 5 at least	43	127	2,024	1,279	745
Psychopathic children over 13, mental age of 5 at least	9	65	1,393	751	642
Idiocy, deaf, hard of hearing, and speech	3	6	724	-	-
Sight-saving	3	6	91	47	44
Orthopedic	2	10	143	62	81
Open-air, for delicate or undernourished children	1	12	404	187	217
Hospital and sanatorium	5	9	202	89	113
Institutional	1	4	134	45	89
Total	-	239	5,823	-	-

In addition to auxiliary classes there are the Ontario School for the Blind at Brantford where there were 134 pupils, and the Ontario School for the Deaf at Belleville with 320 pupils. More than a third of the blind pupils come from Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta and are supported by those provinces.

For several years travelling schools have been maintained in the northern part of the province by equipping railway coaches as school rooms and having them stop periodically at points along

the line to give instruction in settlements where there is no permanent school. Five such travelling school cars are now in operation.

Correspondence courses for children living out of reach of a school were inaugurated in 1926. The enrolment in 1930 reached 1,000 and instruction was provided in all of the elementary grades almost half of the pupils being in the first two grades. Fifteen passed the high school entrance examination.

Under the Department of the Provincial Secretary a Boys' Training School is conducted at Bowmanville, similar to the institutions at Halifax in Nova Scotia and Portage la Prairie in Manitoba.

Teacher Training Schools.—Technical teachers are trained at Hamilton. Teachers for the English-speaking public and separate schools are trained in seven normal schools at Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, London, Stratford, Peterborough and North Bay. At these schools there were 599 training for first class certificates, 746 for second class and 35 for kindergarten primary. Teachers for schools attended by French-speaking pupils are trained in two model schools at Sturgeon Falls and Earlton, attended by 12 young men and 57 young ladies, and in the university of Ottawa Normal School where attendance grew since its foundation two years earlier to 80 girls. Teachers for the High Schools and colleges are trained in the College of Education of the University of Toronto, where there were 424 registered in the courses for teaching certificates, and 225 in courses for degrees in pedagogy, as well as 28 in the librarian's course.

Summer improvement courses for teachers are very widely held in Ontario. Courses under the auspices of the Department of Education were held at eleven cities within the province, and at Quebec City, in the summer of 1930, and enrolled 4,666 teachers and 33 school nurses. Most of the courses last five weeks. In addition Queen's University, the University of Ottawa, the University of Toronto, the University of Western Ontario, and McMaster University conduct summer sessions at which a high proportion of the attendance is teachers. The attendance at these was 1,164 in 1930, so that altogether the summer school enrolment of teachers approached 5,000, or at least every fifth teacher in the province.

Universities and Colleges.—There are five university units in Ontario—McMaster at Hamilton, Queen's at Kingston, Western at London, the University of Toronto (with Victoria, Trinity, St. Michael's, Knox and Wycliffe in federation), and the University of Ottawa. French is the chief language of instruction at the last mentioned. Each of the last three has several affiliated colleges. For a fuller description of these and other colleges of the province see the table at end of Chapter III.

Private Schools.—The number in elementary and secondary schools, privately controlled, was 9,518, or less than 2 per cent of the enrolment in schools of general education, but many of the schools represented have been long established and are widely known. Private business and commercial schools operate in all the larger centres of population and report 9,518 in day classes, 4,476 in evening classes.

MANITOBA

During the school year ending in 1930, the enrolment in the educational institutions of Manitoba was 175,060 distributed as follows: 151,846 in ordinary day schools; 6,984 in technical schools; 549 in normal schools; 2,298 in Indian schools; 199 in schools for the deaf and blind; 4,807 in private elementary and secondary schools; 3,545 in private business colleges; 718 in preparatory courses in colleges; 3,422 in courses of university standard at the University and affiliated colleges; 882 in other courses at these institutions of higher education.

Public Elementary and Secondary Schools.—The 151,846 pupils were accommodated in 2,019 school-houses with 4,266 class rooms. In addition to city schools confining their work entirely to the elementary grades, and small schools that may have a few pupils in advance of grade eight, there are the "intermediate" schools, "high schools," "junior high schools," "collegiate departments" and "collegiate institutes." "Intermediate schools," of which there are 125, have on the average three or four teachers, one of whom devotes his time to the teaching of high school work. They are generally village schools. "High schools," like the intermediate schools are usually housed in the same building as the elementary classrooms, but are generally the schools of larger villages and towns, having two or more teachers for the high school grades. There are 47 of these. The "junior high school," where the upper elementary and first secondary grades are taught, are 12 in number and all situated in Winnipeg. "Collegiate departments" is the classification of the high schools in 11 towns where 3 or more teachers are engaged in secondary work. The largest secondary schools are the "collegiate institutes," of which there are 22. Outside of Winnipeg, more than a third of the schools maintaining one or more rooms for high school work are "consolidated" schools. That is, the town or village school district and neighbouring rural districts have been consolidated into a single district and conveyance to school is provided for children living outside of the town. There are now 108 such consolidations in Manitoba—a greater number than in any other two provinces combined. A short discussion of the efficiency of these schools as compared with non-consolidated is given in Chapter I.

The city of Winnipeg is a very weighty element in the provincial school system, well over one-third of all pupils being in the schools of the city and its suburbs. The smaller cities, towns and villages combined have about half as many, making somewhat more than half of the

province's total enrolment in urban schools. Of the remainder in rural schools about two-thirds are in schools of one room, one-third in larger schools. The proportion of the year's enrolment in average daily attendance in all schools was 77 per cent, and the proportion in high school grades was 10.4 per cent.

The teaching staff of the province's 2,019 schools numbered 4,378—831 men and 3,547 women. As noted elsewhere, the permanence of the teachers' tenure has increased remarkably in recent years, the average length of the teacher's experience in 1924 having been less than four years, and now being more than six. Several factors are responsible. One that has for many years received encouragement in Manitoba is the erection of residences for teachers, as part of the school plant, especially in rural districts where the people are preponderantly of foreign origin. About 400 districts now own houses for the use of their teacher, and in this way offer an attraction to married men, whose time in the profession is likely to be longer than that of any other class.

Normal Schools.—Manitoba is now the only province in which a university teacher-training department is not maintained, but a special class for university graduates is conducted at the Winnipeg Normal School, in which the attendance in 1930 was 42. There are three other normal schools— at Brandon, Manitou and Dauphin. The total attendance for the year was 549. The Summer School held annually at the Manitoba Agricultural College under the joint auspices of the University and the Department of Education enables teachers to improve their academic as well as professional standing. In an attendance of 886 about 575 were teachers, half of whom were taking courses in teaching methods, and the other half work toward university credits.

Special Schools.—The provincial School for the Deaf at Winnipeg had 183 pupils, almost half of whom were from Saskatchewan and Alberta. Most of Manitoba's blind children are sent to the Ontario school where there were 16. Two sight-saving classes are conducted in a Winnipeg school. Winnipeg also has eighteen classes for children who are subnormal mentally, and similar classes are maintained in at least two other centres.

An Industrial Training School is maintained at Portage la Prairie, with over one hundred juvenile delinquents in residence, practically all between the ages of twelve and seventeen. About one-fourth of the boys come from Alberta, the remainder from Manitoba.

The correspondence courses of the Department enrolled 130 pupils in the subjects of the elementary schools. The broadcasting of high school lessons by radio, mostly grade XI lessons, was continued in 1930.

Technical and Vocational Schools.—The first full-time day industrial school in the province was conducted in Brandon in the year under review. Its work was confined to auto mechanics, and a three-winter course was projected. In Winnipeg full-time technical courses are confined to commercial and household science training. These are given in the city's collegiate institutes, and junior high schools where attendance in commercial classes was 2,608, homemaking 198. But in the upper elementary and high school grades, especially in the junior high schools, a number of periods are devoted weekly to vocational subjects with shop practice.

Evening technical courses at Winnipeg's collegiate institutes have been popular for many years. Two of these have been equipped for technical instruction since they were first opened in 1912. Over 2,000 attended some thirty different trades courses at these three institutions. Evening "Canadianization" classes in eight of the city's schools attracted 1,105 others. The Winnipeg School of Art had 262 students. Few evening classes are maintained outside of the provincial capital, but correspondence courses in technical subjects offered through the Department of Education are increasing in number and popularity annually and enroll more than similar courses in any other province except Nova Scotia.

Institutions of Higher Education.—Higher education in Manitoba is centralized in the provincial university as in each of the four western provinces. The University of Manitoba is situated at Winnipeg as also are its three affiliated arts colleges representing the United, Anglican and Roman Catholic (in St. Boniface) churches. Though all of the university facilities' buildings, except agriculture, have been in the heart of the city, the erection of new quarters on the site of the Agricultural College, a few miles to the south of Winnipeg, was begun in 1930. This is intended to be ultimately the permanent location of accommodation for most of the classes. The attendance of university grade students at the full session was 2,722, and was exceeded only by the University of Toronto, University of Montreal, and McGill, in the order named. The only college in the province outside of the provincial system is Brandon College, controlled by the Baptist Church and affiliated to McMaster University at Hamilton, Ontario.

Private Schools.—Elementary and secondary schools not supported by public funds numbered 34 and reported 4,807 pupils, or about 3 per cent of the enrolment in schools of general education. Private business and commercial schools taught 1,580 in day courses and 1,565 in evening classes.

SASKATCHEWAN

During the school year ending in 1930 the enrolment in all educational institutions in Saskatchewan was 242,391, distributed as follows: 228,434 in ordinary schools under public control; 2,845 in technical day and evening schools; 1,296 in normal schools; 2,001 in Indian

schools; 67 in schools for the blind and deaf situated in other provinces; 1,812 in private business colleges; 2,050 in private elementary and secondary schools; 404 in preparatory courses in the university and colleges; 2,086 in courses of university grade, and 1,596 in other courses conducted by the university and colleges.

Publicly-controlled Elementary and Secondary Schools.—The agricultural character of the province is reflected in its school enrollment. More than 56 per cent of the 227,263 pupils are in rural schools, and since there are no large cities, the proportion of the remaining 44 per cent in town and village schools is more than twice as large as in cities. There are "separate" or denominational schools in Saskatchewan—24 Roman Catholic and seven Protestant in a total of 4,878 school districts, but statistically they are included with the other schools. The number of consolidated schools has stood at forty since 1923. The number of secondary schools—"college institutes" and "high schools"—was 23 and had an attendance of 8,148 or slightly more than one-third of all pupils of high school grade in the province. Rural schools had half as many pupils in these grades as the secondary schools. The remainder of high school pupils—about half of the total—were in town and village graded schools where instruction was divided between elementary and secondary work.

In interpreting the school statistics of Saskatchewan, as also those of the three other western provinces, the high proportion of foreign immigrants in the population must be borne in mind. The percentage of European born (including in British Columbia the Asiatics) in their populations has been in recent years about four times as great as in Ontario, their closest competitor in this respect among the five central and eastern provinces. Remarkable progress within the schools of these provinces in recent years is evident on examination of statistics, and the rapid assimilation of the immigrants and their children into the schools must be a major reason. For example, the following table compares the average educational attainments of each 1,000 children at fourteen years of age in Saskatchewan rural schools eight years ago with the same number in 1920:—

	Number of children per thousand in each grade at the age of 14	
	1922	1920
Grade I	14	6
Grade II	20	7
Grade III	58	25
Grade IV	126	63
Grade V	169	113
Grade VI	195	169
Grade VII	159	183
Grade VIII	200	321
High School Grades	29	113

The proportion not getting beyond grade four has been cut in half; those not getting farther than grade five have been reduced from 38.7 per cent to 21.4 per cent, and those getting no farther than grade six have come down from 38.2 per cent to 38.3 per cent. On the other hand the number reaching grade seven has increased from 15.9 per cent to 18.3 per cent; those getting to grade eight have risen from 23.0 per cent to 32.1 per cent, and those taking high school work in the rural schools have multiplied fourfold. Or, to express the progress in another way, the average (median) attainment of the Saskatchewan rural child at the end of compulsory school age has risen more than a whole grade—from 6.58 to 7.64.

Special Schools.—Deaf children are supported in schools for such in other provinces, mainly in the Manitoba school, where there were 42 from Saskatchewan. Most of the blind are sent to the Ontario school, where there were 32 from Saskatchewan.

The Department's Outpost Correspondence School serves delicate and crippled children whose health does not permit them to go to school, as well as normal children out of reach of a school. Work is confined to the elementary grades, and the number receiving instruction in 1929 was 221. In September, 1930, the Department of Education inaugurated high school correspondence courses and during the year 5,700 enrolled. About 4,800 of these were in attendance at one-room rural schools, the others were studying at home. No fee is charged to pupils in attendance at school, and each teacher corrects the answer papers for her own pupils—the lessons being designed to obviate the necessity of her organizing the additional year's work where she may already be teaching single-handed the entire eight elementary grades.

Teacher Training Schools.—There are Normal Schools in Saskatchewan at Regina, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon. They had 1,296 students, of whom 502 were training for first class certificates and the remainder for second class. This contrasts sharply with the situation just five years ago when training for third class certificates was given at six other centres, and in the total normal school attendance of 1,702 only 285 were first class, 609 second class and 808 third class. The College of Education in the University of Saskatchewan, established in the preceding year, had 21 graduates training for high school certificates. The University, in co-operation with the

Department of Education, conducts a summer school at Saskatoon. Education courses were taken by 200 teachers, and there would be many teachers among the 400-odd taking university courses.

Technical and Vocational Schools.—Each of the province's three most populous cities has built and equipped a new technical school since 1929—the Regina school opening in 1930, the Saskatoon and Moose Jaw schools in 1931. Some technical courses were previously offered, both day and evening, in these three centres, but the work is being expanded with the new accommodation. The full-time day enrolment for the year under consideration was 918 in commercial courses and 52 in motor mechanics. There were 154 in short-term day classes. A much wider variety of subjects was taught in evening classes attended by 1,701 persons. Other instruction of a technical character, particularly agricultural, is given in short courses by the provincial university.

University and Colleges.—Higher education in the province centres mainly in the University of Saskatchewan. It has three affiliated theological colleges at Saskatoon, one at Regina; and five affiliated denominational junior colleges giving instruction in the university curriculum up to second year Arts—three at Regina, one at Outlook and one at Muenster. In the chief French-speaking section of the province, at Gravelbourg, there are the Collège Machou for boys and Collège Thévénat for girls, giving instruction in the Arts course of the University of Ottawa.

Private Schools.—Private elementary and secondary schools numbering 33 reported 2,050 pupils, of whom 595 were in high school grades. Business colleges in nine towns or cities had 1,612 students—1,153 in day courses.

ALBERTA

Summary of all Educational Institutions.—During the school year ending in 1930 the enrolment in all educational institutions in Alberta was 179,624. These were distributed as follows: 164,519 in publicly-controlled elementary and high schools; 5,044 in day and evening technical schools; 912 in normal schools; 1,530 in Indian schools; 55 in schools for the deaf and blind situated in other provinces; 2,304 in private business colleges; 3,557 in private elementary and secondary schools; 285 in preparatory courses in colleges; 1,461 in courses of university grade at the university and colleges, and 66 others.

Publicly Controlled Elementary and Secondary Schools.—The 164,519 in these schools were accommodated in 3,314 schools, 2,862 of which had only one room. The remaining 452 had 2,696 class-rooms, so more than half of the classrooms were presided over by teachers who were responsible for teaching all the subjects of the curriculum and all of the grades in the school. The total number of administrative units or school districts was 3,647. Provision exists for publicly controlled denominational schools in Alberta, and the above total includes two Protestant "separate" schools, and several Roman Catholic. It includes also 63 consolidated school districts which had been organized from 205 smaller units previously existing. In the number of its consolidations Alberta is second only to Manitoba. Another type of administrative unit, peculiar to Alberta, is the rural high school. There are 16 of these, three of which came into existence during the year, and all within recent years. They are the result of rural districts combining to provide high school facilities for their older pupils, 75 small districts having combined to support the 16 high schools.

Over 12 per cent of the 164,519 pupils were in high school grades, Alberta being exceeded in this respect only by British Columbia and Ontario. Many of these pupils were, of course, receiving their instruction from teachers whose time was divided between elementary and secondary grades. Schools where the full time of one teacher was devoted to the high school grades numbered 110; of two teachers, 35; of three teachers, 16; of four or more, 28. Altogether these 189 schools employed 486 teachers.

Technical and Vocational Schools.—The commercial high schools in Edmonton, Calgary and Lethbridge had a full-time enrolment in 1930 of 1,030. Other day courses of a prevocational or technical character in the first two cities had 829 pupils. The Provincial Institute of Technology and Art which has been operating in its new quarters at Calgary since 1922 had 679 full-time students in a wide variety of industrial classes—electrical, mining, engineering, telegraphic, welding, tractor, drafting, art, dressmaking, millinery, etc. The Institute is affiliated with the University of Alberta, and is under the direction of the Department of Education.

Evening classes at the Provincial Institute had 595 students in courses similar to those of the day, plus aeronautics, radio, etc. Other evening classes in Calgary reach 770, in Edmonton 1,211, and in six other centres 233. Correspondence classes in steam and mining engineering conducted by the Institute enrolled 235.

Teacher Training Schools.—The provincial normal schools at Calgary, Camrose, and Edmonton had 817 students in attendance, in the proportion of more than three women to one man. Loans to normal school students are made by the Department of Education to assist them in financing their courses. More than half of the students took advantage of this arrangement in 1930, the average loan being \$325.

The newly-created School of Education in the University of Alberta completed its first year with seven students trained for high-school positions. In the later year there were 22 in the course, and four studying for degrees in education. The Summer School held at the University jointly by it and the Department had 558 students in teachers' courses, and 150 in university courses, the largest number since its inauguration in 1913.

Special Classes.—Correspondence courses offered by the Department of Education to pupils in territory where schools have not been organized have enrolled about 1,600 since their inception in 1924, over 500 in 1930. During 1930 the Department made provision for the education of 61 deaf children and 22 blind in schools for such pupils in Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia at a cost to the Department of \$43,509. A sight-saving class for children of defective vision was opened in Calgary during the year. In classes for sub-normals in Edmonton and Calgary there were 111 pupils, all between the ages of 9 and 17. Departmental grants to these classes amounted to \$6,778.

The University and Colleges.—Higher educational facilities centre mainly in the provincial university and affiliated colleges in Edmonton as described in Chapter III. In 1931 Mount Royal College at Calgary, under the control of the United Church, became affiliated to the University and its work was extended to include the second year of the Arts course.

Private Schools.—Thirty private elementary and high schools had 3,557 pupils. Five business colleges had 2,304 pupils of whom 1,392 were in day classes.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

During the school year ending in 1930 the enrolment in the educational institutions of British Columbia was 138,026 distributed as follows: 111,017 in publicly controlled elementary and high schools; 4,887 in day and 6,891 in evening technical schools; 365 in the normal schools, and 446 in the Departmental summer school; 3,291 in Indian schools; 86 in schools for the blind and deaf; 2,304 in private business colleges; 5,228 in private elementary and secondary schools; 2,270 in courses of university grade at the university and colleges, and 708 in other courses.

Publicly-Controlled Elementary and High Schools.—The "enrolment" of 111,017 in these schools in British Columbia is computed differently to the enrolment in the schools of other provinces where the common procedure is for each school to report the number that have attended at any time during the year, and for these totals to be added to get the provincial enrolment. In this way a pupil who has moved from one district to another during the year may be reported by two schools, but in British Columbia duplications of this kind are recorded and eliminated in the figure quoted above as total enrolment. When this figure is used in conjunction with the average daily attendance to calculate the percentage of attendance, as is done in Part II Table 10, it gives 86.6 per cent, a figure obviously higher than would be the case if the term "enrolment" meant the same as in other provinces. In these other provinces the percentages roughly range between 70 and 80.

Of the 111,017 there were 14,675 in high schools; 5,186 in junior high schools, almost all in cities; 648 in "superior" schools, mainly in rural districts; and 90,508 in elementary schools. A division of the enrolment as among city, town, village and rural schools is not made as in most of the other provinces, but a division is made on the basis of the type of administrative school unit. In the schools of city municipalities of which there were 33 (all purely urban municipal school units in British Columbia are termed "cities"), there were 68,707 enrolled; in the schools of rural municipal school districts there were 20,989 (though most of these were in the schools of settlements that would be considered "urban" as the term is used in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, for instance); in "rural" schools (meaning schools outside of municipal school districts, both rural and urban) there were the remaining 21,321 pupils.

British Columbia is the only province, except Quebec, where the administrative unit for school purposes in rural areas is frequently the municipality. In all of the provinces the administrative unit in cities is commonly the entire municipality. But the rural municipality is nominally the unit only in Quebec, and British Columbia. In the latter there are 24 rural municipal school districts. Manitoba has one such district. Consolidation in the prairie provinces, however, has enlarged the administrative school unit in the 200-odd localities in which it has occurred.

Apart from the 33 city and 24 rural municipal districts there were 725 individual rural schools districts. Of these, 175 were classed as "regularly organized" and 551 as "assisted". In the municipal districts provincial grants are paid, on the basis of the number of teachers, to the school boards. In rural districts the payments are made direct to the teacher, and amount on the average in regularly organized districts to about one-half of her salary—while in assisted districts the teacher received her entire salary from this source. The average salary received by elementary teachers in cities in 1930 was \$1,536, in rural municipalities \$1,226, in regularly organized rural districts \$1,211, in assisted districts \$1,083.

The following table gives the Department's record of the number of children of foreign parentage in the provincial schools in 1930. They represent 12.4 per cent of the total enrolment, 7.1 per cent of the high school enrolment.

	High Schools	Elementary Schools	Total
Chinese.....	167	1,171	1,338
Japanese.....	410	3,604	4,014
Hindus.....	7	90	97
Scandinavians.....	170	1,562	1,762
Italians.....	114	1,138	1,252
Doukhobors.....	5	714	719
Germans.....	35	629	663
Russians.....	62	537	599
Ukrainians.....	23	379	401
Fins.....	56	343	399
Americans (U.S.A.).....	78	380	458
Others.....	166	1,914	2,080
Total.....	1,293	12,489	13,782

Special Schools.—Of the enrolment of \$6 in the provincial school for the deaf and blind at Vancouver (included with the above) 19 were blind, 67 deaf, several coming from Alberta and Saskatchewan and being supported by the Education Departments in those provinces. High school correspondence classes in 1930, the first year that they were offered by the Department of Education, had 597 students, a third of whom were 18 years of age or over. Seventy-five per cent lived over ten miles from a high school and 48 per cent more than 20 miles. The cost to the Department per pupil enrolled was \$47 for the year. Correspondence courses in subjects of the elementary grades have been given for a number of years, and served 593 pupils in 1930.

Technical and Vocational Schools.—Students in day vocational classes in 13 centres numbered 4,887, practically all of whom are included in the high school enrolment quoted above, except those of the Vancouver School of Decorative and Applied Art. There were 2,391 in commercial high schools and 2,438 in other technical schools, the latter including 412 in home economics classes. The courses other than commercial are confined to Vancouver, New Westminster, and Victoria. Apart from the schools that offer full time technical courses there are 34 districts offering manual training or industrial arts options in their classes. Especially in the junior high schools, the wood-working shops are being supplemented by metal-working and electrical. There were 114 workshops in the schools of the 34 districts, used by 15,179 pupils.

Evening technical classes were held in 45 centres and enrolled 6,671, of whom 3,153 were in Vancouver and 1,023 in Victoria. In the former city 81 different subjects were taught, in the latter 37, and smaller numbers in the smaller centres ranging down to a single class of ten or eleven members. Training classes for technical teachers were attended by 123. Correspondence courses in coal mining and mine surveying reached 220 men.

Teacher Training Schools.—The provincial normal schools at Vancouver and Victoria had 60 men and 305 girls in attendance—208 of whom were training for first class certificates, 157 for second class. In the course of the Education Department of the provincial university there were 67 graduates training for teachers' certificates. Two summer schools are held in the province, one by the Department of Education at Victoria and Vancouver, the other by the University. The first had 446 students, the other had 455.

Universities and Colleges.—Higher education centres in the University of British Columbia at Vancouver, though it does not offer instruction in some professional faculties, including law, medicine, and pharmacy. Training in law and medicine must be obtained outside the province, and instruction in pharmacy is given in an independent school. There is a provincially controlled junior college in Victoria for the convenience of residents of Vancouver Island. There are two affiliated theological colleges in Vancouver. See Chapter III, and Section 6 of Part II for statistics.

Private Schools.—Private elementary and high schools in British Columbia to the number of 57 report 5,228 pupils, or 4.5 per cent of the province's total enrolment in schools of the kind. Private business training schools had 2,082 in day classes and 755 in night classes.

YUKON

Schools for White Children.—The Superintendent of Schools for the Yukon Territory reports that there were six schools in operation in 1930, giving employment to fourteen teachers. There were 232 pupils enrolled, 203 of whom attended more than 150 days. The schools are located at Dawson, Whitehorse, Mayo, Keno, Carcross, and Tagish. Moralization subjects were taught in Dawson and Whitehorse and 17 of the pupils were in Grades IX, X and XI. Lectures for these pupils of the high school grades are conducted under the Ontario Department of Education, while those in the elementary grades follow the course of study used in Alberta schools.

The average salary paid to teachers was \$2,358. Nine of the teachers had Alberta certificates, two British Columbia, one Saskatchewan, one Quebec, and one English. Seven were women.

APPENDIX I.—PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL LEGISLATION, 1930

Prince Edward Island

The Education and Public Health Act makes provision for some of the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Education (whose report was tabled during the session) but it is left to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to determine the date that the Act shall come into force. The Act provides for the appointment of a Minister of Education and Public Health (who was first appointed in 1931), and for the reorganization of the existing Board of Education, giving it the exclusive right of appointment of officials to departmental educational posts including inspectors and instructors in Prince of Wales College. The Board shall consist of the Minister of Education and Health as Chairman, the Chief Superintendent of Education, the Principal of Prince of Wales College, the Rector of St. Dunstan's University, a duly authorized representative of the Central Farmers' Institute, also a representative of the Women's Institutes of Prince Edward Island, and one other member. (The existing Board of Education was composed of members of the Legislative Assembly, the Chief Superintendent of Education and the Principal of Prince of Wales College. The change is intended to produce greater continuity of policy and to remove the Board as far as possible from the realm of party politics.) Further, the Act gives to the Chief Superintendent of Education and the Principal of Prince of Wales College, the sole power to appoint examiners to conduct examinations for admission to Prince of Wales College and for teachers' licences.

An Act to Provide for a Referendum by Ballot at the time of the next general election was also passed, presumably to enable the electorate to express its opinion in regard to the implementation of further recommendations of the Royal Commission on Education. Some of the foremost recommendations, apart from those covered by the above-mentioned Act, were the gradual establishment of consolidated schools, the adoption of a higher minimum salary schedule for teachers with provision for increases over a period of fifteen years, formulation of a provincial teachers' pension plan (a pension scheme was inaugurated in 1931), more attention to teacher-training, higher qualifications for inspectors, and certain changes in curriculum to make way for more instruction along vocational lines.

Nova Scotia

The Education Act (C. 60, R.S.N.S. 1923) is amended in several particulars by C. 22 of 1930. (1) The Council of Public Instruction is given the following additional powers: to receive in trust and spend donations and subscriptions in connection with any school; to make regulations for the establishment and operation of a high school department in any section, and regulations governing the attendance at such departments of children of the same and adjoining sections. (2) The establishment of special classes for retarded children becomes obligatory upon trustees now only where there are fifteen of such children between the ages of six and sixteen, instead of five and sixteen as originally enacted three years earlier. (3) The basis of payment of the "manual training grant" is altered, and now becomes payable to schools maintaining a class for retarded pupils, or employing a full-time teacher of art or music, as well as to those conducting domestic science and mechanic science departments. (4) A District Board of School Commissioners, with the consent of the urban Board of School Commissioners concerned, may annex to the urban section certain special poor sections where it appears that educational interests will be better served. The annexing section may receive, in consideration of additional teachers that it may be necessary to employ, the special grants formerly received by the assisted section. (5) The distinction between county academies and high schools ceases to exist as from August, 1930. The provincial grant to academies is replaced by a uniform grant to any section maintaining a purely high school department, and a special grant to sections providing instruction of a specified standard in Grade XII. (6) There are also several alterations concerning the details of local financial administration of the schools.

The Nova Scotia Teachers' Pension Act, 1928, as amended in 1929, is again amended by C. 55 of 1930 in regard to the conditions necessary for pension eligibility.

New Brunswick

C. 2 of 1930 provides for the issue of debentures to the amount of \$350,000 for the purpose of constructing and equipping a new provincial normal school in the city of Fredericton to replace the building destroyed by fire.

The Schools Act (C. 52, R.S.N.B. 1927) is amended to permit of the establishment of a "superior school" in each county for every 4,000 inhabitants, and a majority fraction thereof, in place of every 6,000 and majority fraction as before.

Quebec

Acts relating to Institutions of Higher Education.—Chapter 8 of 1930 authorizes an annual grant of \$50,000 payable out of consolidated revenue fund to Laval University to aid in the creation and maintenance of a biological institute. Chapter 10 authorizes a grant of \$250,000 to Bishop's University to pay off a loan of that amount contracted by the University. Chapter 9 extends the period during which, \$25,000 will be payable annually for the establishment and maintenance of the Institut Pédagogique (C. 40, 1924) from fifteen to twenty-five years. Chapter 62 amends the charter of the Ecole Polytechnique, and Chapter 149 the charter of the University Club of Montreal.

Agricultural Schools.—Chapter 7 sets aside \$600,000 for the establishment, enlargement, furnishing and equipment of agricultural schools in the province; also \$500,000 for the construction of warehouses for the storing of agricultural products, and authorizes a loan of \$750,000 to the Société Coopérative Fédérée des Agriculteurs de la Province de Québec.

Other Schools.—Chapter 55 amends the Education Act (R.S.Q. 1923, C. 133) respecting the resignation of school commissioners and trustees, Chapter 56 respecting loan resolutions. Chapter 57 permits the Board of Roman Catholic School Commissioners of Quebec City to contract new loans in order to erect, improve and furnish new schoolhouses and enlarge existing ones. Chapter 58 similarly for the Montreal Catholic School Commission provides for the acquisition of new school sites, erection of new schools and residences as well as offices of administration, improvement of existing schools, establishment of playgrounds, erection of temporary schools of not more than two stories, and payment of obligations of the ensuing year. The Act also rectifies the involuntary omission of 18 Geo. V, C. 50 by restoring the text of the previous acts governing the Commission to the effect that all its members must be Roman Catholics. Chapter 59 gives local boards under the jurisdiction of the Montreal Protestant Central School Board power to expropriate property already built upon, gives the Central Board power to organize a pension fund for teachers and others in its service or the service of the local boards, and authorizes the town of Montreal West to transfer a portion of Percival Avenue to the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Coteau St. Pierre, a local board under its jurisdiction. Chapter 60 makes certain changes in the financial regulation of Protestant schools in and around Montreal.

Chapter 61 makes a new departure in providing for the establishment of a Jewish School Commission for the Island of Montreal, whereas previous legislation had only made provision for Catholic and Protestant Commissions (or Boards) within the province—non-Catholics as a rule patronizing the "Protestant" schools. Owing to the large element of Jews in the population of Montreal the "Protestant" schools came to include almost as many Jewish as Protestant children. It was felt by the Protestants (owing to the larger average Jewish families and lower average family contributions to school costs due to the lower taxable wealth of the Jews) that they were being unduly burdened for the education of Jewish children. "Protestant" and Catholic school contributions in Montreal, as throughout the province, are kept separate. On the other hand, the Jews being taxed as "Protestants" began to demand some voice in the management of the schools. A Jewish alderman was appointed to the Protestant School Board, but as the appointment was contested he did not sit. It was contended by the Protestant Board that the school system was strictly a Catholic-Protestant denominational one, and this contention was upheld by the Privy Council. As a result of this apparent deadlock there emerged legislation (C. 61, 1930) incorporating a Jewish School Commission, parallel to the existing Catholic and Protestant bodies with power to erect a separate system of schools for those of Jewish faith, or, if preferred, to enter into arrangement with the Catholic or Protestant bodies for the education of their children. Failing an agreement between the Jewish Commission and one of the other boards by April, 1931, there was to be automatically erected in Montreal and Outremont, Jewish school municipalities. (Agreement was reached, however, before this date.)

Ontario

The University Lands Act, 1930, vests certain lands in and about Queen's Park, Toronto, in the Crown for the general purposes of the Province, and authorizes payment of \$75,000 to the University of Toronto.

The Vocational Education Act, 1930, replaces the Vocational Education Act previously in force (R.S.O. 1927, C. 334) and provides for some administrative changes.

The School Law Amendment Act, 1930, embodies amendments to the Department of Education Act, The Public Schools Act, The Continuation Schools Act, The High Schools Act, The Board of Education Act, the Separate Schools Act, The Teachers' and Inspectors' Superannuation Act, The School Attendance Act, The University Act, and The School Sites Act. The foremost changes inaugurated by the Act are probably those concerning the appointment, duties and payment of public school inspectors, who previously in all but unorganized districts were appointed by the county or city municipality, from a list of persons recognized by the Department as qualified, a part of their salary being paid by the municipality and part by the province. The new Act left this arrangement in force only for the cities, declaring that all other public school inspectors should be appointed and paid by the province.

Manitoba

The Education Department Act (R.S.M. 1913, C. 58) is amended by Chapter 8, 1930, to empower the Department "to purchase school books, books for school library purposes and school supplies, and to sell the same to school districts or teachers or other persons," but for cash only.

The Public Schools Act (new) of 1930 replaces the Public Schools Act of 1913 and embodies the amendments that have been introduced in the intervening years. The Act as thus consolidated is amended by C. 35, 1930, by placing a limitation of \$50,000 on the amount that the province may lend to school districts to provide school accommodation or teachers' residences, and stipulating that debentures must be issued by the school district as security.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund Act (C. 60, 1925) is amended by C. 44, 1930. The term "teachers" is extended to include anyone employed by the Department of Education as well as by a board of school trustees, as long as they hold a teacher's certificate. The distinction between a permanent fund and a general fund is removed, and the sources from which "the fund" is to be derived are limited to the following: (a) gifts and legacies; (b) amounts contributed by teachers; (c) the interest or other income derived from the fund. Teachers' contributions to the fund are raised from one per cent to two per cent of their salaries from July, 1930, and every teacher entitled to a pension from the fund from the same date becomes entitled also to receive an equal sum out of moneys appropriated by the Legislature. Participation in the pension scheme becomes obligatory on all teachers, whereas when the scheme was introduced in 1925 it was optional with the teacher. Changes in the manner of making appointments to the Board of Administrators are made, also in the powers given to the Board.

Saskatchewan

Amendments made to *The Secondary Education Act* in 1928 are repealed. The repealed amendments provided for the establishment and conduct of winter high school districts.

The School Act is amended by Chapter 45 in the Penalties and Prohibitions section by adding in part as follows: "No emblem of any religious faith, denomination, order, sect, society or association, shall be displayed in or on any public school premises during school hours, nor shall any person teach or be permitted to teach in any public school while wearing the garb of any such religious faith, denomination, order, sect, society or association." Penalty to the teacher may be suspension or cancellation of certificate and a money fine. Trustees are also held responsible under the possibility of fine for permitting violation of the regulation cited.

Chapter 46 makes numerous further amendments to *The School Act*. (1) The term "ratepayer" for school purposes is broadened to include the chief resident officer of a corporation under certain conditions. (2) The Department of Education is given power to establish a branch for the purchase and sale of text books, library books and other school equipment. (3) Appeals from the decision of municipal councils in the matter of forming new school districts, or altering district boundaries, are provided for. (4) Meetings of ratepayers must be conducted in the English language, but if necessary the chairman must provide for the attendance of an interpreter. Persons holding office as trustees must be able not only "to read and write" henceforth, but "to read and write and conduct school meetings in the English language," except in the case of those who held office under the older regulation and are in the opinion of the school inspector fit officers to be appointed again. (5) Private schools are declared subject to such inspection as the Minister of Education deems necessary. (6) Borrowing powers of districts are further defined, etc.

The School Attendance Act is amended by Chapter 47. Private Schools are required to furnish an attendance record of children below Grade IX, between the ages of seven and fifteen.

The School Assessment Act is amended at length by Chapter 48, and *The School Grants Act* in some particulars by Chapter 49.

An Act to establish a Research Council for the province, similar to those already existing in the provinces of Alberta and Ontario, was passed. The Council shall consist of not more than ten members, appointed by the Government, including the president of the provincial university as Director of Research, and shall have charge of all matters affecting scientific and industrial research within the province which may be assigned to it by the Government, etc.

An Act respecting the Superannuation of Teachers (Chap. 93, 1930) introduces a teachers' pension plan for Saskatchewan. Every teacher is required to contribute four per cent of salary to the retirement fund, this proportion being held back by trustee boards, and in turn held back from the boards' departmental grants. Pensions are payable after the age of sixty if the applicant has taught for twenty years, or after fifteen years at any age if incapacitated. The minimum pension payable is \$360, the maximum \$2,000 per year. Retirement from the profession after three years teaching (and before eligibility for pension) entitles the teacher to a refund of all contributions, except those of the first year, plus accrued interest.

Alberta

The School Act (R.S.A. 1922, C. 51) is subjected to two minor amendments by Chapter 39 of 1930.

The Research Council Act of 1930 reconstitutes The Scientific and Industrial Research Council of Alberta (Order in Council 30/21) and establishes it as a corporation to be known as "The Research Council of Alberta."

The Education of Soldiers' Children Act provides for the advance of \$10,000 from provincial revenues for the purpose of providing higher educational facilities for the children of soldiers who enlisted in the Great War and were resident in the province of Alberta at the time of their enlistment.

British Columbia

Education of Soldiers' Dependent Children Act provides for financial assistance of the Province to children of veterans of the Great War in obtaining a high school education. Assistance to one child is limited to four years, and to \$250 in any one year. The Act is administered by a Commission in the Department of Education.

Teachers' Pensions Act of 1929 is amended in a few details by Chapter 74 of 1930.

Public Schools Act is amended by Chapter 63 of 1930 which provides for a rebate in respect of the taxes imposed for school purposes on farm lands and wild lands. On the other hand it introduces a tax of two mills per dollar on personal property to raise money for school purposes in unorganized territory which does not form part of any school district, and in any rural school district in which the school has been closed. Several changes in details of local school administration are enacted, and it is stated that a child must enter Grade I within two weeks of the commencement of a new class, or admission can not be demanded for him, etc.

PART II—STATISTICAL TABLES.

PARTIE II—TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES.

ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUMMARIZED

1.—Summary of educational institutions in Canada 1930, or latest year reported¹

A. ENROLMENT

	P.E.I. — L.-P.-E.	N.S. — N.-E.	N.B. — N.-B.	Que. — Qué.	Ont.
1 Ordinary day schools—					
(a) Publicly controlled	17,277	113,866	85,717	521,057	712,274
(b) Privately controlled	573	2,833	3,650	60,659	9,548
2 Technical and Vocational schools—					
(a) Dominion-subsidized day courses ²	1,025	2,031	1,259	6,203	26,553
(b) Dominion-subsidized evening and correspondence ³	69	4,604	1,609	38,291	51,403
(c) Business Colleges, day courses	149	576	530	2,016	9,234
(d) Business Colleges, evening courses	46	211	211	1,090	4,479
3 Normal Schools	With 4(a)	580	300	1,985	1,482
4 Universities and Colleges—					
(a) Preparatory courses	380	1,124	566	13,710	2,583
(b) University standard	107	2,165	1,139	10,616	14,234
(c) Other courses at university ⁴	—	668	2	6,301	16,900
5 Schools for blind and deaf ⁵	11	178	72	733	602
6 Indian Schools	31	280	298	1,433	4,105
Grand Total	19,676	126,208	95,646	663,494	816,801
Population of 1931	88,040	512,027	418,252	2,860,793	3,426,488
Secondary grades or higher, 2 (b) unclassified	3,591	21,264	12,267	68,676	152,476
Elementary grades	16,018	103,248	81,480	556,527	642,992

B. EXPENDITURE

1 Publicly controlled schools,—i.e., 1(a), 2 (a), (b), 3 (a), (b) and 5 above:—(a) By Provincial Governments	306,390	915,885	465,886	4,952,778	5,397,446
(b) By enterprises, etc.	189,669	3,653,189	2,618,062	19,462,517	49,609,553
2 Privately controlled schools, i.e., 1 (b), 2 (b) above, (estimated)	19,600	109,000	132,000	3,142,000	1,646,000
3 Universities and Colleges	74,589	1,081,399	342,514	6,939,697	7,336,009
4 Indian schools	722	106,256	17,386	78,682	415,392
Total	590,370	5,265,689	3,605,848	34,568,544	64,404,400

C. FURTHER INFORMATION ON ORDINARY DAY SCHOOLS UNDER PUBLIC CONTROL (ITEM 1 (A) ABOVE)⁶

Enrolment—Boys	8,670	56,687	42,310	283,779	373,869
Girls	8,667	57,173	43,407	239,594	364,609
In elementary grades	15,214	100,945	—	—	694,211
In secondary grades	1,750	12,915	—	—	104,206
In urban schools	6,516	75,218	46,715	—	404,628
In rural schools	10,761	38,622	39,002	—	243,849
Attendance—					
Average daily attendance	12,201	85,080	64,390	464,224	517,334
Average (median) days per pupil	151	167	—	—	—
Average number of days schools open	191	196	194	—	—
Percentage of enrolment in average attendance	70.0	74.8	75.1	80.4	74.1
Teachers, total	617	3,448	2,661	20,513	20,127
Male	155	296	267	3,639	3,971
Female	462	3,152	2,394	16,874	16,156
Accommodation—					
Number of school districts	467	1,730	1,470	6,826	7,003
Number of school houses	467	—	—	7,971	7,706
Number of classrooms	615	3,191	2,441	19,000	18,600
Number of pupils per class-room	28	35	35	30	39
Number of rural schools	412	1,441	1,314	—	6,150

¹ Figures for 1 (a) and 1 (b) in Quebec are for 1928-29; for 1 (a) in Ont., except secondary schools, are for calendar year 1929; all others are for 1929-30.

² Includes 232 in the Yukon in 1/a, 467 in the Yukon and N.W.T. in 6, and 11,346 in population.

³ Includes 6,962 in non-technical night schools, in Ont.; in Quebec, non-subsidized day courses at two schools, and 23,775 in non-subsidized evening domestic science courses.

⁴ Includes also 413 in the Departmental summer schools for teachers in N.S., 4,066 in Ont., and 446 in B.C., not held at universities or colleges.

⁵ Includes also 1 (b) in Quebec and Alberta, and 2 (a) in Ontario except under "number of school districts".

⁶ Estimated on same basis as in previous reports.

⁷ These students are entered according to province of residence. There are schools in five provinces.

RÉSUMÉ DE TOUTES LES INSTITUTIONS ENSEIGNANTES

3

1.—Résumé Statistique de l'Instruction publique au Canada, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

A. INSCRIPTIONS

Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.B.	Total ¹		
131,840	228,436	164,519	111,917	2,106,578	Ecoles primaires—	1
4,907	2,950	3,557	5,228	92,273	(a) Ecoles publiques.	
					(b) Ecoles privées.	2
3,058	1,144	2,577	4,897	47,742	Ecoles techniques et professionnelles	
3,926	1,701	2,467	6,891	111,301	(a) du jour subventionnées par le gouvernement fédéral.	
					(b) du soir et correspondance subventionnées par le gouvernement fédéral.	
1,980	1,153	1,392	2,084	10,399	(c) Collèges commerciaux, cours du jour.	
1,365	459	912	755	9,724	(d) Collèges commerciaux, cours du soir.	
549	1,290	803	365	7,360	Ecoles normales	3
					Universités et collèges	4
718	404	285	2	19,783	(a) Cours préparatoires.	
3,322	2,086	1,461	2,270	37,400	(b) Cours universitaires.	
882	1,590	86	1,152	21,257	(c) Autres cours universitaires.	
109	67	55	80	1,764	Ecoles pour les sourds et les aveugles.	5
2,298	2,601	1,530	3,291	15,743	Ecoles indiennes	6
175,060	242,391	179,024	136,026	2,490,023	Grand Total	
699,441	921,241	727,497	609,218	10,333,778	Population de 1931.	
28,543	33,094	28,776	28,571	377,258	Classes secondaires et supérieures, 2 (b) non classées.	
142,591	207,590	148,381	102,564	2,001,365	Classes élémentaires.	

B. DÉPENSES

1,235,898	2,826,700	1,355,963	3,136,492	20,674,409	Ecoles publiques—I (a) 2 (a), (b), 3 (a), (b) et 5 ci-dessus....	1
9,049,189	13,323,491	11,465,194	9,264,246	115,326,673	(a) Par gouvernement provincial.	
501,090	256,000	352,000	645,000	6,792,000	(b) Par contribuables, etc.	
1,394,968	1,336,968	947,498	1,014,046	20,367,679	Ecoles privées—I (b), 2 (c) (estimatif)	2
385,268	397,252	326,772	532,579	2,330,437	Universités et collèges.	3
					Ecoles indiennes	4
12,607,300	18,340,411	14,347,337	11,553,050	165,361,198	Total	

C. POUR PLUS AMPLE RENSEIGNEMENT SUR LES ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES (A) CI-DESSUS ⁴

76,377	114,845	83,586	56,125	1,094,248	Inscriptions—Garçons.	
75,469	113,589	84,450	54,892	1,095,769	Filles	
136,027	203,295	145,796	94,847	-	Classes élémentaires.	
15,819	24,451	21,280	16,170	-	Classes secondaires.	
100,880	99,743	88,741	68,707	-	Ecoles urbaines.	
41,006	128,691	79,355	42,310	-	Ecoles rurales.	
117,037	169,893	132,573	96,196	1,588,918	Assiduité—	
164	172	173	-	-	Moyenne de fréquentation quotidienne.	
194	204	190	-	-	Moyenne de jours d'assiduité par élève.	
77.0	74.3	78.8	86.9	77.0	Moyenne des jours d'ouverture des écoles.	
					Pourcentage des fréquentation totale en fréquentation moyenne.	
4,378	8,517	5,706	3,834	69,829	Instituteurs et institutrices.	
831	2,285	1,405	1,119	14,731	Instituteurs.	
3,547	6,232	4,300	2,735	55,099	Institutrices.	
2,222	4,878	3,563	803	28,977	Local—	
2,019	-	-	1,135	-	Nombre de districts scolaires.	
4,266	6,732	5,538	3,595	63,898	Maisons d'école.	
36	34	30	31	-	Salles de classe.	
-	-	3,037	964	-	Elèves par salle de classe.	
					Ecoles rurales.	

¹ Les chiffres pour 1(a) et 1(b) de Québec se rapportent à 1928-29; ceux 1(a) de l'Ontario, sauf ceux des écoles secondaires, à l'année civile 1929; tous les autres sont pour 1929-30.

² Y inclus 232 dans le Yukon en 1(a), 467 dans le N.-O. en 6, et 11,346 en population.

³ Y inclus 6,932 dans les écoles du soir non techniques de l'Ont., du Qué., cours du jour à deux écoles non subventionnées et 23,776 cours du soir non subventionnés de science ménagère.

⁴ Y inclus 493 écoles d'été départementales pour instituteurs en N.-E., 4,066 dans l'Ont. et 446 en C.B. non considérées comme universités ou collèges.

⁵ Y inclus 1(b) dans le Qué. et l'Alta. et 2 (a) dans l'Ont., excepté sous "nombre de districts scolaires".

⁶ Estimé selon les rapports précédents.

⁷ Les étudiants sont entrés selon la province domiciliaire. Cinq provinces ont de telles écoles.

2.--Summary Enumeration of Educational Institutions in Canada by Provinces, for 1910 or latest year reported
2.--Résumé détaillé des institutions enseignantes du Canada par provinces, chiffres de 1910 ou dernier rapport

[illegible]

165	1,121	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
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Students at the school of the Technical College except those following regular degree course.

Including all the students of the Technical College of
including all the students of the Technical College of
including all the students of the Technical College of
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Second Term (5,253,768): average number of days school was open first term 194-7 from which the average daily attendance is calculated. When position of the average number of days school was open first term 194-7 from which the average daily attendance is calculated from the total attendance First Term (5,253,768):

second Term 114
score to be 64.389.

Les étudiants suivants des cours réguliers.

La Compagnie pour les Travaux de Construction de la Région de la Vallée de la Loire, dans la note 1, a une compétence pour évaluer les pertes et les dommages.

1. Nombres calculés sur les élèves fréquentant une ou deux classes.
2. Calculé sur la fréquentation totale de la classe avec une fréquentation moyenne de 64,380 par jour, et dans le second terme, 74,9.

et 194,2 jours de classe avec une fréquentation moyenne de 61,36 par jour,

ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUMMARIZED

2.—Summary Enumeration of Educational Institutions in Canada by Provinces, for 1930 or latest year reported
2.—Résumé détaillé des institutions enseignantes du Canada par provinces, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

Province	Number of School Districts or Institutions	Number of School Houses	Number of Class Rooms	Number of Teachers			Number of Pupils			Average Attendance	Percentage Attendance	Province
				Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total			
Quebec—Cua	0,826	6,738	13,757	2,682	11,712	14,394	—	—	447,374	—	—	Total des écoles primaires sous contrôle.
Roman Catholic	837	708	2,313	268	2,217	2,485	—	—	73,153	—	—	Catholiques.
Protestant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Protestantes.
Total Independent Primary Schools	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Total des écoles primaires indépendantes.
Roman Catholic	—	501	—	636	2,872	3,508	—	—	54,852	—	—	Catholiques.
Protestant	—	24	—	33	73	126	—	—	1,894	—	—	Protestantes.
GRAND TOTAL PRIMARY SCHOOLS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Grand total des écoles primaires.
Roman Catholic	—	7,239	—	3,318	14,581	17,902	245,879	256,347	502,226	400,396	89.92	Catholiques.
Protestant	—	739	—	331	2,290	2,621	37,990	37,247	75,237	57,828	76.95	Protestantes.
Total	—	7,971	—	3,659	16,871	20,513	283,776	293,594	577,373	464,224	80.49	Total.
Nursery Schools (Catholic)	22	—	—	1	83	84	2,288	1,455	3,743	2,896	77.37	Écoles maternelles (catholiques).
Schools for the Deaf and Blind—	3	—	—	64	99	163	314	269	583	557	85.54	Écoles des sourd-muets et aveugles—
Roman Catholic	2	—	—	12	12	24	51	55	106	94	92.45	Catholiques.
Protestant	1	—	—	19	65	84	243	177	420	—	—	Protestantes.
School for feeble minded	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	École pour les faibles d'esprit.
Normal Schools—	19	—	—	61	210	271	169	1,094	1,273	1,640	92.50	Écoles normales—
Roman Catholic	1	—	—	4	0	10	8	140	148	131	89.86	Catholiques.
Protestant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Protestante.
Technical and Vocational Schools—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Écoles techniques et professionnelles.
Day courses	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cours du jour
Evening subsidized	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cours du soir subventionnés par le gouvernement fédéral.
Evening non subsidised	110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cours du soir non subventionnés par le gouvernement fédéral.
Universities and Colleges—	111	—	—	1,423	598	2,021	15,290	9,890	25,090	—	—	Universités et collèges—
Two French Universities and affiliated colleges.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Deux universités françaises et collèges affiliés.
Two English Universities and affiliated colleges.	6	—	—	53	59	112	3,327	1,370	4,697	—	—	Deux universités anglaises et collèges affiliés.
Independent unaffiliated schools.	20	—	—	164	—	164	840	—	840	—	—	Écoles indépendantes non-affiliées.
Business Colleges (Private)	22	—	—	31	56	87	1,127	1,970	3,109	—	—	Collèges commerciaux (privés).
Indian Schools	32	—	—	3	53	56	113	720	1,433	1,016	73.99	Écoles indiennes.

Quebec—Cua

Total Primary Schools under control

Roman Catholic

Protestant

Total Independent Primary Schools

Roman Catholic

Protestant

GRAND TOTAL PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Roman Catholic

Protestant

Total

Nursery Schools (Catholic)

Schools for the Deaf and Blind—

Roman Catholic

Protestant

School for feeble minded

Normal Schools—

Roman Catholic

Protestant

Technical and Vocational Schools—

Day courses

Evening subsidized

Evening non subsidised

Universities and Colleges—

Two French Universities and affiliated col-

leges.

Two English Universities and affiliated col-

leges.

Independent unaffiliated schools.

Business Colleges (Private)

Indian Schools

RÉSUMÉ DE TOUTES LES INSTITUTIONS ENSEIGNANTES

7

Ontario—									
Public Schools* (1929)									
Rural	5,707	940	6,082	7,098	113,645	108,439	220,084	150,060	68-15
City	849	240	4,048	4,851	113,356	109,336	222,692	153,012	73-47
Town	245	233	1,478	1,701	37,418	36,307	73,725	55,476	75-28
Village	102	133	1,451	1,884	12,232	11,825	24,057	17,726	73-58
Total	6,406	2,168	12,056	14,204	276,551	264,007	540,558	386,864	71-37
Roman Catholic Separate Schools* (1929)									
Rural	452	42	823	865	11,941	11,924	23,765	16,445	69-19
City	185	104	1,106	1,210	27,586	26,355	53,911	41,550	75-92
Town	113	23	582	643	13,130	13,070	26,206	19,863	75-87
Village	20	1	51	52	779	827	1,606	1,193	74-28
Total	770	170	2,562	2,932	53,342	52,176	106,518	78,993	74-85
Continuation Schools (1930)									
High Schools (1930)	214	107	258	455	3,844	6,324	9,368	8,346	89-12
Collegiate Institutes (1930)	142	919	1,128	2,047	17,181	12,484	22,663	20,428	90-13
Total	63				17,767	17,943	34,810	32,058	92-12
Vocational Schools (1930)									
Day, full time		548	345	893	12,194	15,374	25,558	20,632	80-72
Day, part time		88	106	104	1,131	979	2,100	—	—
Day, special									
Evening Schools		636	451	1,087	434	883	1,437	—	—
Vocational School teacher-training		904	532	1,486	13,759	15,336	29,095	—	—
Night Elementary Schools (1930)	1	3	1	4	23,895	20,942	44,837	—	—
Night High Schools (1930)	20	—	—	101	—	—	129	—	—
Normal Schools (1930)	23	—	—	158	—	—	3,369	1,631	49-41
Model Schools (1930)	7	64	27	81	181	—	3,563	916	25-71
Departmental Summer Schools	11	6	3	9	12	57	1,259	—	—
Universities (1930)	1	—	—	—	—	—	4,069	—	—
Affiliated Colleges (1930)	23	1,244	188	1,432	10,161	5,714	15,865	—	—
Business Colleges (1930)	9	363	56	416	4,875	2,033	7,478	—	—
Private Schools (1930)	83	109	199	308	3,791	10,233	13,994	—	—
Schools for the Blind and Deaf	2	186	502	691	3,267	0,251	9,518	—	—
Indian Schools	98	—	—	—	2,024	2,081	4,105	2,897	70-37
Manitoba (1930)									
Intermediate schools	125	—	—	450	—	—	14,943	11,610	77-76
High Schools	47	—	—	94	—	—	1,959	1,716	87-59
Collegiate Departments	11	—	—	33	—	—	776	674	86-85
Collegiate Institutes	22	—	—	182	—	—	5,986	5,422	80-58
Junior High Schools	12	—	—	88	—	—	2,991	2,076	89-47
Elementary Schools	1,802	—	—	3,531	—	—	125,191	94,830	75-83
All general Schools	2,222	831	2,547	4,378	76,377	75,409	151,846	117,037	77-08
Normal Schools	4	9	9	18	84	465	549	—	—
Vocational Day Schools	5	38	65	101	1,211	1,847	3,056	—	—
Vocational Evening Schools	2	117	40	157	2,283	1,050	3,333	—	—
Vocational Teacher training	1	—	—	1	—	—	4	—	—
University	—	—	—	1	—	—	593	—	—
Affiliated Colleges	1	287	24	265	2,518	1,370	3,888	—	—
Business Colleges	6	93	15	118	743	291	1,034	—	—
Private Schools	34	25	42	67	1,132	2,413	3,545	—	—
Schools for the Blind and Deaf	—	33	146	179	2,328	2,479	4,807	—	—
Indian Schools	56	—	—	—	1,148	1,150	2,288	1,030	70-93

* Districts. The number of municipalities was 1,482 Catholic and 358 Protestant. — Districts, on comptant 1,482 municipalités catholiques et 358 protestantes.
 * Manual Training and Household Science Teachers are not included. Junior High School Teachers include only those teaching High School classes. — Les professeurs de travaux manuels de science ménagère ne sont compris. Les instituteurs de lycées juniors comprennent seulement ceux enseignant dans les degrés secondaires.
 * Calendar year. — Année civile.

ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUMMARIZED

2.—Summary Enumeration of Educational Institutions in Canada by Provinces, for 1930 or latest year reported
 2.—Résumé détaillé des institutions enseignantes du Canada par provinces, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

Province	Number of School Districts or Institutions	Number of School Houses	Number of Classes	Number of Teachers			Number of Pupils			Average Attendance	Percentage of Attendance	Province
				Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total			
Saskatchewan (1930)	Rural Elementary Schools	4 434	4 387	1,377	3,990	5,367	65,993	62,695	128,688	89,994	69.03	Saskatchewan (1930)
	City Elementary Schools	15	990	749	2,103	2,852	14,890	14,437	29,327	24,421	83.33	Ecoles élémentaires rurales.
	Town Elementary Schools	96	612	—	—	—	10,853	11,401	22,316	18,053	80.77	Ecoles élémentaires des cités.
	Village Elementary Schools	386	1,167	—	—	—	19,576	20,396	39,972	30,611	76.63	Ecoles élémentaires des villages.
	All Elementary Schools	4,925	6,956	2,126	6,140	8,266	111,274	109,012	220,286	181,071	74.03	Toutes écoles élémentaires.
	Collegiate Institutes and High Schools	19	219	159	83	242	3,311	4,377	8,688	6,352	83.73	Instituts Collégiaux et Hautes Ecoles.
	Vocational Schools (Day)	3	—	47	14	61	445	999	1,444	—	—	Ecoles de travaux du jour.
	Vocational Schools (Evening)	3	—	44	11	55	808	893	1,701	—	—	Ecoles normales.
	Normal Schools	1	—	23	23	46	310	377	687	—	—	Ecoles normales.
	University	1	—	103	13	124	1,810	997	2,813	—	—	Université.
	Affiliated Colleges	1	—	64	10	74	634	639	1,273	—	—	Collèges affiliés.
	Business Colleges	8	—	14	25	39	361	1,251	1,612	—	—	Collèges commerciaux.
	Private Schools	34	—	—	—	—	833	1,215	2,048	—	—	Ecoles privées.
	Schools for the Blind and Deaf	40	—	—	—	—	978	1,023	2,001	1,638	81.35	Ecoles pour les aveugles et les sourds.
Alberta (1930)	Indian Schools	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ecoles indiennes.
	Cities and Towns	70	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Alberta (1930)
	Village Schools	297	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	74,704	84.28	Ecoles publiques des villes.
	Rural Schools	3,037	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	57,890	72.87	Ecoles des villages.
	Consolidated Schools	3,314	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	132,573	78.87	Ecoles rurales.
	Total General Schools	—	5,558	1,405	4,300	5,705	83,586	84,490	168,076	—	—	Toutes écoles générales.
	Normal Schools	3	—	22	31	53	150	653	803	—	—	Ecoles normales.
	Vocational Schools (Day)	3	—	49	23	72	1,394	1,218	2,612	—	—	Ecoles de travaux (du jour).
	Vocational Schools (Evening)	5	—	78	18	96	1,437	965	2,402	—	—	Ecoles de travaux (du soir).
	Correspondence	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Correspondance.
	Vocational Teacher Training	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cours technique pour la formation d'instituteurs.
	University	1	—	181	9	190	1,033	527	1,560	—	—	Université.
	Affiliated Colleges	4	—	31	—	31	243	9	252	—	—	Collèges affiliés.
	Business Colleges	5	—	17	35	52	879	1,425	2,304	—	—	Collèges commerciaux.
Indian Schools	Schools for the Blind and Deaf	30	—	74	121	195	1,649	1,008	2,657	—	—	Ecoles pour les aveugles et les sourds.
	Indian Schools	22	—	—	—	—	693	632	1,325	1,316	86.01	Ecoles indiennes.

British Columbia (1930)	103	118	655	432	834	765	9,679	10,900	20,509	17,713	80-37	Colombie Britannique (1930)
High Schools	23	123	1,355	350	1,185	1,535	25,702	25,183	51,895	45,905	88-45	Hautes écoles.
City Public Schools	24	169	552	125	455	580	9,595	9,038	19,533	18,117	80-49	Écoles élémentaires des cités.
Rural Municipality Schools	643	725	1,093	266	764	973	10,210	9,781	19,980	18,808	84-57	Écoles rurales des municipalités.
Rural and Assisted Schools	803	1,135	3,505	1,116	2,738	3,854	56,125	54,892	111,017	96,196	86-65	Écoles rurales et assistées.
Total General Schools	2	-	-	14	6	20	60	805	355	-	-	Toutes écoles générales.
Normal Schools	2	-	-	-	-	-	77	369	446	-	-	Écoles normales.
Departmental Summer Schools	13	-	-	102	58	150	-	-	4,887	-	-	Écoles d'été départementales.
Vocational Schools (Day)	45	-	-	170	91	261	-	-	6,471	-	-	Écoles d'apprentissage (du jour).
Vocational Schools (Evening)	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	220	-	-	Correspondance.
Correspondence	2	-	-	-	-	-	77	369	446	-	-	Cours technique pour la formation d'instituteurs.
Vocational Schools (Teachers' Training)	1	-	-	126	42	169	1,538	1,072	2,610	-	-	Université.
University	4	-	-	16	5	21	233	135	268	-	-	Collèges affiliés.
Affiliated Colleges	22	-	-	24	43	67	8-8	2,095	2,537	-	-	Collèges commerciaux.
Business Colleges	57	-	-	74	274	348	2,252	2,049	4,528	-	-	Écoles privées.
Private Schools	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	-	Écoles pour les aveugles et les sourds.
Schools for the Blind and Deaf	63	-	-	-	-	-	1,607	1,684	3,291	2,347	71-31	Écoles indiennes.
Indian Schools												

¹ In addition to these were 2 junior colleges affiliated to University of Saskatchewan. ² Also included with the general enrolment. ³ Including 27 pupils not given by sex.

⁴ En outre, en compte 2 collèges juniors affiliés à l'Université de Saskatchewan. ⁵ Compris dans l'inscription totale. ⁶ Le total comprend 27 élèves dont le sexe n'est pas mentionné.

ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUMMARIZED

3.—Summary of Education in Cities and Principal Towns of Canada for 1930 or Latest Year Reported
 3.—Résumé statistique de l'instruction publique dans les cités et les principales villes du Canada, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

Name of City or Town Cité ou ville	Population, Census of 1931 (Preliminary figures) Population, recense- ment de 1931	Number of Pupils Attending General Schools Nombre d'élèves dans les écoles générales			Average Attendance Moyenne de fréquentation quotidienne	Number of Pupils in Vocational Schools (not included in total general schools) Nombre d'élèves dans les écoles de travaux manuels (non compris dans les écoles générales)			Number of Pupils in High School Grades (included in total General schools) Nombre d'élèves dans les degrés secondaires (compris dans les écoles générales)		
		Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Total		Day Courses Cours de jour	Evening and Courses du soir et de correspond	Total	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Total
Montreal, Que.	990,132	73,369	74,497	147,866	118.832	-	-	27,102	5,702	4,285	9,987
Toronto, Ont.	627,582	62,401	58,827	121,228	85.362	10,108	16,904	27,102	5,702	4,285	9,987
Winnipeg, Man.	217,587	21,063	20,655	41,718	39.342	3,485	3,171	6,656	2,965	3,210	6,175
Vancouver, B.C.	245,307	20,294	19,038	40,032	35.229	3,475	3,153	6,628	3,442	3,539	6,981
Hamilton, Ont.	154,914	18,220	15,469	33,689	24.561	2,441	4,140	6,581	1,090	865	2,955
Ottawa, Ont.	124,988	12,654	11,740	24,394	19.406	1,272	3,074	4,346	1,264	1,012	2,276
Quebec	126,102	11,983	12,361	24,344	20.537	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calgary, Alta.	85,262	8,731	8,701	17,432	15.138	781	565	1,346	1,275	1,702	3,037
London, Ont.	71,022	6,680	6,899	13,579	11.315	1,202	1,320	2,522	1,914	93	2,007
Edmonton, Alta.	78,829	9,007	9,702	18,709	15.995	956	728	1,684	1,441	488	2,062
Halifax, N.S.	58,939	6,197	6,100	12,297	10.653	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. John, N.B.	46,540	4,698	4,912	9,610	8.558	640	845	1,485	365	615	980
Victoria, B.C.	38,441	3,637	3,117	6,754	11.833	839	1,023	1,862	659	681	1,340
Windsor, Ont.	62,957	8,379	7,859	16,238	5.160	375	2,218	3,593	635	558	1,193
Regina, Sask.	53,034	5,023	5,194	10,217	8.827	664	772	1,436	933	1,120	2,062
Saskatoon, Sask.	30,660	3,302	3,348	6,650	5.160	441	1,131	1,572	924	1,216	2,140
Brandon, Man.	22,319	2,644	2,938	5,582	3.595	-	335	668	353	316	669
Sydney, N.S.	20,261	2,218	2,192	4,410	4.656	557	1,029	1,586	268	268	536
Kingston, Ont.	23,204	2,349	2,315	4,664	5.161	250	293	543	353	319	672
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.	23,045	3,049	3,017	6,066	4.656	443	438	881	289	293	582
Peterboro, Ont.	22,289	2,501	2,432	4,933	3.916	295	858	1,153	221	225	446
Port William, Ont.	26,075	2,533	3,421	5,954	4.333	607	607	1,214	301	328	629
St. Catharines, Ont.	24,703	2,853	2,825	5,678	4.402	1,034	-	1,606	280	329	589
Moos Jaw, Sask.	21,244	2,795	2,776	5,571	3.380	123	-	1,123	448	557	1,015
Guelph, Ont.	21,068	2,329	2,113	4,442	3.380	369	724	1,093	298	280	578
Moncton, N.B.	20,417	2,269	2,240	4,509	3.916	-	216	216	199	245	444
Gloucester, N.B.	20,704	2,583	2,750	5,333	4.249	-	325	325	221	337	558
Stratford, Ont.	17,714	2,134	1,951	4,085	3.230	109	751	860	369	266	625
St. Thomas, Ont.	15,350	1,716	1,733	3,449	3.782	400	902	1,002	227	255	538
Brandon, Man.	16,966	2,033	2,034	4,067	-	-	-	-	274	319	593
Port Arthur, Ont.	19,749	1,932	2,242	4,174	3.555	656	868	1,524	189	232	421
Sarnia, Ont.	17,848	1,903	1,903	3,806	3.024	394	333	727	211	241	452
Niagara Falls, Ont.	18,963	2,070	1,950	4,020	3.104	452	609	1,061	185	125	310
New Westminster, B.C.	17,524	1,843	1,829	3,672	3.225	443	397	840	418	450	868

Chatham, Ont.	14,320	1,745	1,640	3,393	2,613	377	821	898	2,121	229	470
Galt, Ont.	13,571	1,487	1,500	2,987	2,316	336	404	740	157	180	372
H.C. Boniface, Man.	16,224	1,005	2,144	3,149	2,618	—	—	—	104	268	417
St. Charles, P. E. I. (1920)	12,347	1,067	952	3,016	—	1,001	—	1,001	94	123	217
Belleville, Ont.	13,748	1,528	1,478	3,046	2,370	293	253	550	197	269	445
Owen Sound, Ont.	12,717	1,444	1,364	3,077	3,929	407	645	589	163	183	345
Oshawa, Ont.	16,224	2,566	2,511	5,077	2,737	109	1,002	1,002	237	226	628
Lethbridge, Alta.	13,448	1,597	1,585	3,182	3,907	212	384	566	263	363	628
North Bay, Ont.	15,478	2,017	1,890	3,907	3,163	212	17	151	370	151	370
Welland, Ont.	10,627	1,358	1,329	2,681	2,019	148	234	392	188	124	267
Brookville, Ont.	9,682	1,079	1,072	2,101	1,605	—	—	—	191	216	437
Amherst, N. S.	7,498	784	735	1,576	1,280	—	—	—	120	148	208
Woodstock, Ont.	11,331	1,075	1,135	2,216	1,717	126	369	485	234	246	500
Medicine Hat, Alta.	10,310	1,405	1,457	2,862	2,495	—	142	142	310	310	545
Nanaimo, B. C. (and suburbs)	6,648	678	676	1,354	1,234	—	—	—	132	132	252
New Glasgow, N. S.	8,616	783	764	1,547	1,169	41	181	222	112	146	258
Orillia, Ont.	8,192	1,021	1,123	2,134	1,697	—	—	—	145	328	513
Saulty, Ont.	18,370	2,034	1,967	4,031	2,770	205	665	770	140	153	324
Sudbury Mines, N. S.	7,750	919	943	1,892	1,490	—	192	192	72	99	171
Predston, N. B.	8,828	909	811	1,740	1,488	163	513	513	149	137	286
Dartmouth, N. S.	8,546	925	908	1,983	1,468	—	—	—	86	114	230
Pembroke, Ont.	9,398	1,151	1,095	2,258	1,605	—	220	220	173	162	356
N. Vancouver, B. C.	8,491	1,260	1,307	2,613	2,296	91	140	140	151	226	377
Limby, Ont.	7,417	983	904	1,806	1,482	—	48	48	291	233	497
Turn, N. S.	7,813	983	1,072	2,005	1,668	—	16	16	167	279	416
Prince Albert, Sask.	9,866	1,200	1,122	2,322	1,668	—	—	—	169	191	380

* Primary schools including Protestant High Schools, 1929. The High School enrollment was not filled out because it would not be complete without including the High School pupils of the Chemical College and Independent Commercial Schools and of the Normal Schools. The figures for representative High Schools and Collegiate Institutes only, the totals include pupils in fifth and sixth grades. * Includes Walkerton. The school figures for Walkerton include J.W.C. which is a provincial institution and not merely a city school. However the figures for Walkerton include the H.S. of practically all cities as well, since the H.S. of practically all cities enroll non-resident pupils from rural districts and other urban centres. * Not including the Provincial Institute of Technology and Art, which had an enrollment of 675 Day, 305 Evening and Correspondence Pupils. * Including Correspondence courses (Halifax) which are supervised in Halifax but are taken by students all over the province, also technical courses in the college of Art. * Including 55 boys Special Course.

¹ Ecoles primaires — Y compris "High Schools" protestantes, en 1929. Les chiffres concernant les High Schools ont été laissés en blanc, parce qu'ils étaient très incomplets, en effet, ils auraient inclus, d'un côté, les élèves des collèges classiques, des écoles classiques et des écoles normales. Les totaux de chaque section ne s'appliquent qu'aux élèves des "High Schools" et des "Collegiate Institutes", mais le total général embrasse les élèves de cinquième classe. Comprend Walkerville. Les écoles de Charlottetown embrassent les élèves du collège Prince of Wales, quoiqu'il soit une institution provinciale. Toutefois, l'objectif qu'on poursuit s'applique contre l'indemnité des élèves de cette institution dans les dépenses de High Schools dans la même des écoles de cette cité, si s'appliquent aussi bien à toutes les autres cités, parce que les High Schools de province les élèves reçoivent comme élèves, des enfants des districts où ils habitent, ou d'autres agglomérations urbaines. Ne comprennent pas l'Institut Provincial de Technologie qui avait 675 inscriptions, dont 305 du jour et de cours par correspondance. Comprendant cours par correspondance (Halifax) qui se résumaient sur toute la province, les cours techniques et le College of Art. Comprend 35 élèves dans des cours nocturnes.

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

4.—Attendance of Pupils in six provinces—Assiduité des élèves dans six provinces

Province	Year Année	Number Attending - Nombre d'élèves fréquentant							Total
		20 days jours	20-49 days jours	50-99 days jours	100-149 days jours	150-199 days jours	200 days jours		
		20 days jours	20-49 days jours	50-99 days jours	100-149 days jours	150-199 days jours	200 days jours		
Nova Scotia—Nouvelle-Ecosse	1918	6,967	12,135	19,717	26,272	42,127	1,449	199,687	
	1919	7,543	13,646	20,745	36,168	27,675	293	196,080	
	1920	6,263	11,817	18,020	25,719	44,755	1,522	198,092	
	1921	4,903	9,976	15,420	22,574	52,571	4,068	160,481	
	1922	4,472	9,345	14,942	22,892	58,212	4,698	118,229	
Manitoba	1918	17,481		18,068	22,286	49,762	2,468	109,605	
	1919	21,040		24,432	46,873	19,519	346	114,010	
	1920	23,739		21,727	27,362	49,951	645	123,452	
	1921	19,408		18,409	21,975	62,815	2,274	129,901	
	1922	20,092		18,886	25,254	71,007	2,735	136,826	
	1923	20,121		18,886	27,459	75,594	766	142,866	
	1924	19,619		18,702	24,112	82,397	1,069	144,491	
	1925	17,668		16,661	25,401	83,468	655	145,814	
	1926	17,668		16,455	26,052	86,599	1,513	148,229	
	1927	19,167		15,780	27,247	84,819	1,750	148,763	
	1928	16,361		13,760	23,211	94,839	2,761	150,882	
	1929	14,839		11,950	28,884	91,647	691	150,511	
	1930	13,504		11,128	26,557	103,914	743	151,846	
Saskatchewan	1918	11,171	23,592	42,478	50,997	18,905	134	147,232	
	1919	9,497	20,195	38,745	42,145	46,121	2,421	159,468	
	1920	10,014	19,575	38,796	45,479	52,424	2,452	169,068	
Alberta	1918	9,253	21,641	29,427	42,746	8,080	42	111,169	
	1919	7,068	16,292	31,143	28,550	37,711	565	121,567	
	1920	8,319	17,475	34,817	32,304	42,447	358	133,759	

Province	Year Année	20 days jours	20-49 days jours	50-99 days jours	60-79 days jours	80-99 days jours	100-119 days jours	120-139 days jours	140-159 days jours	160-179 days jours	180-199 days jours	200 days jours	Total ¹	
P.E.I.— I.P.E.	1923	817	1,084	1,029	1,088	1,263	1,424	1,745	2,420	3,166	3,549	125	17,719	
	1924	684	854	841	983	1,094	1,341	1,717	2,264	3,230	4,120	263	17,569	
	1925	516	789	799	949	978	1,291	1,575	2,294	3,355	4,172	361	17,411	
	1926	638	906	841	919	1,118	1,291	1,639	2,185	2,963	4,522	422	17,824	
	1927	683	861	862	885	1,011	1,221	1,701	2,367	3,266	3,797	236	16,884	
	1928	489	827	789	867	935	1,250	1,585	2,235	3,356	4,267	238	16,836	
	1929	518	782	834	898	937	1,241	1,720	2,484	3,940	3,611	93	17,161	
	1930	560	713	748	793	971	1,123	1,509	2,238	3,034	3,122	197	14,997	
	N.S.— N.E.	1923	4,894	6,656	6,271	6,128	6,867	7,974	10,276	15,225	22,812	25,013	1,349	114,458
		1924	4,711	6,219	5,955	5,332	5,125	6,892	9,240	14,289	23,336	29,163	1,729	111,594
1925		4,321	5,560	5,290	4,927	5,177	6,682	9,240	14,289	25,719	30,114	1,006	112,352	
1926		4,224	5,683	5,221	5,006	5,429	6,786	9,480	15,358	26,816	27,558	991	112,391	
1927		3,894	5,344	5,063	4,841	5,257	6,814	9,360	16,024	27,261	28,212	515	112,556	
1928		3,716	5,296	5,092	4,771	5,246	6,427	8,729	13,977	24,721	34,015	325	112,898	
1929		3,458	4,835	4,589	4,364	5,291	6,685	9,365	14,961	26,478	30,898	1,577	113,309	
1930		3,143	4,632	4,475	4,296	4,691	6,739	8,398	13,394	25,189	38,266	1,637	113,880	
N.W.— N.B.		1923	2,921	4,712	4,599	5,019	5,026	6,089	5,637	8,372	12,612	19,129	1,571	75,677
		1924	2,962	4,146	4,087	4,251	4,463	5,751	5,971	8,411	14,178	22,447	1,412	77,673
	1925	1,972	3,891	4,185	4,296	4,959	5,426	5,907	8,273	13,748	24,400	2,711	78,834	
	1926	2,633	4,142	4,376	4,545	4,374	5,516	5,767	8,542	14,702	25,827	1,591	89,129	
	1927	2,372	3,916	4,248	4,325	3,986	5,256	5,944	7,914	13,108	25,725	4,034	89,829	
	1928	2,382	4,056	4,067	4,189	4,064	5,357	6,684	9,094	16,437	24,725	1,872	82,275	
	1929	2,463	3,831	3,945	4,038	4,224	5,226	5,921	9,015	15,928	27,419	1,502	87,683	
	1930	2,153	3,871	3,714	3,989	3,727	5,026	5,883	9,014	16,561	29,443	2,126	85,667	
	Saskatchewan	1923	9,487	14,088	15,569	16,917	19,947	13,185	15,196	21,023	32,708	43,124	7,214	192,968
		1924	9,424	14,552	15,839	16,933	19,236	11,963	13,596	19,641	32,494	55,895	12,041	203,484
1925		8,272	12,997	15,309	9,697	9,567	11,286	12,961	18,989	34,922	60,148	10,315	206,164	
1926		8,661	12,982	16,009	10,603	10,162	10,758	12,925	19,696	38,026	62,355	11,281	212,882	
1927		8,886	15,884	14,748	10,263	9,999	11,651	14,592	22,647	39,812	67,380	10,467	217,119	
1928		8,311	11,728	15,831	9,609	9,725	11,118	13,483	20,494	37,873	68,170	15,319	221,754	
1929		7,745	11,454	15,347	2,591	2,069	10,566	13,554	22,256	45,760	70,405	10,299	227,261	
1930		6,922	11,749	12,815	8,006	7,063	8,908	11,034	18,990	42,043	85,687	15,035	228,434	
Alberta		1923	6,151	9,799	10,571	8,474	9,197	10,129	10,898	11,914	25,536	39,811	2,683	148,945
		1924	5,668	9,517	9,983	7,954	8,091	9,925	11,114	15,557	26,899	41,726	2,275	147,477
	1925	4,957	8,167	9,039	6,814	6,926	8,715	10,721	15,332	28,687	45,803	2,303	147,796	
	1926	4,725	7,758	9,254	6,539	6,458	8,266	9,455	14,932	30,648	50,774	1,790	150,526	
	1927	4,161	8,349	8,404	6,123	6,318	8,076	10,289	16,012	29,337	54,164	2,457	154,380	
	1928	4,996	7,478	8,531	6,075	6,361	8,329	10,526	17,989	43,628	43,683	1,592	159,086	
	1929	4,681	7,397	8,959	6,169	5,831	7,990	10,637	18,874	40,837	52,446	1,069	164,850	
	1930	4,159	7,588	7,056	5,471	4,672	6,717	8,260	14,670	35,717	72,307	1,453	168,076	

¹ Includes over 200 days. ² The totals include those unclassified. ³ Exclusive of Charlottetown City. ⁴ Exclusive of secondary schools up to 1923. ⁵ Comprend plus de 200 jours. ⁶ Les totaux comprennent les élèves non classifiés. ⁷ Sans compter la ville de Charlottetown. ⁸ A l'exclusion des écoles secondaires jusqu'à 1923.

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

13

3.—Historical Summary of Enrolment and Average Attendance in Schools in Canada, by Provinces
3.—Résumé rétrospectif des élèves des écoles canadiennes et moyenne de fréquentation, par provinces

Year Année	Total Number Enrolled—Nombre total des inscriptions—1891-1930									
	P.E.I. I.P.E.	N.S. N.E.	N.B.	Que. Qué.	Ontario	Manitoba	Sask.	Alberta	B.C. C.B.	New Provinces Nouvel provinces
1891	-	-	-	-	151,891	-	-	-	-	-
1892	-	-	-	-	179,867	-	-	-	-	-
1893	-	125,403	30,632	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1894	-	65,899	31,364	-	403,339	-	-	-	-	718,000
1895	-	68,912	31,888	205,520	-	-	-	-	-	-
1896	-	75,095	32,984	-	-	817	-	-	-	803,000
1897	-	71,028	39,837	-	402,630	-	-	-	514	-
1898	-	74,251	42,033	219,992	-	-	-	-	1,028	-
1899	21,501	78,828	63,511	227,960	489,404	7,419	-	-	2,571	891,000
1900	22,414	83,744	68,507	-	562,840	15,926	2,553	-	4,471	-
1901	22,339	83,548	68,962	265,513	-	23,871	5,552	-	9,260	903,000
1902	22,169	85,077	68,949	298,335	508,607	23,245	6,170	-	10,773	993,000
1903	22,221	98,701	69,645	274,915	506,726	32,680	10,721	-	12,612	1,028,000
1904	22,256	102,555	68,761	286,189	509,212	35,371	11,972	-	12,482	1,047,000
1905	22,158	101,032	68,297	283,584	506,515	37,987	12,706	-	14,499	1,056,000
1906	22,779	98,419	68,989	314,881	492,534	51,888	-	-	22,615	1,085,000
1907	19,376	98,768	67,931	326,183	487,889	57,409	33,101	-	24,499	1,113,000
1908	19,031	96,886	65,278	329,665	484,761	58,574	41,033	-	25,787	1,120,000
1909	19,772	109,252	66,897	335,768	487,035	63,287	25,191	24,251	27,354	1,145,000
1910	19,866	100,132	66,615	341,830	492,544	61,125	31,275	28,784	28,522	1,173,000
1911	19,356	100,007	66,432	347,914	493,791	67,144	37,922	34,228	30,369	1,196,000
1912	18,012	120,195	69,582	355,944	501,641	71,031	47,086	39,451	33,222	1,239,000
1913	18,073	131,689	67,735	367,012	507,219	73,044	55,116	40,948	36,227	1,272,000
1914	17,932	132,035	68,134	374,547	519,700	79,247	65,362	55,307	39,670	1,310,000
1915	17,397	132,010	68,951	380,123	518,605	80,848	72,260	61,990	49,451	1,356,000
1916	17,534	135,269	69,663	411,784	542,822	83,679	101,623	79,909	57,284	1,409,000
1917	19,000	136,351	70,622	439,895	561,927	93,954	113,985	89,910	61,967	1,532,000
1918	18,412	137,768	72,913	448,087	569,636	109,365	122,892	97,286	64,264	1,601,000
1919	19,362	139,189	73,007	464,147	569,349	105,796	129,459	99,301	64,570	1,622,000
1920	18,199	139,032	71,981	463,390	561,865	106,588	142,617	107,727	65,118	1,648,000
1921	17,891	138,097	71,782	467,508	553,655	109,025	151,326	112,106	67,512	1,668,000
1922	17,587	136,882	71,029	486,701	534,724	114,662	164,219	121,567	72,006	1,708,000
1923	17,564	138,079	72,988	493,887	534,923	123,452	174,925	135,760	79,245	1,812,000
1924	17,511	139,483	73,712	512,631	522,123	129,015	184,871	124,228	83,350	1,869,000
1925	18,323	141,279	75,774	519,705	534,866	135,878	187,935	142,922	91,918	1,921,000
1926	17,742	144,458	78,751	537,406	567,922	142,669	194,315	148,045	94,888	1,995,000
1927	17,281	141,554	79,365	541,485	571,311	144,491	204,154	147,173	96,330	2,013,000
1928	17,027	142,552	80,145	548,519	577,458	145,834	206,636	147,796	97,954	2,034,000
1929	17,424	142,354	80,769	552,892	586,285	148,279	213,404	150,329	104,888	2,063,000
1930	17,216	142,556	80,990	567,732	590,476	148,763	218,568	154,866	105,088	2,066,000
1931	17,214	142,896	82,170	565,845	598,081	150,832	223,049	156,086	108,179	2,127,000
1932	17,180	143,309	83,580	577,373	712,910	150,517	227,262	164,830	109,558	2,156,000
1933	17,277	143,880	85,225	-	-	151,946	228,424	168,079	111,017	-

Average daily attendance—Moyenne quotidienne de fréquentation, 1891-1930

Year	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ontario	Manitoba	Sask.	Alberta	B.C.	New Provinces
1891	12,998	42,347	-	-	-	12,443	-	-	5,155	-
1892	12,689	50,975	-	205,621	-	12,976	-	-	6,227	-
1893	13,290	54,007	-	221,158	-	19,516	-	-	8,610	-
1894	13,412	54,016	-	220,969	-	20,247	-	-	9,254	-
1901	12,330	53,543	37,473	252,255	275,234	27,550	-	-	15,335	969,000
1902	12,112	55,213	38,052	243,123	275,285	38,479	10,321	16,627	19,409	794,000
1903	11,727	54,000	37,565	249,819	273,815	31,326	20,918	17,071	20,459	765,000
1904	11,627	56,542	39,402	255,420	281,674	33,794	13,403	13,375	19,871	724,171
1905	11,905	59,155	38,482	265,111	285,230	34,947	15,779	14,782	19,809	743,496
1906	11,545	57,132	38,799	266,510	284,998	37,279	19,841	17,110	20,459	754,060
1907	11,647	58,343	40,262	271,619	292,032	40,691	26,081	18,222	22,475	782,584
1908	11,543	61,797	42,501	285,729	295,192	41,405	28,598	22,225	25,692	815,449
1909	11,637	65,630	42,596	293,025	299,747	43,885	34,517	29,611	28,423	849,344
1910	10,511	61,250	44,791	301,678	305,448	45,302	38,378	32,550	32,517	873,801
1911	10,002	65,656	44,173	324,447	320,474	48,163	59,005	45,888	43,672	900,380
1912	11,179	66,599	44,334	344,657	345,509	58,778	65,099	51,582	49,090	1,041,108
1913	11,694	70,361	47,889	363,897	361,855	68,298	72,113	61,112	52,494	1,111,075
1914	11,347	69,257	48,909	372,264	355,364	66,561	71,822	60,271	50,880	1,140,793
1915	11,319	70,118	49,803	367,698	369,081	69,209	98,758	65,374	52,477	1,141,065
1916	11,534	67,922	46,515	369,937	339,972	69,968	91,010	68,489	54,748	1,107,467
1917	10,908	65,896	45,797	365,890	368,768	72,072	98,791	74,776	56,492	1,179,513
1918	10,991	66,442	45,859	372,377	396,141	88,563	101,350	82,417	59,791	1,247,146
1919	11,446	78,253	49,653	377,172	446,296	86,137	113,412	89,401	68,287	1,335,454
1920	12,338	79,416	51,089	421,604	470,073	95,433	119,041	106,515	75,328	1,429,012
1921	11,765	83,472	53,611	422,559	474,839	98,787	130,490	105,364	77,752	1,458,266
1922	11,783	79,309	58,179	429,184	487,419	103,772	139,782	105,852	79,262	1,506,698
1923	12,299	80,418	58,182	437,088	490,145	104,312	144,650	107,890	82,721	1,524,665
1924	11,821	80,416	58,248	443,254	498,662	106,809	152,430	113,928	85,203	1,547,992
1925	11,777	81,426	60,039	448,018	513,071	106,799	157,392	115,135	88,309	1,582,334
1926	12,125	82,561	68,075	457,099	517,463	114,279	157,207	119,084	91,766	1,617,542
1927	12,144	84,275	61,127	464,224	562,702	116,766	161,658	123,480	94,419	1,644,786
1928	12,201	85,369	67,150	-	-	117,037	169,803	132,373	96,199	-

* Common School System formed. * Free School System established. * Primary School only. * Not including vocational schools. * Half year only. * Including Private Schools from 1925.
* Écoles élémentaires organisées. * Écoles libres établies. * Écoles primaires seulement. * À l'exclusion des écoles professionnelles. * Six mois seulement. * Comprendant les écoles privées depuis 1925.

6.—Comparative Table of the Distribution of Pupils, by Grades in Publicly Controlled Schools in the Different Provinces, etc.—Concluded
6.—Tableau comparatif de la répartition des élèves dans les écoles publiquement contrôlées des différentes provinces, etc.—fin

Quebec— Roman Catholic Primary Schools Écoles primaires (catholiques)	Preparatory Prépara- toire	1 Inferior course Cours inférieur		2 Intermediate course Cours moyen		3 Superior course Cours supérieur		4 Complementary course Cours supplémentaire		Total	Un- classi- fied Non classifiés
		1st year 1ère année	2nd year 2ème année	3rd year 3ème année	4th year 4ème année	5th year 5ème année	6th year 6ème année	7th year 7ème année	8th year 8ème année		
Elementary—Elémentaires	67,231	59,050	62,691	55,350	35,660	15,795	0,064	1,290	440	303,583	9,837
Complementary—Complémentaires	27,247	25,378	29,156	29,343	25,413	19,463	14,324	10,565	8,893	188,606	—
Total	94,478	84,428	91,847	84,693	61,073	35,258	20,388	11,855	9,342	492,189	9,837

1 The inferior, intermediate and superior courses form the elementary course in Catholic schools in Quebec and correspond roughly to what were known formerly as the elementary and model courses; the complementary course consequently corresponding to the old Academy grades. The correspondence in neither case is exact since changes were made in the course of studies at the time the new divisions were made. The complementary grades are really high school grades, although they are not considered as secondary grades in the provinces, this term being confined to degree work preparatory or regular in colleges. Teachers who take their diplomas from the board of examiners instead of from the normal schools receive non-professional or what would be considered in other provinces, their high schools, training in this complementary course, while those taking their diplomas from the normal schools receive the instructor's last year during the year when the report of such classification is made. The non-classification of 9,837 pupils was due to such causes as the enrolment of pupils after elsewhere employed, is due to various causes, e.g., a different method of grading in some rural schools, etc.

1 Les cours inférieurs, intermédiaires et supérieurs du cours élémentaire des écoles catholiques de Québec correspondent à ce qui était autrefois appelé le cours élémentaire et modèle; le cours complémentaire correspondait aux anciens degrés académiques. Dans aucun cas la correspondance n'est exacte à cause des changements intervenus dans les cours lors de la nouvelle division. Les degrés complémentaires sont réellement les degrés de haute école, bien qu'ils ne soient pas considérés comme degrés secondaires dans la province, ce terme n'étant appliqué qu'aux degrés des collèges (cours préparatoire ou régulier). Les instituteurs qui prennent leurs diplômes du bureau des examinateurs au lieu des écoles normales reçoivent leur formation académique, qui dans les autres provinces serait celle de la haute école, dans ces cours complémentaires, tandis que ceux qui prennent leurs diplômes des écoles normales prennent leur instruction secondaire dans ces écoles primaires élémentaires. Le fait que 9,837 élèves ne sont pas classifiés vient de ce qu'ils ont été inscrits après le passage de l'instituteur quand a été faite la classification. Il en est de même pour les écoles protestantes. L'absence de classification dans les autres provinces, quand elle est sans explication, vient de différentes causes, comme une différence de méthode dans la classification des écoles rurales et celle des écoles urbaines, etc.

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

7.—Ages of pupils enrolled in Schools in Canada, 1930 or latest year reported

No	Province and type of School	No. of Pupils enrolled whose age was									
		Under 5 yrs. Moins de 5 ans	5 yrs. 5 ans	6 yrs. 6 ans	7 yrs. 7 ans	8 yrs. 8 ans	9 yrs. 9 ans	10 yrs. 10 ans	11 yrs. 11 ans	12 yrs. 12 ans	13 yrs. 13 ans
1	Prince Edward Island— Urban or graded.....	-	41	251	386	448	453	489	421	429	555
2	Rural ungraded.....	-	167	673	944	1,175	1,052	1,144	1,110	1,181	1,171
3	Total.....	-	208	924	1,330	1,623	1,505	1,633	1,531	1,607	1,726
4	Nova Scotia— Cities and towns.....	10	1,191	3,607	4,721	5,309	5,338	5,273	4,728	4,687	4,106
5	Rural and villages.....	43	1,391	3,940	5,564	6,316	6,405	6,519	6,085	6,048	5,100
6	Total.....	62	2,582	7,547	10,284	11,625	11,743	11,792	10,813	10,735	10,102
7	New Brunswick— Urban or graded.....	-	-	4,898	4,946	5,060	5,190	4,588	4,329	4,423	4,171
8	Rural ungraded.....	-	-	4,859	4,521	4,784	4,427	4,234	4,198	3,902	3,283
9	Total.....	-	-	9,757	9,467	9,844	9,617	8,842	8,527	8,385	7,454
10	Quebec— Primary schools:— Roman Catholic.....	-	74,072	-	-	-	-	367,548	-	-	-
11	Protestant.....	-	10,424	-	-	-	-	52,266	-	-	-
12	Total.....	-	84,496	-	-	-	-	419,814	-	-	-
13	Classical Colleges.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,321	-	-	-
14	Independent Classical Schools.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	172	-	-	-
15	Ontario— Public Schools— Urban.....	-	1,073	21,677	37,773	33,852	31,148	33,390	29,432	29,843	29,217
16	Rural.....	-	173	4,637	19,268	24,348	25,192	26,336	23,328	22,953	21,615
17	Separate Schools:— Urban.....	-	59	1,844	8,129	9,260	9,876	9,847	8,543	7,990	8,023
18	Rural.....	-	20	595	2,118	2,774	2,743	2,577	2,560	2,420	2,569
19	Coll. Inst. and High School.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	16	305	2,368	7,613
20	Continuation Schools.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	67	538	1,495
21	Full time day Voc.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	25	596	2,979
22	Total.....	-	1,921	28,754	67,260	70,234	68,980	72,071	64,260	60,676	73,511
23	Manitoba.....	-	1,039	10,220	14,897	16,044	15,966	15,597	14,608	14,909	14,957
24	Saskatchewan— Cities.....	-	309	1,964	3,158	3,766	3,735	3,576	3,034	3,135	2,997
25	Towns.....	1	157	1,268	1,909	2,316	2,257	2,143	2,100	2,065	1,987
26	Villages.....	11	493	2,572	3,719	4,067	4,077	3,902	3,079	3,801	3,614
27	Rural.....	74	1,456	7,986	13,902	14,847	14,635	14,560	13,555	13,354	12,730
28	Secondary.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	73	490
29	Total.....	86	2,355	13,730	22,769	24,907	24,742	23,981	22,394	22,408	21,728
30	Alberta.....	-	493	8,391	16,116	18,620	18,684	18,026	16,166	15,359	15,664

¹ Figures of 1929—Chiffres de 1929.² Calendar year 1929—Année civile 1929.

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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7.—Age de la population scolaire du Canada, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

Nombre d'élèves inscrits âgés de									Un- classi- fié — Non classi- fiés	Province et type d'école	No.
14 yrs. — 14 ans	15 yrs. — 15 ans	16 yrs. — 16 ans	17 yrs. — 17 ans	18 yrs. — 18 ans	19 yrs. — 19 ans	20 yrs. — 20 ans	21 yrs. or over — 21 ans ou plus	Total classi- fiés — Total classi- fiés			
										Ile du Prince-Edouard —	
394	309	180	91	19	8	-	1	4,287	16	Urbaines ou à classes multiples.	1
918	666	343	140	44	7	1	-	10,613	81	Rurales à classe unique.	2
1,310	975	543	231	63	15	1	1	14,900	97	Total	3
										Nouvelle-Ecosse—	
4,314	3,853	2,836	1,629	751	218	51	27	53,158	-	Cités et villes.....	4
4,960	2,708	2,303	1,125	430	145	37	19	60,672	-	Rurales et villages.....	5
9,274	7,561	5,139	2,754	1,181	363	88	45	113,860	-	Total.....	6
										Nouveau-Brunswick—	
3,095	2,504	1,700	609	217	36	10	6	46,521	11	Urbaines ou à classes multiples.	7
2,440	1,367	696	240	58	17	4	4	39,114	21	Rurales, à classe unique..	8
6,135	3,861	2,396	939	275	53	14	10	85,635	32	Total.....	9
										Québec—	
45,069		13,136			2,401			502,226	-	Écoles primaires—	
9,280		2,833			344			75,147	-	Catholiques.....	10
									-	Protestantes.....	11
54,349		15,969			2,745			577,373	-	Total	12
3,196		2,610			2,324			10,451	-	Collèges classiques.....	13
273		286			95			826	-	Écoles indépendantes clas- siques.	14
										Ontario—	
23,976	15,749	8,130	3,458	473	78	45	-	300,116	20,358	Écoles publiques—	
18,646	15,626	6,969	2,311	497	90	33	-	211,724	8,360	Urbaines.....	15
										Rurales.....	16
7,058	5,340	3,034	987	215	43	10	-	79,922	1,831	Écoles séparées—	
1,976	1,319	816	308	107	25	19	-	23,226	539	Urbaines.....	17
12,845	12,886	9,799	6,104	3,134	1,171	351	275	56,536	939	Rurales.....	18
										Instituts collégiaux et High Schools.	19
2,260	2,221	1,588	780	304	71	24	12	9,367	1	Écoles de continuation	20
6,288	7,391	4,557	1,972	885	350	140	343	25,527	31	Écoles des travaux du jour, élèves réguliers.	21
72,749	60,752	34,563	15,980	5,615	1,831	621	630	706,419	32,059	Total.....	22
										Manitoba.....	23
13,631	9,971	5,722	2,683	1,089	326	268		151,846	-		
										Saskatchewan—	
2,195	1,068	334	73	13	4	1	3	29,307	-	Cités.....	24
1,948	1,634	1,183	747	337	107	44	32	22,316	-	Villes.....	25
3,448	2,880	1,895	1,125	497	172	60	82	39,937	35	Villages.....	26
11,420	6,659	1,957	699	227	84	32	49	128,036	665	Rurales.....	27
1,169	2,072	1,969	1,262	729	281	90	102	8,148	-	Secondaires.....	28
20,180	14,293	7,338	3,906	1,823	646	227	238	227,744	690	Total.....	29
14,767	12,383	7,532	4,168	1,819	608	228	222	168,076	-	Alberta.....	30

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

8.—Distribution of Pupils in Seven Provinces of Canada by Age and Grade, 1929-30
 8.—Répartition des élèves dans sept provinces du Canada par âge et par degré, en 1929-30

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								
	K. and K.P. — E.M. F.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
4	-	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	1,563	6,486	62	1	-	-	-	-	-
6	15,603	57,428	4,418	237	10	-	-	-	-
7	7,638	96,712	32,694	3,815	337	16	-	-	-
8	1,662	58,176	60,679	24,129	6,192	454	35	1	-
9	468	21,642	42,348	43,005	34,218	7,179	635	31	5
10	117	8,960	19,875	31,167	48,631	34,469	6,967	722	114
11	42	3,449	8,061	14,503	31,481	43,656	27,992	6,456	1,267
12	24	1,797	3,747	7,221	17,852	31,704	39,652	24,634	8,277
13	9	1,074	1,940	3,719	9,547	19,995	30,327	33,920	26,677
Total 7-13	9,900	192,010	169,351	127,559	148,258	137,473	105,608	65,764	36,374
14	13	518	872	1,840	4,911	11,067	19,315	27,151	38,225
15	11	240	419	801	2,026	4,878	9,482	17,558	28,247
16	11	103	144	255	648	1,512	3,296	5,742	13,378
17	1	59	59	85	189	450	1,019	1,822	4,478
Total 14-17	16	223	1,494	3,010	7,674	17,847	33,113	52,273	82,328
18	-	27	14	22	52	106	120	247	740
19	2	65	35	35	40	79	45	72	216
Total	28,384	257,086	175,372	130,864	156,034	155,805	138,899	118,356	110,658

Age	Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires					Total		
	IX	X	XI	XII	Special — Degré spécial	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
4	-	-	-	-	-	147	-	147
5	-	-	-	-	-	8,412	-	8,412
6	-	-	-	-	-	79,696	-	79,696
7	-	-	-	-	-	141,212	-	141,212
8	-	-	-	-	-	131,328	-	131,328
9	1	-	-	-	-	149,671	-	149,672
10	28	-	-	-	-	151,027	1	151,035
11	450	26	1	-	-	139,937	483	137,420
12	3,808	469	19	-	-	134,908	4,297	139,205
13	13,094	3,252	367	5	11	127,214	16,735	143,949
Total 7-13	17,387	3,753	387	5	12	992,297	21,544	1,013,841
14	22,502	10,121	2,859	67	40	101,779	35,589	137,368
15	20,828	15,818	8,492	537	155	63,688	45,830	109,489
16	11,027	12,954	11,668	2,644	232	25,082	37,925	63,007
17	3,748	8,116	8,864	3,473	235	8,159	22,438	30,597
Total 14-17	58,105	45,009	31,883	6,123	662	198,678	141,782	340,460
18	935	2,167	4,487	2,780	137	1,328	10,506	11,834
19	475	959	2,233	2,007	171	591	5,845	6,436
Total	76,902	51,888	38,990	10,915	982	1,280,146	179,677	1,459,826

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
3.—Prince Edward Island Schools, 1930—Écoles de l'île du Prince-Édouard, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires							Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires			Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5	204	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	208	-	208
6	825	85	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	924	-	924
7	946	342	126	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,330	-	1,330
8	545	495	444	104	26	0	-	-	-	-	1,623	-	1,623
9	180	335	509	260	165	46	4	-	-	-	1,505	-	1,505
10	84	176	419	388	369	163	43	15	1	-	1,652	1	1,653
11	25	85	191	287	401	326	164	50	5	1	1,525	6	1,531
12	18	52	107	198	298	377	331	183	47	6	1,554	53	1,607
13	8	23	55	89	161	245	350	315	165	29	1,246	134	1,380
14	6	7	19	36	102	162	307	370	201	106	1,063	307	1,310
15	1	2	6	18	43	64	147	257	225	212	538	437	975
16	-	1	6	4	12	19	35	127	128	191	274	319	543
17	-	-	-	2	3	2	10	31	52	131	48	183	231
18	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	6	11	42	10	53	63
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	9	3	12	15
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1
21	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total	2,740	1,608	1,895	1,393	1,582	1,407	1,413	1,356	778	728	13,394	1,506	14,900

Unclassified by age and grade 24 boys—24 garçons et 26 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré.
Unclassified by age, grade and sex 47—47 non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

¹ Exclusive of Charlottetown City where 2,079 pupils were enrolled—Sans compter la ville de Charlottetown où 2,079 élèves ont été inscrits.

10.—Nova Scotia Schools, 1930—Écoles de la Nouvelle-Écosse, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires												Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires			Total		
	I(a)	I(b)	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total		
4	90	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	-	62		
5	2,391	171	19	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,592	-	2,592		
6	5,269	1,775	452	48	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,547	-	7,547		
7	3,282	3,686	2,624	625	69	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,294	-	10,294		
8	1,307	2,947	4,076	2,637	648	97	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	11,625	-	11,625		
9	527	1,409	2,749	3,746	2,505	684	116	7	-	-	-	-	-	11,743	-	11,743		
10	183	693	1,542	2,751	3,350	2,327	661	101	11	3	-	-	-	11,789	3	11,792		
11	88	317	721	1,463	2,583	2,957	1,989	555	123	8	-	-	-	10,805	8	10,813		
12	37	16	396	821	1,610	2,424	2,707	1,831	642	161	6	-	-	10,628	167	10,735		
13	26	88	217	491	961	1,701	2,266	2,255	1,642	515	76	4	-	9,577	595	10,272		
14	15	44	95	240	518	1,062	1,470	1,981	2,101	1,392	392	44	-	7,446	1,828	9,274		
15	9	20	46	109	239	494	764	1,178	1,582	1,790	1,054	268	12	4,437	3,124	7,561		
16	2	5	11	37	83	138	299	440	764	1,248	1,361	698	74	1,779	3,365	5,139		
17	-	1	5	6	16	20	54	96	261	514	840	778	163	459	2,295	2,754		
18	-	-	1	2	5	2	7	15	35	161	351	476	129	67	1,111	1,181		
19	-	-	1	1	2	3	-	1	5	29	90	167	64	13	350	363		
20	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	3	5	16	38	20	9	79	88		
21	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	10	21	2	2	43	45		
Total	13,193	11,208	12,956	12,932	12,761	11,919	10,375	8,381	7,169	5,758	4,196	2,481	480	100,945	12,915	113,860		

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
 11.—New Brunswick Schools, 1932—Ecoles du Nouveau-Brunswick, 1932

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary	Secun- dary	Total
													Elémen- taires	Secun- daires	
6	8,560	1,100	92	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,757	-	9,757
7	4,287	3,928	1,098	111	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,427	-	9,427
8	2,290	3,040	3,454	955	99	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,844	-	9,844
9	1,078	1,739	2,781	3,121	790	105	3	-	-	-	-	-	9,617	-	9,617
10	586	937	1,820	2,518	2,232	653	89	10	-	-	-	-	8,842	-	8,842
11	298	470	1,112	1,934	2,034	2,018	564	94	3	-	-	-	8,524	3	8,527
12	207	308	632	1,333	1,698	1,995	1,641	563	36	2	-	-	8,347	38	8,385
13	101	159	348	829	1,176	1,477	1,597	1,511	237	28	-	-	7,198	263	7,461
14	45	80	176	415	612	973	1,083	1,740	789	204	17	-	5,125	1,019	6,144
15	22	18	61	149	208	362	562	1,260	889	498	131	1	2,642	1,319	3,961
16	6	9	13	29	59	134	157	684	411	441	433	10	1,091	1,295	2,386
17	5	2	3	12	10	25	36	233	110	220	281	13	326	613	939
18	-	-	1	1	6	4	3	49	34	76	99	2	64	211	275
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	7	8	15	1	22	31	53
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	6	1	3	11	14
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-	5	5	10
Total	17,515	11,792	11,591	11,412	8,933	7,753	5,734	6,104	2,329	1,479	965	28	80,834	4,901	85,735

12.—Ontario Schools, 1929-30—Ecoles d'Ontario, 1929-30

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Special pupils Degrés spéciaux	Total			
	K and K P — E M P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI		XII	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5	1,665	242	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,921	-	1,921
6	16,272	11,080	1,400	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,754	-	28,754
7	7,426	47,941	11,685	174	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,290	-	67,290
8	1,576	34,562	28,213	3,399	2,375	102	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,234	-	70,234
9	396	12,897	23,733	13,083	15,319	3,458	154	7	2	1	-	-	-	-	68,959	1	68,960
10	103	5,115	11,554	13,555	2,881	1,862	3,601	292	28	22	-	-	-	-	72,049	22	72,071
11	34	1,901	4,617	5,528	13,297	20,542	14,083	3,265	474	385	24	-	-	-	63,851	469	64,260
12	19	874	1,952	2,725	7,296	15,162	18,669	12,742	3,626	3,178	41	16	-	-	63,968	3,608	66,676
13	7	573	1,050	1,450	3,866	9,509	14,532	17,126	12,770	9,725	2,676	322	4	11	60,770	12,741	73,511
14	9	257	474	696	1,901	5,304	9,726	13,956	17,706	13,040	7,179	2,466	55	40	50,929	22,720	72,749
15	-	119	245	360	943	2,605	5,467	11,064	15,212	9,557	8,418	6,236	345	153	36,041	24,711	60,752
16	-	54	86	136	401	1,102	2,386	4,116	8,477	4,456	5,303	6,625	1,201	232	16,746	17,817	34,563
17	-	26	36	48	120	360	821	1,498	3,136	1,320	2,316	4,176	1,868	215	6,056	9,924	15,980
18	-	11	6	9	27	80	92	181	481	368	781	1,065	1,447	137	887	4,728	5,615
19 and over—et plus	-	12	3	1	17	33	30	31	72	245	402	961	1,104	171	199	2,883	3,082
Total	27,496	115,574	95,071	30,300	66,422	78,975	61,095	64,266	61,993	42,306	27,515	22,737	6,024	982	606,854	99,544	706,418

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
13.—Manitoba Schools, 1930—Ecoles du Manitoba, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires												Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires		Total	
	Prim	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem- entary — Elémentaires	Sec- ondary — Secondaires	Total
3	198	662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860	-	860
4	130	8,954	282	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,371	-	9,371
5	212	9,024	3,987	399	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,923	-	13,923
6	561	4,416	5,679	1,454	428	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,067	-	15,067
7	221	1,619	3,359	5,930	3,106	380	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,032	-	15,032
8	14	761	1,664	3,933	5,677	2,481	286	14	-	-	-	-	-	14,696	-	14,696
9	8	243	703	1,852	3,675	4,611	2,238	353	25	1	-	-	-	11,768	1	13,770
10	5	157	359	917	2,148	5,438	4,364	2,137	455	33	1	-	-	13,975	34	14,009
11	2	90	180	479	1,155	2,119	3,382	3,752	2,189	594	78	2	-	13,346	544	13,940
12	4	37	72	207	588	1,053	1,916	3,029	3,691	2,428	1,504	485	27	10,512	2,473	12,985
13	1	14	27	68	160	344	687	1,265	2,569	1,847	1,485	1,093	114	1,576	3,949	5,525
14	1	12	10	25	41	72	141	313	961	1,347	702	927	172	372	2,251	2,623
15	1	10	8	13	6	23	22	63	231	450	702	927	172	88	971	1,059
16	-	5	4	1	5	9	9	14	41	99	223	538	120	30	281	311
17	1	4	4	5	1	3	1	4	7	26	34	176	51	29	80	109
18	-	2	4	2	3	3	2	4	1	3	12	54	17	87	88	175
19	1	32	9	9	3	17	1	10	5	9	22	39	18	-	-	-
20	1	32	9	9	3	17	1	10	5	9	22	39	18	-	-	-
21	1	32	9	9	3	17	1	10	5	9	22	39	18	-	-	-
Total	886	26,586	17,637	17,269	16,989	14,534	13,984	10,933	10,085	6,687	4,640	3,313	522	127,994	13,162	143,156

Unclassified by age and grade, 107 boys and 145 girls—107 garçons et 145 filles non classifiés par âge et degré.
Unclassified by age, sex and grade, 269—269 élèves non classifiés par âge, sexe et degré

11.—Saskatchewan Schools, 1930—Ecoles de la Saskatchewan en 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires												Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires		Total	
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem- entary — Elémentaires	Sec- ondary — Secondaires	Total	
4	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	-	85	
5	2,335	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,348	-	2,348	
6	12,302	778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,752	-	13,752	
7	15,828	5,808	1,021	79	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,842	-	22,842	
8	7,416	9,957	5,169	1,223	99	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,915	-	24,915	
9	2,322	5,636	9,492	5,742	1,164	160	9	3	-	-	-	-	24,731	-	24,731	
10	909	2,352	6,054	8,713	4,698	1,064	140	52	2	-	-	-	23,979	2	23,981	
11	379	905	2,665	5,862	7,012	4,061	1,017	470	39	1	1	-	22,573	41	22,614	
12	190	490	1,238	3,279	5,393	6,199	3,144	2,201	331	28	2	-	22,073	361	22,434	
13	128	190	634	1,696	3,164	4,834	4,238	5,111	1,370	306	27	1	19,995	1,704	21,699	
14	74	93	367	926	1,781	2,970	3,405	6,161	2,905	1,215	243	8	15,777	4,371	20,148	
15	38	41	139	306	690	1,342	1,587	3,249	2,956	2,282	962	122	7,956	6,322	14,278	
16	12	14	24	44	72	180	298	1,159	1,532	1,941	1,565	478	1,803	5,516	7,319	
17	12	6	11	14	15	48	57	284	533	856	1,330	736	447	3,455	3,902	
18	3	3	6	5	6	5	16	58	141	287	719	553	102	1,720	1,822	
19	4	4	3	1	4	4	8	23	34	68	269	228	48	599	647	
20	4	2	1	1	1	2	1	3	13	18	88	77	30	196	226	
21	6	2	11	6	4	4	3	40	9	23	66	62	78	162	238	
Total	42,961	20,337	17,916	37,905	24,015	20,746	13,925	19,527	9,985	7,025	5,294	2,265	203,332	24,419	227,751	

Unclassified by age and grade, 370 boys and 349 girls—370 garçons et 349 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
12.—Alberta Schools, 1932—Écoles de l'Alberta, 1932

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Élémen- taires	Sec- ondary — Sec- ondaires	Total
5	491	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	493	-	493
6	9,062	326	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,397	-	9,397
7	11,208	4,530	370	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,116	-	16,116
8	4,773	8,196	4,576	445	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,926	-	18,926
9	1,700	4,197	7,464	4,142	535	34	1	-	-	-	-	-	18,084	-	18,084
10	612	1,651	4,265	6,073	3,872	542	46	4	-	-	-	-	18,026	-	18,026
11	200	560	1,660	3,747	6,006	3,297	538	61	15	-	-	-	16,151	15	16,166
12	115	280	731	1,998	3,206	3,371	2,838	964	82	15	-	-	15,267	96	15,363
13	69	127	302	963	2,165	3,509	4,908	3,106	678	62	12	-	14,902	712	15,614
14	40	51	174	433	1,092	2,082	3,476	4,556	2,375	446	60	1	11,887	2,880	14,767
15	20	37	89	194	490	896	1,751	3,427	3,183	1,856	410	30	6,910	5,473	12,383
16	12	13	14	46	57	155	369	1,206	1,915	2,232	1,346	167	1,872	5,660	7,532
17	2	7	4	11	19	44	62	302	751	1,051	1,342	523	451	3,717	4,168
18	8	-	3	8	3	7	17	68	139	407	640	552	119	1,709	1,828
19	1	1	-	2	-	1	4	7	13	26	215	16	592	608	608
20	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	7	22	61	64	64	11	217	228
21	2	-	-	2	1	1	1	6	31	53	66	66	12	269	281
Total	27,307	19,971	19,851	18,982	17,627	15,930	13,684	13,444	9,179	6,305	4,200	1,596	146,796	21,280	168,076

16.—Graded Schools in Six Provinces of Canada, 1929-30—Écoles à classes multiples dans six provinces du Canada, 1929-30

Age	K. and K.P. — F.M. P.	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Special — Degré spécial	Total		
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII		Elementary — Élémen- taires	Sec- ondary — Sec- ondaires	Total
4	-	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	31
5	1,729	3,006	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,757	-	4,757
6	15,810	38,781	3,391	138	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58,126	-	58,126
7	6,271	60,651	25,571	2,427	173	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,092	-	95,092
8	1,040	33,054	12,013	10,769	4,047	222	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97,143	-	97,143
9	213	11,820	25,280	28,401	24,464	4,448	329	9	3	1	-	-	-	-	94,986	1	94,987
10	50	4,271	10,766	18,619	33,631	23,612	4,221	312	60	22	-	-	-	-	95,472	22	95,494
11	19	1,490	4,123	8,168	19,947	29,379	18,655	3,670	667	423	25	-	-	-	86,431	448	86,879
12	16	831	1,864	3,768	10,751	26,097	26,636	16,365	4,749	3,510	446	18	-	1	85,077	3,975	89,052
13	5	430	903	1,850	5,509	12,290	19,352	23,022	17,141	11,842	3,030	362	4	11	81,101	15,249	96,350
Total 7-13	7,623	112,575	110,555	79,976	98,512	90,060	66,703	43,179	22,620	15,708	3,501	340	4	12	635,002	19,695	654,697
14	7	222	291	889	2,697	6,628	12,265	18,052	23,563	19,714	9,318	2,810	46	40	64,324	31,954	96,278
15	1	121	193	411	1,115	2,892	5,988	10,149	17,090	17,766	14,266	8,241	530	155	38,860	40,998	79,858
16	-	55	81	136	369	932	2,208	3,851	8,591	9,254	11,364	11,825	2,657	292	16,223	34,207	50,430
17	1	27	33	50	120	202	690	1,313	2,951	3,010	5,176	8,473	3,465	256	5,487	20,350	25,836
Total 14-17	9	425	698	1,480	4,211	10,654	21,151	33,565	52,895	49,749	40,118	30,995	6,094	662	124,894	127,518	252,412
18	-	15	6	12	34	82	91	160	429	609	1,805	4,208	2,770	117	829	9,679	10,508
19	1	44	21	17	22	58	32	49	153	395	792	2,116	1,996	171	397	5,473	5,870
Total	25,172	154,877	114,693	81,629	102,785	100,854	90,977	76,952	76,097	60,644	43,216	37,652	10,464	932	824,036	162,565	986,601

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

23

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

17.—Rural Schools in Seven Provinces of Canada, 1929-30—Écoles rurales dans sept provinces du Canada, 1929-30

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires										Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	K. and K P E M P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Ele- mentary Elé- men- taires	Sec- ondary Secon- daires	Total	
4.....	-	116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	-	116	
5.....	134	3,480	40	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,655	-	3,655	
6.....	793	18,642	1,027	99	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,570	-	20,570	
7.....	1,367	36,091	7,123	1,392	164	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,120	-	46,120	
8.....	622	25,122	18,684	7,379	2,145	232	20	1	-	-	-	-	-	54,185	-	54,185	
9.....	193	10,000	17,099	14,604	9,784	2,731	315	22	2	-	-	-	-	54,685	-	54,685	
10.....	581	4,889	9,089	12,551	15,100	10,857	2,746	410	58	6	-	-	-	55,555	6	55,561	
11.....	21	1,950	3,938	6,335	11,534	14,277	9,333	2,796	630	33	1	1	-	50,806	35	50,841	
12.....	8	899	1,883	3,453	7,101	11,607	13,016	8,269	3,528	298	27	1	-	49,831	322	50,153	
13.....	4	644	1,043	1,899	3,948	7,696	10,475	10,898	9,596	1,262	228	5	1	46,113	1,486	47,599	
Total 7-13.....	2,277	79,435	58,796	47,583	49,746	47,413	35,905	22,386	13,754	1,589	252	7	1	357,295	1,849	359,144	
14.....	6	296	481	980	2,204	4,479	7,048	9,096	12,802	2,788	803	43	1	37,455	3,635	41,090	
15.....	-	125	226	390	911	1,986	3,484	7,409	10,257	3,062	1,552	211	7	24,798	4,932	29,730	
16.....	1	48	63	119	279	590	1,081	1,891	4,787	1,774	1,596	343	11	8,859	3,718	12,577	
17.....	-	29	26	35	69	148	329	535	1,537	732	946	391	10	2,672	2,979	4,751	
Total 14-17.....	7	498	796	1,524	3,463	7,192	11,962	19,008	29,433	4,366	4,891	985	29	73,784	14,264	88,048	
18.....	-	12	9	10	18	24	29	87	311	236	362	219	10	499	927	1,326	
19.....	1	21	12	18	18	21	17	23	63	77	167	117	11	194	372	566	
Total.....	3,212	102,209	60,679	49,235	53,249	54,651	47,913	41,404	43,561	102,595	5,672	1,331	51	456,113	17,312	473,425	

18.—Prince Edward Island. All graded schools, 1930—Île du Prince-Édouard. Écoles à classes multiples, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires		Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5.....	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	41
6.....	227	20	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	-	251
7.....	261	84	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	386	-	386
8.....	151	125	137	16	7	2	-	-	-	-	448	-	448
9.....	49	98	173	84	40	7	2	-	-	-	453	-	453
10.....	23	6	12	135	162	2	7	3	-	-	489	-	489
11.....	6	19	60	95	114	76	40	8	2	1	418	3	421
12.....	-	14	27	45	90	116	86	34	17	3	406	20	426
13.....	2	6	15	21	45	66	105	59	41	10	319	31	370
14.....	1	1	8	6	31	53	96	84	63	49	282	112	394
15.....	-	-	2	4	10	17	44	76	70	86	153	156	309
16.....	-	-	1	2	2	9	14	31	45	72	63	117	180
17.....	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	12	20	84	17	74	91
18.....	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	16	2	17	19
19.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	1	7	8
20.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	761	448	558	412	441	372	399	311	260	297	3,730	587	4,287

Unclassified by age, grade and sex 16-15 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

1 Exclusion of Charlottetown City where 2,079 pupils were enrolled - Sans compter Charlottetown où 2,079 élèves ont été inscrits.

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

19.—Prince Edward Island. Ungraded Schools, 1930—Île du Prince-Édouard. Écoles à classe unique, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires		Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5	162	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	-	167
6	598	55	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	673	-	673
7	585	258	85	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	944	-	944
8	394	363	307	88	19	4	-	-	-	-	1,175	-	1,175
9	151	237	336	182	125	39	2	-	-	-	1,052	-	1,052
10	61	107	299	253	267	130	36	10	1	-	1,163	1	1,164
11	17	64	131	192	287	250	124	42	3	-	1,107	3	1,110
12	18	38	80	143	208	267	245	149	30	3	1,148	33	1,181
13	6	17	40	68	116	179	245	256	64	19	927	83	1,010
14	5	6	11	22	71	106	211	286	138	57	721	195	916
15	1	2	4	14	33	47	103	181	155	126	385	281	666
16	-	1	5	2	10	10	39	84	83	119	161	202	363
17	-	-	-	2	3	-	7	19	32	77	31	109	140
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	10	26	8	36	44
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	5	5	7
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,979	1,162	1,307	981	1,141	1,035	1,014	1,045	518	431	9,664	949	10,613

Unclassified by age and grade 24 boys 26 girls—24 garçons et 26 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré.
Unclassified by age, grade and sex 31—31 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

20.—Nova Scotia Urban Schools, 1930—Écoles urbaines de la Nouvelle-Écosse 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires												Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires		Total	
	I (a)	I (b)	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
4	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	19
5	1,149	39	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,191	-	1,191
6	2,722	726	154	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,607	-	3,607
7	1,827	1,687	1,232	173	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,721	-	4,721
8	549	1,320	2,091	1,199	172	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,309	-	5,309
9	201	603	1,400	1,537	1,080	168	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,338	-	5,338
10	53	223	747	1,373	1,751	999	142	10	3	-	-	-	-	5,273	-	5,273
11	15	89	296	677	1,261	1,441	783	141	25	-	-	-	-	4,728	-	4,728
12	10	45	150	385	791	1,172	1,271	677	168	17	1	-	-	4,669	13	4,682
13	3	25	74	210	472	811	1,136	1,049	678	163	11	2	-	4,490	176	4,666
14	1	13	29	93	243	554	730	926	951	607	119	18	-	3,570	744	4,314
15	2	6	15	41	121	266	446	615	840	873	499	125	10	2,346	1,867	4,213
16	-	3	5	21	40	74	182	251	434	678	664	436	68	2,441	1,355	3,796
17	-	1	3	3	7	10	29	44	147	289	446	494	156	990	1,846	2,836
18	-	-	-	-	3	1	4	5	16	86	204	311	121	29	722	1,021
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	14	41	99	61	3	215	218
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	24	19	2	2	49	61
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	6	17	-	27	27
Total	6,325	4,780	6,199	6,038	8,952	5,473	4,708	3,719	3,305	2,729	1,993	1,515	452	46,499	6,689	53,188

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

21.—Nova Scotia Rural and Village Schools, 1930—Écoles rurales et de village de la Nouvelle-Écosse 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés Élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés Secondaires				Total				
	I (a)	I (b)	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary — Elémentaires	Secun- dary — Secondaires	Total	
4		41	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	43	
5		1,242	132	19	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391	-	1,391	
6		2,547	1,049	298	42	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,940	-	3,940	
7		1,955	1,999	1,392	452	58	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,563	-	5,563	
8		788	1,527	1,982	1,438	479	90	11	1	-	-	-	-	6,216	-	6,216	
9		324	869	1,341	1,885	1,417	519	98	7	-	-	-	-	6,405	-	6,405	
10		128	460	795	1,378	1,779	1,358	519	91	8	3	-	-	6,519	3	6,519	
11		73	255	425	788	1,322	1,519	1,212	414	98	8	-	-	6,677	8	6,685	
12		27	115	246	449	819	1,252	1,439	1,154	474	84	5	-	5,959	89	6,048	
13		23	63	143	291	489	899	1,158	1,299	964	352	65	2	5,217	419	5,636	
14		14	31	66	147	275	508	796	975	1,110	785	273	26	3,879	1,084	4,960	
15		6	14	31	68	115	228	324	563	742	917	555	143	2,091	1,617	3,708	
16		2	2	6	16	43	64	128	189	340	560	697	290	789	1,523	2,313	
17		-	-	2	5	9	19	25	52	114	225	394	284	7	245	910	1,155
18		-	-	1	2	2	1	3	10	19	75	147	165	5	58	392	430
19		-	-	1	1	2	3	-	-	3	15	49	68	3	10	135	145
20		-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	2	4	11	14	1	7	30	37
21		-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	7	4	4	2	16	19
Total		6,870	6,428	6,757	6,944	9,808	6,449	5,667	4,662	3,894	3,029	2,200	966	28	54,449	6,226	60,675

22.—New Brunswick Graded Schools, 1930—Écoles à classes multiples, Nouveau-Brunswick, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary	Secun- dary	Total
													Elémentaires	Secondaires	
6	4,324	542	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,898	-	4,898
7	1,914	2,439	515	37	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,906	-	4,906
8	855	1,582	2,111	475	37	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,060	-	5,060
9	383	950	1,456	2,021	451	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,199	-	5,199
10	218	447	814	1,250	1,447	356	33	3	-	-	-	-	4,588	-	4,588
11	98	183	482	841	1,116	1,276	390	31	2	-	-	-	4,327	2	4,329
12	70	138	252	606	859	1,058	1,138	273	27	2	-	-	4,394	29	4,423
13	31	66	122	349	606	774	1,065	978	219	26	-	-	3,325	245	4,170
14	12	28	52	171	297	515	635	1,007	760	127	17	-	2,721	974	3,695
15	6	7	19	37	102	179	337	612	655	486	130	1	1,320	1,274	2,594
16	-	6	5	10	26	55	77	261	382	434	431	10	443	1,257	1,700
17	2	-	-	3	5	7	19	63	108	218	261	13	99	600	699
18	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	8	29	76	99	2	11	266	217
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	6	8	15	1	6	30	36
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	6	1	-	10	10
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-	1	5	6
Total	7,911	6,286	5,867	5,840	4,944	4,252	3,546	3,243	2,194	1,448	962	28	41,889	4,632	46,521

Unclassified by age, sex and grade, 11—11 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

22.—New Brunswick ungraded Schools 1930—Ecoles à classe unique, Nouveau-Brunswick, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires					Total
	I	II	III and IV — III et IV	V and VI — V et VI	VII and over — VII et au- dessus	
6	4,236	558	64	1	-	4,859
7	2,373	1,486	651	5	-	4,521
8	1,437	1,457	1,816	70	1	4,784
9	665	886	2,376	454	13	4,427
10	368	499	2,173	1,143	80	4,264
11	200	287	1,621	1,718	372	4,198
12	157	170	1,025	1,777	823	3,962
13	70	97	65	1,261	1,217	3,293
14	33	55	336	750	1,266	2,440
15	15	11	118	291	931	1,367
16	6	3	22	109	546	686
17	3	2	9	24	202	240
18	-	-	2	7	49	58
19	-	-	-	-	16	17
20	-	-	-	-	4	4
21	-	-	-	-	1	1
Total	9,604	5,506	10,862	7,621	5,521	39,114

Unclassified by age, sex and grade, 21—21 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

21.—Ontario Urban Schools, 1929-30—Ecoles urbaines d'Ontario, 1929-30

Age	K. and K.P. — E.M. P.	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires				Special pupils — Degrés spéciaux — aux	Total		
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII		Elementary — E.M. — tares	Secondary — Seco- ndaries	Total
5	1,614	98	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,726	-	1,726
6	15,883	6,492	1,345	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,521	-	22,521
7	8,129	29,511	10,065	98	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,904	-	45,904
8	1,006	19,326	18,932	2,074	1,722	48	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,112	-	43,112
9	205	6,827	13,221	7,529	11,012	2,145	81	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,824	-	41,824
10	53	2,266	5,758	6,037	14,352	12,400	2,226	1,113	12	21	-	-	-	-	43,124	1	43,125
11	17	734	2,201	2,704	8,391	12,957	5,960	1,761	220	374	23	-	-	-	43,137	21	43,158
12	14	386	870	1,316	4,297	9,374	11,733	8,076	1,968	3,066	406	16	-	-	37,979	397	38,376
13	4	186	414	577	2,241	5,751	9,157	10,873	7,806	9,637	2,630	322	4	-	37,781	3,522	41,303
14	5	103	183	277	1,028	3,190	6,116	8,877	10,612	12,212	7,018	2,406	55	40	30,266	21,761	52,027
15	-	60	103	160	614	1,638	3,564	5,637	8,787	8,644	8,978	3,236	345	153	30,266	21,761	52,027
16	-	25	42	66	223	677	1,570	2,668	4,912	3,848	4,956	6,635	1,201	232	29,137	22,450	51,587
17	-	11	17	27	81	242	557	1,066	1,933	1,048	2,074	4,176	1,868	235	10,222	16,856	27,078
18	-	2	1	4	17	63	69	115	237	285	659	1,965	1,447	137	3,681	4,503	8,184
19 and over et plus	-	6	-	-	12	28	26	22	41	211	334	961	1,104	171	135	2,781	2,916
Total	24,900	65,982	53,173	20,780	43,821	43,285	47,894	39,246	36,527	39,107	26,103	22,737	6,024	982,376	515,949	1,498,325	

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

27

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

25.—Ontario Rural Schools, 1929—Écoles rurales d'Ontario, 1929

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires									Sec Grades Deg. sec.		Total		
	K.P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elemen- tary	Secun- dary	Total
5	51	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	195
6	596	4,588	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,239	-	5,239
7	1,227	15,430	1,920	76	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,399	-	21,399
8	570	15,236	9,281	1,325	653	54	3	-	-	-	-	27,122	-	27,122
9	181	5,080	19,512	5,554	4,307	1,315	83	5	-	-	-	27,935	-	27,935
10	50	2,810	5,790	5,798	6,829	6,226	1,373	179	16	1	-	28,912	12	28,913
11	17	1,167	2,416	2,821	5,006	7,545	5,103	1,504	254	11	1	25,876	86	25,888
12	5	538	1,087	1,505	2,999	5,888	6,909	1,666	1,061	82	4	25,287	415	25,373
13	3	287	616	773	1,612	3,758	5,375	6,247	4,978	368	49	22,797	161	22,958
14	4	154	289	409	873	2,144	3,620	5,679	7,091	798	161	19,694	1,261	20,955
15	-	59	148	203	449	1,065	2,069	5,457	6,425	913	348	15,964	1,261	17,225
16	-	26	37	70	178	423	817	1,412	3,565	608	323	6,524	961	7,485
17	-	15	19	21	47	118	267	402	1,202	281	306	2,092	387	2,479
18	-	9	5	5	17	17	23	66	214	103	122	379	225	604
19 and over—et plus	-	6	5	1	5	5	4	9	31	34	68	61	102	166
Total	2,698	49,591	31,896	18,576	22,801	28,590	25,701	25,026	25,496	3,199	1,412	250,336	4,611	254,950

26.—Manitoba Urban Schools, 1930—Écoles urbaines du Manitoba, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires									Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	Prim	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary	Secun- dary	Total
5	115	289	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	404	-	404
6	127	6,510	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,825	-	6,825
7	72	6,329	2,942	278	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,629	-	9,629
8	34	2,403	5,000	2,821	274	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,338	-	10,338
9	8	742	2,632	4,444	2,326	257	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,389	-	10,389
10	6	271	899	2,622	4,104	1,920	174	14	-	-	-	-	-	10,191	-	10,191
11	2	88	356	1,090	2,481	3,567	1,881	351	25	1	-	-	-	9,541	1	9,542
12	2	45	141	456	1,200	2,479	3,558	1,675	341	33	1	-	-	9,774	34	9,812
13	1	31	75	210	611	1,217	2,492	2,927	1,721	452	76	2	-	9,355	500	9,855
14	2	91	25	76	269	598	1,307	2,286	2,876	1,704	572	89	3	7,452	2,568	9,820
15	1	6	11	30	69	128	481	976	2,055	2,312	1,496	483	27	3,827	4,312	8,139
16	-	6	4	18	19	39	100	225	777	1,280	1,473	1,001	114	1,188	3,868	5,056
17	1	5	3	11	3	15	18	46	186	431	698	925	172	2,888	2,278	5,166
18	-	5	4	1	5	7	8	12	34	87	222	537	120	74	966	1,040
19	1	2	4	2	1	2	1	3	3	19	34	179	51	19	280	299
20	-	1	4	1	1	3	1	2	2	12	54	17	15	85	100	185
21	-	30	9	9	1	16	-	10	5	7	22	39	18	80	86	166
Total	372	13,771	12,278	11,875	11,543	10,412	9,801	8,421	8,025	6,328	4,606	3,306	522	89,308	14,736	104,044

Unclassified by age and grade 57 boys and 86 girls—57 garçons et 86 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré.
Unclassified by age, grade and sex, 194—194 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

27.—Manitoba Rural Ungraded Schools, 1930—Écoles rurales à classe unique du Manitoba, 1930

5	83	373	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	456	-	456
6	203	2,444	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,741	-	2,741
7	149	3,298	733	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,294	-	4,294
8	52	2,013	1,667	823	164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,729	-	4,729
9	14	877	1,357	1,486	783	126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,643	-	4,643
10	6	420	795	1,280	1,453	561	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,589	-	4,589
11	6	155	347	707	1,144	1,044	557	102	-	-	-	-	-	4,167	-	4,167
12	3	112	214	461	858	660	1,006	462	114	-	-	-	-	4,197	-	4,197
13	1	57	192	269	544	823	823	655	52	2	-	-	-	3,691	54	3,745
14	2	28	47	131	314	455	636	736	715	98	14	-	-	3,069	165	3,234
15	-	12	16	38	97	116	206	293	505	116	14	-	-	1,307	122	1,429
16	1	6	9	7	23	34	41	84	184	67	12	-	-	388	91	479
17	-	5	-	2	3	8	4	17	45	19	4	-	-	81	25	106
18	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	7	3	1	-	-	14	5	19
19	-	2	-	3	-	1	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	11	1	12
20	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	8	1	9
21	1	2	-	2	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	7	2	9
Total	514	9,816	5,359	5,394	5,417	4,142	3,483	2,822	2,040	359	40	7	-	38,686	406	39,092

Unclassified by age and grade, 50 boys and 59 girls—50 garçons et 59 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré.
Unclassified by age, sex and grade, 51—64 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

28.—Manitoba Consolidated Schools, 1930—Ecoles centralisées du Manitoba, 1930

Educational Statistics, 1930 - Écoles catholiques du Manitoba, 1930																	
Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires									Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total			
	Prim.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary	Secondary	Total	
														Elémentaires	Secondaires		
5		4	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	58
6		14	766	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	789	-	789
7		5	933	287	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,248	-	1,248
8		-	366	707	307	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,413	-	1,413
9		-	99	347	586	284	30	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,348	-	1,348
10		-	46	112	304	558	243	28	7	-	-	-	-	-	1,299	-	1,299
11		-	16	42	144	342	493	213	36	4	-	-	-	-	1,290	-	1,290
12		-	4	19	52	150	333	453	217	38	5	-	-	-	1,273	-	1,273
13		-	5	8	21	78	158	347	392	200	95	19	-	-	1,209	114	1,323
14		-	2	2	7	35	68	112	209	365	255	88	9	-	929	352	1,281
15		-	1	1	4	9	35	57	117	246	322	228	73	4	480	627	1,087
16		-	-	-	2	3	6	13	21	113	183	205	312	23	161	623	784
17		-	-	-	-	2	5	4	27	80	154	301	25	38	470	-	508
18		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	25	42	130	28	9	225	-	234
19		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8	7	69	10	1	82	-	83
20		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	22	5	1	33	-	34
21		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	10	6	1	20	-	21
Total	21	2,296	1,536	1,452	1,438	1,359	1,291	1,093	1,004	985	751	718	101	11,518	2,355	14,073	

11 pupils unclassified by age, grade and sex—11 élèves non classifiés selon l'âge, le degré et le sexe.

29.—Saskatchewan Urban Schools, 1930—Ecoles urbaines de la Saskatchewan, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary Elémentaires	Secondary Secondaires	Total
4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12
5	895	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	902	-	902
6	5,492	264	22	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,769	-	5,769
7	5,744	2,790	365	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,909	-	8,909
8	2,272	1,619	2,689	483	27	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,072	-	10,072
9	687	1,032	4,153	2,679	513	65	1	1	-	-	-	-	10,081	-	10,081
10	265	729	2,258	3,707	2,157	434	36	26	1	-	-	-	9,604	1	9,605
11	69	221	835	2,042	3,157	1,851	375	234	28	1	-	-	8,794	29	8,823
12	42	101	321	997	2,097	2,801	1,402	1,071	229	17	1	-	8,833	247	9,080
13	26	50	128	481	1,034	1,992	1,863	2,236	954	213	24	-	7,784	1,191	8,975
14	10	20	55	211	480	1,034	1,301	2,501	1,936	919	226	7	5,642	3,079	8,721
15	5	9	28	64	176	424	594	1,545	1,995	1,773	896	117	2,845	4,781	7,626
16	3	1	3	10	22	78	135	545	1,070	1,532	1,484	473	797	4,565	5,362
17	3	1	2	6	15	26	138	358	691	1,225	732	197	1,977	3,007	3,204
18	-	1	1	3	1	2	3	8	24	96	686	648	42	1,651	1,593
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	21	53	348	227	16	549
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	12	12	10	83	76	14	181
21	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	35	6	18	63	61	41	148
Total	15,435	10,932	10,996	10,663	9,683	8,719	5,745	8,381	6,712	5,439	4,936	2,242	80,354	19,329	99,683

29 B. and 32 G. unclassified by age and grade—29 garçons et 32 filles non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré.

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

29

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré

30.—Saskatchewan Rural Schools, 1930—Écoles rurales de la Saskatchewan, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Élémen- taires	Second- ary — Secon- daires	Total
4	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	-	73
5	1,426	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,446	-	1,446
6	7,421	515	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,983	-	7,983
7	10,094	3,118	658	59	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,933	-	13,933
8	5,194	5,368	3,476	764	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,843	-	14,843
9	1,835	3,604	5,339	1,666	651	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,650	-	14,650
10	761	1,623	3,796	5,006	2,451	610	104	24	1	-	-	-	14,375	-	14,375
11	310	686	1,830	3,820	3,845	2,210	642	236	11	-	1	-	13,579	12	13,591
12	156	299	967	2,282	3,296	3,468	1,742	1,130	102	11	1	-	13,240	114	13,354
13	108	140	566	1,235	2,130	2,842	2,375	2,875	416	93	3	1	12,211	513	12,724
14	64	73	282	715	1,301	1,936	2,104	3,660	969	305	17	1	10,135	1,292	11,427
15	33	32	75	242	514	815	993	2,404	961	509	66	5	5,111	1,541	6,652
16	9	13	21	34	50	102	163	614	456	409	81	5	1,096	951	1,957
17	9	5	9	8	9	33	31	146	175	165	105	3	250	448	698
18	3	2	3	4	4	2	8	34	45	66	53	5	132	50	182
19	1	3	1	-	4	4	7	12	13	15	21	1	32	15	47
20	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	4	1	8	5	1	35	14	49
21	5	2	9	6	3	4	1	5	3	5	5	1	35	14	49
Total	27,526	15,505	17,020	17,242	14,332	12,027	8,190	11,146	3,153	1,586	358	23	122,978	5,120	128,098

341 B and 317 G unclassified by age and grade—341 garçons et 317 filles non classifiés selon l'âge, et le degré

31.—Saskatchewan Consolidated Schools, 1930—Écoles centralisées de la Saskatchewan, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Élémen- taires	Second- ary — Secon- daires	Total
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
5	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	-	49
6	234	15	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255	-	255
7	252	107	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	377	-	377
8	89	226	120	25	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	460	-	460
9	21	112	197	149	29	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	510	-	510
10	4	29	77	186	109	25	2	-	-	-	-	-	432	-	432
11	2	8	17	111	163	94	23	14	1	-	-	-	430	1	431
12	2	3	17	46	122	134	71	46	12	-	-	-	441	12	453
13	2	4	3	29	45	89	80	116	47	14	-	-	365	61	426
14	1	-	4	16	30	45	51	112	92	51	8	-	259	151	410
15	-	-	-	5	9	24	18	92	86	86	31	5	148	208	356
16	-	-	-	1	-	6	10	32	54	81	72	15	49	222	271
17	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	10	18	30	80	15	13	143	156
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	11	42	10	68	60	128
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	9	3	14	14	28
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	1	5	5	10
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	3	6
Total	659	504	459	565	809	423	257	423	318	275	247	50	3,799	890	4,689

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré.
 22.—Boys in Seven Provinces of Canada, 1929-30—Garçons dans sept provinces du Canada, 1929-30

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								
	K. and K.P. E.M. P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
4	-	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	934	3,195	36	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	8,362	29,345	2,610	96	3	-	-	-	-
7	3,931	59,055	19,692	1,620	148	4	-	-	-
8	894	31,466	29,464	11,151	2,708	179	12	1	-
9	211	11,845	21,024	21,390	15,829	2,977	251	11	2
10	66	5,334	10,647	16,767	24,124	15,370	3,027	280	48
11	24	2,072	4,588	8,404	16,979	21,298	12,721	2,731	519
12	15	1,096	2,307	4,370	10,394	16,946	19,174	11,226	3,607
13	5	730	1,231	2,301	5,755	11,250	15,850	16,395	12,004
Total 7-13	5,146	192,608	87,833	65,903	75,940	68,223	51,035	30,514	16,190
14	8	330	534	1,226	2,958	6,721	10,763	14,150	16,946
15	1	150	270	559	1,320	3,065	5,661	10,747	13,650
16	1	66	82	172	440	998	2,012	3,242	5,621
17	-	34	41	58	118	289	628	1,034	2,214
Total 14-17	10	580	927	2,015	4,836	11,073	19,066	29,180	39,731
18	-	10	7	15	35	55	70	133	332
19	-	42	16	24	25	49	29	39	170
Total	14,452	135,808	91,449	68,053	80,739	79,399	70,197	59,666	56,387

Age	Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires					Total	
	IX	X	XI	XII	Special Degré spécial	Elementary Degrés élémentaires	Secondary Degrés secondaires
4	-	-	-	-	-	68	68
5	-	-	-	-	-	4,165	4,165
6	-	-	-	-	-	40,376	40,376
7	-	-	-	-	-	74,460	74,460
8	-	-	-	-	-	75,875	75,875
9	-	-	-	-	-	73,440	73,440
10	13	-	-	-	-	75,733	13
11	206	14	1	-	-	69,336	221
12	1,662	224	9	-	1	69,034	1,896
13	3,815	1,428	187	2	9	65,524	7,440
Total 7-13	7,696	1,666	197	2	9	503,402	9,570
14	10,407	4,302	1,236	29	26	53,638	16,000
15	9,746	6,528	3,602	247	61	35,723	20,524
16	5,957	5,587	5,181	888	50	13,641	17,103
17	1,716	2,555	4,071	1,599	44	4,416	9,985
Total 14-17	27,306	19,272	14,090	2,763	181	107,418	63,612
18	399	940	1,997	1,308	16	657	4,660
19	255	389	1,115	1,111	9	340	2,875
Total	35,656	22,296	17,399	5,184	215	656,426	80,720

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré.
33.—Girls in Seven Provinces of Canada, 1923-24—Filles dans sept provinces du Canada, 1923-24.

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								
	K. and K.P. — E.M. P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
4	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	929	3,291	26	1	-	-	-	-	-
6	8,241	28,123	1,808	141	7	-	-	-	-
7	3,707	46,647	14,002	2,195	189	12	-	-	-
8	768	26,710	31,215	12,979	3,484	275	23	-	-
9	197	9,997	21,324	21,715	18,399	4,202	384	20	3
10	51	3,626	9,329	14,400	21,507	19,899	3,940	472	70
11	18	1,377	3,473	6,099	14,302	22,358	15,271	3,725	778
12	9	701	1,440	2,851	7,558	14,759	20,478	13,408	4,670
13	4	344	715	1,418	3,789	8,745	14,477	17,525	14,673
Total 7-13	4,754	89,402	81,498	61,656	72,419	69,250	54,573	35,150	20,194
14	5	188	338	643	1,853	4,286	8,548	13,001	10,270
15	-	96	149	242	706	1,813	3,821	6,811	14,297
16	-	37	62	83	208	514	1,287	2,493	6,757
17	1	22	18	27	71	161	391	788	2,264
Total 14-17	6	343	567	995	2,838	6,774	14,047	23,093	42,597
18	-	17	7	7	17	51	50	111	408
19	2	23	17	11	15	31	23	33	96
Total	13,932	121,278	83,923	62,811	75,295	76,106	68,693	58,390	63,295

Age	Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires					Total		
	IX	X	XI	XII	Special Degré spécial	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
4	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	79
5	-	-	-	-	-	4,247	-	4,247
6	-	-	-	-	-	38,320	-	38,320
7	-	-	-	-	-	66,752	-	66,752
8	-	-	-	-	-	73,453	-	73,453
9	1	-	-	-	-	76,231	1	76,232
10	15	-	-	-	-	75,294	15	75,309
11	250	12	-	-	-	67,801	262	68,063
12	2,146	245	10	-	-	65,874	2,401	68,275
13	7,279	1,830	180	3	3	61,090	9,295	70,985
Total 7-13	9,691	2,087	190	3	3	488,895	11,974	500,869
14	12,095	5,819	1,623	38	14	48,141	19,589	67,730
15	11,042	8,960	4,890	290	94	27,935	25,206	53,241
16	5,630	7,397	6,447	1,156	182	11,441	20,822	32,263
17	2,032	3,861	4,793	1,874	191	3,743	12,453	18,196
Total 14-17	30,799	28,737	17,793	3,350	451	91,260	78,170	169,430
18	536	1,227	2,490	1,472	121	671	5,844	6,517
19	220	671	1,118	596	162	251	2,967	3,218
Total	41,246	29,622	21,591	5,731	767	623,723	98,957	722,680

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré.

34.—Boys in Prince Edward Island, 1930—Garçons dans l'île du Prince-Edouard, 1930.

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires		Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5	85	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	86
6	417	23	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	443	-	443
7	452	156	46	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	656	-	656
8	328	237	190	37	8	3	-	-	-	-	823	-	823
9	117	190	260	113	50	15	3	-	-	-	766	-	766
10	51	122	251	187	143	64	16	7	-	-	842	1	843
11	11	58	119	158	211	190	54	18	-	-	788	-	788
12	11	38	71	127	185	201	141	73	20	3	847	23	870
13	4	18	40	67	114	141	166	116	40	8	658	48	716
14	5	6	14	19	65	109	153	152	87	42	533	129	662
15	1	1	3	11	34	36	85	131	89	68	302	157	459
16	-	1	2	4	5	10	31	61	55	67	115	122	237
17	-	-	-	1	2	2	4	12	21	44	21	65	86
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	13	4	17	21
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	3	5
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,486	881	997	727	826	741	663	575	318	248	6,996	566 ¹	7,462

35.—Girls in Prince Edward Island, 1930—Filles dans l'île du Prince-Edouard, 1930.

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires		Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
5	119	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	-	122
6	408	62	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	481	-	481
7	394	186	80	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	674	-	674
8	217	241	254	67	18	3	-	-	-	-	800	-	800
9	63	136	249	153	100	31	1	-	-	-	739	-	739
10	33	53	168	201	226	96	27	6	-	-	810	-	810
11	10	25	75	129	190	166	110	32	5	1	737	6	743
12	7	14	36	61	113	176	190	110	27	3	707	30	737
13	2	5	15	22	47	104	184	199	65	21	578	80	658
14	1	1	5	11	37	53	144	218	114	64	470	178	648
15	-	1	3	7	9	28	62	126	136	144	236	280	516
16	-	-	3	-	7	24	66	73	124	109	197	306	306
17	-	-	-	1	1	-	6	31	87	27	118	145	145
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	7	29	6	36	42
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	7	1	9	10
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total	1,254	727	898	666	756	666	750	781	450	480	6,498	940 ¹	7,438

¹ Exclusive of 1,095 boys and 984 girls in Charlottetown City—Sans compter, 1,095 garçons et 984 filles dans la ville de Charlottetown.

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
26.—Boys in Nova Scotia, 1930—Garçons dans la Nouvelle-Écosse, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades—Degrés élémentaires								Sec. Gr.—Deg. sec.				Total			
	I (a)	I (b)	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem.	Sec.	Total
4	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	24
5	1,488	82	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,581	-	1,581
6	2,744	864	196	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,828	-	3,828
7	1,792	1,571	1,175	264	26	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,230	-	5,230
8	760	1,575	2,052	1,175	278	41	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	5,887	-	5,887
9	260	845	1,502	1,858	1,155	289	34	1	-	-	-	-	-	5,654	-	5,654
10	119	417	908	1,418	1,742	1,937	292	31	1	-	-	-	-	5,957	-	5,957
11	45	266	461	828	1,105	1,429	913	224	52	4	-	-	-	5,527	4	5,531
12	24	169	276	486	904	1,374	1,329	867	258	57	2	-	-	5,520	39	5,559
13	12	64	159	314	577	963	1,152	1,615	690	188	22	3	-	4,948	213	5,161
14	8	34	66	142	341	640	856	956	944	550	159	27	-	3,985	712	4,697
15	3	15	31	78	182	310	488	610	717	772	388	77	5	2,464	1,243	3,707
16	1	4	8	24	57	85	172	238	361	576	449	292	29	951	1,315	2,266
17	-	1	4	9	10	11	38	48	104	227	287	277	64	244	855	1,099
18	-	-	-	1	4	-	3	7	9	66	124	159	34	24	383	407
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	9	27	61	21	5	118	123
20	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	5	17	1	4	33	37
21	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	5	2	11	1	19	19
Total	6,997	6,214	6,836	6,624	6,623	6,686	5,227	3,998	3,151	2,431	1,448	881	171	51,756	4,931	56,687

27.—Girls in Nova Scotia, 1930—Filles dans la Nouvelle-Écosse, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades—Degrés élémentaires								Sec. Gr.—Deg. sec.				Total			
	I (a)	I (b)	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem.	Sec.	Total
4	34	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	36
5	1,203	85	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,301	-	1,301
6	2,543	841	292	29	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,709	-	3,709
7	1,496	1,715	1,449	561	34	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,654	-	5,654
8	547	1,272	2,024	1,462	376	54	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,738	-	5,738
9	237	564	1,247	1,908	1,250	395	82	6	-	-	-	-	-	5,789	-	5,789
10	73	206	614	1,365	1,788	1,290	398	70	10	3	-	-	-	5,832	3	5,835
11	39	111	290	617	1,218	1,528	1,685	351	71	4	-	-	-	6,278	4	6,282
12	13	51	125	235	706	1,148	1,381	994	384	64	4	-	-	5,168	68	5,236
13	14	24	58	175	384	728	1,144	1,240	952	527	54	1	-	4,729	582	5,311
14	7	13	29	97	177	422	614	945	1,157	842	255	21	-	3,681	1,116	4,797
15	5	5	16	31	72	184	296	568	855	1,317	696	191	7	2,632	1,881	4,513
16	1	1	3	13	26	52	118	202	405	602	912	434	48	819	2,656	3,475
17	-	-	1	3	6	9	21	48	157	247	553	561	99	245	1,410	1,655
18	-	-	-	1	1	2	4	8	26	35	227	317	92	43	731	774
19	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	1	1	20	65	16	8	242	249
20	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	4	11	21	5	46	51
21	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	5	8	1	25	26
Total	6,198	4,994	6,120	6,568	6,137	5,933	5,148	4,133	4,918	3,327	2,718	1,600	309	49,189	7,984	57,173

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
 28. Boys in New Brunswick, 1930—Garçons dans le Nouveau-Brunswick, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades—Degrés élémentaires								Sec. Grades—Deg. sec.				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem.	Sec.	Total
6	4,320	496	46	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,857	-	4,857
7	2,344	1,914	485	46	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,790	-	4,790
8	1,240	1,680	1,654	386	35	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,920	-	4,920
9	629	947	1,456	1,421	359	35	1	-	-	-	-	-	4,852	-	4,852
10	387	554	1,002	1,251	1,054	286	27	3	-	-	-	-	4,890	-	4,890
11	175	276	64	1,087	1,003	966	226	30	-	-	-	-	4,345	-	4,345
12	153	261	347	754	879	958	722	187	14	-	-	-	4,202	14	4,216
13	70	172	27	525	676	722	721	604	108	6	-	-	3,852	117	3,969
14	34	54	134	275	366	528	514	714	345	67	8	-	2,841	418	3,259
15	13	10	41	140	126	198	267	486	276	174	48	1	1,225	56	1,281
16	4	6	12	17	56	78	71	226	158	185	156	5	439	496	935
17	2	1	4	8	7	13	15	62	41	92	108	5	112	247	359
18	-	-	-	-	4	4	2	16	14	26	47	1	27	88	115
19	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	3	5	1	5	11	16
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	1	2	4	6
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	2
Total	9,350	6,174	8,102	5,887	4,572	3,670	2,561	2,352	961	551	377	13	40,668	1,902	42,570

29. Girls in New Brunswick, 1930—Filles dans le Nouveau-Brunswick, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades—Degrés élémentaires								Sec. Gr.—Deg. sec.				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem.	Sec.	Total
6	4,240	634	52	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,900	-	4,900
7	1,343	2,014	617	64	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,037	-	4,037
8	1,047	1,446	1,799	569	66	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,924	-	4,924
9	449	781	1,228	1,700	437	79	2	-	-	-	-	-	4,766	-	4,766
10	199	282	818	1,267	1,174	367	59	7	-	-	-	-	4,773	-	4,773
11	126	191	466	947	1,026	1,118	338	64	3	-	-	-	4,179	3	4,182
12	104	107	263	558	819	1,087	944	316	22	2	-	-	4,145	24	4,169
13	31	57	116	394	509	756	875	875	129	19	-	-	3,516	148	3,664
14	14	29	42	145	214	445	568	1,076	449	157	5	-	2,488	562	3,050
15	10	1	30	49	88	194	307	777	419	324	85	-	1,417	651	2,068
16	2	-	-	12	25	61	86	464	253	263	277	5	651	790	1,441
17	3	1	-	4	5	12	21	174	78	128	152	8	215	366	581
18	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	35	29	56	52	1	37	123	160
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	2	5	1	-	17	29	46
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	1	7	7	17
21	-	1	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	5	8	13
Total	8,165	5,618	5,480	5,525	4,361	4,083	3,173	3,752	1,308	928	588	15	40,100	2,699	42,799

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
40.—Boys in Ontario, 1930—Garçons dans l'Ontario, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								
	K. and K.P. — E.M. P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
5.....	638	117	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.....	9,189	5,551	1,390	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.....	3,806	24,427	8,743	54	37	-	-	-	-
8.....	845	18,520	12,966	1,459	1,056	45	-	-	-
9.....	196	6,712	10,794	6,974	7,132	1,439	68	41	1
10.....	57	3,653	5,797	6,285	10,415	8,426	1,576	105	14
11.....	21	1,173	2,528	3,273	7,321	10,967	6,375	1,462	188
12.....	11	542	1,165	1,669	4,332	8,166	9,676	5,735	1,641
13.....	3	408	643	845	2,367	5,549	7,665	8,591	5,922
14.....	6	168	233	462	1,197	3,215	5,341	7,326	8,346
15.....	-	68	164	279	611	1,647	2,232	7,220	7,677
16.....	-	35	45	97	279	759	1,465	2,315	4,351
17.....	-	18	25	36	78	228	507	872	1,639
18.....	-	4	2	5	17	37	54	102	233
19 and over—et plus.....	-	4	1	-	13	23	17	18	30
Total.....	13,969	60,789	44,399	20,835	34,774	39,375	35,369	33,488	39,042

Age	Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires					Total		
	IX	X	XI	XII	Special pupils — Degré spécial	Elemen- tary — Élémen- taires	Secun- dary — Secun- daires	Total
5.....	-	-	-	-	-	966	-	966
6.....	-	-	-	-	-	15,020	-	15,020
7.....	-	-	-	-	-	37,667	-	37,667
8.....	-	-	-	-	-	34,924	-	34,924
9.....	-	-	-	-	-	32,687	-	32,687
10.....	12	-	-	-	-	35,694	12	35,646
11.....	178	14	-	-	-	32,348	192	32,540
12.....	1,584	261	7	-	1	32,255	1,563	33,828
13.....	4,428	1,194	165	1	8	31,581	5,796	37,377
14.....	6,227	3,116	1,048	27	26	26,352	19,446	36,798
15.....	4,715	3,963	2,729	165	61	20,625	11,531	32,456
16.....	2,439	2,518	3,245	575	50	9,126	8,827	18,153
17.....	668	1,106	2,174	948	44	3,405	4,952	8,365
18.....	197	372	1,068	770	16	454	2,387	2,841
19 and over—et plus.....	144	163	579	695	9	108	1,581	1,684
Total.....	20,354	12,541	10,998	3,179	245	313,025	47,287	360,312

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
II.—Girls in Ontario, 1929-30—Filles dans l'Ontario, 1929-30

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								
	K and K I. — E. M. P.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
5	850	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	8,081	5,519	100	1	-	-	-	-	-
7	3,627	23,514	2,942	126	27	-	-	-	-
8	731	16,042	15,214	1,940	1,519	57	1	-	-
9	156	6,095	12,969	6,709	8,187	2,022	96	3	1
10	16	2,062	5,817	5,570	10,468	10,194	2,025	189	14
11	13	728	2,089	2,355	6,070	10,475	7,718	1,863	286
12	8	332	787	1,056	3,064	6,996	9,593	7,009	1,988
13	4	165	407	565	1,490	4,160	6,877	8,727	6,854
14	3	89	181	224	769	2,089	4,392	6,630	9,360
15	-	51	84	89	322	956	2,335	3,844	7,535
16	-	19	41	39	122	363	915	1,795	4,126
17	-	8	11	12	56	132	317	626	1,497
18	-	7	4	4	19	43	38	79	248
19 and over—et plus	-	8	2	1	4	13	13	13	42
Total	13,529	54,794	49,678	18,525	31,848	37,500	34,226	20,778	31,951

Age	Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires					Total		
	IX	X	XI	XII	Special pupils — Degré spécial	Elementary — Degrés élémentaires	Secondary — Degrés secondaires	Total
5	-	-	-	-	-	955	-	955
6	-	-	-	-	-	13,794	-	13,794
7	-	-	-	-	-	30,227	-	30,227
8	-	-	-	-	-	35,319	-	35,319
9	1	-	-	-	-	36,272	1	36,273
10	10	-	-	-	-	36,415	10	36,425
11	207	10	-	-	-	31,500	217	31,720
12	1,794	212	9	-	-	30,823	2,015	32,848
13	3,295	1,483	157	1	3	29,180	5,945	36,134
14	6,813	4,963	1,366	28	14	23,677	12,284	35,961
15	4,844	4,555	3,507	180	94	15,116	13,180	28,296
16	2,017	2,783	3,380	526	182	7,420	8,999	16,410
17	661	1,246	2,002	922	191	2,693	4,992	7,645
18	207	469	927	677	170	433	2,341	2,774
19 and over—et plus	101	289	391	409	162	96	1,302	1,398
Total	21,952	14,974	11,799	2,845	767	293,826	52,277	346,106

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
42.—Boys in Manitoba, 1930—Garçons dans le Manitoba, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades — Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades — Degrés secondaires				Total			
	Primary — Pré- maire	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary — Elémentaires	Secun- dary — Secondaires	Total
5	99	327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	435	-	435
6	173	4,607	1,119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,899	-	4,899
7	125	4,946	1,667	170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,908	-	6,908
8	49	2,437	3,339	1,614	183	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,615	-	7,615
9	15	911	2,292	2,885	1,408	150	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,659	-	7,659
10	9	465	945	2,067	2,899	1,080	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,471	-	7,471
11	3	144	419	1,064	1,957	2,157	1,638	165	11	-	-	-	-	6,968	-	6,968
12	3	144	419	1,064	1,957	2,157	1,638	165	11	-	-	-	-	7,193	16	7,209
13	2	55	123	271	655	1,176	1,762	1,819	943	197	277	2	-	5,728	226	5,954
14	2	22	41	123	347	665	1,067	1,811	1,699	829	246	43	-	5,577	1,115	6,692
15	1	13	18	41	103	224	421	769	1,290	1,118	628	301	9	2,783	1,956	4,740
16	1	9	4	13	29	51	90	195	467	627	634	406	48	859	1,715	2,574
17	-	7	2	9	3	19	13	30	109	212	281	378	73	192	944	1,136
18	-	-	2	1	3	6	2	3	16	44	95	209	52	31	400	435
19	-	1	1	3	1	1	-	-	4	5	14	71	16	11	169	119
20	-	1	4	1	2	1	1	-	-	2	5	20	8	10	35	45
21	-	24	2	9	3	14	-	7	4	6	13	28	11	63	58	121
Total	483	14,021	9,090	8,830	8,801	7,331	6,621	5,533	4,709	3,655	1,944	1,300	217	65,448	6,576	72,024

43.—Girls in Manitoba, 1930—Filles dans le Manitoba, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total			
	Prim- ary — Pré- maire	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elemen- tary	Secun- dary	Total
														Elémentaires	Secondaires	
5	99	325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	424	-	424
6	137	4,347	1,633	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,972	-	4,972
7	87	4,678	2,020	229	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,015	-	7,015
8	37	1,979	3,340	1,846	255	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,432	-	7,432
9	7	728	1,737	3,941	1,641	233	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,393	-	7,393
10	5	226	719	1,816	2,827	1,495	159	5	-	-	-	-	-	7,219	-	7,219
11	5	99	284	788	1,718	2,444	1,406	188	14	1	-	-	-	6,740	1	6,741
12	1	55	142	379	601	1,658	2,271	1,129	250	18	-	-	-	6,792	18	6,810
13	-	35	57	268	502	949	1,621	1,931	1,243	307	51	-	-	6,548	358	6,906
14	-	15	31	84	241	388	871	1,469	1,892	975	314	46	3	4,935	1,255	6,290
15	-	5	9	27	57	125	296	562	1,300	1,110	876	284	18	2,450	2,488	4,938
16	-	3	6	12	12	21	51	118	494	720	851	597	66	2,117	2,234	4,351
17	1	3	1	4	3	4	9	33	122	238	421	549	92	180	1,307	1,487
18	-	5	2	-	-	3	7	11	25	46	128	329	68	53	571	624
19	1	3	3	2	-	2	1	4	3	15	29	103	35	19	173	192
20	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	4	3	1	7	34	9	13	51	64
21	1	8	7	-	-	3	1	3	1	3	9	11	7	24	30	54
Total	403	12,565	8,538	8,439	9,159	7,235	6,460	5,400	5,356	3,632	2,690	1,933	305	62,546	9,586	72,132

ORDINARY PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS

Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des élèves par âge et par degré
41.—Boys in Saskatchewan, 1930—Garçons dans la Saskatchewan, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
4	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	42	—	42
5	1,153	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,163	—	1,163
6	6,721	333	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,084	—	7,084
7	8,269	3,864	444	33	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,911	—	11,911
8	4,105	5,056	2,884	549	37	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,652	—	12,652
9	1,452	3,150	4,720	2,576	460	79	1	1	—	—	—	—	12,448	—	12,448
10	602	1,344	1,844	1,334	2,641	467	44	25	—	—	—	—	12,225	—	12,225
11	210	538	1,536	3,144	3,428	1,811	404	189	18	—	1	—	11,590	15	11,605
12	111	240	774	1,841	2,904	3,008	1,423	942	156	11	2	—	11,267	129	11,396
13	77	112	389	1,010	1,783	2,547	2,035	2,314	585	141	12	1	10,267	726	11,000
14	42	50	242	549	1,086	1,728	1,819	2,909	1,279	484	90	2	8,485	1,894	10,379
15	20	26	68	201	441	768	911	1,928	1,371	926	334	54	4,268	2,735	7,003
16	8	9	14	33	47	109	160	570	732	789	592	168	3,566	2,381	5,947
17	5	4	5	13	10	35	33	146	227	329	486	268	249	1,810	1,560
18	2	3	6	4	6	4	11	25	60	121	268	218	61	667	728
19	1	3	—	1	3	3	6	16	15	31	105	104	24	254	288
20	5	2	1	—	2	1	2	13	8	5	48	44	24	105	129
21	4	2	9	2	3	2	3	34	6	14	36	35	59	85	144
Total	22,892	13,825	14,473	14,313	12,232	10,556	6,858	9,170	4,467	2,851	2,024	894	104,379	10,226	114,606

42.—Girls in Saskatchewan, 1930—Filles dans la Saskatchewan, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
4	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	—	43
5	1,172	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,185	—	1,185
6	6,182	446	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,667	—	6,667
7	7,569	3,034	579	46	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,231	—	11,231
8	3,331	4,891	3,281	678	59	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,243	—	12,243
9	1,070	2,486	4,763	3,180	704	81	8	2	—	—	—	—	12,283	—	12,283
10	394	978	3,712	4,377	3,567	597	90	29	2	—	—	—	11,750	2	11,752
11	169	366	1,129	2,718	3,584	2,280	613	281	21	1	—	—	11,113	22	11,135
12	88	151	544	1,418	2,489	3,166	1,721	1,250	175	17	—	—	10,806	192	10,998
13	51	76	245	695	1,381	2,287	2,265	2,757	785	165	15	—	9,728	965	10,693
14	32	41	125	377	695	1,242	1,386	3,192	1,626	731	147	6	7,292	2,510	9,802
15	12	15	35	105	249	474	676	2,021	1,585	1,396	578	68	3,558	3,587	7,145
16	4	5	10	11	25	71	132	589	800	1,152	973	316	847	3,235	4,082
17	7	2	6	1	5	15	24	138	366	527	844	468	198	2,145	2,343
18	1	—	—	1	—	1	5	33	81	166	471	335	41	1,053	1,094
19	—	1	2	—	1	1	2	7	19	37	164	124	15	344	359
20	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	3	5	13	40	33	6	91	97
21	2	—	2	4	1	2	—	6	3	9	38	27	17	77	94
Total	30,129	12,512	13,443	13,592	11,793	10,190	7,067	10,357	5,408	4,171	3,270	1,371	99,053	14,223	113,276

ÉCOLES PRIMAIRES PUBLIQUES

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Distribution of Pupils by Age and Grade—Répartition des Éèves par Âge et par degré
46.—Boys in Alberta, 1930—Garçons dans l'Alberta, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
													Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII			
5	233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233	-	233
6	4 281	112	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 397	-	4 397
7	5 864	2 172	157	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 198	-	8 198
8	2 488	4 136	2 174	216	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 034	-	9 034
9	589	2 351	1 747	1 964	22	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 094	-	9 094
10	365	832	2 432	1 293	1 774	244	26	-	-	-	-	-	9 031	-	9 031
11	167	366	941	1 947	2 991	1 924	256	31	6	-	-	-	8 196	6	8 196
12	64	167	435	1 148	1 794	2 567	1 329	318	36	6	-	-	7 780	42	7 822
13	28	74	268	548	1 184	1 871	2 246	1 385	261	27	5	-	7 580	301	7 881
14	27	27	188	21	651	1 133	1 791	2 127	1 692	208	22	-	6 065	1 329	7 394
15	13	26	52	101	285	558	958	1 711	1 443	781	172	12	3 715	2 436	6 115
16	5	9	9	21	34	93	233	591	816	956	529	62	965	2 346	3 341
17	1	3	1	5	12	27	32	142	220	422	647	243	225	1 632	1 857
18	4	-	1	4	2	3	8	36	56	185	246	233	52	718	770
19	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	23	55	86	94	6	261	267
20	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	11	21	32	33	5	100	105
21	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	17	24	31	28	7	100	107
Total	14 128	10 241	10 192	9 614	8 957	8 013	6 845	5 364	4 650	2 683	1 739	710	74 354	9 222	83 586

47.—Girls in Alberta, 1930—Filles dans l'Alberta, 1930

Age	Elementary Grades Degrés élémentaires								Secondary Grades Degrés secondaires				Total		
													Elementary — Elémentaires	Secondary — Secondaires	Total
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII			
5	258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	258	-	258
6	3 981	171	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 157	-	4 157
7	5 344	2 257	213	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 818	-	7 818
8	2 373	4 665	2 492	226	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 986	-	8 986
9	911	1 947	3 717	2 182	305	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 990	-	8 990
10	305	719	2 913	3 579	2 053	298	26	4	-	-	-	-	9 995	-	9 995
11	98	255	746	1 796	3 108	1 766	282	36	9	-	-	-	8 651	9	8 660
12	51	113	296	859	1 526	2 804	1 476	354	466	7	1	-	7 483	54	7 537
13	22	53	164	491	976	1 689	2 362	1 751	369	35	7	-	7 402	411	7 813
14	17	24	96	143	411	929	1 718	2 434	1 281	238	54	1	5 822	1 554	7 376
15	7	17	37	93	207	358	793	1 682	1 249	1 069	247	17	3 195	3 073	6 268
16	7	4	5	25	23	62	139	615	1 165	1 282	826	101	877	3 314	4 191
17	1	2	3	6	7	17	30	166	421	629	745	280	226	2 085	2 311
18	4	-	-	-	-	-	9	38	80	218	394	299	58	991	1 049
19	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	15	75	126	121	10	331	341
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	40	32	34	6	117	123
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14	29	55	31	109	115
Total	13 179	9 730	9 659	9 368	8 670	7 917	6 839	7 083	5 099	3 622	2 441	986	72 442	12 048	84 490

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

SECONDARY EDUCATION ENSEIGNEMENT SECONDAIRE

GENERAL NOTE. Under Quebec are included more than the publicly controlled schools, for in the Catholic system, strictly speaking, all of the secondary schools (i.e., classical colleges, affiliated arts schools, and unaffiliated classical schools for boys) are outside of the provincially controlled group of "primary" schools. The complementary course in the latter is secondary in that term is understood in other provinces, but is not called secondary within Quebec where the term designates the set of schools preparing students for matriculation to university, professional courses, or applied to the "primary" studies which give the general training required for teachers, verifiers, admission to technical schools, etc. In the Protestant schools of Quebec and in the provincial school systems of all other provinces both these types of training are given in the high school grades of the unit of schools. The normal schools are also included below in Quebec as their courses last from two to four years, and provide general training the equivalent of the complementary course in the primary schools, plus teachers' professional training. (Some teachers obtain their training for a certificate in the ordinary primary schools, others in the normal schools.)

NOTE GÉNÉRALE. En Québec, ne figurent pas uniquement les écoles publiques subventionnées, les institutions catholiques proprement dites comprenant toutes les écoles secondaires collégiales, collèges, arts, collèges affiliés de filles et collèges non affiliés de garçons et sont en dehors de ce groupe des écoles primaires sous le contrôle de la province. Le cours complémentaire de ce dernier groupe équivaut à secondaire, comme on l'entend dans d'autres provinces, mais n'est pas ainsi désigné en Québec où le terme secondaire désigne les étudiants de l'Université, les cours universitaires, les études professionnelles, etc. Dans les écoles protestantes du Québec et dans les écoles publiques de toutes les autres provinces, ces deux genres de culture sont donnés dans les degrés de "high school" d'un seul groupe d'écoles. Les écoles normales sont aussi comprises en Québec, ces cours d'une durée de deux à quatre ans et procurant une culture équivalente au cours complémentaire des écoles primaires, en plus de la préparation professionnelle. Certains instituteurs se préparent à l'obtention du diplôme dans les écoles primaires ordinaires, autres que les écoles normales.

Statistics of the different types of schools doing work of High School Grade in each province, 1930 or latest year reported
48.—Types d'écoles où l'on professe les matières secondaires dans chaque province du Canada, chiffres de 1930 ou du dernier rapport

Institutions	Classifications	Secondary instructors			Secondary pupils by sex			Av. Attend. Fréq. moy.	Secondary pupils by grade					Institutions
		Instituteurs		Total	Élèves secondaires par sexe		Total		Élèves secondaires par degré					
		M.	F.		B.	G.			D.	G.	IX	X	XI	
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND— Île du Prince-Édouard— College Prince of Wales. Secondary Classrooms. Other Graded Schools doing H.S. work. One-room Schools doing H.S. work.	1	12	7	5	12	130	212	342	—	—	147	72	219	LE DU PRINCE-ÉDOUARD— College Prince of Wales. Classes secondaires. Autres classes multiples exerçant les trav. Écoles à classe unique exerçant les trav.
	17	19	11	8	19	131	218	347	160	187	—	—	347	
	32	32	18	14	32	98	112	210	101	179	—	—	280	
	394	62	24	26	50	33	612	642	515	481	—	—	996	
NOVA SCOTIA— High Schools. Village Schools doing H.S. work. One-room Schools doing H.S. work.	—	—	—	—	—	2,817	3,872	6,689	2,729	1,953	1,515	432	6,689	NOUVELLE-ÉCOSSE— High Schools. Écoles des villages exerçant les trav. sec. Écoles à classe unique exerçant les trav.
	219	—	—	—	—	2,114	4,112	6,226	3,039	2,305	908	28	6,226	
	1,687	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
NEW BRUNSWICK— Grammar Schools (H.S. rooms). Superior Schools (H.S. rooms). Other Graded Schools (H.S. rooms). One-room Schools doing H.S. work.	15	32	30	68	907	1,277	2,184	1,976	914	732	513	25	2,184	NOUVEL-BRUNSWICK— Écoles de grammaire (H.S. salles de classe). Écoles supérieures (H.S. salles de classe). Autres classes multiples (H.S. salles). Écoles à classe unique exerçant les trav.
	51	41	19	83	478	820	1,298	1,295	600	438	346	2	1,295	
	27	12	13	27	40	52	802	1,322	285	61	36	—	382	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61	248	18	1	1,680	

QUÉBEC		24	-	991	83	991	6,776	443	0,776	443	-	-	-	-	6,776	443	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Classical Colleges (affiliated)		10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Girls' affiliated schools		5	-	-	-	-	5,472	-	5,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Catholic Elementary Schools, Compulsory		613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Catholic Elementary Schools, Compulsory		19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Catholic Normal Schools		67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Protestant H.S. Schools		60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Protestant Intern. Schools		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
OSTROGOW		63	-	919	1,128	2,047	17,043	34,816	32,058	11,592	9,065	11,079	3,092	11,410	3,092	11,410	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Collegiate Institutes		142	-	-	-	-	12,494	22,665	20,428	8,313	6,021	6,375	1,656	22,665	1,656	22,665	Colleges classiques, affiliés
High Schools		214	-	107	288	453	8,323	9,957	8,349	3,551	2,711	1,033	75	9,357	9,357	9,357	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Dunlop School		81	-	848	345	891	12,153	23,227	20,017	13,672	6,857	3,148	398	23,227	398	23,227	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Full Classes		342	342	137	205	342	3,311	3,832	2,429	2,047	5,177	2,899	-	4,634	4,634	4,634	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Other Sch. doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
MANROBE		22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Collegiate Institutes		11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Collegiate Departments		47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Junior High Schools		12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Intermediate Schools		125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Other Sch. doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
SASKATCHEWAN		14	219	139	83	242	3,486	4,400	7,936	2,090	1,925	1,216	1,284	7,936	1,284	7,936	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Collegiate Institutes and High Schools		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Other Town and City Sec. Schools		16	-	-	-	-	1,733	2,318	2,466	1,183	1,083	708	4,221	2,466	4,221	2,466	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Village Schools doing H.S. work		818	-	-	-	-	2,076	4,176	7,135	2,166	2,028	298	7,135	7,135	7,135	7,135	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Rural Schools doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,12	1,586	335	27	5,120	5,120	5,120	5,120	Colleges classiques, affiliés
ALBERTA		107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Colleges classiques, affiliés
High Schools		-	-	-	-	-	4,610	6,759	11,296	3,473	2,129	1,284	11,296	11,296	11,296	11,296	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Other Graded S. doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	4,552	5,259	9,881	3,131	2,491	1,715	312	7,636	7,636	7,636	Colleges classiques, affiliés
One room S. doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,828	341	62	1	2,232	2,232	2,232	Colleges classiques, affiliés
BRITISH COLUMBIA		41	374	261	175	426	5,574	6,231	11,855	10,257	4,072	2,339	533	11,855	533	11,855	Colleges classiques, affiliés
High Schools in City Municipalities		14	-	43	38	81	828	1,198	2,476	1,706	685	401	45	2,676	2,676	2,676	Colleges classiques, affiliés
High Schools in Rural Districts		23	-	19	18	37	313	429	744	642	222	253	185	2	2	2	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Junior High Schools		7	-	-	-	-	-	-	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Superior Schools (Rural)		29	-	-	-	-	-	-	381	195	141	25	-	361	361	361	Colleges classiques, affiliés
Elementary Schools doing H.S. work		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187	130	57	-	-	187	187	187	Colleges classiques, affiliés

1 This figure includes 123 students in the 1st year who are in reality 2nd year university students. 2 As will be seen from the figures, the secondary classes include only such as devote at least half time to work of Secondary grade. Charlottetown is not included in 1930. 3 Exclusive of 3,231 in Form V not classed by Grade or sex. It is assumed that these 3,231 in Public and Separate Schools after mid summer and are included in the enrollment of the Secondary Schools. 4 This total includes 982 special pupils. 5 Not including technical and manual training teachers. 6 Continuation room only.

1 Ces chiffres incluent 123 étudiants de 3ème année, en réalité des étudiants de la 2ème année des universités. 2 Comme on le verra par ces chiffres, ces classes secondaires ne comprennent que celles où les élèves consacrent au moins la moitié de leur travail à des travaux secondaires. Charlottetown n'est pas comprise pour 1930. 3 Sans compter 3,231 dans la Forme V non classées par niveau ou sexe. Il est présumé que ces élèves ont quitté l'école primaire pour entrer aux écoles secondaires après les vacances d'été, et sont inclus dans les inscriptions à ces dernières. 4 Y compris 982 élèves spéciaux. 5 Ne comprennent pas les professeurs techniques et de travaux manuels. 6 Classe de continuation seulement.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

49.—Number of Pupils taking Certain Secondary Grade Subjects in Six Provinces, 1930
 49.—Elèves étudiant certaines matières de l'enseignement secondaire dans six provinces, en 1930

Subjects	New Scotia — Nouvelle- Écosse	New Brunswick — Nouveau- Brunswick	Ontario	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia — Colombie Britannique	Total	Matières
English....	12,626	3,947	91,573	6,880	8,881	19,709	136,756	Anglais.
History....	4,948	3,879	111,781	16,841	12,079	17,198	162,845	Histoire.
Geography....	2,786	—	32,777	3,771	1,919	4,629	50,424	Géographie.
Arith. and Mens....	3,488	3,017	37,874	1,865	2,714	14,794	68,882	Arith. et mens.
Geometry....	12,559	3,832	47,552	6,240	8,626	15,771	92,507	Algèbre.
Trigonometry....	6,526	3,879	35,960	5,866	6,737	15,388	74,395	Géométrie.
French....	1,251	494	4,532	1,927	265	515	8,412	Trigonométrie.
Spanish....	10,257	3,751	64,498	5,326	5,918	13,472	105,882	Français.
German....	20	—	276	—	—	—	302	Espagnol.
Latin....	724	—	2,828	131	52	53	3,858	Allemand.
Greek....	5,612	2,847	32,627	4,247	3,611	6,884	75,228	Latin.
Italian....	23	64	421	50	—	32	590	Grec.
Zoology....	—	—	10,607	—	—	—	—	Italian.
Botany....	—	—	14,187	543	—	—	11,150	Zoologie.
Chemistry....	3,525	24	13,640	2,099	2,722	202	18,481	Botanique.
Physics....	6,297	1,883	20,337	1,960	2,640	6,973	35,619	Chimie.
Book-keeping....	—	1,163	117,111	1,658	885	4,217	31,266	Physique.
Stenography....	—	—	15,462	1,120	1,647	2,865	16,518	Tenue des livres.
Typography....	—	—	15,966	1,154	1,675	4,557	29,569	Sténographie.
Business Law, etc....	—	—	4,444	1,119	65	991	22,257	Dactylographie.
Art....	4,672	1,056	17,089	1,308	1,580	7,922	5,619	Droit commercial, etc.
Physical Culture....	—	—	—	3,732	4,251	10,428	33,628	Art.
Agriculture....	—	—	9,173	498	1,041	464	29,467	Culture physique.
Manual Training....	—	—	7,773	1,124	25	—	11,179	Agriculture.
Household Science....	—	—	4,592	1,302	30	—	8,881	Travaux manuels.
Elementary Science....	—	2,410	—	3,675	3,670	—	8,824	Sciences ménagères.
Music....	—	—	2,060	1,622	86	—	9,755	Sciences élémentaires.
Military Drill....	—	—	—	1,486	1,693	3,687	7,435	Musique.
Physiology....	—	1,161	—	4,294	—	3,941	3,489	Exercices militaires.
Pract. Mathematics....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,386	Physiologie.
Economics....	1,906	—	—	—	—	—	—	Mathémat. prat.
Total classified....	12,915	3,947	91,420	7,956	11,399	19,709	147,356	Economie publique.
								Total des élèves ainsi classifiés

¹ Can. History. For other History see Tables 56 and 58.

² Approximate only. See Tables 54 and 60.

³ Including Continuation, High Schools, Collegiate Institutes and Day Vocational full time pupils.

GENERAL NOTE.—The number taking the above listed subjects include all pupils of secondary grade in N.B.; secondary pupils enrolled during the second term in N.B.; pupils in secondary schools only and including secondary pupils in other than secondary schools in Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. The totals given at the foot of the table show the total enrolment in the schools represented. The number of secondary pupils not represented may be found by subtracting the above totals from the totals in H.S. Grades given in Table 6.

¹ Histoire du Canada: pour les autres formes de l'histoire, voir tableau 56 et 58.

² Approximativement seulement. Voir tableaux 54 et 60.

³ Y compris les élèves réguliers des écoles de continuation, des "high schools", des instituts collégiaux et des écoles professionnelles.

NOTE.—Les élèves étudiant les matières ci-dessus énumérées comprennent tous les élèves de l'enseignement secondaire en Nouvelle-Écosse, tous les élèves de l'enseignement secondaire inscrits durant le second semestre au Nouveau Brunswick et les élèves des écoles secondaires seulement à l'exclusion de ceux qui reçoivent l'enseignement secondaire dans des écoles autres que des écoles secondaires dans l'Ontario, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta et la Colombie Britannique. Les totaux du bas du tableau indiquent la totalité des élèves inscrits aux écoles qui nous occupent. Le nombre des élèves de l'enseignement secondaire non représentés se peut être obtenu en soustrayant les totaux ci-dessus des totaux des élèves de "high schools" donnés dans le tableau 6.

Secondary Grades: Number of Pupils by Subjects of Study, 1911-1920 - Desirés secondaires: Nombre d'élèves dans chaque matière, 1911-1920

29-11-1944

[illegible]

1911-1912

	1875	1880	1892	1899	2,000	2,101	2,104	2,043	2,143	2,226	2,686	3,531	3,274	3,445	3,441	3,211	3,721	3,775	3,647
English	1,801	1,859	1,963	2,137	2,264	2,337	2,094	2,038	2,088	2,217	2,588	3,531	3,274	3,445	3,441	3,211	3,721	3,775	3,647
Algebra	1,501	1,559	1,663	1,837	1,964	2,037	1,801	1,744	1,794	2,017	2,388	3,241	2,984	3,155	3,151	2,921	3,431	3,485	3,357
Arithmetic	501	519	563	637	764	837	601	544	594	717	1,088	1,531	1,274	1,445	1,441	1,211	1,721	1,775	1,647
Physics	601	679	749	849	949	1,049	813	756	806	929	1,300	1,841	1,584	1,755	1,751	1,521	2,031	2,085	1,957
Geography	1,885	1,908	1,944	2,000	2,056	2,112	1,936	1,879	1,939	2,062	2,433	3,284	3,027	3,198	3,194	2,964	3,474	3,528	3,400
History	1,885	1,908	1,944	2,000	2,056	2,112	1,936	1,879	1,939	2,062	2,433	3,284	3,027	3,198	3,194	2,964	3,474	3,528	3,400
Botany	785	821	877	951	1,025	1,100	848	791	841	964	1,335	1,876	1,619	1,790	1,786	1,556	2,066	2,120	1,992
Drawing	1,705	1,741	1,819	1,947	2,087	2,228	1,992	1,935	1,995	2,118	2,489	3,340	3,083	3,254	3,250	3,020	3,530	3,584	3,456
French	1,214	1,252	1,343	1,471	1,611	1,752	1,516	1,459	1,519	1,642	1,993	2,844	2,587	2,758	2,754	2,524	3,034	3,088	2,960
Geometry	1,876	1,932	2,036	2,164	2,304	2,445	2,209	2,152	2,212	2,335	2,706	3,557	3,300	3,471	3,467	3,237	3,747	3,801	3,673
Latin	1,386	1,434	1,548	1,687	1,847	2,007	1,771	1,714	1,774	1,897	2,268	3,119	2,862	3,033	3,029	2,799	3,309	3,363	3,235
Chemistry	225	248	271	304	337	370	283	266	289	342	455	606	509	570	566	436	586	600	572
Books Reading	908	945	982	1,048	1,114	1,180	1,014	957	1,023	1,146	1,517	2,058	1,801	1,972	1,968	1,738	2,248	2,302	2,174
Translating	31	15	71	81	101	68	53	71	22	72	45	11	4	10	11	3	34	38	26
Trigonometry	151	168	185	202	219	236	202	195	212	229	274	354	307	324	320	290	340	344	326
Greek	631	688	745	802	859	916	750	693	749	872	1,123	1,513	1,256	1,427	1,423	1,193	1,703	1,757	1,629
Physiology	151	168	185	202	219	236	202	195	212	229	274	354	307	324	320	290	340	344	326
General Science	1,835	1,868	1,901	1,934	1,967	2,000	1,833	1,776	1,836	1,959	2,330	3,181	2,924	3,095	3,091	2,861	3,371	3,425	3,297
Total classified	1,835	1,868	1,901	1,934	1,967	2,000	1,833	1,776	1,836	1,959	2,330	3,181	2,924	3,095	3,091	2,861	3,371	3,425	3,297
Total unclassified	1,835	1,868	1,901	1,934	1,967	2,000	1,833	1,776	1,836	1,959	2,330	3,181	2,924	3,095	3,091	2,861	3,371	3,425	3,297

Total charged

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

52.—Ontario High Schools and Collegiate Institutes and Day Vocational Schools: Number of pupils by Subjects of Study, 1911-1929
 53.—Ontario—Hautes écoles, Instituts Collégiaux et Écoles professionnelles: nombre d'élèves dans chaque matière d'enseignement, 1911-1929

Subject	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916-17	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	Matteries
Eng. Composition	21,040	31,037	38,375	41,151	47,314	52,358	59,890	61,090	64,201	65,781	67,634	69,147	71,302	73,302	75,302	77,302	79,302	81,302	83,302	Comp. anglaise.
English Literature	31,061	41,179	52,155	63,181	74,207	85,233	96,259	107,285	118,311	129,337	140,363	151,389	162,415	173,441	184,467	195,493	206,519	217,545	228,571	Comp. anglaise.
Algebra	28,177	38,247	48,317	58,387	68,457	78,527	88,597	98,667	108,737	118,807	128,877	138,947	149,017	159,087	169,157	179,227	189,297	199,367	209,437	Algèbre
Geometry	25,111	35,181	45,251	55,321	65,391	75,461	85,531	95,601	105,671	115,741	125,811	135,881	145,951	156,021	166,091	176,161	186,231	196,301	206,371	Arithmétique
Physics	24,723	34,793	44,863	54,933	64,003	74,073	84,143	94,213	104,283	114,353	124,423	134,493	144,563	154,633	164,703	174,773	184,843	194,913	204,983	Physique
Arithmetic	24,083	34,153	44,223	54,293	64,363	74,433	84,503	94,573	104,643	114,713	124,783	134,853	144,923	154,993	165,063	175,133	185,203	195,273	205,343	Arithmétique
Canadian History	23,726	33,796	43,866	53,936	64,006	74,076	84,146	94,216	104,286	114,356	124,426	134,496	144,566	154,636	164,706	174,776	184,846	194,916	204,986	Canadian History
British History	23,313	33,383	43,453	53,523	63,593	73,663	83,733	93,803	103,873	113,943	124,013	134,083	144,153	154,223	164,293	174,363	184,433	194,503	204,573	British History
English Grammar	23,414	33,484	43,554	53,624	63,694	73,764	83,834	93,904	103,974	114,044	124,114	134,184	144,254	154,324	164,394	174,464	184,534	194,604	204,674	Grammaire anglaise
Latin	21,446	31,516	41,586	51,656	61,726	71,796	81,866	91,936	102,006	112,076	122,146	132,216	142,286	152,356	162,426	172,496	182,566	192,636	202,706	Latin
Geography	20,684	30,754	40,824	50,894	60,964	71,034	81,104	91,174	101,244	111,314	121,384	131,454	141,524	151,594	161,664	171,734	181,804	191,874	201,944	Geographie
French	19,061	29,131	39,201	49,271	59,341	69,411	79,481	89,551	99,621	109,691	119,761	129,831	139,901	149,971	159,041	169,111	179,181	189,251	199,321	Français
Chemistry	16,536	26,606	36,676	46,746	56,816	66,886	76,956	87,026	97,096	107,166	117,236	127,306	137,376	147,446	157,516	167,586	177,656	187,726	197,796	Chimie
Art	16,254	26,324	36,394	46,464	56,534	66,604	76,674	86,744	96,814	106,884	116,954	127,024	137,094	147,164	157,234	167,304	177,374	187,444	197,514	Art
Industry	14,651	24,721	34,791	44,861	54,931	64,001	74,071	84,141	94,211	104,281	114,351	124,421	134,491	144,561	154,631	164,701	174,771	184,841	194,911	Industrie
Zoology	14,210	24,280	34,350	44,420	54,490	64,560	74,630	84,700	94,770	104,840	114,910	124,980	135,050	145,120	155,190	165,260	175,330	185,400	195,470	Zoologie
Botany	14,051	24,121	34,191	44,261	54,331	64,401	74,471	84,541	94,611	104,681	114,751	124,821	134,891	144,961	155,031	165,101	175,171	185,241	195,311	Botanique
Book Keeping	9,817	14,887	19,957	25,027	30,097	35,167	40,237	45,307	50,377	55,447	60,517	65,587	70,657	75,727	80,797	85,867	90,937	96,007	101,077	Comptabilité
German	3,024	8,094	13,164	18,234	23,304	28,374	33,444	38,514	43,584	48,654	53,724	58,794	63,864	68,934	74,004	79,074	84,144	89,214	94,284	Allemand
Stenography	3,749	8,819	13,889	18,959	24,029	29,099	34,169	39,239	44,309	49,379	54,449	59,519	64,589	69,659	74,729	79,799	84,869	89,939	95,009	Sténographie
Typewriting	3,025	8,095	13,165	18,235	23,305	28,375	33,445	38,515	43,585	48,655	53,725	58,795	63,865	68,935	74,005	79,075	84,145	89,215	94,285	Dactylographie
Household Science	2,564	7,634	12,704	17,774	22,844	27,914	32,984	38,054	43,124	48,194	53,264	58,334	63,404	68,474	73,544	78,614	83,684	88,754	93,824	Science domestique
Trigonometry	1,921	6,991	12,061	17,131	22,201	27,271	32,341	37,411	42,481	47,551	52,621	57,691	62,761	67,831	72,901	77,971	83,041	88,111	93,181	Trigonométrie
Manual Training	1,851	6,921	11,991	17,061	22,131	27,201	32,271	37,341	42,411	47,481	52,551	57,621	62,691	67,761	72,831	77,901	82,971	88,041	93,111	Enseignement manuel
Modern History	1,481	6,551	11,621	16,691	21,761	26,831	31,901	36,971	42,041	47,111	52,181	57,251	62,321	67,391	72,461	77,531	82,601	87,671	92,741	Histoire moderne
Monetary	1,251	6,321	11,391	16,461	21,531	26,601	31,671	36,741	41,811	46,881	51,951	57,021	62,091	67,161	72,231	77,301	82,371	87,441	92,511	Monnaie
Greek	709	2,079	3,149	4,219	5,289	6,359	7,429	8,499	9,569	10,639	11,709	12,779	13,849	14,919	15,989	17,059	18,129	19,199	20,269	Grec
Art (Middle School)	666	1,636	2,706	3,776	4,846	5,916	6,986	8,056	9,126	10,196	11,266	12,336	13,406	14,476	15,546	16,616	17,686	18,756	19,826	Art (École moyenne)
Agriculture	551	1,521	2,591	3,661	4,731	5,801	6,871	7,941	9,011	10,081	11,151	12,221	13,291	14,361	15,431	16,501	17,571	18,641	19,711	Agriculture
Stenography	114	1,084	2,154	3,224	4,294	5,364	6,434	7,504	8,574	9,644	10,714	11,784	12,854	13,924	14,994	16,064	17,134	18,204	19,274	Sténographie
History and Civics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Histoire et Citoyenneté
Commercial Law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Droit commercial
Total classified	82,237	122,271	159,740	196,466	233,426	270,386	307,346	344,306	381,266	418,226	455,186	492,146	529,106	566,066	603,026	640,000	676,960	713,920	750,880	Total classifié

* Includes only General Chemistry. * Only Elementary Drawing of Vocational Art Subjects is included. The Regular Art Courses of the day vocational schools in 1929 included 26 Art Subjects, including only Home Economics and General Woodwork, in the Day Vocational Schools. * Includes only Commercial Law in the Vocational Schools.

Subjects, including only Home Economics and General Woodwork, in the Day Vocational Schools. * Includes only Commercial Law in the Vocational Schools. * Includes only Commercial Law in the Vocational Schools.

* Includes only Commercial Chemistry. * Only Elementary Drawing of Vocational Art Subjects is included. The Regular Art Courses of the day vocational schools in 1929 included 26 Art Subjects, including only Home Economics and General Woodwork, in the Day Vocational Schools. * Includes only Commercial Law in the Vocational Schools.

* Includes only Commercial Chemistry. * Only Elementary Drawing of Vocational Art Subjects is included. The Regular Art Courses of the day vocational schools in 1929 included 26 Art Subjects, including only Home Economics and General Woodwork, in the Day Vocational Schools. * Includes only Commercial Law in the Vocational Schools.

32. Ontario—Continuation Schools: Number of pupils by subjects of study 1911-1928
 33. Ontario—Écoles de continuation: Nombre d'élèves dans chaque matière d'enseignement, 1911-1928

Subject	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916-17	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	Matières
Eng. Composition	5,610	5,391	5,421	5,935	6,434	5,039	5,651	4,979	5,110	5,797	7,358	8,628	9,214	9,771	10,171	9,531	9,857	9,536	9,196	Comp. anglaise
English Literature	5,697	5,688	5,455	5,985	6,588	5,090	5,679	4,911	5,191	5,728	7,127	8,611	9,210	9,771	10,171	9,531	9,857	9,536	9,196	Littérature anglaise
Algebra	5,124	5,024	5,031	5,992	6,436	5,016	5,630	4,911	5,082	5,728	7,127	8,611	9,210	9,771	10,171	9,531	9,857	9,536	9,196	Algèbre
Physical Culture	1,662	1,977	2,504	3,327	4,326	4,992	5,662	6,331	6,999	7,668	8,337	8,999	9,668	10,337	11,006	11,675	12,344	13,013	13,682	Culture physique
Geography	5,417	5,732	4,220	3,635	3,051	2,466	1,881	1,296	707	1,296	2,466	3,635	4,804	5,973	7,142	8,311	9,480	10,649	11,818	Géographie
Physics	5,236	5,796	5,234	4,717	4,199	3,681	3,163	2,645	2,127	1,609	1,091	573	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	Physique
Art and Music	4,326	4,478	4,055	4,488	4,921	5,354	5,787	6,220	6,653	7,086	7,519	7,952	8,385	8,818	9,251	9,684	10,117	10,550	10,983	Arts (voies moyen)
Canadian History	5,421	5,844	6,267	6,690	7,113	7,536	7,959	8,382	8,805	9,228	9,651	10,074	10,497	10,920	11,343	11,766	12,189	12,612	13,035	Arts (voies moyen)
British History	5,421	5,844	6,267	6,690	7,113	7,536	7,959	8,382	8,805	9,228	9,651	10,074	10,497	10,920	11,343	11,766	12,189	12,612	13,035	Arts (voies moyen)
English Grammar	4,385	4,681	4,055	4,488	4,921	5,354	5,787	6,220	6,653	7,086	7,519	7,952	8,385	8,818	9,251	9,684	10,117	10,550	10,983	Hist. d'Angleterre
Latin	4,385	4,681	4,055	4,488	4,921	5,354	5,787	6,220	6,653	7,086	7,519	7,952	8,385	8,818	9,251	9,684	10,117	10,550	10,983	Hist. d'Angleterre
French	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Géographie
Geography	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Géographie
Chemistry	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Chimie
Art	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
History	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,295	5,423	5,551	5,679	5,807	5,935	Arts
Book-keeping	3,994	4,065	3,887	4,015	4,143	4,271	4,399	4,527	4,655	4,783	4,911	5,039	5,167	5,						

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

54.—Saskatchewan and Alberta Secondary Schools: Number of Pupils by Subjects of Study, 1922-1930

54.—Saskatchewan et Alberta: Ecoles secondaires: Nombre d'élèves dans chaque matière, 1922-1930

Subjects	Saskatchewan									Matières
	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	
English	4,518	4,600	4,532	6,382	6,522	6,352	6,570	6,231	6,890	Anglais
Algebra	1,260	4,535	4,139	6,077	6,215	5,761	5,629	5,727	6,240	Algèbre
Arithmetic	4,652	4,670	5,000	4,800	4,410	4,500	4,725	4,416	4,800	Arithmétique
Physics	1,404	1,711	2,140	2,394	1,899	2,090	2,237	1,917	1,960	Physique
Geography	1,547	1,706	2,189	1,899	2,342	3,225	3,085	3,045	2,571	Géographie
History	2,952	4,449	3,394	6,045	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire
Ancient	—	—	—	—	2,020	1,768	1,695	1,899	3,634	Ancienne
British	—	—	—	—	4,998	3,992	3,770	3,413	3,922	De la Grande-Bretagne
Canadian	—	—	—	—	3,531	2,704	3,007	2,675	2,969	Du Canada
Med. and Modern	—	—	—	—	1,410	1,324	1,017	996	1,894	Du M.-Age et moderne
Drawing	1,413	1,172	1,632	1,067	1,565	1,307	1,190	1,374	1,368	Dessin
Biological	802	765	520	769	567	475	499	540	540	Biologique
French	3,690	3,716	4,500	4,899	5,272	5,022	4,916	5,530	5,530	Français
Geometry	3,973	4,559	6,100	5,806	5,457	5,800	5,392	5,464	5,890	Géométrie
Latin	3,039	3,318	3,481	3,582	4,009	3,761	3,651	3,832	4,247	Latin
Chemistry	1,294	1,520	2,334	2,497	2,425	2,500	2,419	2,140	2,000	Chimie
German	97	29	111	101	69	370	80	125	131	Allemand
Calculus	1,248	1,011	1,389	1,284	1,288	1,630	1,601	1,332	1,486	Calcul
Music	533	1,740	1,421	818	1,311	1,045	1,363	1,419	1,622	Musique
Home Science	895	789	1,030	908	1,271	1,244	1,301	1,073	1,302	Science ménagère
Manual Training	444	378	462	534	500	585	600	583	1,038	Travaux manuels
Trigonometry	—	—	—	—	1,170	1,144	1,200	894	1,123	Trigonométrie
Stenography	340	430	686	759	800	780	720	900	1,027	Sténographie
Greek	4	—	10	10	10	177	4	15	50	Grec
Agriculture	572	552	1,862	1,249	1,516	1,522	1,605	830	498	Agriculture
Zoology	128	104	217	300	—	—	—	—	—	Zoologie
Physiology and Hygiene	4,117	3,685	4,856	3,901	3,851	3,807	3,604	3,990	4,294	Physiologie et hygiène
Physical Training	3,874	3,192	4,922	4,694	4,428	4,369	5,200	4,932	5,723	Culture physique
Typewriting	271	267	445	541	570	644	728	999	1,130	Dactylographie
Industrial Work	600	551	674	945	—	—	—	—	—	Travail industriel
General Science	2,632	3,147	3,490	2,888	3,104	3,007	2,917	2,948	3,670	Sciences générales
Business Law	—	—	—	—	307	508	650	760	1,119	Droit commercial
Mechanical drawing	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dessin industriel
Total classified	4,798	5,739	6,744	6,756	7,157	6,927	7,081	7,341	7,950	Total ainsi classifié

Subjects	Alberta									Matières
	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	
English	5,748	5,241	7,124	7,089	7,571	7,760	9,137	8,811	8,881	Anglais
Algebra	5,446	5,223	6,876	7,089	6,015	6,104	6,864	7,179	8,036	Algèbre
Arithmetic	3,894	3,469	1,780	2,254	1,664	2,083	1,983	1,783	2,719	Arithmétique
Physics	5,228	1,296	2,140	2,066	2,271	2,600	2,991	2,537	2,980	Physique
Geography	1,500	1,817	2,145	1,100	1,094	1,304	1,332	1,422	1,610	Géographie
History	—	—	5,981	6,172	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire
Ancient	—	—	—	—	2,928	3,060	3,629	3,703	3,794	Ancienne
British	—	—	—	—	2,219	2,358	1,995	1,768	2,717	De la Gr.-Bretagne
Canadian	—	—	—	—	1,550	1,547	1,767	1,855	2,079	Du Canada
Medieval and Modern	—	—	—	—	151	782	702	821	855	Du M.-Age et moderne
Drawing	2,873	3,077	2,041	1,764	1,888	1,782	2,000	2,042	1,780	Dessin
Biological	1,996	—	—	—	—	19	194	40	53	Biologique
French	3,123	1,572	2,973	2,857	4,028	4,063	5,100	5,990	5,618	Français
Geometry	5,336	5,266	6,818	6,717	5,977	5,447	5,881	6,148	6,707	Géométrie
Latin	2,000	1,900	2,317	1,028	1,776	2,144	2,442	3,484	3,484	Latin
Chemistry	1,703	1,250	1,638	2,171	1,674	1,615	1,890	1,804	2,722	Chimie
German	71	31	50	62	23	27	30	194	50	Allemand
Calculus	1,652	1,000	1,084	1,713	1,000	1,170	1,288	826	1,500	Calcul
Music	369	741	201	180	152	96	244	363	60	Musique
Home Science	1,306	627	67	41	48	26	35	71	30	Science ménagère
Manual Training	801	578	—	168	63	41	41	72	25	Travaux manuels
Trigonometry	425	371	561	540	639	691	786	772	869	Trigonométrie
Stenography	512	317	541	638	661	742	691	811	1,067	Sténographie
Greek	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Grec
Agriculture	944	808	1,307	1,931	1,341	1,040	894	795	1,041	Agriculture
Zoology	3,892	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Zoologie
Physiology and Hygiene	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Physiologie et hygiène
Physical Training	3,520	3,282	2,825	2,970	2,800	3,000	5,200	6,000	4,284	Culture physique
Typewriting	518	520	544	955	978	777	921	817	1,072	Dactylographie
Industrial Work	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Travail industriel
General Science	1,092	3,877	4,638	4,320	3,018	3,098	3,435	3,381	3,670	Sciences générales
Business Law	151	67	174	138	229	19	19	25	65	Droit commercial
Mechanical Drawing	695	—	23	90	65	38	55	76	10	Dessin industriel
Total classified	6,217	5,790	7,878	8,398	8,712	9,209	10,127	10,738	11,599	Total ainsi classifié

* British History only—Histoire de la Grande-Bretagne seulement.

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES: ENSEIGNEMENT SECONDAIRE

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55.—British Columbia High Schools: Number of Pupils by Subjects of Study, 1918-29
55.—Colombie Britannique: Hautes Écoles: Nombre d'élèves dans chaque matière, 1918-29

Subject	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1927	1928	1929	1930	Matières
English Lit.	5,150	5,806	6,505	7,224	8,506	1,154	1,831	10,439	13,450	15,700	20,011	19,549	Littérature anglaise.
English Comp.	5,150	5,806	6,505	7,224	8,506	9,169	9,830	10,439	13,481	15,813	20,011	19,709	Composition anglaise.
Algebra	5,150	5,251	5,608	5,282	7,400	8,158	8,004	9,241	11,515	12,795	15,450	15,771	Algèbre.
Geometry	4,246	4,729	5,609	151	7,241	7,250	8,778	9,124	10,551	12,752	12,424	15,488	Géométrie.
Latin	4,199	3,991	4,108	4,274	4,950	5,496	5,377	5,524	6,000	7,178	6,922	6,881	Latin.
French	4,188	4,036	5,030	5,677	5,227	7,351	7,488	8,034	9,812	11,284	12,901	13,471	Français.
Arithmetic	3,560	3,409	3,521	3,407	5,235	5,550	7,881	9,217	10,994	12,002	15,444	14,730	Arithmétique.
Drawing	1,810	2,474	2,624	2,670	7,721	8,812	7,797	3,836	5,190	4,616	8,252	7,921	Dessin.
Chemistry	732	1,078	2,419	4,179	4,431	4,710	3,737	3,918	5,024	5,706	5,998	5,978	Chimie.
Botany	1,390	1,400	1,818	2,224	2,671	2,621	3,421	3,301	5,419	4,811	1,881	202	Botanique.
Domestic Science	1,152	1,250	1,225	1,448	1,794	1,741	1,767	1,980	2,335	2,782	-	-	Science ménagère.
Woodwork	1,037	1,115	1,243	1,389	1,914	1,659	1,748	1,982	2,780	5,231	4,935	5,221	Menuiserie.
Typewriting	801	870	941	965	990	1,136	847	1,219	2,111	2,591	3,015	4,005	Dactylographie.
Stenography	812	800	940	965	968	1,135	841	1,222	2,044	1,302	2,779	2,901	Sténographie.
Book-keeping	802	880	938	970	970	1,110	871	1,208	1,950	1,767	5,802	2,800	Tenue de livres.
Physics	1,700	2,321	1,965	2,735	1,147	3,162	2,270	2,300	3,288	3,514	3,564	4,217	Physique.
Commercial Law	378	491	517	810	598	629	420	225	702	444	1,118	991	Droit Com. et loi. lig.
Geography	930	1,250	1,188	1,850	1,188	1,028	635	613	1,200	3,164	4,489	4,020	Géographie.
Trigonometry	77	90	128	91	130	148	170	105	280	200	391	518	Trigonométrie.
Agriculture	190	210	91	105	371	334	297	412	507	515	510	404	Agriculture.
Mechanics	109	221	-	-	440	406	391	475	585	1,218	1,044	1,115	Mécanique.
German	6	8	-	-	16	25	25	-	32	9	52	82	Allemand.
Physiology	24	-	-	104	97	121	-	-	531	2,200	3,570	3,941	Physiologie.
General History	710	1,031	988	788	1,125	4,020	9,306	9,907	12,014	13,994	17,519	17,108	Histoire générale.
Canadian Civics	-	1,068	1,283	1,410	1,188	1,209	902	473	1,100	3,460	3,620	7,510	Droit civique.
Greek	6	22	-	-	75	171	11	-	14	52	24	32	Grec.
Economics	-	-	-	55	71	74	92	-	244	325	480	771	Économie publique.
Stat. Law	-	-	-	55	71	107	116	432	-	-	-	-	Droit constitutionnel.
Metal Work	-	205	209	420	941	530	625	720	1,281	3,365	3,899	3,600	Métallurgie.
Machine Shop	-	-	-	304	403	425	415	471	683	1,422	1,212	1,400	Mécanique.
Biology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	Biologie.
Music	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181	1,943	3,750	3,687	Musique.
Magnetism and Elect.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547	1,700	2,518	2,608	Magnétisme et élect.
Physical Culture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,710	7,317	8,228	10,423	Culture physique.
Printing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	325	-	-	-	Imprimerie.
General Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,328	3,778	4,694	7,052	Science générale.
Commerce, Business	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402	500	940	1,700	Correspondance commerciale.
Correspond. and Filmg.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,080	1,242	3,384	3,727	Art culia et distennue.
Dietetics and Cook.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,245	1,541	4,073	4,144	Cuisine et l'anglais et couture.
Needle work and Dressmaking.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drafting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,067	2,641	3,249	3,300	Cartographie.
*Total classified...	5,150	5,806	6,536	7,259	8,634	9,220	9,889	10,597	12,803	16,259	20,011	19,709	*Total classifiés.

* Includes General History only up to 1925. * Includes Junior High Schools and Senior Schools from 1927.
* Histoire générale, 1918-1923. * Inclus, "Junior High Schools" et écoles supérieures depuis 1927.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

54.—Nova Scotia Secondary Schools: Number of Pupils by Grades and Subjects of Study, 1930

56.—Écoles secondaires de la Nouvelle-Écosse: Élèves par degrés et matières enseignées, 1930

Subjects	Grade IX Degré IX		Grade X Degré X		Grade XI Degré XI		Grade XII Degré XII		Total	Matières
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls		
	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles		
English.....	2,381	3,284	1,400	2,080	882	1,390	154	240	12,026	Anglais.
Latin.....	1,101	1,671	519	1,116	354	580	105	160	5,612	Latin.
French.....	1,905	2,360	1,073	2,187	686	1,301	139	251	10,284	Français.
Geography.....	—	—	1,260	2,470	—	—	—	—	3,736	Géographie.
Drawing.....	1,070	2,604	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,673	Dessin.
Botany.....	1,505	1,912	—	—	—	—	27	81	3,625	Botanique.
Physics.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	89	100	150	Physique.
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Agriculture.
Arithmetic.....	2,352	3,137	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,489	Arithmétique.
Algebra.....	2,363	3,264	1,367	2,630	865	1,542	143	182	12,356	Algèbre.
Cadets.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Exercices militaires.
Greek.....	—	—	4	10	5	1	3	—	23	Grec.
German.....	—	—	113	294	88	185	25	57	794	Allemand.
Spanish.....	—	—	6	20	—	—	—	—	26	Espagnol.
History, Canadian.....	—	—	1,407	2,081	—	—	—	—	4,088	Histoire du Canada.
History, British.....	2,350	3,232	—	—	1,880	1,587	—	—	8,078	Histoire de la Gr.- Bretagne.
History, Mediaeval and modern.....	—	—	—	—	7	5	152	236	400	Histoire du moyen âge et moderne.
Geometry.....	—	—	1,366	2,534	853	1,454	144	175	6,526	Géométrie.
Pract. Mathematics.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Math. prat.
Chemistry.....	—	—	1,307	2,404	836	1,431	126	194	6,297	Chimie.
Trigonometry.....	—	—	—	—	314	622	123	192	1,351	Trigonométrie.
Economics.....	—	—	—	—	650	1,041	76	130	1,960	Économie politique.
Total enrolment.....	2,431	3,327	1,448	2,748	881	1,600	171	309	12,915	Total des inscriptions.

1 General History—1 Histoire générale.

57.—New Brunswick Secondary Schools: Number of Pupils by Grades and Subjects of Study, 1930

57.—Écoles secondaires du Nouveau-Brunswick: Élèves par degrés et par matières enseignées, 1930

Subjects	Grade—Degrés					Matières
	IX	X	XI	XII	Total	
English.....	1,964	1,153	805	25	3,947	Anglais.
Latin.....	1,360	835	621	29	2,847	Latin.
Greek.....	32	21	11	—	64	Grec.
French.....	1,847	1,108	784	25	3,764	Français.
Arithmetic.....	1,941	1,076	—	—	3,017	Arithmétique.
Geometry.....	1,914	1,144	796	25	3,879	Géométrie.
Algebra.....	1,925	1,135	792	—	3,852	Algèbre.
Book-keeping.....	—	—	—	—	—	Tenue des livres.
Trigonometry.....	—	—	80	24	104	Trigonométrie.
History and Geography.....	1,906	1,154	813	25	3,898	Histoire et géographie.
Drawing.....	1,066	—	—	—	1,066	Dessin.
Physics.....	—	784	379	—	1,163	Physique.
Physiology and Hygiene.....	—	704	45	—	1,061	Physiologie et hygiène.
Chemistry.....	—	1,073	780	24	1,885	Chimie.
Botany.....	—	—	—	24	24	Botanique.
General Science.....	1,718	692	—	—	2,410	Science générale.
Total Enrolment.....	1,964	1,153	805	25	3,947	Total des inscriptions.

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES: ENSEIGNEMENT SECONDAIRE

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38.—Ontario Secondary Schools: Number of pupils by grades and subjects of Study, 1930
39.—Ontario—Écoles secondaires: nombre dans chaque degré et matière d'enseignement, 1930

Subject	High Schools and Collegiate Institutes Hautes écoles et Instituts Collégiaux				Continuation Schools Écoles de continuation			Grand Total	Matières
	Lower School Cours inférieur	Mobile School Cours moyen	Upper School Cours supérieur	Total	Lower School Cours inférieur	Mobile School Cours moyen	Upper School Cours supérieur		
English Composition	33,869	13,516	5,215	52,602	6,269	2,898	176	9,196	Composition anglaise.
English Literature	33,497	14,047	3,416	50,960	6,458	2,858	99	9,415	Littérature anglaise.
Algebra	18,516	10,356	4,412	33,284	3,759	1,693	34	5,486	Algèbre.
Geometry	13,840	8,571	3,889	26,300	2,689	1,712	29	4,431	Géométrie.
Physics	13,928	8,272	2,014	24,214	2,831	1,607	1	4,439	Physique.
Arithmetic	19,374	10,167	—	29,541	3,661	1,575	—	5,236	Arithmétique.
Canadian History	13,313	—	—	13,313	2,561	—	—	3,874	Histoire du Canada.
British History	28,578	13,962	3,898	46,438	5,411	1,457	—	6,868	Histoire d'Angleterre.
French Grammar	17,083	14,368	3,877	35,328	3,557	1,628	—	5,185	Grammaire française.
French	30,806	8,913	1,668	41,387	5,760	1,628	—	7,388	Français.
Geography	13,276	—	—	13,276	3,582	—	—	4,864	Géographie.
Chemistry	10,545	—	—	10,545	2,901	—	—	3,846	Chimie.
Art	7,344	—	—	7,344	2,569	—	—	3,846	Art.
Botany	174	—	—	174	—	—	—	174	Botanique.
Zoology	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Zoologie.
Book-keeping	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Comptabilité.
Ancient History	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire ancienne.
German	1,016	—	—	1,016	—	—	—	1,016	Allemand.
Stenography	2,713	—	—	2,713	—	—	—	2,713	Dactylographie.
Typewriting	1,901	—	—	1,901	—	—	—	1,901	Sténographie.
Household Science	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sciences domestiques.
Trigonometry	1,966	—	—	1,966	—	—	—	1,966	Trigonométrie.
Manual Training	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Travaux manuels.
Modern History	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire moderne.
Greek	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Grec.
Art (Middle School)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Art (cours moyen).
Agriculture	6,276	1,455	99	7,830	716	136	—	8,682	Agriculture.
Spanish	196	—	—	196	—	—	—	196	Espagnol.
Physiology	14,566	—	—	14,566	2,697	—	—	17,263	Physiologie.
Commercial Law	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Droit commercial.
Commercial	3,016	331	16	3,363	86	105	—	3,554	Commerciales.
Music	1,848	—	—	1,848	217	—	—	2,065	Musique.
Commercial Canadian History	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire commerciale canadienne.
Commercial British History	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Histoire commerciale britannique.
Business Arithmetic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Arithmétique commerciale.
Economics and History of Commerce	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Économie politique et histoire du commerce.
Commercial English	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Anglais commercial.
Total classified	34,926	16,359	5,051	56,336	6,263	3,080	75	9,418	Total classifié.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

63.—Alberta Secondary Schools: Number of pupils by subjects of study, 1930
60.—Ecoles secondaires de l'Alberta: Elèves par degrés et par matières enseignées, en 1930

Subject	Grade IX Degré IX		Grade X Degré X		Grade XI Degré XI		Grade XII Degré XII		Totals by Sex Totaux par sexe		Grand Total	Matières
	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles		
Algebra.....	1,683	2,133	1,040	1,667	313	373	375	446	3,417	4,619	8,036	Algebre
Arithmetic and Mensuration.....	120	—	62	107	753	1,101	21	97	256	1,763	2,716	Arithmétique et mensuration.
Biology.....	—	—	—	—	1	4	55	116	52	120	178	Biologie.
Chemistry.....	—	—	16	—	741	1,436	283	226	1,040	1,682	2,722	Chimie.
English Composition.....	1,611	1,707	1,131	1,588	833	1,229	331	450	3,490	4,975	8,481	Composition anglaise.
English Grammar.....	1,570	1,707	1,271	1,588	412	1,097	25	45	1,084	1,605	2,689	Grammaire anglaise.
English Literature.....	1,830	2,219	1,204	1,709	823	1,216	467	515	4,184	5,059	9,243	Littérature anglaise.
French (oral).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (other than oral).....	1,146	1,464	789	1,052	408	306	229	344	2,552	3,366	5,918	Français oral.
General Science.....	1,498	1,977	48	131	5	11	—	—	1,551	2,119	3,670	Sciences autres qu'oral.
Geography.....	1,433	1,741	139	254	397	774	15	32	552	1,064	1,618	Géographie.
Geometry.....	1,433	1,741	812	918	380	598	404	445	2,032	3,705	5,737	Géométrie.
German.....	—	—	15	4	9	13	4	2	32	30	52	Allemand.
History of Literature.....	1,526	1,928	122	178	8	24	61	270	62	273	335	Histoire de la littérature
History, Ancient.....	—	—	163	145	62	97	10	7	1,656	2,185	3,794	Histoire ancienne.
History, British.....	—	—	15	64	742	1,211	11	36	1,178	1,639	2,717	Histoire de la Grande Bretagne.
History, Canadian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
History, Modern.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Latin.....	176	212	630	776	370	444	213	292	1,383	1,628	3,011	Latin.
Physics.....	—	—	1,002	1,124	85	208	301	262	1,391	1,590	2,989	Physique.
Trigonometry.....	—	—	—	—	12	11	428	509	440	520	969	Trigonométrie.
Book-keeping.....	100	406	67	250	17	49	—	—	184	705	889	Tenue des livres.
Business Law.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stenography.....	101	406	83	399	17	58	—	—	17	48	65	Droit commercial.
Typewriting.....	112	421	85	400	9	45	—	—	201	866	1,097	Sténographie.
Agriculture.....	12	517	213	357	188	242	7	8	208	966	1,072	Dactylographie.
Art.....	250	517	179	471	34	114	7	8	420	821	1,041	Agriculture.
Domestic Science.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Physical Culture.....	474	973	502	868	358	576	281	211	1,652	2,629	4,281	Sciences domestiques.
Military Drill.....	764	—	643	—	454	—	132	—	1,993	—	1,993	Culture physique.
Music.....	10	23	7	18	—	6	3	—	17	49	66	Exercices militaires.
Mechanical Drawing.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	10	Musique.
Manual Training.....	—	—	14	—	6	—	2	—	25	—	25	Desin mécanique.
Total classified.....	1,734	2,490	1,386	2,087	902	1,401	558	725	4,640	6,739	11,399	Total classifié.

55.—Saskatchewan Collegiate Institutes and High Schools: Number of Pupils by Grades and Subjects of Study, 1930

59.—High Schools et Instituts collégiaux de la Saskatchewan: Elèves étudiant certaines matières en 1930

Subject	Grade IX — Degré IX	Grade X — Degré X	Grade XI — Degré XI	Grade XII — Degré XII	Total	Matières
Reading	273	218	74	22	587	Lecture.
Supplementary Reading	1,915	1,331	1,300	791	5,337	Lecture supplémentaire.
Spelling	2,051	755	101	—	2,907	Orthographe.
Composition	2,536	1,051	1,417	1,026	6,030	Composition.
Grammar	2,418	1,911	54	2	4,385	Grammaire.
English Special Grade XII	—	—	—	43	43	Anglais, Spécial, grade XII.
Literature	2,780	2,018	1,608	1,048	7,454	Littérature.
Arithmetic and Mensuration	2,780	2,021	61	1	4,863	Arithmétique et mensuration.
Algebra	2,194	1,553	1,447	1,026	6,240	Algèbre.
Geometry	1,713	1,722	1,466	995	5,896	Géométrie.
Trigonometry	—	—	—	1,027	1,027	Trigonométrie.
Civics	1,342	190	60	—	1,592	Devoirs civiques.
History, Canadian	2,779	123	1,067	—	3,969	Histoire du Canada.
History, British	446	1,431	483	60	2,920	Histoire de la Grande-Bretagne.
History, Ancient	1,342	705	1,549	13	3,614	Histoire ancienne.
History, Mediaeval and Modern	72	586	61	973	1,694	Histoire du moyen-âge et moderne.
History, Special, Grade XII	—	—	—	35	35	Histoire, Spécial, grade XII.
Nature Study	136	123	—	—	259	Etude de la nature.
Elementary Science	2,243	1,432	—	—	3,675	Science élémentaire.
Biology	—	—	5	538	543	Biologie.
Chemistry	—	362	1,029	705	2,096	Chimie.
Physics	—	422	940	607	1,969	Physique.
French	2,031	1,542	1,085	878	5,536	Français.
German	61	25	31	14	131	Allemand.
Latin	1,745	1,167	747	583	4,247	Latin.
Greek	25	18	6	1	50	Grec.
Geography	1,783	1,962	26	—	3,771	Géographie.
Art	903	345	—	—	1,308	Art.
Writing	720	305	198	—	1,223	Écriture.
Music	953	558	68	45	1,624	Musique.
Hygiene and Physiology	2,704	1,569	20	1	4,294	Hygiène et physiologie.
Physical Training	2,514	1,719	936	564	5,733	Culture physique.
Cadet Instruction	680	450	304	62	1,496	Exercices militaires.
VOCATIONAL WORK —					ÉTUDES PROFESSIONNELLES —	
Agriculture	9	—	489	—	498	Agriculture.
Book-keeping & Business Papers	573	285	195	—	1,053	Tenue des livres et documents commerciaux.
Stenography	581	306	239	—	1,126	Sténographie.
Typewriting	586	302	242	—	1,130	Dactylographie.
Home Economics	713	509	87	2	1,311	Science ménagère.
Manual Training	667	452	5	—	1,124	Travaux manuels.
Technical Subjects	—	—	—	54	54	Matières techniques.
Business Correspondence	578	301	240	—	1,119	Correspondance commerciale.
Total Enrolment	2,795	2,090	1,825	1,246	7,956	Total des inscriptions.

61.—Departmental Examinations for High School Entrance, High School Grades, Matriculation and Normal School Entrance by Provinces, 1921-1930

61.—Examens officiels d'entrée à la Haute École, degrés de haute école et entrées à l'école normale, par provinces, 1921-1930

	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND											ÎLE DU PRINCE-ÉDOUARD
Entrances to P. of W. College—											Admissions au collège P.W.
No. of candidates	—	546	558	578	547	445	452	510	494	544	Nombre de candidats.
No. of successful candidates	—	—	—	224	170	100	197	240	243	197	Élèves admis à l'examen.
Public School Certificate	—	—	—	—	1,500	1,452	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,350	Certificat d'école publique
No. in Grade VIII	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Degré VIII.
No. obtaining certificate	—	—	500	500	601	244	620	785	682	600	Promus.
NOVA SCOTIA											NOUVELLE-ÉCOSSE
No. of pupils in Grade IX	4,800	5,400	7,500	5,300	5,200	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,750	Degré IX, entrées.
No. of candidates from IX	3,000	3,200	3,800	3,500	3,500	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	Candidates.
No. obtained Grade IX	1,734	2,079	2,240	2,322	2,253	2,464	2,464	2,464	2,464	2,464	Promus.
Pupils in Grade X	3,000	3,200	3,800	3,500	3,500	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	Degré X, entrées.
Candidates from Grade X	2,406	2,746	2,978	2,935	3,032	2,971	3,081	3,081	3,081	3,081	Candidates.
Obtained Grade X	1,000	1,400	1,500	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	Promus.
Pupils in Grade XI	1,407	1,680	2,000	1,958	2,199	2,125	1,952	1,952	2,334	2,481	Degré XI, entrées.
Candidates from Grade XI	1,207	1,437	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	Candidates.
Obtained Grade XI	674	729	841	1,001	1,009	914	881	881	881	881	Promus.
Pupils in Grade XII	344	428	479	501	564	599	526	484	484	480	Degré XII.
Candidates from Grade XII	211	270	359	348	423	406	379	—	—	—	Candidates.
Obtained Grade XII	114	114	219	244	285	290	150	—	—	—	Promus.
Pupils IX to XII	9,705	11,039	12,000	11,832	11,853	11,948	11,970	12,116	12,531	12,915	Degré IX à XII, entrées.
Candidates from IX to XII	7,064	8,241	8,809	8,787	9,215	9,252	9,252	9,252	9,252	9,252	Candidates.
Obtained Grade	3,557	4,381	4,657	5,181	4,849	4,799	4,799	4,799	4,799	4,799	Promus.
Male pupils	3,425	4,202	4,713	4,415	—	4,605	4,498	4,633	4,809	4,931	Garçons inscrits.
Male candidates	3,183	3,856	4,001	3,856	3,017	3,281	3,281	3,281	3,281	3,281	Garçons candidats.
Female pupils	4,280	6,837	7,287	7,417	—	7,343	7,472	7,483	7,722	7,984	Filles inscrites.
Female candidates	4,869	5,383	5,715	5,848	6,198	5,907	5,440	—	—	—	Filles candidates.
NEW BRUNSWICK											NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK
High School Entrance—											Entrées de Haute École—
No. in Grade VIII	1,358	2,239	2,703	2,949	3,174	3,602	3,357	3,755	5,005	3,104	Degré VIII, entrées.
No. of candidates	1,593	1,912	2,008	2,117	2,329	2,528	2,507	2,550	2,844	3,037	Candidates.
Passed Division 1	441	451	410	421	408	571	506	408	368	368	Promus, division 1.
Passed Division 2	521	614	731	605	796	821	774	728	1,046	1,172	Promus, division 2.
Passed Division 3	716	795	821	850	902	781	975	1,182	805	804	Promus, division 3.
Failed	121	140	206	212	325	342	180	230	927	627	Echoués.
High School—											Haute École—
No. of candidates	42	61	67	82	85	95	98	103	125	155	Candidates.
Passed Division 1	—	2	—	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	Promus, division 1.
Passed Division 2	19	26	29	34	43	41	34	55	46	44	Promus, division 2.
Passed Division 3	14	17	7	13	18	13	23	19	27	21	Promus, division 3.
Conditioned, Division 3	8	13	26	30	14	31	28	24	36	61	Promus, division 3, conditionnellement.
Failed	1	3	5	8	9	9	6	4	14	27	Echoués.
Matriculation—											Immatrication—
Candidates	268	275	305	352	300	356	419	426	476	497	Candidates.
Passed Division 1	11	26	26	32	28	28	27	39	31	33	Promus, division 1.
Passed Division 2	82	136	122	161	202	154	200	227	216	207	Promus, division 2.
Passed Division 3	45	49	46	47	61	78	79	73	83	100	Promus, division 3.
Conditioned Division 3	51	53	89	80	59	90	95	76	102	174	Admis conditionnellement.
Failed	17	11	31	32	19	10	24	17	30	45	Echoués.
Normal School Entrance											École normale, entrées—
Candidates Class 1	194	246	263	261	247	266	226	234	186	180	Candidates, classe 1.
Obtained Class 1	66	63	67	64	101	42	100	128	71	95	Promus, classe 1.
Obtained Class 2	62	92	101	95	84	121	80	67	65	53	Promus, classe 2.
Obtained Class 3	50	64	66	60	42	60	49	35	33	24	Promus, classe 3.
Failed	15	29	29	42	20	34	6	4	13	8	Echoués.
Candidates Class 2	588	678	682	637	642	562	482	512	404	473	Candidates, classe 2.
Obtained Class 2	186	185	255	285	196	212	176	194	157	247	Promus, classe 2.
Obtained Class 3	109	214	231	222	227	179	174	179	148	153	Promus, classe 3.
Failed	94	275	197	200	225	152	139	102	102	73	Echoués.
Candidates Class 3	39	106	111	81	82	62	39	31	16	28	Candidates, classe 3.
Obtained Class 3	37	41	40	37	22	8	5	6	3	8	Promus, classe 3.
Failed	52	65	71	44	67	44	34	25	13	20	Echoués.
Total candidates, 1-3	671	1,030	1,057	973	973	960	748	800	606	681	Total, candidats, 1-3.
Obtained Class	289	293	362	310	313	282	281	328	227	350	Promus.
Obtained Lower Class	222	368	308	377	358	291	281	281	231	230	Promus conditionnellement.
Failed	160	369	297	292	312	226	176	191	128	101	Echoués.
No. in Grades IX to XII	2,270	2,670	3,041	3,204	3,445	3,440	3,511	3,724	3,737	3,947	Degré IX à XII.

¹ Divisions here refer to rank of successful candidates; in Matriculation and High School leaving examination; Division 1 requires a pass with 75 p.c. of the marks obtainable, with no subject below 50 p.c.

² As on June 30.

³ Departmental examinations in this Grade discontinued.

⁴ Ces divisions sont selon le rang du candidat heureux aux examens d'immatrication de haute école: la division 1, exige une moyenne de 75 p.c. et aucune matière au-dessous de 50 p.c.

⁵ Le 30 juin.

⁶ Les examens dans ce degré ont été interrompus.

61.—Departmental Examinations for High School Entrance, High School Grades, Matriculation and Normal School Entrance by Provinces, 1921-1930—Continued

61.—Examens officiels d'entrée à la Haute École, degrés de haute école et entrées à l'école normale, par provinces, 1921-1930—Suite

	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	
ONTARIO (See Table 62).											ONTARIO (Voir tableau 62).
MANITOBA (See Table 64).											MANITOBA (Voir tableau 64).
SASKATCHEWAN—											SASKATCHEWAN—
Grade VIII Entrance	10,937	11,460	12,773	14,019	15,551	16,747	17,388	18,532	19,539		Degré VIII, entrée—
Promoted by School	1,294	1,346	1,629	1,376	1,354	1,372	1,580	1,624	1,405		Promus par l'école.
Wrote examination	5,577	7,937	8,961	9,416	10,980	11,317	12,355	12,648	13,134		Candidates.
Total promoted	3,694	5,971	6,553	6,687	7,932	8,225	8,395	10,074	10,026		Promus
Failed	1,581	1,288	2,108	2,324	3,047	3,092	3,803	2,474	3,108		Echoués
1st Commercial—											1re commerciale—
Candidates	37	41	46	106	74	214	217	234	255		Candidates
Obtained diploma	27	35	35	49	55	68	71	143	163		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	9	6	11	51	21	138	245	99	94		Diplômes partiels
Failed	1	-	-	-	-	7	2	1	-		Echoués
2nd Commercial—											2e commerciale—
Candidates	43	64	61	55	161	5	197	121	146		Candidates
Obtained diploma	31	37	42	15	66	-	9	2	29		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	12	30	19	40	65	5	98	107	121		Diplômes partiels
Failed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		Echoués
3rd Commercial—											3e commerciale—
Candidates	-	-	3	16	11	25	15	15	15		Candidates
Obtained diploma	-	-	-	2	4	6	6	7	4		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	-	-	3	11	7	10	7	11	11		Diplômes partiels
Failed	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-		Echoués
Grade XI—											Grade XI—
Candidates	3,364	2,299	2,416	3,656	4,276	4,460	4,484	4,568	5,291		Candidates
Obtained diploma	1,711	3,771	5,365	7,134	8,284	8,656	9,634	9,411	9,287		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	625	517	790	1,326	2,390	2,194	2,487	2,344	2,837		Diplômes partiels
Failed	993	2,962	4,661	5,113	5,491	5,804	6,367	6,818	9,674		Echoués
Grade XII—											Grade XII—
Candidates	47	296	558	591	471	624	346	286	271		Candidates
Obtained diploma	631	712	716	918	1,096	1,507	1,548	1,897	2,205		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	435	601	293	1,417	1,878	2,662	2,329	3,028	2,943		Diplômes partiels
Failed	214	478	958	817	1,123	1,222	1,366	1,657	1,962		Echoués
Total H.S. Candidates	2,360	4,512	6,447	8,622	10,768	10,650	11,726	12,366	15,144		Total se présentant aux examens
Obtained diploma	94	703	996	1,901	4,023	4,821	5,688	5,188	4,117		Diplômés
Obtained partial standing	1,230	3,477	4,765	9,039	9,672	7,294	8,161	8,962	8,366		Diplômes partiels
Failed	1,188	3,322	6,682	5,961	6,233	7,121	4,811	4,157	4,477		Echoués

1 By Departmental regulations the great majority take only partial examinations.

2 Conformément aux instructions du Ministère, la grande majorité des candidats ne se présentent que pour une partie des matières.

62.—Ontario Schools: High School Entrance Examinations, 1877-1930

62.—Écoles d'Ontario: Examens d'admission au lycée, 1877-1930

Year Année	Total Enrollment Senior Fourth Grade — Inscriptions totales du degré quatrième senior	H.S. Entrance Candidates		Number successful				Percentage — Pourcentage
		Aspirants au lycée		Candidates heureux				
		Total	Number who wrote — Nombre à l'examen écrit	On Principal's recommen- dation — Sur recom- mendation du principal	On District mental written test — Sur épreuve écrite	Total		
1877	1	7,285	1	1	3,870	3,871	51.95	
1882	1	9,067	1	1	4,371	4,371	45.49	
1887	1	16,248	1	1	9,263	9,263	57.03	
1892	1	16,406	1	1	8,427	8,427	51.35	
1897	1	18,281	1	1	10,302	10,302	56.40	
1902	1	18,087	1	1	11,368	11,368	62.83	
1907	1	22,119	1	1	15,420	15,420	69.77	
1912	1	22,672	1	1	15,671	15,671	69.13	
1917	1	24,972	1	1	15,723	15,723	71.07	
1922	1	26,114	28,770	2,999	16,736	20,735	79.01	
1923	52,500	28,045	29,221	8,467	21,753	29,888	78.55	
1924	53,181	28,897	28,652	16,211	22,022	32,240	82.14	
1925	52,428	40,479	29,497	16,777	20,262	37,039	78.21	
1926	58,060	42,022	29,228	17,246	22,778	39,024	80.12	
1927	56,325	41,311	31,051	12,001	24,080	36,081	79.88	
1928	57,847	40,047	32,229	12,825	24,709	37,534	80.75	
1929	41,800	41,767	32,182	12,311	24,466	36,777	80.51	
1930	51,822	47,434	39,547	12,820	24,728	37,548	82.15	

1 Senior Fourth Grade not reported separately—Degré quatrième senior ne figure pas séparément.

2 All candidates wrote—Tous candidats à l'examen écrit.

3 No recommendations—Pas de recommandations.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

63. Ontario schools: Subjects of Study in Secondary Schools, and results of examinations, 1924-25
 63.- Écoles d'Ontario: Matières d'études dans les écoles secondaires et résultats des examens, 1924-25

Subject	Number at Examinations ¹ Élèves présentés aux examens ¹			Number who passed ² Candidats admis ²			Matières
	L. School Cours infér.	Mtd. School Cours moy.		L. School Cours infér.	Mtd. School Cours moy.		
		Cours infér.	Up. School Cours supér.		Cours infér.	Up. School Cours supér.	
English Grammar	13,566	13,735	7,163	12,586	10,234	6,201	12,880 Grammaire anglaise
English Composition	-	13,171	6,449	-	10,339	5,069	16,435 Composition anglaise
English Literature	-	12,039	-	-	10,006	-	15,408 Littérature anglaise
British History	-	-	-	17,903	-	-	10,006 Histoire du Canada
Ancient History	10,829	10,757	-	-	8,127	-	17,903 Histoire de la Grande-Bretagne
Modern History	-	-	3,053	-	-	2,499	8,125 Histoire moderne
Geography	19,226	-	-	18,759	-	-	2,499 Géographie moderne
Physiology	15,189	99	-	14,428	47	-	14,428 Physiographie
Arithmetic and Mensuration	14,555	15,188	-	13,613	9,404	3,222	13,569 Arithmétique
Algebra	-	11,045	4,302	-	9,280	3,442	12,406 Algèbre
Geometry	-	-	3,720	-	-	4,014	12,720 Géométrie
Trigonometry	-	9,269	4,350	-	7,178	3,442	3,442 Trigonométrie
French Authors	-	9,386	4,350	313	8,223	4,063	11,492 Auteurs français
Spanish Authors	353	150	63	-	92	44	12,541 Composition française
German Authors	-	144	61	-	96	52	150 Auteurs espagnols
German Composition	-	624	232	-	370	227	148 Composition espagnole
Latin Authors	-	687	238	-	387	223	148 Composition allemande
Latin Composition	-	8,063	2,097	-	6,340	2,263	8,512 Auteurs latins
Greek Authors	-	8,731	2,031	-	6,905	2,163	8,828 Composition latine
Greek Composition	-	134	66	-	104	68	172 Auteurs grecs
Italian Authors	-	134	66	-	104	68	189 Composition grecque
Italian Composition	-	3	2	-	2	2	4 Auteurs italiens
Agriculture and Horticulture I	3,766	996	-	3,490	802	-	4,292 Agriculture et horticulture I
Agriculture and Horticulture II	2,757	651	-	2,573	510	-	3,085 Agriculture et horticulture II
Zoology	10,097	-	749	9,725	-	658	10,383 Zoologie
Botany	13,049	-	687	12,011	-	574	12,585 Botanique
Chemistry	-	10,243	1,597	-	8,210	1,221	9,431 Chimie
Physics	-	19,017	2,236	-	7,086	1,602	9,348 Physique
Art	15,841	-	-	14,812	-	-	14,812 Art
Music	-	25	-	-	20	-	26 Musique
Special French Literature	-	94	42	-	81	39	120 Littérature française spéciale
Special French Composition	-	134	59	-	114	48	103 Composition française spéciale
Household Science I	-	11	-	-	0	-	6 Science ménagère, I
Household Science II	-	11	-	-	9	-	9 Science ménagère, II
Total Candidates	39,471	29,434	12,841	-	-	-	Total des candidats.

¹ These include pupils promoted by schools as well as those who wrote the departmental examinations. ² C'est-à-dire aussi bien ceux qui ont subi l'examen que ceux promus sans examen.

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES: ENSEIGNEMENT SECONDAIRE

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64.—Departmental Examinations: Manitoba, 1930
64.—Examens du département de l'instruction publique: Manitoba, 1930

Subjects	Can- didates	Results—Résultats des examens				Matières
		Passed	Failed	Passed	Failed	
		Promiss	Echoués	Promiss	Echoués	
				p.c.	p.c.	
Grade IX—						Degré IX—
Grammar	2 568	2 285	423	84.4	15.6	Grammaire.
History	2 243	2 015	228	68.5	31.5	Histoire.
Mathematics	2 454	1 234	1 220	49.1	50.9	Mathématiques.
Science	2 705	2 084	611	77.3	22.7	Sciences.
Art	1 074	1 158	516	69.2	30.8	Art.
Music	1 279	1 145	133	89.6	10.4	Musique.
Science I (Supplemental)	95	92	3	96.9	3.1	Science I (supplémentaire).
Science II (Supplemental)	320	212	78	75.2	24.4	Science II (supplémentaire).
Literature	514	348	166	67.7	32.3	Littérature.
Composition	658	419	242	63.2	36.8	Composition.
Grade X—						Degré X—
Spelling	1 882	1 597	285	84.9	15.1	Orthographe.
History	1 868	1 348	520	70.0	30.0	Histoire.
Arithmetic	1 837	1 348	489	73.4	26.6	Arithmétique.
Science I	1 911	1 588	323	83.1	16.9	Science I.
Science II	1 815	1 005	210	88.4	11.6	Science II.
Music	484	406	78	83.9	16.1	Musique.
Algebra	319	79	240	33.7	76.3	Algèbre.
Geometry	278	132	125	55.0	45.0	Géométrie.
Latin	40	24	16	60.0	40.0	Latin.
French	182	59	127	30.6	69.4	Français.
Grammar	813	684	129	84.1	15.9	Grammaire.
Literature	243	201	42	82.7	17.3	Littérature.
Composition	512	381	131	60.6	39.4	Composition.
Grade XI—						Degré XI—
Literature	2 836	2 354	482	83.0	17.0	Littérature.
Composition	2 720	2 165	557	79.6	20.4	Composition.
History	2 809	2 156	753	74.2	25.8	Histoire.
Algebra	2 804	2 041	763	72.8	27.2	Algèbre.
Geometry	2 741	2 217	524	80.9	19.1	Géométrie.
Physics	1 853	1 172	681	63.3	36.7	Physique.
Chemistry	2 509	1 044	555	77.9	22.1	Chimie.
Latin Grammar	1 123	872	251	77.6	22.4	Grammaire latine.
Latin Authors	1 123	860	263	75.9	24.1	Auteurs latins.
French Grammar	2 002	1 405	597	74.7	25.3	Grammaire française.
French Authors	1 878	1 040	238	87.5	12.5	Auteurs français.
German Grammar	124	110	14	87.3	12.7	Grammaire allemande.
German Authors	122	110	12	89.4	10.6	Auteurs allemands.
Greek Grammar	6	2	4	33.3	66.7	Grammaire grecque.
Greek Authors	5	2	3	40.0	60.0	Auteurs grecs.
Icelandic Grammar	3	3	—	100.0	0.0	Grammaire islandaise.
Icelandic Authors	3	3	—	100.0	0.0	Auteurs islandais.
Optional French	40	38	2	95.0	5.0	Français facultatif.
Arithmetic Practical Arts	19	7	12	36.9	63.1	Arithmétique, arts pratiques.
Home Economics	20	17	3	85.0	15.0	Économie domestique.
Household Arts	113	110	3	97.3	2.7	Arts domestiques.
Household Science	67	59	8	88.1	11.9	Science ménagère.
Industrial Arts	73	67	6	91.8	8.2	Arts industriels.
Spelling (Suppl.)	240	218	22	90.9	9.1	Orthographe (supplémentaire).
Grade XII—						Degré XII—
Algebra	596	371	145	71.9	28.1	Algèbre.
Analytical Geometry	482	347	115	76.2	23.8	Géométrie analytique.
Trigonometry	231	132	66	67.2	32.8	Trigonométrie.
Physics	345	200	142	58.9	41.1	Physique.
Chemistry	415	281	151	65.4	34.7	Chimie.
History	284	211	51	82.1	17.9	Histoire.
Rhet. and Prose Literature	588	460	128	78.2	21.8	Rhetorique et prose littéraire.
Composition	500	481	119	80.2	19.8	Composition.
Poetical Literature "A"	570	436	74	87.0	13.0	Littérature poétique "A".
Poetical Literature "B"	377	414	128	76.1	23.9	Littérature poétique "B".
History of Eng. Liter.	38	35	3	92.1	7.9	Histoire d'Angleterre, littérature.
Optional Eng. "A"	27	17	6	73.9	26.1	Anglais facultatif "A".
Optional Eng. "B"	22	20	2	90.9	9.1	Anglais facultatif "B".
Latin Grammar	143	103	40	72.1	27.9	Grammaire latine.
Latin Authors	154	124	30	80.5	19.5	Auteurs latins.
French Grammar	141	254	87	74.5	25.5	Grammaire française.
French Authors	319	223	44	80.2	19.8	Auteurs français.
German Grammar	36	33	3	91.7	8.3	Grammaire allemande.
German Authors	35	35	—	100.0	0.0	Auteurs allemands.
Optional French "A"	24	24	—	100.0	0.0	Français facultatif "A".
Optional French "B"	23	23	—	100.0	0.0	Français facultatif "B".
Hist.-Geog.—History	4	3	1	75.0	25.0	Géographie—histoire.
Option—Geography	4	3	1	75.0	25.0	Géographie—facultatif.
Spelling (suppl.)	41	36	5	87.8	12.2	Orthographe (suppl.)

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

65. - Publicly Controlled Schools in Canada: Comparative Number of Boys and Girls doing work of Secondary Grade in Eight Provinces, 1901-1930

65.—Ecoles du Canada placées sous le contrôle administratif: Nombre comparatif des garçons et des filles dans les degrés secondaires dans huit provinces, 1901-1930

Year—Année	N.S.—N.L.		Ontario ¹		Manitoba		Saskatchewan		Alberta		B.C.—C.B.	
	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.
1901	2,456	4,470	12,718	14,991	—	—	—	—	—	—	581	600
1905	2,771	4,564	13,623	15,623	—	—	—	—	—	—	433	657
1909	3,177	4,891	15,316	16,055	—	—	—	—	—	—	412	763
1913	3,722	4,854	15,729	16,531	—	—	—	—	—	—	412	826
1917	3,981	4,928	14,711	17,181	—	—	235	399	—	—	615	837
1921	3,157	5,018	15,776	17,325	—	—	504	643	—	—	812	947
1925	3,182	5,476	15,196	17,444	—	—	623	804	—	—	919	1,122
1929	3,211	5,196	17,923	20,987	—	—	702	927	—	—	944	1,048
1931	3,222	5,355	17,345	21,671	—	—	885	1,129	—	—	972	1,178
1933	3,152	5,161	17,718	21,574	—	—	1,028	1,326	—	—	1,232	1,448
1934	3,211	5,387	19,475	23,066	—	—	1,034	1,822	—	—	1,813	2,068
1935	3,149	6,041	20,528	24,718	—	—	1,845	2,638	—	—	1,811	2,510
1936	3,169	6,204	—	—	—	—	1,566	2,283	—	—	2,268	2,510
1937	3,051	6,497	14,718	19,567	—	—	1,445	2,441	—	—	2,471	2,757
1938	3,082	6,195	13,347	19,896	—	—	1,523	2,561	—	—	2,151	2,999
1939	3,074	6,114	15,085	20,617	—	—	1,910	2,841	—	—	2,382	3,414
1940	3,311	6,178	19,081	21,486	—	—	2,492	3,435	—	—	3,067	3,810
1941	3,425	6,288	17,727	22,426	3,524	5,091	2,494	3,423	3,088	4,421	3,067	4,166
1942	4,202	6,507	21,419	25,502	—	—	2,423	3,204	4,707	6,055	3,788	4,849
1943	4,711	7,373	24,568	28,794	5,367	7,242	5,519	8,025	5,289	6,976	4,044	5,174
1944	4,417	7,217	24,417	31,182	—	—	6,604	9,410	5,877	7,569	4,781	5,369
1945	4,405	7,167	28,861	31,857	—	—	7,233	10,171	6,321	8,392	4,711	5,889
1946	4,405	7,243	29,283	31,177	15,590	17,901	8,140	11,361	6,558	7,795	5,396	6,473
1947	4,405	7,172	29,187	31,817	—	—	8,315	11,721	6,946	9,642	6,068	7,515
1948	4,711	7,482	31,066	31,894	15,608	18,498	8,497	12,405	7,614	10,604	7,464	8,865
1949	4,800	7,722	31,818	35,127	16,488	18,626	9,197	13,397	8,069	11,344	9,256	10,621
1950	4,931	7,581	31,847	31,651	18,576	20,586	10,394	14,211	9,271	12,648	9,256	10,621

P.E.I. (including P.W.C.)

N.B. (approx.)

	B.—G.	G.—F.	B.—G.	G.—F.
1924	719	1,113	1,363	2,074
1925	669	1,087	1,498	2,171
1926	704	1,070	1,595	2,294
1927	669	1,122	1,541	2,171
1928	620	1,216	1,637	2,490
1929	718	1,217	1,600	2,544
1930	696	1,152	1,902	2,899

66. —Ontario Schools: Occupation of Head of Family of Pupils in Secondary Schools including full time Day Vocational schools, 1900-1928-29

66.—Ecoles d'Ontario: Occupation du père des élèves des écoles secondaires, y compris les écoles professionnelles 1900-1928-29

Year—Année	Commerce	Agriculture	Professions		The Trades	Labouring occupations	Other callings	Without occupation	Total
			Carrières libérales	Métiers mécaniques		Ouvriers sans métier	Autres occupations	Sans occupation	
1900	5,448	4,221	1,953	8,054	—	—	—	1,788	20,464
1901	5,994	6,747	2,144	8,892	—	—	—	1,786	21,749
1902	6,477	7,482	2,311	6,052	—	—	—	2,150	23,525
1903	6,941	8,004	2,594	6,491	—	—	—	1,782	23,997
1904	7,416	8,516	2,604	7,099	—	—	1,845	—	27,709
1905	7,855	8,856	2,689	6,303	2,151	1,650	—	—	29,261
1906	7,974	8,902	2,831	5,813	3,492	1,801	—	—	29,392
1907	7,974	8,767	2,842	6,187	2,650	1,031	—	—	30,331
1908	8,242	9,307	2,986	6,613	2,798	2,363	—	—	31,922
1909	8,828	9,306	3,030	6,902	3,147	2,187	—	—	33,101
1910	8,454	9,166	3,161	6,961	2,850	2,020	—	—	32,613
1911	8,406	11,714	2,901	6,981	2,696	3,796	1,486	—	37,980
1912	8,209	12,634	2,848	6,745	2,954	3,971	1,500	—	38,363
1913	7,923	12,584	2,912	7,060	2,973	4,338	1,709	—	39,299
1914	8,564	12,281	3,009	8,067	3,176	4,446	1,962	—	42,535
1915	9,268	14,400	3,085	8,106	3,551	4,705	2,027	—	44,226
1916-17	6,899	11,167	2,218	6,219	2,648	3,442	1,322	—	34,115
1917-18	7,158	11,142	2,207	6,356	2,258	3,738	1,272	—	36,250
1918-19	8,314	11,140	2,509	7,605	2,597	4,295	1,577	—	37,937
1919-20	8,710	11,424	2,410	8,170	2,123	5,228	1,692	—	41,471
1920-21	9,397	12,131	2,614	9,852	3,559	4,832	1,008	—	42,744
1921-22	11,412	14,163	2,787	11,055	4,629	6,085	2,019	—	52,255
1922-23	13,064	16,051	2,429	13,045	6,429	7,000	2,456	—	60,395
1923-24	14,068	17,477	3,156	14,981	6,393	7,919	2,879	—	68,784
1924-25	15,200	18,605	3,681	16,713	7,339	9,211	3,307	—	74,256
1925-26	16,473	17,667	3,448	18,810	8,956	8,866	3,467	—	78,657
1926-27	16,105	17,621	3,605	20,105	9,783	9,330	3,834	—	80,383
1927-28	17,473	17,450	3,757	20,844	10,514	11,247	3,921	—	85,568
1928-29	18,223	17,338	3,992	22,286	11,599	12,258	4,053	—	90,016
1929-30	19,243	17,087	3,823	22,319	11,165	12,620	4,125	—	90,261

¹ Includes the pupils of Commercial Schools, H.S. and C.B. in the last year. In 1929-30 secondary grades there were approximately 47,287 boys and 52,377 girls. These numbers include vocational, public and separate schools. The figures in the tables are rounded to nearest whole number.

² Includes the pupils of Commercial Schools, H.S. and C.B. in the last year. In 1929-30 secondary grades there were approximately 47,287 boys and 52,377 girls. These numbers include vocational, public and separate schools. The figures in the tables are rounded to nearest whole number.

67.—Ontario Schools: Number of Pupils leaving Public and Separate Schools and number admitted for the first time to Secondary Schools, 1921-1930

67.—Écoles d'Ontario: Nombre d'élèves quittant les écoles publiques ou séparées et nombre admis pour la première fois aux écoles secondaires, 1921-1930

	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	
Pupils admitted to Public and Separate Schools for the first time	-	-	55,291	68,73	68,559	72,391	71,413	72,980	75,720	-	Elèves admis pour la première fois aux écoles publiques et aux écoles séparées
No. of Pupils in 4th Basic Class, Grades VII and VIII—											Nombre d'élèves dans la classe du quatrième (Degrés VII et VIII)—
Public Schools	99,561	106,642	111,981	116,222	120,580	123,456	123,310	125,260	134,891	-	Écoles publiques.
Separate Schools	11,848	13,571	14,347	15,152	16,367	17,642	18,439	19,323	19,315	-	Écoles séparées.
Total	111,409	120,214	126,328	131,374	136,947	141,098	141,749	144,583	154,206	-	Total
Candidates—IV & Entrance Examinations	31,521	26,114	38,648	38,897	40,400	42,312	41,121	46,617	46,797	47,438	Candidates exammés d'entrée à la haute école
No. granted Certificates	25,260	27,569	29,889	32,310	31,610	35,024	37,451	38,567	38,100	38,494	Certificats obtenus
No. left 4th Class to attend Secondary Schools—											Laissent la 4e classe pour l'école secondaire—
Public Schools	-	20,917	19,618	24,979	25,020	27,949	30,408	31,402	31,024	-	Écoles publiques.
Separate Schools	-	-	2,037	2,752	1,502	2,598	3,167	3,269	3,374	-	Écoles séparées.
Total	-	-	21,655	27,731	26,522	30,547	33,575	34,671	34,398	-	Total
No. in the 5th Class (Grades IX and X)											Dans la 5e classe (Degrés IX et X)
Public Schools	5,135	6,074	6,711	6,882	6,627	5,742	5,942	5,404	6,779	-	Écoles publiques.
Separate Schools	2,825	2,986	3,037	3,423	3,582	3,529	3,885	4,059	5,060	-	Écoles séparées.
Total	7,960	9,060	9,748	10,305	10,209	9,271	9,827	9,463	11,839	-	Total
No. left 5th Class to attend Secondary Schools—											Laissent la 5e classe pour l'école secondaire—
Public Schools	-	659	717	629	1,041	791	927	839	980	-	Écoles publiques.
Separate Schools	-	-	278	757	291	251	280	366	427	-	Écoles séparées.
Total	-	-	1,005	986	1,332	1,042	1,217	1,192	1,410	-	Total
No. admitted for first time to Secondary schools											Admis pour la première fois à l'école secondaire
Continuation	2,482	3,226	3,559	3,579	3,904	3,365	3,477	4,067	3,672	3,678	École de continuation
High and Collegiate	12,666	14,653	15,399	16,100	16,978	16,911	17,512	18,736	18,380	12,519	Haute école et institut collégial
Full Day Vocational	1,422	2,742	4,369	4,859	5,481	7,812	8,543	9,734	10,120	11,521	Écoles d'apprentissage à plein jour
Total	16,570	20,621	23,258	24,538	26,363	28,088	29,532	32,537	32,172	27,718	Total
No. in Sec. Schools—											Élèves secondaires—
Lower School 1...	16,827	19,373	20,600	21,391	22,826	23,927	24,235	24,843	26,704	27,118	Élémentaires 1.
Lower School 2...	11,803	14,036	14,826	15,456	16,022	16,612	16,573	17,476	18,197	21,201	Élémentaires 2.
Middle School	9,779	11,366	14,671	17,357	21,239	22,177	21,742	22,120	22,607	22,777	Intermédiaires
Upper School	1,451	2,324	3,267	3,529	4,000	5,959	5,549	5,915	6,322	7,098	Supérieures
Candidates—											Candidates aux exam d'été—
Lower School	5,963	20,376	20,344	22,088	24,153	23,657	25,110	27,107	27,221	29,471	Élémentaire
Middle School	13,413	18,719	21,439	20,776	23,706	25,439	25,753	28,275	24,512	26,434	Intermédiaire
Upper School	631	3,650	6,564	7,290	8,816	11,120	11,632	10,671	12,085	12,341	Supérieure

1 Not including day Vocational Schools up to 1925.—Ne comprend pas les écoles d'apprentissage de jour jusqu'à 1925.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: SECONDARY EDUCATION

68.—Prince Edward Island Schools: Distribution of Pupils in Secondary class-rooms by Sex, Grade and Age, 1930
 68.—Écoles de l'Île du Prince-Édouard: Répartition des élèves dans les classes secondaires par sexe, degré et âge, en 1930

Age	IX		X		XI		XII		Total		
	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	Total
10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
11	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6	6
12	20	27	3	3	-	-	-	-	23	30	53
13	40	65	8	21	-	-	-	-	48	86	134
14	87	114	42	64	-	-	-	-	129	178	307
15	89	136	68	144	-	-	-	-	157	280	437
16	55	73	67	124	-	-	-	-	122	197	319
17	21	31	44	87	-	-	-	-	65	118	183
18	4	7	13	29	-	-	-	-	17	36	53
19	1	2	2	7	-	-	-	-	3	9	12
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total ¹	318	460	248	480	-	-	-	-	566	940	1,506

¹ Exclusive of Charlottetown in 1930—Charlottetown n'est pas compris pour 1930.

69.—Nova Scotia Schools: Distribution of Pupils in Secondary class-rooms of Urban Schools by Sex, Grade and Age, 1930
 69.—Écoles de la N.-É.: Répartition des élèves dans les classes secondaires urbaines par sexe, degré et âge, en 1930

Age	IX		X		XI		XII		Total		
	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	Total
11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	10	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	11	7	18
13	62	101	4	7	1	-	-	-	67	109	176
14	259	337	56	63	11	7	-	-	317	427	744
15	407	496	193	308	51	74	5	5	656	851	1,507
16	341	347	253	411	177	259	23	45	794	1,052	1,846
17	131	158	134	302	109	295	53	98	672	813	1,385
18	43	44	86	118	117	194	30	91	275	447	722
19	5	9	18	23	40	53	19	42	88	127	215
20	1	-	3	2	12	12	9	10	25	24	49
21	-	-	3	-	2	4	7	10	12	15	27
Total	1,249	1,480	801	1,192	616	899	151	301	2,817	3,872	6,689

70.—New Brunswick Schools: Distribution of Pupils in Secondary class-rooms by Sex, Grade and Age, 1930
 70.—Écoles du Nouveau-Brunswick: Répartition des élèves dans les classes secondaires par sexe, degré et âge, en 1930

Age	IX		X		XI		XII		Total		
	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	Total
9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	14	22	-	2	-	-	-	-	14	24	38
14	168	129	9	19	-	-	-	-	177	148	325
15	343	446	67	137	5	5	-	-	418	592	1,010
16	279	410	174	324	48	85	1	-	502	812	1,319
17	138	253	180	261	150	277	5	5	499	799	1,298
18	41	78	92	128	100	152	5	8	247	396	643
19	14	20	20	36	47	52	1	1	88	129	217
20	-	5	-	5	5	10	1	-	11	20	31
21	1	1	-	2	2	3	-	1	4	7	11
Total	961	1,268	551	928	377	588	13	15	1,902	2,899	4,801

71.—Ontario Continuation Schools: Distribution of Pupils by Age, Sex and Grade, 1930

71.—Écoles de continuation d'Ontario: Répartition des élèves par âge, sexe et degré, 1930

Age	Lower School—Cours inférieur				Middle School		Upper School		Total		
	Form I		Form II		Cours moyen		Cours supérieur		Boys		Total
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total
	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Garçons	Filles	Total
10	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	4
11	26	44	1	2	-	-	-	-	27	46	73
12	188	268	29	53	-	-	-	-	217	321	538
13	451	558	176	241	39	32	-	-	666	829	1,495
14	477	583	323	465	143	265	2	2	945	1,315	2,260
15	287	346	391	496	281	497	3	7	872	1,349	2,221
16	115	144	180	250	330	544	8	17	635	955	1,588
17	25	28	66	80	217	343	7	14	315	465	780
18	-	6	15	20	104	149	5	8	124	180	304
19	2	2	4	9	32	31	-	-	38	36	74
20	1	1	1	2	5	11	-	2	7	17	24
21	-	-	-	2	2	8	-	-	2	10	12
Total	1,548	1,983	1,096	1,615	1,154	1,877	25	50	3,842	5,535	9,377

72.—Ontario Collegiate Institutes and High Schools: Distribution of Pupils by Age, Sex and Grade, 1930
 72.—Instituts collégiaux et "High Schools" d'Ontario: Répartition des élèves par âge, sexe et degré, 1930

Age	Lower School—Cours inférieur				Middle School Cours moyen		Upper School Cours supérieur		Total		
	Form I		Form II		Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Total
	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles							
	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles							
9	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
10	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	16
11	140	145	13	7	—	—	—	—	—	153	303
12	922	1,143	144	141	7	—	—	—	—	1,073	2,366
13	2,808	2,903	817	936	113	112	—	—	—	3,598	7,613
14	3,276	3,129	2,044	2,440	764	919	9	13	—	8,053	12,545
15	1,862	1,752	2,157	2,485	2,001	2,388	79	101	—	6,169	12,886
16	786	656	1,214	1,377	2,568	2,454	447	507	—	3,015	9,769
17	176	181	425	527	1,750	1,382	821	839	—	3,177	6,104
18	27	44	111	152	837	670	681	612	—	1,656	3,134
19	11	13	22	29	312	199	363	222	—	708	1,171
20	4	4	3	16	84	33	141	66	—	232	351
21	3	9	3	18	61	28	102	49	—	171	275
Total	9,884	10,041	6,913	8,088	8,565	7,994	2,043	2,408	28,005	28,531	56,536

FOR MANITOBA, SEE TABLES 42 AND 43—POUR MANITOBA, VOIR TABLEAUX 42 ET 43.

73.—Saskatchewan Collegiate Institutes and High Schools: Distribution of Pupils by Age, Sex and Grade, 1930
 73.—Instituts collégiaux et "High Schools" de la Saskatchewan: Répartition des élèves par âge, sexe et degré, 1930

Age	IX		X		XI		XII		Special Degré spécial		Total Sec.			VIII		Total		
	B	G	B	G	B	G	B	G	B	G	B	G	T	B	G	B	G	T
	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	T	G	F	G	F	T
	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	G	F	T	G	F	G	F	T
10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12	22	32	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	24	35	59	4	10	28	45	73
13	167	161	19	23	2	2	—	—	—	—	188	186	374	9	17	197	203	400
14	350	421	132	153	26	41	—	—	—	—	514	616	1,130	17	22	531	638	1,169
15	424	508	300	438	124	174	24	31	—	—	882	1,151	2,033	10	29	892	1,180	2,072
16	235	290	273	369	222	325	95	178	—	—	825	1,132	1,957	8	4	833	1,136	1,969
17	66	85	121	141	183	274	155	227	—	—	525	727	1,252	5	5	530	732	1,262
18	26	18	43	43	105	166	128	194	—	—	302	421	723	6	—	308	421	729
19	8	3	7	11	44	65	69	71	—	—	126	160	276	5	—	131	160	291
20	2	1	3	4	16	16	22	16	—	—	43	37	80	10	—	53	37	90
21	—	1	2	4	12	17	22	15	—	—	36	35	71	31	—	67	35	102
Total	1,305	1,490	901	1,189	745	1,080	515	731	—	—	3,466	4,490	7,956	105	87	3,571	4,577	8,148

74.—Alberta Schools: Distribution of Pupils in Secondary class-rooms by Sex, Grade and Age, 1930
 74.—Écoles de l'Alberta: Répartition des élèves dans les classes secondaires par sexe, degré et âge, en 1930

Age	IX		X		XI		XII		Total		
	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	Total
11	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	9	15
12	36	46	6	7	—	—	—	—	42	54	96
13	269	369	27	35	—	—	—	—	301	411	712
14	1,092	1,281	208	238	26	34	—	—	1,326	1,554	2,880
15	1,445	1,740	781	1,099	163	247	13	17	2,400	3,075	5,475
16	810	1,105	950	1,282	540	826	66	104	2,346	3,214	5,560
17	320	431	422	629	617	745	243	280	1,642	2,085	3,727
18	50	80	189	218	216	394	233	289	718	991	1,709
19	21	15	55	75	89	120	94	121	261	331	592
20	14	9	21	40	32	32	31	36	100	117	217
21	17	14	24	29	31	35	28	31	100	109	209
Total	4,080	5,099	2,683	3,622	1,739	2,411	710	886	9,232	12,048	21,280

75. Certificates held by Teachers of Publicly-controlled Schools in Canada, by provinces 1929-1930
 75. Certificats détenus par les instituteurs des écoles publiquement contrôlées au Canada, par provinces, en 1929-1930.

	Teachers by Sex Personnel par sexe		Classes of Certificate of all Teachers Classes de certificats de tous les instituteurs						Number of teachers who are Instituteurs qui sont	
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	1st Class or higher 1ère classe ou plus élevée	2nd Class Deux- ième classe	3rd Class Trois- ième classe	Special Certifi- cates Certifi- cates spéciaux	Certi- ficates un- specified Certifi- cates non spécifiés	Univer- sity graduates Gradués d'université	Normal school graduates Gradués d'école normale
Prince Edward Island	135	482	617	171	396	47	-	-	10	1
New Brunswick	286	3,145	3,431	(Ac & A) 2,607	571	1,911	-	-	276	2,211
New Brunswick	267	2,304	2,571	1,105	1,171	271	-	105	78	2,556
Quebec— Catholic Protestant	839 2,277 311	8,341 6,527 2,228	9,180 8,804 2,001	(Comp. & H.S.) 2,903 571	(Interm.) — 1,304	(Elem.) 2,438 639	-	432	2,101	1,751
Quebec— Catholic Protestant	839 2,277 311	8,341 6,527 2,228	9,180 8,804 2,001	(Comp. & H.S.) 2,903 571	(Interm.) — 1,304	(Elem.) 2,438 639	-	432	2,101	1,751
Ontario— Elementary (Public) 1929 Elementary (R.C.) 1929 Secondary	2,827 176 1,086	14,305 2,767 1,149	17,132 2,943 2,505	8,383 2,211 2,505	11,812 1,439 —	628 523 —	754 1 —	380 358 —	294 316 1,391	15,875 1,659 —
Manitoba	831	3,317	4,148	1,365	2,819	73	67	31	502	—
Saskatchewan— Elementary Secondary	2,088 163	6,396 74	8,484 207	2,651 277	5,348 —	462	-	20	1	1
Alberta	1,105	4,700	5,805	1,805	2,681	125	48	1	1	1
British Columbia— Elementary Secondary	684 432	2,704 334	3,388 766	1,298 676	1,631 —	83 —	115 70	28 20	153 554	1 1

* Including also university training schools.—Y compris les écoles de formation universitaire.

* Not reported. If not a census statistic.

* Vocational schools not included.—Écoles professionnelles non comprises.

76—PUBLICLY CONTROLLED SCHOOLS IN CANADA:

Classification of Teachers in the different provinces and the conditions upon which each class of

PROVINCE	1 CLASS OF CERTIFICATE	MINIMUM ACADEMIC STANDING	3 NUMBER OF MONTHS OF NORMAL SCHOOL ATTENDANCE	ALTER
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	First Class Second Class Third Class	2nd year Prince of Wales College. 1st year Prince of Wales College 1st year P. W. College making less than 60% in exams, but doing satisfactory work.	Two years simultaneously with Academic Work One year simultaneously with Academic Work 9 months	Graduate
NOVA SCOTIA	Academic Class Superior First "A" First "B" Second "C" Temporary	University Graduation and Pass on University Graduates Testing Examination; or Post-graduate degree and three years teaching service. Grade XII Pass Grade XI Pass Grade X Pass Grade X Pass	9 months or corresponding Diploma of recognized Teacher Training Course. 9 months or corresponding Diploma of recognized Teacher Training Course. 9 months or corresponding Diploma of recognized Teacher Training Course. 5 months. One session at Summer School, Truro.	No alter No alter No alter Scholarship Education Halifax No alter
NEW BRUNSWICK	Grammar School Superior Class First Class Second Class Third Class	12th Grade 11th Grade, plus First Class 11th Grade, plus academic work at Normal school. 10th Grade, plus academic work at Normal school. 9th Grade	1 school year 1 school year 1 school year 1 school year 4 months	Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate
QUEBEC Roman Catholic Committee	Complementary Superior	Superior diploma Elementary diploma	4 years simultaneously with academic work i.e. One year in addition to a superior diploma. 3 years simultaneously with academic work i.e. One year in addition to an elementary diploma.	No alter Examinations course
Protestant Committee	Elementary 1st Class High School or Academy 2nd Class High School Intermediate or (Model) Elementary Kindergarten Assistant's Kindergarten Director's Certificate	Primary School Certificate, 5th R.A. Degree Intermediate Diploma as Faculty of Arts, McGill School leaving or Matriculation Certificate (a) Grade X (b) See Remarks. School leaving or Matriculation Intermediate Diploma or Kindergarten Assistant's Certificate.	2 years simultaneously with academic work Two-year course in Education at McGill or Bishop's with practice teaching under supervision. 9 months 9 months 4 months 4 months 9 months 3 months	Examinations course Two year School
ONTARIO	Interim High School Specialist Interim High School Assistant Interim First Class Public School Interim Second Class Public School	Specialist Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Agriculture, or Applied Science from British University, on approval Lower, Middle and Upper High School Course (5 yrs. usually). Lower and Middle High School course for Normal Entrance	9 months 9 months 9 months 9 months	Considered trained and written Considered trained and written Considered trained and written Considered trained

certificate is awarded.

4 CONDITIONS OF NORMAL SCHOOL ATTENDANCE	5 HOW LONG TENURE	6 PERIOD OF PROBATION BEFORE CERTIFICATE IS MADE PERMANENT	7 OTHER CONDITIONS	8 REMARKS
Arts of Chartered College....	Provisional Permanent	2 years		
Arts to 3	Permanent		Character; age, 22 yrs.; physical training "B"	Provisional licences of Superior first class or lower are issued under special conditions. All temporary licences expire July 31st, 1931.
Arts to 3			Character; age, 20 yrs.; physical training "B"	
Arts to 3	Permanent		Character; age, 19 yrs.; physical training "B"	
Grade XI and completion of 3 Courses at Summer School	Permanent		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training	
Arts to 3	18 months		Character; age, 17 yrs.	
Arts of Chartered College	Permanent		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training, Grade B	
Arts of Chartered College	Permanent		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training, Grade B	
Arts of Chartered College	Permanent		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training, Grade B	
Arts of Chartered College	Permanent		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training, Grade B	
Arts of Chartered College	3 years		Character; age, 18 yrs.; physical training, Grade B	
Arts to 3	Permanent			The Course of Study in the Normal Schools is the same as that covered by the examinations of the Roman Catholic Cen- tral Board of Examiners for teaching certificates. But only those attending the normal schools have the opportunity to do practice teaching
Board of Examiners on the Diploma	Permanent			
	Permanent		Grade B Certificate in Physical Education	
	Permanent		Grade B Certificate in Physical Education	
	Permanent			Students who hold a Grade IX Cer- tificate and present a certified statement that they have (1) attended a Superior School making the full work of Grade X, from September till Christmas; or (2) have taught school by permission of the Dept. of Education during this period are admitted to the Elementary Class begin- ning in February.
of lectures and practice teaching in Montreal	Permanent			
given equivalent standing ob- side of Ontario. Practical tests and examinations.	Valid during good behav- iour.	2 years	Satisfactory Inspector's Reports.	Applicants for this certificate must also be applicants for, or hold, High School Assistant's certificate.
given equivalent standing ob- side of Ontario. Practical tests and examinations.	Valid during good behav- iour.	2 years	Satisfactory Inspector's Reports.	
given equivalent standing ob- side of Ontario. Practical tests and examinations.	Valid during good behav- iour.	2 years plus additional Normal term.	Satisfactory Inspector's Reports.	Holders of First or Second Class certificates may be granted Interim Kindergarten Primary, and holders of K.P. may be granted Interim Second Class by meeting attendance requirements and passing final examinations.

	Interim Vocational	A fair, general education, approved by the Minister.	43 months	Consideration given equivalent standing obtained outside of Ontario. Practical tests and written examinations
	Interim Kindergarten-Primary	Same as Interim Social Class Public School.	9 months	Final examinations in subjects previously failed
	Interim Ordinary Household School	Normal Entrance, ad above	9 months	Final examinations in subjects previously failed
MANITOBA	Collegiate Certificate	Degree in Arts or Science from a recognized University.	24 months	
	Interim 1st Class Professional	Grade XII, entrance to Normal	91 months	A Second Class Prof. Certificate, when the holder also has a grade XII academic standing, may be raised to First Class Prof. by the completion of an extra-mural course.
	Interim Second Class Prof.	Grade XI, entrance to Normal	91 months	
SASKATCHEWAN	Collegiate	Degree in Arts or Science from a Canadian or other British University	38 weeks	Equivalent academic standing and training obtained elsewhere
	High School	Degree in Arts or Science from a Canadian or other British University	38 weeks	Equivalent academic standing and training obtained elsewhere
	First Class	Grade XII (Fourth Year High School)	38 weeks	Equivalent academic standing and training obtained elsewhere
	Second Class	Grade XI (Third Year High School)	38 weeks	Equivalent academic standing and training obtained elsewhere
ALBERTA	Academic	B.A. or B.Sc. degree in Arts from a recognized University.	36 weeks	Equivalent training elsewhere
	First Class	Grade XII	36 weeks	Equivalent training elsewhere
	Second Class	Grade XI	36 weeks	Equivalent training elsewhere
BRITISH COLUMBIA	Academic	Degree in Arts, in Science or in Literature of recognized British, Canadian or Colonial University		
	First Class	Senior Matriculation Certificate of the University of B.C.		
	Second Class	Grade XI Normal Entrance		
	High School Assistant Commercial Teachers' Certificate Interim	Academic Certificate or First Class Certificate of B.C. Examination set by the Department of Education in nine commercial subjects		
	Commercial Specialists' Certificate (permanent)	High School Assistant Commercial Teachers' Certificate. Examination set by the Department of Education in four commercial subjects.		
	Domestic Science	Diploma from one of the recognized training colleges in Canada, the United States or the United Kingdom		
	Manual Training Certificate for Elementary schools	First Class Manual Training Certificate		
	Manual Training Certificate for High Schools	B.C. Manual Training Teachers' Diploma		
	Art Teachers' Certificate, Grade A	An Art Master's Certificate of Great Britain or its equivalent from a recognized institution		
	Art Teacher's Certificate, Grade B	An Art Teachers' Certificate of Great Britain or its equivalent from a recognized institution		
	Music Teacher's Certificate	A satisfactory diploma from a recognized Training College in Canada, United States or Great Britain		
	Teachers of the Deaf and Blind	Specialist's Certificate from approved training institution in Canada, United States or Great Britain		

Notes.—1. Trained teachers in need standing from any part of the British Empire are admitted immediately to a temporary license of the appropriate class to become permanent.
2. Applicants for permanent certificates are required to submit evidence of at least two years' successful experience in the schools in which their certificates are valid.
3. A reading Course of four books is prescribed by the Program of Studies, and must be completed by each teacher during the first two years of teaching.
4. N.B. This academic standing is strongly supplemented by academic work in Normal Schools, etc. See Col. 3. See also introduction to the tables on Secondary Education.

3 years.....	Restricted to schools where French is a subject of study at the approval of the Minister.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years.....	Satisfactory Inspectors' Reports.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years plus additional Normal training.	Satisfactory Inspectors' Reports.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years.....	Satisfactory Inspectors' Reports.	
.....	Permanent after two years' successful teaching.		
2 years.....	2 years; becomes permanent 1st class on recommendation of inspector after two years.		A candidate who completes the Grade XII Examination gets a Grade B Certificate which may be raised to Grade A by Examination, Grade A and Collegiate Certificate issued to any recognized Graduate on completion of sufficient Normal training.
2 years.....	Becomes permanent on inspector's recommendation.	See note 3.	
During pleasure of the Minister.	Satisfactory Inspectors' reports.	Granted upon completion of one year's successful teaching in High School or Collegiate Institute while holding Permanent High School Certificate.
2 years.....	2 years.....	Satisfactory Inspectors' reports.	
2 years.....	2 years.....	Satisfactory Inspectors' reports.	
2 years.....	2 years.....	Satisfactory Inspectors' reports.	
Pleasure of the Minister of Education.	1 year's successful teaching.	Reading course prescribed.	
Pleasure of the Minister of Education.	1 year's successful teaching.	Reading course prescribed.	
Pleasure of the Minister of Education.	1 year's successful teaching.	Reading course prescribed.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid for one year.....		
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	A holder of a Permanent Manual Training Certificate for Elementary schools may secure a Permanent Manual Training Certificate for high school by completing an advanced course of work and presenting a thesis.
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	
Valid during good behaviour.	2 years' successful teaching.	Satisfactory inspectors' report.	

ad on recommendation of a Public School inspector.

(Voir l'autre côté pour la traduction française)

t l'obtention des diplômes.

4 CONDITIONS ALTERNATIVES AU COURS À L'ÉCOLE NORMALE	5 TENURE DES DIPLÔMES	6 PROBATION	7 AUTRES CONDITIONS	8 OBSERVATIONS
Gradué en arts d'une université chartée.....	Provisoire..... Permanent..... Permanent.....	2 ans.....		
Pas d'alternative à 3.....	Permanent.....		Certificat de moralité, âge 22 ans, 2 années d'expérience, culture physique, diplôme B.	Des permis temporaires de 1ère classe, ou moins, sont donnés dans des conditions spéciales, mais tous doivent expirer le 31 juillet 1931.
Pas d'alternative à 3.....			Certificat de moralité, âge 20 ans, culture physique, diplôme B.	
Pas d'alternative à 3.....	Permanent.....		Certificat de moralité, âge 19 ans, culture physique, diplôme B.	
Degré XI et trois cours à l'école d'été d'Halifax.....	Permanent.....		Certificat de moralité, âge 18 ans, culture physique	
Pas d'alternative à 3.....	18 mois.....			
Diplôme universitaire.....	Permanent.....		Certificat de moralité, âge 18 ans, Degré R, entraînement manuel	
Diplôme universitaire.....	Permanent.....			
Diplôme universitaire.....	Permanent.....			
Diplôme universitaire.....	Permanent..... 3 années.....			
Pas d'alternative.....	Permanent.....			
Examen devant le Bureau Central des examinateurs du cours suivi dans les écoles normales pour obtention de diplôme.....	Permanent..... Permanent..... Permanent..... Permanent..... Permanent..... Permanent.....			L'examen devant le Bureau Central des examinateurs catholiques porte sur toutes les matières enseignées à l'École Normale, mais seulement ceux qui ont suivi les cours des Écoles Normales ont l'avantage d'en- seigner.
2 années dans les écoles de Montréal, comme adjoint ou conférencier.....	Permanent..... Permanent.....			On admet à la classe élémentaire en février les étudiants qui possèdent un certificat de degré IX et présentent un certificat mon- trant (1) qu'ils ont suivi un cours complet d'études à un « High School », de septem- bre à Noël (2) ou montrant qu'ils ont déjà enseigné avec permission du département de l'Instruction publique
On concède aussi des qualifications équivalentes obtenues en dehors de l'Ontario, examens et épreuves écrits.....	Valide durant bonne con- duite.....	2 an.....	Rapports satisfaisant des inspecteurs.....	Les candidats à ce certificat doivent l'être aussi à celui d'assistant instituteur d'école secondaire à moins qu'ils ne le détiennent déjà
On concède aussi des qualifications équivalentes obtenues en dehors de l'Ontario, examens et épreuves écrits.....	Valide durant bonne con- duite.....	2 ans.....	Rapports satisfaisant des inspecteurs.....	

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES: PERSONNEL ENSEIGNANT

61

77.—Prince Edward Island Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate, Sex, and average Salary, 1930

77.—Écoles de l'Île du Prince-Édouard sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs par catégories, sexe et moyenne de traitement, en 1930

Description	Number—Nombre			Average Salary — Moyenne de traitement			Nomenclature
	M—H	F.	Total	M—H.	F.	M—H. & F.	
				\$	\$	\$	
Primary Schools—							Écoles primaires—
Class I	28	72	100	-	-	-	Classe I.
Class II	48	261	309	-	-	-	Classe II.
Class III	10	25	35	-	-	-	Classe III.
Graded Schools—							Écoles à classes multiples—
Class I	29	45	74	-	-	-	Classe I.
Class II	17	79	96	-	-	-	Classe II.
Class III	3	9	12	-	-	-	Classe III.
Total—							Total—
Class I	57	117	174	925	641	761	Classe I.
Class II	65	341	406	553	500	508	Classe II.
Class III	13	34	47	406	375	400	Classe III.
	135	482	617	639	525	555	

78.—Nova Scotia Publicly Controlled Schools: Statistics of Teachers by Class of Certificate, Sex, Average Salary and Years of Teaching Experience, 1930

78.—Écoles de la Nouvelle-Écosse sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs par catégories, sexe, moyenne de traitement et ancienneté, en 1930

Class and sex	Number — Nombre	Diplôme et sexe	Experience ¹ — Carrière enseignante ¹			
			Years taught — Années d'ensei- gnement	Rural and Village — Rurales et village	Urban — Urbaines	Total
Academy—		Académie—				
Male	31	Hommes	— 1	858	137	995
Female	25	Femmes	1—2	780	72	362
Class A—		Classe A—				
Male	82	Hommes	2—5	577	268	845
Female	425	Femmes	5—10	328	256	581
Class B—		Classe B—				
Male	54	Hommes	10—15	88	156	274
Female	930	Femmes	15—20	37	119	156
Class C—		Classe C—				
Male	50	Hommes	20—25	20	76	96
Female	970	Femmes	25—30	14	63	77
Class D—		Classe D.				
Male	26	Hommes	30—	10	62	72
Female	387	Femmes				
			Total	2,212	1,236	3,448
Class D, Temporary—		Classe D, temporaire—				
Male	26	Hommes	No exper			
Female	202	Femmes		547	55	602
Permissive—		Surnuméraires—				
Male	28	Hommes	Debutants			
Female	217	Femmes	New to School	1,090	176	1,266
Total—		Total—				
Male	266	Hommes	Newcomers à l'école			
Female	3,182	Femmes				
Grand total	3,448	Grand total				
Average salary	\$ 741	Moyenne de traitement				
Male	\$ 1,184	Hommes				
Female	\$ 690	Femmes				
Rural: Number	1,564	Rurales: Nombre				
Average salary	\$ 543	Moyenne de traitement				
Urban: Number	1,236	Urbaines: Nombre				
Average salary	\$ 1,080	Moyenne de traitement				
Number Normal Trained	2,211					

¹ Commencement of school year—¹ Au début de l'année scolaire.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS: TEACHERS

78.—New Brunswick Publicly controlled Schools: Statistics of Teachers by Class of Certificate, Sex, Average Salary and Experience, 1920
 78.—Écoles du Nouveau-Brunswick sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs et institutrices, leur diplôme, la moyenne de leur traitement et la durée de leur carrière, 1920

Class of Certificate and Sex	Number—Nombre		Average Yearly Salary — Moyenne du traite- ment annuel	Experience—Carrière enseignante				Unspe- cified Non spécifié	Diplôme et sexe
	Term ended Dec. 31 — Semestre terminé le 31 déc.	Term ended June 30 — Semestre terminé le 30 juin		Under 1 year — Moins d'un an	Over 1 and under 5 — Entre 1 et 5 ans	Over 5 and under 7 — Entre 5 et 7 ans	Over 7 years — Plus de 7 ans		
Grammar School— Male..... Female.....	18 15	18 15	2,022	10 77	66 302	21 121	63 364	6 69	Ecole de grammaire— Hommes. Femmes.
Superior School— Male..... Female.....	41 15	41 14	1,307						Ecole supérieure Hommes Femmes.
Class I— Male..... Female.....	114 881	116 904	1,282 943						Première classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Class II— Male..... Female.....	63 1,100	72 1,102	726 863	24 149	31 439	4 148	10 339	3 41	Deuxième classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Class III— Male..... Female.....	17 264	17 257	815 515						Troisième classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Classroom Assistants— Male..... Female.....	1 109	3 102							Sous-maitres Hommes. Femmes.
Total— Male..... Female..... Total.....	231 2,881 3,112	267 2,894 3,161							Total— Hommes. Femmes. Total.
Normal Trained	2,528	2,556							Normaliennes.

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES; PERSONNEL ENSEIGNANT

63

59.—Quebec Primary Schools: Statistics of Teachers, by Qualifications, Sex and Average Salaries, 1930
80.—Écoles primaires de Québec: Statistiques du personnel enseignant: brevet, sexe et moyenne de traitement en 1930

Description	Roman Catholic Schools Écoles catholiques				Protestant Schools Écoles protestantes				Total R.C. and P. Total écoles cath. et prot.				Remarks Remarques
	M.—H.		F.		M.—H.		F.		M.—H.		F.		
	Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		
Total Number of Teachers	3,318	14,584	17,992		2,611		2,290		3,439	16,874	20,513		Nombre total du personnel enseignant.
Number of Teachers in religious Orders	2,439	6,240	8,699		10		2,290		2,469	6,340	8,799		Nombre total des congréganistes
Number of Lay Teachers	859	8,344	9,293		311		2,290		1,170	10,531	11,804		Nombre total des laïques
Teachers in Elementary Schools	764	9,959	10,721		96		1,565		858	11,524	12,382		Dans les écoles élémentaires.
Teachers in Intermediate and High Schools	2,550	4,625	7,181		208		542		17	184	201		Dans les écoles complémentaires.
Lay Teachers in Publicly controlled Elementary Schools	160	7,159	7,319		86		1,538		2,764	5,167	5,931		Laïques dans les écoles élémentaires contrôlées
Lay Teachers in Publicly controlled Intermediate and High Schools	645	944	1,589		105		476		249	8,717	8,966		Laïques dans les écoles complémentaires contrôlées.
Lay Teachers in Independent Elementary Schools	20	169	189		7		7		27	176	203		Laïques dans les écoles indépendantes élémentaires
Lay Teachers in Independent Intermediate Schools	34	721	196		30		60		70	148	208		Laïques dans les écoles indépendantes intermédiaires
Lay Teachers in Independent Elementary and High Schools	151	6,861	7,012		68		1,425		219	8,286	8,505		Laïques avec brevet d'enseignement, dans les écoles contrôlées
Lay Teachers with diplomas	623	931	1,554		142		455		753	1,346	2,151		Élémentaires
Intermediate Schools	9	107	116		4		4		0	111	120		Intermédiaires
Elementary Schools	16	53	69		2		2		18	61	79		Élémentaires
Complementary and High Schools	340	1,791	2,131		78		1,574		3,415	3,453	3,453		Laïques avec brevet des écoles normales.
Lay Teachers with diplomas from Normal Schools from Board of Examiners for elementary Schools	390	6,191	6,581		150		394		609	6,535	7,194		de la Commission des Examinateurs.
for Intermediate Schools	599	1,694	2,293		153		1,279		609	6,839	7,697		pour écoles normales.
Average Salaries of Religious teachers in Elementary controlled Schools—In Towns	544	462	462		344		462		61	1,239	1,360		Traitement moyen des institutrices congréganistes dans les écoles élémentaires contrôlées—Des villes.
Average Salaries of Religious teachers in Elementary controlled Schools—In the Country	544	462	462		344		462		—	—	—		Des congréganistes
Average Salaries of Religious teachers in Complementary controlled Schools—In Towns	544	462	462		344		462		—	—	—		Traitement moyen des institutrices congréganistes dans les écoles complémentaires contrôlées—Des villes.
Average Salaries of Religious teachers in Complementary controlled Schools—In the Country	544	462	462		344		462		—	—	—		Des congréganistes
Average Salaries of Lay Teachers in Elementary Schools—In Towns	1,470	593	593		2,441		1,244		—	—	—		Moyenne du traitement des laïques dans les écoles élémentaires—Des villes
Average Salaries of Lay Teachers in Elementary Schools—In the Country	1,743	879	879		2,723		1,520		—	—	—		Des congréganistes
Average Salaries of Lay Teachers in Elementary Schools—In Towns	1,743	879	879		2,723		1,520		—	—	—		Des villes.
Average Salaries of Lay Teachers in Elementary Schools—In the Country	1,743	879	879		2,723		1,520		—	—	—		Écoles complémentaires et "High Schools"—
Number Teaching	143	4,581	4,724		60		776		293	5,357	5,590		Carrière enseignante—
1 to 5 years	245	2,083	2,328		65		581		310	2,567	2,974		De 1 à 5 ans.
5 to 10 years	164	667	831		34		299		198	927	1,125		De 5 à 10 ans.
10 to 15 years	127	305	430		36		190		226	403	630		De 10 à 15 ans.
15 to 20 years	120	316	438		33		261		153	579	732		De 15 à 20 ans.
20 years and over													20 ans et plus.

† Teachers with diplomas only —† Institutrices brevetées seulement.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS; TEACHERS

81.—Ontario Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate and Sex, for the year 1929 in Elementary Schools and 1930 in Secondary Schools

81.—Écoles d'Ontario sous le contrôle administratif: Personnel enseignant par catégorie de diplôme et sexe en 1929 dans les écoles primaires et 1930 dans les écoles secondaires

Description	Public Schools Écoles publiques					Roman Catholic Écoles catholiques	
	Rural Rurales	City Des cités	Town Des villes	Village Des villages	Total	Rural Rurales	City Des cités
Number Total	7,028	4,891	1,701	581	14,201	603	1,008
Male	392	843	223	133	2,168	42	108
Female	6,636	4,048	1,478	448	12,033	561	900
Number of University Graduates	16	217	10	4	238	18	2
Number who have attended Normal School in Ontario	6,822	4,272	1,626	562	13,272	254	97
Number trained in Normal College or Faculty of Education	290	571	73	27	761	21	4
Number by Certificate—							
Class I	1,335	1,446	268	103	3,152	55	100
Class II	5,583	3,062	1,356	471	10,472	232	808
Class III	91	4	7	6	108	349	78
District	11	—	2	—	13	27	41
Kinder garden and Kindergarten Primary	28	420	160	20	577	—	1
Manual Training	1	82	3	—	90	—	—
Household Science	1	84	4	1	90	—	—
Temporary	—	—	1	—	8	44	50
Permanent Ungraded	—	—	—	—	—	3	27
Average Salary: Male	\$ 1,192	\$ 2,320	\$ 1,858	\$ 1,412	\$ 1,720	\$ 940	\$ 990
Female	\$ 997	\$ 1,514	\$ 1,120	\$ 1,037	\$ 1,190	\$ 881	\$ 740

† Salaries of assistants only; the average salaries of principals were \$1,833 in Continuation Schools, \$2,996 in High Schools and \$3,664 in Collegiate Institutes.

82.—Ontario Public Schools: Salaries of Teachers according to Certificates and Experience 1929

82.—Écoles publiques d'Ontario: Expérience du personnel enseignant, classée par les moyennes de salaire attaché aux diplômes, 1929

Male—Instituteurs

Experience	Rural—Campagnes		Cities—Cités		Towns—Villes		Villages	
	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2
To Commence—Débutants	\$ 1,098	\$ 940	\$ 1,211	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,050	\$ 1,033	—
1 year—un	1,075	978	1,306	1,150	1,200	1,100	1,000	1,067
2 years—ans	1,158	1,052	1,685	1,425	1,340	1,300	1,175	1,000
3 "	1,196	1,093	1,661	1,163	1,200	1,369	1,238	1,211
4 "	1,314	1,110	1,768	1,221	1,671	1,350	1,371	1,273
5 "	1,335	1,227	1,908	1,600	1,967	1,535	1,323	1,236
6-10 "	1,635	1,328	2,250	1,942	1,886	1,600	1,400	1,537
11-15 "	1,573	1,415	2,667	2,241	1,828	1,986	1,867	1,596
16-20 "	2,721	1,536	3,021	2,526	3,142	2,073	—	1,628
21-25 "	1,173	1,231	3,128	2,486	2,900	2,114	—	1,300
Over 25 years—Plus de 25 ans	1,967	1,530	3,228	2,750	2,667	2,189	1,675	1,530

ÉCOLES PUBLIQUES; PERSONNEL ENSEIGNANT

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81.—Ontario Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate and Sex, for the year 1929 in Elementary Schools and 1930 in Secondary Schools—con.
81.—Écoles d'Ontario sous le contrôle administratif: Personnel enseignant par catégorie de diplôme et sexe, en 1929 dans les écoles primaires et 1930 dans les écoles secondaires—suite

Separate Schools (catholiques)			Total Public and Separate	Con- tinuation Schools — Ecoles intermé- diaires	High Schools	Col- legiate Institutes or Institute collé- giales	Nomenclature
Town Des villes	Village Des villages	Total	Total publiques et séparées				
665	52	2,342	18,730	455	853	1,142	Nombre Total:
23	1	170	2,338	167		919	Hommes.
582	51	2,362	14,378	288		1,123	Femmes.
4	2	86	274	53		1,838	Diplômés d'une université, nombre.
335	39	1,560	14,832	-	-	-	Sortant des écoles normales d'Ont., nombre.
3	-	86	850	-	-	-	Sortant du collège normal ou faculté de péda- gogie.
32	8	214	3,286	-	-	-	Nombre des détenteurs de diplômes—
296	31	1,429	11,816	-	-	-	De première classe.
133	6	520	628	-	-	-	De deuxième classe.
21	-	50	71	-	-	-	De troisième classe.
-	-	1	578	-	-	-	De district.
-	-	-	90	-	-	-	D'école maternelle et d'école maternelle (premier degré).
-	-	-	90	-	-	-	De travaux manuels.
92	4	235	242	-	-	-	De science ménagère.
31	3	64	64	-	-	-	Supplémentaires.
917	1,000	922	1,662	1,370	2,290	2,811	Permanents (écoles à classe unique).
684	867	764	1,118	1,352	1,968	2,403	Moyenne de traitement: Hommes.
							Femmes.

1 Traitement moyen des adjoints seulement: les traitements moyens des principaux étaient de \$1,833 dans les écoles intermédiaires, \$2,996 dans les "High Schools" et \$3,261 dans les instituts collégiaux.

82.—Ontario Public Schools: Salaries of Teachers according to Certificates and Experience 1929—con.
82.—Écoles publiques d'Ontario: Expérience du personnel enseignant, classée par les moyennes de salaires attaché aux diplômes, 1929

Female—Institutrices

Expérience	Rural—Campagnes		Cities—Cités		Town—Villes		Villages	
	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2	Class 1	Class 2
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
To Commence—Débutantes	914	870	959	913	968	913	989	933
1 year—un	976	913	962	906	970	929	983	935
2 years—ans	1,057	950	1,067	992	1,002	961	1,043	980
3 "	1,039	982	1,081	1,053	1,073	1,013	1,067	940
4 "	1,043	1,002	1,226	1,126	1,023	1,014	1,000	1,017
5 "	1,003	1,010	1,214	1,093	1,110	1,086	1,175	1,013
6-10 "	1,122	1,056	1,400	1,413	1,195	1,137	1,181	1,044
11-15 "	1,182	1,140	1,633	1,609	1,223	1,253	1,025	1,045
16-20 "	1,200	1,202	1,795	1,735	1,196	1,183	1,150	1,073
21-25 "	1,332	1,149	1,990	1,918	1,167	1,231	-	1,136
Over 25 years—Plus de 25 ans	1,387	1,238	1,958	1,791	1,194	1,212	1,050	1,093

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS; TEACHERS

81.—Ontario Public Schools: Number of Teachers by years of Experience in 1928-29
 81.—Ecoles publiques d'Ontario: Personnel enseignant et durée de la carrière enseignante, en 1928-29

Years of Experience Durée de la carrière enseignante	Rural Rurales		Urban—Urbaines								Total Rural and Urban Rurales et urbaines	
			Cities Des cités		Towns Des villes		Villages Des villages		Total			
	M. H.	F.	M. H.	F.	M. H.	F.	M. H.	F.	M. H.	F.	M. H.	F.
Less than 1 year—Moins d'un an.....	121	855	13	80	9	50	4	13	26	143	147	995
1 year—un.....	156	903	23	138	6	71	4	25	33	234	189	1,137
2 years—ans.....	130	884	37	193	13	89	9	37	59	314	189	1,198
3 ".....	99	745	51	185	10	119	13	38	74	342	173	1,067
4 ".....	80	566	50	187	10	108	16	36	76	331	156	897
5 ".....	68	473	48	176	16	119	13	40	77	335	145	805
6 ".....	49	320	57	133	13	98	4	38	74	269	123	589
7 ".....	31	210	52	158	9	71	4	23	65	252	96	463
8 ".....	23	202	29	137	11	91	4	30	44	238	67	460
9 ".....	33	136	46	105	13	63	10	15	69	243	102	379
10 ".....	27	132	48	199	5	60	4	19	57	207	84	399
11 ".....	12	133	31	158	5	67	1	19	37	234	49	367
12 ".....	12	75	25	146	11	41	5	9	41	196	53	271
13 ".....	10	53	28	133	4	41	8	6	40	180	50	223
14 ".....	5	56	31	124	5	29	2	11	38	161	43	220
15 ".....	6	52	17	139	6	28	3	9	26	176	32	228
16 ".....	2	30	13	133	2	36	2	5	17	174	19	204
17 ".....	8	38	17	119	6	24	1	5	24	148	22	184
18 ".....	3	23	14	97	5	18	3	4	22	119	25	142
19 ".....	6	13	15	106	3	30	1	2	19	138	25	151
20 ".....	4	25	19	116	1	20	1	6	21	142	25	167
21 ".....	4	14	13	116	-	11	-	6	13	133	17	147
22 ".....	6	13	6	88	1	15	2	3	9	106	15	119
23 ".....	4	9	11	84	6	16	-	5	17	105	21	114
24 ".....	4	8	12	85	1	21	3	2	16	108	20	116
25 ".....	5	14	5	56	1	15	2	-	10	71	15	85
26 ".....	4	7	10	64	2	11	-	10	12	85	16	97
27 ".....	1	9	9	61	-	4	-	5	9	70	10	79
28 ".....	2	13	10	42	4	12	-	5	14	59	16	72
29 ".....	5	15	11	47	1	10	-	2	12	59	17	74
30 ".....	7	6	5	43	5	12	2	6	12	61	19	67
31 ".....	-	6	6	37	5	8	1	4	12	49	12	55
32 ".....	4	7	11	39	5	14	1	2	17	55	21	63
33 ".....	4	4	10	25	3	11	2	3	15	39	19	43
34 ".....	5	2	6	21	2	6	1	3	9	30	14	32
35 ".....	3	2	10	33	5	6	1	-	16	38	19	40
36 ".....	4	1	10	29	4	7	1	-	15	36	19	37
37 ".....	3	4	6	27	3	4	-	-	9	31	12	35
38 ".....	1	1	4	27	-	6	-	-	4	33	5	34
39 ".....	4	2	6	27	1	5	1	1	8	33	12	35
40 and over—et plus.....	11	3	19	88	11	22	4	4	34	114	45	117
Total.....	966	6,062	846	4,045	223	1,478	133	451	1,202	5,974	2,168	12,036

84.—Manitoba Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Sex and Qualification, Salaries and Expenses, 1920
85.—Écoles du Manitoba sous le contrôle administratif: Enseignants selon leur diplôme, la moyenne de leur traitement ainsi que des dépenses, 1920

[illegible]

* Including 831 male and 3,457 female. * For the second term only. * Permits are not issued for more than one term at a time. * The unspecified were exchange teachers. * Not including principals of Colleges Institutes, etc.

86.—Alberta Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate, Sex and Average Salary, 1936
 86.—Écoles de l'Alberta sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs et institutrices, leur diplôme et la moyenne de leur traitement, en 1936

Description	Number — Nombre	Salaries—Traitement			Nomenclature
		Highest Salary Maximum de traitement	Lowest Salary Minimum de traitement	Average Salary Moyenne de traitement	
Class I— Male..... Female.....	631 1,218	\$ 4,000 3,100	\$ 750 880	\$ 1,749 1,228	Première classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Class II Male..... Female.....	794 2,986	3,200 3,100	900 660	1,222 1,114	Deuxième classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Class III— Male..... Female.....	37 86	1,600 1,300	900 600	1,071 969	Troisième classe— Hommes. Femmes.
Permit— Male..... Female.....	— 1	— 840	— 840	— 840	Suppléant— Hommes. Femmes.
Special— Male..... Female.....	33 15	3,800 3,000	1,500 1,500	2,492 2,147	Spécial— Hommes. Femmes.
Rural Schools..... Town Schools..... Village Schools..... Separate Schools..... Consolidated Schools..... All schools..... Urban Schools.....	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	1,056 Écoles rurales. 1,639 Écoles des villes. 1,382 Écoles des villages. 1,109 Écoles catholiques séparées. 1,275 Écoles protestantes. 1,423 Toutes écoles. 1,507 Écoles urbaines.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOLS, TEACHERS

85.—Saskatchewan Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate, Sex and Salary, 1930
 85.—Écoles de la Saskatchewan sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs et institutrices, leur diplôme et la moyenne de traitement, 1930

Sex and certificate	Number of Teachers Nombre d'instituteurs et institutrices		Average Salary Moyenne du traitement		Sexe et diplôme
	Urban Ur- baines	Rural Rur- les	Urban Ur- baines	Rural Rur- les	
In Public and Separate Schools—					
Class I Male	543	410	653	1,775	1,100
Female	913	977	1,890	1,266	1,142
Total	1,456	1,387	2,543	1,186	2,242
Class II Male	265	948	1,133	1,394	1,186
Female	1,246	8,001	4,217	1,151	1,491
Total	1,511	8,949	5,350	1,467	2,677
Class III Male	3	18	19	1,261	1,037
Female	1	1	1	1,275	869
Total	4	19	20	1,268	1,906
Others	709	1	2	896	1,138
Male	1	1	2	1,665	1,038
Female	2,163	8,980	6,149	1,104	1,075
Total	2,912	6,365	8,275	1,316	1,075
Collegiate Institutes and High Schools—					
Male	159	—	159	2,100	—
Female	83	—	83	1,700	—
Unclassified	—	—	—	—	—
Total	242	—	242	1,962	—
Grand Total	2,154	5,365	8,517	1,366	1,676 (Grand total.

Pour les écoles publiques et séparées—	
1re classe	Hommes.
2e classe	Hommes.
3e classe	Hommes.
Autres	Hommes.
Total	Hommes.
Total.	

Pour les instituts collégiels et "high schools"—	
Hommes.	—
Femmes.	—
Non classées.	—
Total.	

Dans les écoles publiques et séparées—

1re classe Hommes.
2e classe Hommes.
3e classe Hommes.
Autres Hommes.
Total Hommes.
1re classe Femmes.
2e classe Femmes.
3e classe Femmes.
Autres Femmes.
Total Femmes.

Dans les instituts collégiaux et "high schools"—

Hommes.
Femmes.
Non classifiés.
Total.

ECOLLES PUBLIQUES; PERSONNEL ENSEIGNANT

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87.—British Columbia Publicly Controlled Schools: Teachers by Class of Certificate Sex and Salary, 1938
 87.—Écoles de la Colombie Britannique sous le contrôle administratif: Instituteurs et institutrices par classe de diplôme et par moyenne de traitement, en 1938

Sex and certificate	High Schools	City Municipalities — Municipalités Urbaines	Rural Municipalities — Municipalités Rurales	Rural and Assisted — Ecoles rurales et assistées	All Schools — Toutes écoles	Sexe et diplôme
Certificate						Diplôme
Academic...	572	106	14	38	730	Académique.
Class I.....	104	561	214	365	1,244	1ère classe.
Class II.....	-	686	311	537	1,534	2ème classe.
Class III.....	-	49	15	19	83	3ème classe
Temporary..	29	2	2	11	35	Supplémentaire.
Special.....	70	119	23	3	215	Spécial.
Exchange.....	-	12	1	-	13	
Sex						Sexe
Male.....	432	350	125	299	1,116	Masculin.
Female.....	334	1,185	455	764	2,738	Féminin.
Total.....	766	1,535	580	973	3,854	Total.
Average salary.....\$	2,328	1,536	1,226	1,127	1,528	Moyenne du traitement.



3. VOCATIONAL AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS, ETC.—ÉCOLES INDUSTRIELLES ET SPÉCIALES, ETC.

88.—Vocational Schools in Canada Receiving aid under the Dominion Technical Education Act: Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils, 1930

88.—Écoles Industrielles du Canada subventionnées en vertu de la loi sur l'enseignement technique: Nombre d'écoles, d'instituteurs et d'élèves, 1930

	P.E.I. I.P.E.	N.S. N.-E.	N.B. N.-B.	Qué. Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.-B.	Total	
Number of municipalities—											
Day	1	1	8	13	38	5	3	3	13	85	Nombre de municipalités.
Evening	4	25	9	14	58	2	3	8	45	109	Du jour.
Total	5	26	17	27	96	7	6	11	58	251	Du soir.
											Total.
Number of Teachers											
Day	23	16	67	145	1,087	101	61	104	169	1,704	Nombre d'instituteurs.
Evening	4	56	91	449	1,486	157	55	96	261	2,663	Du jour.
Correspondence	—	23	—	—	—	1	—	4	9	37	Du soir.
Total	27	95	158	594	2,573	259	116	204	439	4,456	Correspondance.
											Total.
Pupils enrolled—											
Day	1,025	2,031	1,256	5,377	29,035	3,058	1,144	2,577	4,887	50,453	Elèves inscrits.
Evening	69	2,708	1,890	14,516	44,431	3,333	1,701	2,032	6,671	77,421	Du jour.
Correspondence	—	1,034	—	—	—	503	—	235	230	2,073	Du soir.
Total	1,094	6,725	3,156	19,893	73,526	6,884	2,845	4,844	11,778	130,847	Correspondance.
											Total.
Teacher Training Classes—											
Instructors	—	2	4	—	4	1	—	—	11	22	Formation d'instituteurs—
Students	—	28	32	—	371	4	—	—	123	558	Instituteurs.
											Candidates.
Amount paid to provinces	\$ 22,117	21,525	51,051	125,302	—	41,542	60,508	21,780	68,564	413,287	Montants payés aux provinces.

ECOLES INDUSTRIELLES ET SPECIALES

71

89.—The Workers' Educational Association of Ontario, 1930-31
90.—Association d'éducation des travailleurs d'Ontario, "Les Travailleurs", 1930-31

City and Class	Number of times class met Nombre des séances	Enrolment				Average Attendance Moyenne de présence	Villes et Cours
		Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Workers ¹ Travailleurs	Non-Workers Autres	
Toronto—							
Economics	20	30	4	34			Toronto—
Psychology	20	31	35	66			Economics politique.
English	20	34	17	51			Psychologie.
Literature	20	11	15	26			Anglais.
Public Speaking	20	61	12	73	314	0	Littérature.
Discussion	25	23	6	29			Art oratoire.
Labour Problems	20	21	1	22			Débat.
Current Events	30	23	11	34			Problèmes du travail.
Chemistry	20	25	2	27			Faite divers.
Metallurgy	20	23	—	23			Chimie.
Hamilton—							Métallurgie.
Economics	20	14	5	19			Hamilton—
Psychology	20	19	20	39	90	9	Economics politique.
Public Speaking	20	40	10	50			Psychologie.
London—							Art oratoire.
Economics	20	18	—	18	34	—	London—
Current Events and English	20	24	—	24			Economics politique.
Windsor—							Faite divers et anglais.
Economics and Public Speaking	20	26	—	26	26	—	Windsor—
Kitchener—							Economics politique et art oratoire.
Economics	20	20	—	20	19	1	Kitchener—
Brantford—							Economics politique.
Economics	20	19	1	20	20	—	Brantford—
St. Catharines—							Economics politique.
Economics	20	25	8	33	25	8	Sto. Catharines—
Prescott—							Economics politique.
Economics	20	17	3	20	19	1	Prescott—
Stratford—							Economics politique.
Economics	20	27	—	27	27	—	Stratford—
Niagara Falls—							Economics politique.
Economics	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chutes Niagara—
York Township—	5	25	1	26			Township de York—
Economics	445	546	147	693	Included in Toronto.		Economics politique.
Grass Enrolment	—	—	—	605	—	—	Inscriptions individuelles (excepté les doubles comptes entre classes).
Individuals enrolled (excluding duplicates between classes).	—	—	—	—	—	—	

¹ "Workers" being defined as: Trade Unionists and those engaged in occupations similar to those of Trade Unionists.
¹ "Travailleurs" définis comme: Syndicats ouvriers et ceux qui sont employés dans des métiers similaires à ces unions ouvrières.

VOCATIONAL AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS

90.—Schools for the Blind and Deaf in Canada: Number of Pupils by Provinces, 1930
 90.—Écoles canadiennes pour les aveugles et les sourds: Nombre d'élèves par provinces en 1930

Place of Residence of Pupils	Location of Schools—Situation des écoles										Provinces ou pays dont les élèves sont originaires	
	For the deaf—De sourds					For the blind—D'aveugles						
	N.S.	¹ Que.	Ont.	Man.	¹ B.C.	N.S.	¹ Que.	Ont.	¹ B.C.	Total		
	N.-E.	Qué.	Ont.	Man.	¹ C.-B.	N.-E.	Qué.	Ont.	¹ C.-B.	Total		
Newfoundland.....	19	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	-	-	19	Terre-Neuve.
Prince Edward Island.....	7	-	-	-	-	7	4	-	-	-	4	Île du Prince-Edouard
Nova Scotia.....	69	-	-	-	-	69	109	-	-	-	109	Nouvelle-Ecosse.
New Brunswick.....	36	-	-	-	-	36	36	-	-	-	36	Nouveau-Brunswick
Quebec.....	1	581	-	-	-	582	-	151	-	-	151	Québec.
Ontario.....	-	-	344	-	-	344	-	-	109	-	109	Ontario.
Manitoba.....	-	-	-	98	-	98	-	-	11	-	11	Manitoba.
Saskatchewan.....	-	-	-	43	-	43	-	-	24	-	24	Saskatchewan.
Alberta.....	-	-	-	42	-	42	-	-	13	-	13	Alberta.
British Columbia.....	-	-	-	-	67	67	-	-	-	19	19	Colombie Britannique
Total.....	132	581	344	143	67	1,397	169	151	157	19	495	Total.

¹ While the pupils in the schools of Quebec and B.C. are all entered under these provinces, some of them no doubt come from other provinces.

¹ Bien que les élèves dans les écoles de Québec et de la C.-B. soient inscrits dans ces provinces, il est certain que quelques-uns d'entre-eux doivent être originaires d'autres provinces.

91.—Schools for the Blind and Deaf in Quebec, 1916-1930—Écoles pour les aveugles et les sourds, Québec, 1916-1930

Year — Année	For Deaf-Mutes—Pour les sourds-muets							For the blind Pour les aveugles		
	Number of pupils enrolled — Nombre d'élèves inscrits			Pupils learning to speak — Elèves apprenant à parler		Pupils taught by — Elèves instruits par la		Number of pupils enrolled — Nombre d'élèves inscrits		
	Boys — Garçons	Girls — Filles	Total	By aural method — Par la méthode auricul.	By lips move- ment — Par le mouv. des lèvres	Oral method — Méthode orale	Writing and man. alpha. — Ecriture et alph. manuel	Boys — Garçons	Girls — Filles	Total
1916.....	194	235	429	9	139	359	105	52	66	118
1917.....	201	232	433	18	182	379	124	55	79	133
1918.....	193	245	438	15	165	377	98	75	85	160
1919.....	180	251	431	10	143	324	97	51	67	119
1920.....	195	230	425	15	327	306	119	58	50	108
1921.....	201	253	454	33	342	451		60	65	125
1922.....	219	232	451	24	339	454		63	65	128
1923.....	224	237	461	30	333			87	73	160
1924.....	219	233	452	30	325	286	102	101	84	185
1925.....	236	253	489	34	319	312	140	119	90	209
1926.....	235	227	462	38	278	354	108	117	91	208
1927.....	244	250	494	42	331	323	112	117	92	209
1928.....	278	281	559	42	372	344	149	120	81	201
1929.....	285	269	554	44	310	341	124	80	55	135
1930.....	280	301	581	51	336	409	141	90	61	151

92.—Junior Red Cross in Canada Statistics, 1930—Croix-Rouge des Jeunes au Canada, Statistiques, 1930

Province	No. of Branches Nombre de sections (1930)	Member-ship Membres (1930)	Handi-capped Children treated Enfants anormaux ou déshérités traités
Prince Edward Island—Ile du Prince-Edouard	190	3,723	99
Nova Scotia—Nouvelle-Ecosse	547	19,573	89
New Brunswick—Nouveau-Brunswick	412	11,806	31
Quebec—Québec	1,216	37,110	168
Ontario	1,931	60,194	52
Manitoba	438	11,160	120
Saskatchewan	1,269	48,361	230
Alberta	1,503	41,657	204
British Columbia—Colombie Britannique	110	2,310	6
Total	7,614	236,394	999

Orthopaedic cases—Affections orthopédiques	461
Glasses fitted—Lunettes ajustées	92
Other cases—Autres cas	154
Convalescent care—Soins aux convalescents	141
Tonsils and Adenoid operations—Opérations des amygdales et des adénoïdes	142
Dental cases—Cas dentaires	9

93.—Girl Guides in Canada, by Provinces, 1930—Girl Guides au Canada, par provinces, 1930

Province	Active Companies and Packs				Active Guides, Guiders (including Brown Owls) and Commr's									
	Brownie Packs	Guides	Rangers	Sea Rangers	Cadet Ranger Coe	Guides	Brownies	Rangers	Guiders	Commr's	Sec'y's	Sea Rangers	Cadet Coe	Cadets
P.E.I.—I.P.E.	-	1	-	-	-	16	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
N.S.—N.E.	19	38	4	1	-	910	214	48	113	10	12	17	-	-
N.B.—N.B.	5	24	1	-	-	482	108	12	49	8	6	-	-	-
Quebec—Québec	44	100	8	-	2	2,495	930	90	260	22	16	-	2	32
Ontario	106	254	20	1	3	7,126	2,621	456	663	70	63	7	3	101
Manitoba	47	80	2	-	-	2,120	1,223	30	204	18	21	-	-	-
Saskatchewan	46	118	6	-	-	2,593	977	61	273	7	32	-	-	-
Alberta	30	59	7	-	-	1,360	612	103	131	4	17	-	-	-
B.C.—C.B.	66	101	9	2	1	2,336	1,368	161	294	33	51	39	1	30
Total	343	775	57	4	6	19,117	8,659	967	1,992	178	238	63	6	163

NOTE.—The figures for the Guides, Brownies, and Rangers are only approximate. The figures for Guiders give only those who hold a warrant from Canadian Headquarters.

NOTE.—Ces chiffres des Guides, Brownies et Rangers ne sont qu'approximatifs. Les chiffres des Guiders représentent seulement celles qui ont été officiellement nommées par les quartiers généraux canadiens.

VOCATIONAL AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS

34.—Boy Scouts in Canada by Provinces—Boy Scouts au Canada, par provinces

Province	Number of Wolf Cubs, 1917-30 Nombre de Louveteaux, 1917-30						Number of Boy Scouts, proper, 1917-30 Nombre de Boy Scouts, proprement dits, 1917-30					
	1917	1922	1927	1928	1929	1930	1917	1922	1927	1928	1929	1930
P.E. Island—Île du P.-Edouard	-	-	35	65	12	45	120	135	127	111	92	85
Nova Scotia—Nouvelle-Ecosse	-	330	547	622	467	654	1,161	2,353	2,198	2,232	1,967	2,000
New Brunswick—Nouveau-Brunswick	-	591	555	612	604	720	864	950	952	1,003	949	877
Quebec—Québec	-	716	1,414	1,531	1,884	1,677	1,658	2,540	2,897	2,827	3,058	3,000
Ontario	515	3,640	6,636	6,773	6,487	7,492	7,161	10,202	10,673	10,705	9,218	9,700
Manitoba	545	1,650	2,416	2,298	2,276	2,365	2,036	2,153	2,336	2,564	2,312	2,380
Saskatchewan	84	2,250	1,681	1,793	1,886	2,104	1,764	10,576	3,192	3,490	3,535	4,000
Alberta	-	875	1,609	1,588	1,650	2,095	1,739	2,616	4,600	4,647	4,700	3,347
Br. Columbia—Colombie Britannique	123	1,435	1,433	1,547	1,554	1,956	839	2,205	1,815	2,024	2,569	2,200
Total	1,257	11,480	16,320	16,872	16,814	19,112	17,025	33,730	29,790	29,433	28,340	27,703

35.—Victorian Order of Nurses in Canada, 1930—Ordre Victoria des Infirmières du Canada, 1930

Provinces	Centres in Operation Centres d'activité	Nurses on Duty Infirmières en service	Centres in which School Nursing is done Centres où les infirmières pratiquent l'inspection scolaire	Centres in which Well Baby Clinics are held Centres pourvus de crèches ou pouponnières	School Inspection Visits Visites d'inspection scolaire	Home School Visits Visites scolaires locales	Other Instructive Visits Autres visites de démonstration
Nova Scotia—Nouv. Ecosse	13	37	7	13	557	464	24,775
New Brunswick—Nouv. Bruns- wick	6	15	4	4	383	350	6,297
Quebec—Québec	9	65	6	4	602	17	39,630
Ontario	41	148	12	34	2,156	1,899	61,641
Manitoba	1	13	-	1	-	-	7,500
Saskatchewan	5	6	3	2	113	193	4,899
Alberta	2	9	-	2	-	12	6,367
Br. Columbia—Col. Britannique	6	23	2	6	226	538	23,092
Total	82	316	31	67	4,037	3,476	174,310

36.—Distribution of 25,203 Boy¹ Delinquents in Eight Provinces in Canada from 1922 to 193036.—Distribution de 25,203 délinquants garçons¹ dans huit provinces du Canada, 1922 à 1930

Age	Elementary Grades—Degrés élémentaires								Second- ary Grades — Degrés secon- daires	Total
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII		
7	220	127	21	6	-	-	-	-	-	379
8	228	379	213	44	11	1	1	-	-	877
9	156	425	572	289	90	26	5	1	-	1,567
10	98	329	755	675	403	113	33	10	1	2,417
11	43	167	654	920	839	384	126	28	4	3,054
12	47	142	470	864	1,163	895	412	134	17	4,144
13	28	76	232	642	880	1,097	805	419	124	4,306
14	24	49	149	409	798	902	980	887	425	4,525
15	25	48	95	206	449	689	736	921	762	3,934
Total	869	1,739	3,160	3,955	4,532	4,107	3,101	2,368	1,332	25,203

¹ Major cases only—Délits graves seulement.

97.—Median Grade of 25,293 Boy Delinquents, boys in Ordinary schools and 2,951 boys in a Special School in Canada

97.—Degré médian des 25,293 jeunes délinquants, écoliers, et 2,951 garçons dans une école spéciale

Age	Total			First Quartile Premier Quartile			Third Quartile Troisième Quartile		
	Boy delinquents — Jeunes délinquants	Boys in ordinary schools — Ecoliers	Boys in a special school — Garçons dans une école spéciale	Boy delinquents — Jeunes délinquants	Boys in ordinary schools — Ecoliers	Boys in a special school — Garçons dans une école spéciale	Boy delinquents — Jeunes délinquants	Boys in ordinary schools — Ecoliers	Boys in a special school — Garçons dans une école spéciale
7 years—années	1.86	1.61	—	1.42	1.26	—	2.48	1.95	—
8 "	2.55	2.18	—	1.87	1.56	—	3.13	2.82	—
9 "	3.35	3.02	5.56	2.55	2.23	5.23	4.07	3.93	5.85
10 "	4.03	4.10	5.87	3.23	3.06	5.44	4.92	4.99	6.46
11 "	4.78	5.09	6.83	3.83	4.08	6.36	5.71	5.91	7.73
12 "	5.44	6.08	8.31	4.40	4.90	7.46	6.47	6.92	9.13
13 "	6.23	6.90	9.45	5.07	5.67	8.61	7.29	8.06	10.17
14 "	6.95	7.84	10.25	5.82	6.46	9.47	8.30	8.90	10.91
15 "	7.59	8.48	11.13	6.18	7.20	10.33	8.74	9.69	11.65

98.—Distribution of 2,951 Boys in one Special School in Canada—Aggregate of the years 1922-1936

98.—Répartition des 2,951 garçons dans une école spéciale en Canada—1922-1936

Age	Elem. Grades—Degrés élém.				Sec. Grades—Degrés sec.				Total		
	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Elem. — Elém.	Sec.	Total
7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	6
9	82	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	95	—	95
10	140	102	6	5	—	—	—	—	253	—	253
11	17	191	75	58	8	2	—	—	341	10	351
12	—	47	129	141	96	32	4	—	317	122	439
13	—	1	66	101	218	138	35	—	169	291	460
14	—	—	6	58	182	237	141	5	64	565	629
15	—	—	—	11	80	162	316	49	11	607	618
Total	245	351	282	374	574	571	496	53	1,253	1,696	2,951

4. TEACHER TRAINING SCHOOLS: ECOLES DE FORMATION D'INSTITUTEURS

29.—Teacher Training Institutions in Canada: Teaching Staff and Students in regular courses, 1929-30
 30.—Institutions de formation d'instituteurs au Canada: Personnel d'enseignement et élèves des cours réguliers, 1929-30

	Regular Teaching Staff Personnel d'enseignement			Students by sex Etudiants par sexe			Students by Class of certificates being trained for Elèves par classe de certificats					
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	University Graduates Universitaires	1st Class Première classe	2nd Class Deuxième classe	3rd Class Troisième classe	Special Spécial	
Prince of Wales College— Charlottetown, P.E.I.	7	5	12	71	148	219	—	72	147	—	—	Prince of Wales College— Charlottetown, P.E.I.
Normal College, Truro— Regular session	7	3	10	23	240	263	—	42	109	102	10	Normal College, Truro— Cours réguliers.
Acadia University	10	11	21	34	283	317	—	—	—	317	—	Cours d'été.
Dalhousie University	2	—	2	10	5	15	—	15	—	—	—	Université Acadia.
St. Francis Xavier	1	—	1	3	7	10	—	10	—	—	—	Université Dalhousie.
Total—Nova Scotia	22	14	36	87	538	625	—	87	169	419	10	Total—Nouvelle-Ecosse.
Normal School, Fredericton. Mount Allison University	8	2	10	32	208	300	—	140	145	15	—	Ecole normale, Fredericton. Université Mount Allison.
Total—New Brunswick	11	2	13	33	276	311	—	151	145	15	—	Total—Nouveau-Brunswick.
Catholic Normal Schools:								(Suppl.)	(Sup)	(Elem.)		Écoles normales catholiques:—
Laval (2 schools)	11	2	13	82	87	169	—	—	42	127	—	Laval (2 écoles)
Immaculate Conception (3 schools)	10	15	25	104	144	248	—	—	67	171	—	Immaculée Conception (3 écoles)
St. Joseph's	2	19	21	—	90	111	—	—	12	78	—	St. Joseph
St. Vincent	2	14	16	—	109	125	—	—	19	90	—	St. Vincent
St. Mary's	2	10	12	—	114	126	—	—	19	90	—	St. Mary
St. John's	2	11	13	—	125	137	—	—	38	89	—	St. John
St. Elizabeth	2	5	7	—	78	85	—	—	15	36	—	St. Elizabeth
St. Anne's	2	6	8	—	78	86	—	—	17	36	—	St. Anne
St. Joseph's	2	8	10	—	83	93	—	—	17	36	—	St. Joseph
St. Vincent	1	15	16	—	158	174	—	—	34	100	—	St. Vincent
St. Basil	1	11	12	—	151	163	—	—	18	42	—	St. Basil
St. Charles	2	16	18	—	100	118	—	—	18	42	—	St. Charles
St. Joseph's	2	11	13	—	80	93	—	—	23	65	—	St. Joseph
St. Jerome	1	7	8	—	88	96	—	—	23	65	—	St. Jerome
St. Elizabeth	1	13	14	—	51	65	—	—	23	65	—	St. Elizabeth
St. Anne's	1	4	5	—	33	41	—	—	5	48	—	St. Anne
St. Joseph's	2	8	10	—	92	102	—	—	30	61	—	St. Joseph

[illegible]

1 In the column "University Graduate's" are included only those training for certificates for which a university degree is prerequisite. In some cases there are also university graduates in the "First Class" column. Under the headings First, Second and Third Class respectively are included those training for certificates so termed without the inclusion of provinces, except in Nova Scotia and Quebec where the designation of certificates is not uniform with that used in other provinces. Here the provincial forms are entered in brackets instead of the provincial support letters of Pedagogy, the students of which are entered under the heading "Supplementary." While studying for a diploma from the University of Montreal instead of the provincial Support letter Diploma, the requirements for admission are similar to those for the supplementary course in the normal schools, being a Superior Certificate from a normal school, or its equivalent. The last three "Social" include those training for Kindergarten; Technical certificates where a separate class of certificate is issued for this type of work.

[illegible]

les *lycéistes* pour certains d'enseignement dans les écoles normales (certaines des lycéistes) et ont accueilli un certain nombre pour en faire des enseignants. 25 in the

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TEACHER TRAINING SCHOOLS

99.—Teacher Training Institutions in Canada: Teaching Staff and Students in regular courses, 1929-30
 99.—Institutions de formation d'instituteurs au Canada: Personnel d'enseignement et élèves des cours réguliers, 1929-30

	Regular Teaching Staff Personnel d'enseignement			Students by sex Étudiants par sexe			Students by Class of certificates being trained for ¹ Élèves par classe de certificat				
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Univer- sity Gr- aduate's Universi- taires	1st Class — Première classe	2nd Class — Deuxi- ème classe	3rd Class — Trois- ième classe	Special Spécial
Normal Schools—											
Regina.....	9	8	17	137	435	572	—	192	380	—	—
Saskatoon.....	9	6	15	110	307	417	—	204	213	—	—
Moos Jaw.....	7	6	13	72	235	307	—	106	201	—	—
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan.....	14	1	15	6	15	21	21	(Established 1929) — (Établie en 1929)	—	—	—
Total—Saskatchewan.....	39	21	60	325	892	1,317	21	492	794	—	—
Normal Schools—											
Calgary.....	8	4	12	60	280	340	—	91	249	—	—
Camrose.....	6	3	9	34	166	200	—	25	175	—	—
Edmonton.....	8	2	10	56	207	263	—	71	192	—	—
School of Education, University of Alberta.....	2	—	2	3	5	8	8	(Established 1930) — (Établie en 1930)	—	—	—
Total—Alberta.....	24	9	33	153	659	811	8	197	616	—	—
Normal Schools —											
Victoria.....	6	3	9	25	115	140	—	72	68	—	—
Vancouver.....	8	3	11	35	190	225	—	136	89	—	—
Education Department, Univer- sity of British Columbia.....	2	1	3	21	46	67	67	—	—	—	—
Total—British Columbia.....	16	7	23	81	331	432	67	208	157	—	—

¹ In the column "University Graduate's" are included only those training for certificates for which a university degree is prerequisite. In some cases there are also university graduates in the "First Class" column. Under the headings First, Second and Third Class respectively are included those training for certificates so termed within the individual provinces, except in Nova Scotia and Quebec where the designation of certificates is not uniform with that used in other provinces. Here the provincial terms are entered in brackets except in the case of the Institute of Pedagogy, the students of which are entered under the heading "Supplementary". While studying for a diploma from the University of Montreal instead of the provincial Supplementary Diploma, the requirements for admission are similar to those for the supplementary course in the normal schools, being a Super or Certificate from a normal school, or its equivalent. The last column, "Special", includes those training for Kindergarten and Technical certificates where a separate class of certificate is issued for this type of work.

¹ La colonne "Universitaires" ne comprend que les étudiants pour certificat d'enseignement possédant un degré universitaire. Il y a aussi quelques gradués universitaires dans la première classe. Les rubriques "première, deuxième et troisième classe" respectivement comprennent les étudiants pour certificats d'enseignement, ainsi nommés dans les provinces, excepté la Nouvelle-Écosse et le Québec, où la désignation de tels certificats n'est pas la même que dans les autres provinces. Ici, les termes provinciaux sont inscrits entre parenthèses, excepté dans le cas de l'Institut de Pédagogie, dont les élèves sont inscrits sous la rubrique "supplémentaire". Les étudiants pour le diplôme de l'Université de Montréal, au lieu du diplôme supplémentaire provincial, doivent posséder en certificat supérieur d'une école normale ou son équivalent, ainsi qu'on l'exige pour le cours supplémentaire des écoles normales. La dernière colonne "spécial" comprend ceux qui suivent les étudiants pour certificat d'enseignement dans les écoles maternelles (gardins d'enfance) et les écoles techniques, où l'on accorde un certificat spécial pour ce genre d'enseignement.

ÉCOLES DE FORMATION D'INSTITUTEURS

79

100.—Teacher training institutions in Canada: Historical Summary of enrolments, 1902-30
100.—Institutions de formation d'instituteurs au Canada: Résumé rétrospectif des inscriptions, 1902-30

Year Année	P.E.I. ¹ I.P.-É. ¹	N.S. ¹ N.-É. ¹	N.B.	Que. ² Qué. ²	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.B.	Total
1902.....	-	182	260	420	1,922	320	-	-	-	3,113
1903.....	-	145	224	460	1,861	319	-	-	-	3,009
1904.....	-	191	288	302	1,592	300	-	-	-	2,853
1905.....	-	148	295	416	1,685	491	-	-	-	3,025
1906.....	-	154	307	423	2,286	476	189	102	-	3,936
1908.....	-	161	334	526	1,788	410	220	140	-	3,585
1909.....	-	215	343	715	1,410	448	411	182	-	3,724
1910.....	-	260	358	787	1,519	503	447	218	-	4,083
1911.....	-	268	370	940	1,474	628	241	248	-	4,063
1912.....	-	293	376	936	1,513	-	580	275	-	3,876
1913.....	-	302	338	1,088	1,436	529	643	292	-	4,668
1914.....	-	318	357	1,270	1,563	581	986	357	-	5,339
1915.....	-	355	351	1,312	1,425	672	1,222	601	-	5,938
1916.....	-	388	372	1,357	1,810	737	911	436	-	6,022
1917.....	-	263	372	1,361	1,438	599	1,051	334	335	5,907
1918.....	-	260	287	1,339	1,079	513	621	467	365	5,549
1919.....	-	255	263	1,223	1,059	554	1,058	297	425	6,033
1920.....	220	228	263	1,502	1,959	593	723	413	404	6,586
1921.....	241	241	216	1,376	2,221	642	899	411	377	7,105
1922.....	341	356	358	1,389	2,684	790	1,462	536	685	8,825
1923.....	347	355	451	1,555	3,131	637	1,571	1,004	672	9,750
1924.....	338	682	442	1,923	3,392	695	1,621	669	639	10,048
1925.....	297	760	430	1,771	2,611	695	1,702	613	563	9,460
1926.....	299	692	376	1,854	2,786	636	1,655	774	453	9,190
1927.....	243	680	344	1,884	2,441	626	1,514	721	335	8,779
1928.....	215	600	321	1,950	2,679	614	1,458	602	375	8,977
1929.....	195	538	345	1,921	1,734	536	2,677	789	339	9,059
1930.....	219	615	311	2,075	1,828	549	1,317	811	432	8,167

GENERAL NOTE.—Teacher training classes at the universities, except in Ontario, are first included in 1930, when in Nova Scotia they enrolled 55, New Brunswick 11, Quebec 80, Saskatchewan 21, Alberta 8, British Columbia 67.

¹ The pronounced increase in 1924 marks the beginning of the Summer Session at the Provincial Normal College.

² In Prince Edward Island, and Quebec Catholic Normal Schools, academic training is given concurrently with professional, and the courses extend over two or three years. Hence enrolment figures of a year represent considerably more than the number expecting to receive teaching certificates in that year. Students in all of the other provinces are taking professional training primarily and may complete their courses for a teaching certificate within the year.

NOTE GÉNÉRALE.—Les classes de formation des instituteurs dans les universités, excepté dans l'Ontario ont été mentionnées pour la première fois dans la statistique de 1930, alors qu'il y a eu 55 inscriptions dans la Nouvelle-Écosse, 11 dans le Nouveau-Brunswick, 80 dans le Québec, 21 dans la Saskatchewan, 8 dans l'Alberta, 67 dans la Colombie Britannique.

¹ Il y eut une augmentation remarquable d'inscriptions au début des cours d'été au Collège Normal Provincial.

² Dans les écoles normales catholiques de l'Île du Prince-Édouard et celles du Québec, on donne des cours académiques concurrentement avec les cours professionnels, la durée de ces cours étant de deux à trois ans. Le nombre d'inscriptions de l'année est donc beaucoup plus élevé que celui des aspirants au certificat d'enseignement en cette année. Les étudiants dans les autres provinces suivent tout d'abord les cours professionnels et peuvent compléter pendant l'année leurs études pour le certificat d'enseignement.

TEACHER TRAINING SCHOOLS

161.—Summer Schools in Canada, for teachers and others, 1929
 161.—Ecoles d'été pour instituteurs et autres au Canada, 1929

Where held, and length of session Endroit et durée des cours	Auspices and year established Auspices et année	Enrolment by sex Inscriptions par sexe			Enrolment by type of work Inscriptions par genre de travail		
		Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Teachers Cours d'instituteurs	University Under-graduate and Graduate Courses Cours universitaires sous-graduates et gradués	Other or unspecified Courses Cours autres et non spécifiés
Victoria and Vancouver, 5 weeks—Victoria et Vancouver, 5 semaines.	Department of Education of B.C., 1914—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique, C.B., 1914.	77	369	446	446	-	-
University of B.C., 7 weeks—Université de la C.B., 7 semaines.	University of British Columbia, 1919—Université de la C.B., 1919.	229	226	455	-	455	-
Total, British Columbia	Total, Colombie Britannique	306	595	901	446	455	-
University of Alberta, Edmonton, 5 weeks—Université de l'Alberta, Edmonton, 5 semaines.	Department of Education jointly with University of Alberta, 1913. Courses by latter since 1919—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique conjointement avec l'Université de l'Alberta, 1913. Cours par cette dernière depuis 1919.	-	-	708	538	150	-
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, 6 weeks—Université de la Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, 6 semaines.	Department of Education in co-operation with University of Sask., 1914. Courses by latter since 1917—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique en coopération avec l'Université de la Sask., Cours par cette dernière depuis 1917.	-	-	664	222	398	44
Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, 6 weeks—Collège agricole du Manitoba, Winnipeg, 6 semaines.	Department of Education (1910), jointly with University of Manitoba since 1923—Dépt de l'Instruction Pub. (1910), conjointement avec l'Université du Manitoba depuis 1923.	358	528	886	416	470	-
University of Toronto, 5-8 weeks—Université de Toronto, 5 à 8 semaines.	University of Toronto, 1905—Université de Toronto, 1905.	108	103	211	-	211	-
Queen's University, Kingston, 7 weeks—Queen's University, Kingston, 7 semaines.	Queen's University, 1910	223	200	423	-	423	-
Dominion Archives, Ottawa, 7 weeks—Archives du Dominion, Ottawa, 7 semaines.	Queen's University, 1922	-	-	-	-	-	-
University of Western Ontario, London, 6 weeks—University of Western Ontario, London, 6 semaines.	University of Western Ontario, 1919.	69	96	165	-	165	-
McMaster University, Hamilton, 6 weeks.	McMaster University, 1931.	-	-	-	-	-	-
University of Ottawa, Ottawa—Université d'Ottawa	University of Ottawa—Université d'Ottawa.	100	235	325	-	-	325
St. Michael's College, Toronto—St. Michael's College, Toronto.	St. Michael's College	36	4	40	-	40	-
Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Windsor, Port Arthur, North Bay, Quebec City. Most courses last 5 weeks—La plupart des cours 5 semaines.	Department of Education, 1911—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique, 1911.	-	-	3,424	3,391	-	33

† Including courses in the Upper High School grades—Y compris les cours des hautes études.

ECOLES DE FORMATION D'INSTITUTEURS

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101.—Summer Schools in Canada for teachers and others, 1930—Concluded
101.—Ecoles d'été pour instituteurs et autres au Canada, 1930—fin

Where held, and length of session — Endroit et durée des cours	Auspices and year established — Auspices et année	Enrolment by sex — Inscriptions par sexe			Enrolment by type of work — Inscriptions par genre de travail		
		Men Hommes	Woman Femmes	Total	Teachers' Courses ¹ Cours d'instituteurs ¹	University Undergraduate and Graduate Courses Cours universitaires sous-gradués et gradués	Other or unspecified Courses Cours autres et non spécifiés
Ont. Agricultural College, Guelph, and Kemptville Agricultural School, 5 weeks— Collège Agricola de l'Ont. Guelph, et Collège agricole de Kemptville, 5 semaines.	Dept. of Education in co-operation with Ont. Dept. of Agriculture—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique en coopération avec le Dépt ontarien de l'Agriculture.	-	-	363	363	-	-
Toronto and Kingston, (Physical Culture and Cadet Instruction) 5 weeks—Toronto et Kingston (culture physique et instruction des cadets), 5 semaines.	Dept. of Education in co-operation with Dominion Dept. of National Defence—Dépt. de l'Instruction Publique en coopération avec le ministère de la Défense Nationale.	-	-	312	312	-	-
Total—Ontario.....		-	-	5,263	4,066	839	358
MacDonald College and Bishop's University, 4 weeks— Collège MacDonald et Université Bishop's 4 semaines.	Department of Education, Quebec—Dépt de l'Instruction Pub., Québec, 1931.	No report			All	-	-
McGill University, Montreal, 5 weeks—Université McGill, Montréal, 5 semaines.	McGill University, 1904 (French Summer School 172, Library School 15)—Université McGill, 1904 (Ecole française d'été 172, Ecole-bibliothèque 15).	25	162	187	-	-	187
Institute of Pedagogy, University of Montreal, 4 weeks— Institut de Pédagogie, Université de Montréal, 4 semaines.	Marguerite Bourgeois College, (all classes conducted in French)—Collège Marguerite Bourgeois, cours français.	-	590	590	590	-	-
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, 6 weeks—Mt. Allison University, Sackville, 6 semaines.	Mt. Allison University, 1924.....	91	108	199	50	149	-
Univ. of New Brunswick, Fredericton, 6 weeks—Université du N.-Brunswick, Fredericton, 6 semaines.	University of New Brunswick, 1928—Université du Nouveau-Brunswick, 1928.	13	22	35	-	35	-
Vocational School, Saint John, 4 weeks—Ecole professionnelle, St. John, 4 semaines.	New Brunswick Vocational Education Board, 1919.	-	60	60	60	-	-
Total, New Brunswick—Total, Nouv.-Brunswick.....		104	190	294	110	184	-
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax, 6 weeks—Collège Mt. St-Vincent, Halifax, 6 semaines.	Mount Saint Vincent College, 1926—Collège Mt. St-Vincent, 1926.	-	60	60	-	60	-
Mt. St. Bernard College, Antigonish—Collège Mt St-Bernard, Antigonish.	St. Francis Xavier Univ., 1929—Université St-François Xavier, 1929.	-	56	56	-	56	-
St. Mary's College, Halifax—Collège St-Mary, Halifax.	St. Mary's College—Collège St-Mary.	16	-	16	-	16	-
N.S. Technical College, etc., Halifax, 6 weeks—Collège Technique de la N.-E., Halifax, 6 semaines.	Department of Education of Nova Scotia, 1927—Dépt de l'Instruction Publique, N.-Ecosse, 1927.	35	378	413	413	-	-
Total, Nova Scotia ² —Total, Nouvelle-Ecosse ²		51	494	545	413	132	-

¹ Including courses in the Upper High School grades—Y compris les cours des écoles de hautes études.

² For enrolment of the summer session in the provincial normal school see the preceding table on teacher training schools—Pour inscription des cours d'été à l'école normale provinciale voir les tableaux précédents sur les écoles de formation d'instituteurs.

5. COST OF SUPPORT OF ALL PROVINCIALLY CONTROLLED SCHOOLS 5. COUT DE L'INSTRUCTION PUBLIQUE

102.—Canadian Publicly Controlled Schools: Receipts and Expenditure by Provinces
102.—Budgets de l'instruction publique au Canada, par provinces

Year—Année	P.E.I.—I.P.E.			N.S.—N.E.			
	Gov. Grant Subv. du gouvernement	Local Assessment Taxes locales	Total	Gov. Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Municipal Funds Fonds municipal	Local Assessment Taxes locales	Total
1913	\$ 150,732	\$ 56,874	\$ 207,606	\$ 385,734	\$ 156,864	\$ 944,932	\$ 1,487,530
1914	156,563	61,490	217,993	388,671	164,980	1,002,997	1,556,648
1915	168,413	91,558	259,971	407,213	168,089	1,066,892	1,642,114
1916	173,862	70,610	244,472	414,738	168,114	1,037,302	1,620,154
1917	178,907	72,623	251,530	432,284	163,535	1,157,907	1,753,726
1918	173,579	94,968	268,547	427,484	163,594	1,280,965	1,872,044
1919	187,488	98,472	285,960	444,812	204,519	1,460,578	2,109,909
1920	211,618	131,039	342,657	500,405	224,055	1,978,242	2,702,673
1921	244,347	152,451	396,778	578,591	495,242	2,370,712	3,444,546
1922	271,138	157,766	428,903	616,389	502,804	2,527,377	3,646,578
1923	296,836	202,714	499,550	649,363	525,114	2,813,460	3,987,937
1924	279,898	169,949	449,847	638,593	523,913	2,428,832	3,591,338
1925	285,102	167,567	452,669	658,648	524,637	2,522,255	3,704,940
1926	283,022	171,649	454,671	653,734	523,737	2,593,155	3,770,626
1927	284,313	174,164	458,477	688,081	524,196	2,593,128	3,805,401
1928	294,037	179,004	473,041	752,858	525,967	2,504,890	3,781,215
1929	297,369	187,769	485,138	875,067	523,782	2,549,481	3,948,330
1930	306,396	199,969	506,365	916,850	523,876	2,529,293	4,370,025

Year—Année	N.B.			Que.—Qué.		
	Gov. Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Municipal Funds Fonds municipal	Total Taxes locales	Gov. Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Assessment and other Sources Taxes et autres sources	Total
1913	\$ 196,329	\$ 97,404	\$ 293,733	\$ 1,529,006	\$ 7,666,765	\$ 9,195,771
1914	195,261	96,948	292,209	1,724,116	7,172,819	8,896,935
1915	200,635	97,423	298,058	1,782,417	9,681,206	11,463,623
1916	206,486	96,141	302,627	1,882,838	10,543,769	12,426,607
1917	204,754	97,284	302,038	2,068,766	11,887,434	13,956,200
1918	286,949	97,230	384,179	2,077,599	12,405,301	14,482,900
1919	277,996	99,097	377,093	2,145,976	14,698,708	16,844,684
1920	290,028	103,929	393,957	2,334,128	16,867,297	19,201,425
1921	352,693	146,003	498,696	2,351,671	19,771,808	22,123,479
1922	381,675	195,948	577,623	2,604,496	21,367,788	23,972,284
1923	386,883	204,103	590,986	3,261,111	22,135,157	25,396,268
1924	403,454	213,836	617,290	3,776,674	24,141,094	27,917,768
1925	400,059	211,885	611,944	3,771,317	25,299,251	29,070,568
1926	425,181	213,066	638,247	3,769,545	25,016,895	28,786,440
1927	445,014	212,350	657,364	3,981,543	25,823,854	29,805,397
1928	471,759	212,516	684,275	4,152,812	26,729,599	30,881,878
1929	478,864	227,728	706,592	4,952,778	27,904,711	32,857,489
1930	645,886	212,172	858,058			

ONTARIO—Receipts—Receettes

Year—Année	Elementary Schools—Ecoles Elementaires			Total	Secondary Schools—Ecoles secondaires		Grand Total
	Gov. Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Local Assessments Taxes locales	Clergy Reserve Fund and Other Sources Fonds de réserve du clergé et autres sources		Gov. Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Total	
1913	\$ 778,150	\$ 9,856,390	\$ 4,025,284	\$ 14,659,814	\$ 315,573	\$ 3,886,267	\$ 18,546,081
1914	760,845	12,608,865	4,069,563	17,439,273	339,766	4,857,434	22,296,713
1915	849,872	11,810,023	4,089,210	16,749,105	354,903	3,352,731	20,101,836
1916	831,988	11,010,356	4,237,738	16,080,082	249,098	3,380,927	19,461,009
1917	907,816	12,193,439	4,168,000	17,269,255	249,821	3,412,115	20,681,400
1918	970,565	13,114,725	4,278,937	18,364,227	345,535	3,831,788	22,196,015
1919	1,310,529	14,364,049	6,912,656	22,587,234	381,462	4,437,247	27,024,481
1920	1,612,537	18,766,800	9,413,521	29,792,858	801,059	6,102,058	35,894,916
1921	2,454,019	21,195,263	11,461,271	35,110,552	1,021,693	8,745,050	43,855,602
1922	2,976,712	22,842,180	12,806,773	38,625,665	1,063,323	11,608,199	50,233,864
1923	3,266,584	23,855,879	10,460,831	43,583,294	1,112,392	13,856,252	57,439,546
1924	3,392,552	24,113,034	12,630,296	40,135,882	1,219,260	13,558,095	53,693,977
1925	3,401,863	24,690,293	12,670,826	40,762,982	1,319,737	13,201,826	54,021,605
1926	3,345,308	24,664,710	14,223,076	42,233,094	1,429,322	13,780,410	55,913,504
1927	3,404,647	25,621,542	12,559,917	41,586,106	1,533,950	15,957,378	57,543,484
1928	3,568,468	26,159,067	13,128,483	42,795,990	1,894,070	17,811,614	60,607,604
1929	3,690,301	27,274,690	13,527,345	44,488,336	1,711,145	21,211,031	65,699,377

FINANCES SCOLAIRES

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102.—Canadian Publicly Controlled Schools: Receipts and Expenditure, by Provinces—Continued
102.—Budgets de l'instruction au Canada, par provinces—suite

ONTARIO—Expenditure—Dépenses

Year—Année	Elementary Schools—Ecoles élémentaires					Secondary Schools—Ecoles secondaires	Grand Total
	Teachers' Salaries Traitements des instituteurs	Sites, etc. Achat d'emplacements, etc.	Apparatus, Etc. Appareils, etc.	Rent, Etc. Loyer, etc.	Total		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1913	6,648,255	2,860,830	149,167	2,658,655	12,325,907	2,942,384	15,268,291
1914	7,203,034	4,026,030	167,283	2,854,621	14,850,968	3,739,065	18,590,033
1915	7,614,110	3,561,951	177,038	2,914,377	14,267,476	2,781,768	17,049,244
1916	7,929,490	2,232,110	192,212	2,908,063	13,361,905	2,794,462	16,156,367
1917	8,358,450	1,987,644	290,207	3,435,534	14,111,835	2,743,596	16,855,431
1918	9,027,151	1,242,642	169,130	4,377,794	15,176,723	3,412,167	18,588,890
1919	10,100,399	2,870,349	302,046	5,518,833	18,891,627	3,795,816	22,687,443
1920	13,070,038	4,792,571	333,283	7,020,615	25,216,512	5,409,923	30,626,435
1921	15,473,040	5,605,341	418,370	8,218,033	29,714,783	7,024,771	36,739,554
1922	16,690,982	6,254,139	480,483	8,465,280	31,920,884	9,468,920	41,389,804
1923	17,554,704	7,407,509	504,670	10,321,472	35,838,355	12,176,295	48,014,650
1924	18,105,568	4,408,473	515,680	9,977,034	33,016,654	12,020,621	45,037,275
1925	18,569,110	4,042,896	501,523	10,181,188	33,294,717	12,556,796	45,851,513
1926	18,604,257	4,275,726	499,085	11,394,979	34,774,050	11,721,170	46,495,220
1927	19,066,316	4,011,025	532,127	11,249,702	34,799,170	15,711,695	50,510,865
1928	19,490,562	3,821,743	537,116	11,645,818	35,495,237	19,894,437	55,389,674
1929	19,998,904	4,083,218	634,703	12,238,762	36,955,647	19,051,352	55,996,999

MANITOBA—Receipts—Recettes

Year—Année	Legislative Grants Subv. du gouvernement	Municipal Taxes Taxes municipales	Debentures Emissions d'obligations	Promissory Notes Emprunts sur billets	Sundries Diverses	Balance from previous yrs. Report des années précéd.	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1913	351,745	2,198,450	567,457	960,215	212,283	302,467	3,613,566
1914	390,582	2,673,449	1,515,042	396,450	150,429	518,388	5,671,319
1915	408,345	3,047,670	1,738,926	2,671,307	112,971	486,837	7,916,139
1916	503,774	3,290,667	344,673	2,080,404	239,176	609,282	7,071,476
1917	522,293	3,445,239	321,370	947,486	108,946	370,318	5,739,752
1918	616,977	3,736,452	240,855	1,142,289	133,111	416,194	6,285,878
1919	589,147	4,290,519	188,931	1,165,751	264,710	308,248	6,917,696
1920	601,881	4,917,185	462,181	2,368,619	432,110	436,178	9,117,644
1921	822,199	6,022,804	2,250,078	2,778,212	283,644	687,212	13,594,292
1922	1,058,202	7,964,517	1,802,153	2,613,768	242,810	503,180	14,391,613
1923	1,011,048	8,175,981	314,519	3,135,722	368,438	804,229	13,857,913
1924	1,066,010	7,468,747	812,187	1,786,188	226,704	752,596	12,137,416
1925	1,310,067	7,283,300	677,775	1,335,695	185,109	833,930	11,625,936
1926	1,091,151	7,302,044	402,504	1,010,958	100,062	953,802	10,952,462
1927	1,110,575	7,455,788	365,721	1,090,355	75,718	970,592	11,172,769
1928	1,191,924	7,555,581	568,937	924,477	220,025	918,915	11,319,729
1929	1,298,809	7,691,026	468,897	877,473	188,688	911,043	11,295,319
1930	1,285,388	7,821,388	446,115	1,775,925	219,549	814,268	12,358,879

MANITOBA—Expenditure—Dépenses

Year—Année	Teachers' Salaries Traitements des instituteurs	Building, Etc. Constructions, etc.	Fuel, Etc. Chauffage	Repairs and Caretaking Réparations et concierges	Salary of Sec.-Treas. Appointem. des sec.-trés.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1913	1,714,854	1,420,882	69,918	132,222	32,493
1914	1,851,869	1,426,566	144,960	242,270	37,084
1915	2,066,440	1,358,543	150,045	379,118	65,025
1916	2,195,299	823,266	165,697	358,315	41,530
1917	2,154,000	882,988	171,472	395,228	19,886
1918	2,382,816	440,211	197,258	418,680	46,249
1919	2,648,130	566,072	241,155	372,323	51,553
1920	2,296,655	958,923	354,076	479,199	96,088
1921	2,195,627	2,081,176	399,180	741,658	91,412
1922	3,461,403	1,947,627	512,610	746,642	140,414
1923	3,081,800	1,276,288	483,882	659,134	146,797
1924	4,840,712	726,585	410,680	624,455	131,929
1925	4,838,723	369,893	318,804	769,435	150,783
1926	4,914,087	419,047	242,542	782,226	184,463
1927	4,984,111	718,348	396,217	658,723	223,287
1928	5,063,028	597,183	415,257	684,328	203,226
1929	5,167,087	683,747	385,499	693,074	171,882
1930	5,329,498	1,222,272	425,633	473,418	167,692

102.—Canadian Publicly Controlled Schools: Receipts and Expenditure, by Provinces—Continued

102.—Budgets de l'instruction publique au Canada, par provinces—suite

MANITOBA—Expenditure—Dépenses

Year—Année	Principal of Debentures Capital des obligations	Interest on Debentures Intérêt sur obligations	Promissory Notes Billets payés	Other Expenditures Diverses	Total
1913	\$ 244,030	\$ 96,979	\$ 838,162	\$ 387,255	\$ 8,026,795
1914	230,523	250,392	1,412,515	471,105	6,079,720
1915	184,910	341,476	2,260,906	347,214	7,118,898
1916	184,357	469,195	2,132,280	338,459	6,658,723
1917	241,233	155,619	1,796,808	466,106	5,323,307
1918	390,134	337,469	1,055,581	651,031	5,999,383
1919	391,132	469,754	1,305,433	649,588	6,618,710
1920	347,356	479,546	1,802,294	1,053,174	8,527,092
1921	420,323	426,565	3,949,437	1,470,545	13,079,785
1922	485,265	610,418	2,666,484	1,439,055	13,564,821
1923	599,878	625,196	2,782,178	1,399,092	12,999,254
1924	378,176	678,079	2,394,170	1,120,003	11,281,095
1925	583,796	737,070	1,124,882	879,842	10,621,328
1926	695,920	681,641	1,188,354	935,258	9,993,961
1927	611,671	681,883	1,067,836	943,400	10,749,676
1928	643,097	681,714	1,178,088	945,077	10,384,696
1929	639,918	684,795	982,923	886,525	10,466,395
1930	651,531	694,929	1,301,312	1,071,674	11,627,359

SASKATCHEWAN—Receipts—Revenues

Year—Année	Elementary Schools—Écoles élémentaires					Secondary Schools—Écoles secondaires		Grand Total
	Gov. Grants—Subv. du gouvernement	Local Assessments—Taxes locales	Debentures—Emissions d'obligations	Other Sources—Autres sources	Total	Gov. Grants—Subv. du gouvernement	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1913	722,002	2,913,135	2,073,373	2,649,910	8,360,422	42,163	461,260	8,821,682
1914	867,590	4,451,326	1,047,567	2,180,074	8,536,577	53,019	483,834	9,020,411
1915	980,296	3,997,392	1,009,025	2,441,780	8,428,493	70,349	512,334	8,940,827
1916	999,799	4,664,242	619,300	2,999,443	9,312,694	77,158	593,144	9,905,838
1917	1,104,156	4,954,200	—	4,213,371	10,271,727	83,496	704,485	10,976,212
1918	1,182,490	5,618,192	455,777	1,874,459	9,110,925	80,793	276,161	9,387,086
1919	1,253,094	7,121,047	1,105,692	2,012,422	11,494,164	83,925	355,741	11,849,905
1920	1,229,914	8,826,155	1,516,765	2,341,770	13,914,643	107,133	444,791	14,359,434
1921	1,346,459	9,819,615	1,475,892	2,546,736	14,988,692	145,151	519,898	15,508,590
1922	1,779,278	10,090,401	631,219	2,026,838	14,527,096	191,912	601,130	15,128,416
1923	1,320,803	10,101,291	810,838	1,922,923	14,455,875	213,233	639,704	15,095,579
1924	1,890,403	10,015,774	551,834	1,280,432	14,234,415	224,257	657,333	14,891,778
1925	1,913,645	10,063,559	726,272	1,927,253	14,624,727	216,102	664,181	15,288,908
1926	2,031,761	10,229,432	893,695	1,909,126	14,056,014	231,726	739,143	15,685,157
1927	2,141,290	10,415,005	1,306,962	2,113,815	15,999,972	199,246	769,776	16,751,748
1928	2,153,896	10,874,672	1,217,826	1,981,025	16,267,411	208,732	778,202	17,045,713
1929	2,534,024	11,010,661	1,284,651	2,208,983	17,038,319	292,676	981,183	18,019,502

SASKATCHEWAN—Expenditure—Dépenses

Year—Année	Elementary Schools—Écoles élémentaires					Secondary Schools—Écoles secondaires		Grand Total
	Teachers' Salaries—Traitements des instituteurs	Debentures—Obligations	Notes (renewals and interest)—Billets et intérêts	School Bldgs. and Grounds—Bâtiments scolaires	Other Expenditure—Autres dépenses	Teachers' Salaries—Traitements des instituteurs	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1913	2,059,450	678,430	2,605,280	2,031,498	952,515	8,937,179	131,414	8,787,804
1914	2,538,600	975,508	2,317,158	1,556,104	1,159,727	9,583,162	159,808	9,742,970
1915	2,817,412	—	—	—	—	8,163,897	197,850	8,361,747
1916	3,303,929	—	—	—	—	10,117,710	190,703	10,308,419
1917	3,831,942	1,020,574	1,538,995	990,310	1,732,154	9,183,975	209,085	9,393,060
1918	4,313,000	809,999	1,777,892	1,518,532	2,462,570	11,329,083	213,660	11,542,743
1919	5,940,859	813,292	2,178,134	2,099,250	3,109,579	14,141,138	354,485	14,495,623
1920	6,890,376	864,394	2,192,214	1,854,456	3,265,219	15,074,286	392,824	15,467,110
1921	6,812,680	1,379,574	2,026,112	1,153,081	2,849,545	14,211,999	419,437	14,631,436
1922	6,787,772	1,518,260	1,707,226	1,302,975	2,960,032	14,346,271	429,200	14,775,471
1923	6,830,764	1,471,020	1,611,562	1,295,576	2,946,611	14,041,859	449,696	14,491,555
1924	6,828,428	1,481,450	1,577,795	1,326,001	3,083,072	14,290,836	459,630	14,750,466
1925	6,957,391	1,428,045	1,571,714	1,426,220	3,262,638	14,789,857	480,263	15,270,120
1926	7,184,400	1,459,629	1,815,173	2,116,941	3,342,364	15,817,069	508,772	16,325,841
1927	7,484,752	1,526,258	1,670,769	2,231,296	3,501,765	16,414,844	529,195	16,944,039
1928	7,808,073	1,590,757	1,788,318	2,169,375	3,565,149	16,952,672	541,186	17,493,858

¹ The items for 1918-1920 do not include promissory notes—En 1918-1920 le montant des billets souscrits est exclu du total.

FINANCES SCOLAIRES

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102.—Canadian Publicly Controlled Schools: Receipts and Expenditure by Provinces—Concluded
102.—Budgets de l'instruction publique au Canada, par provinces,—fin

ALBERTA—Receipts—Recettes

Year—Année	Gov. Grants — Subv. du gouvernement	Local Assessments — Taxes locales	Debentures — Emissions d'obligations	Notes — Billets	Other Sources — D'autres sources	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1913	461,289	2,801,214	3,497,893	1,959,493	228,650	8,948,511
1914	507,682	3,028,776	968,350	2,771,786	276,824	7,533,512
1915	549,725	3,735,323	931,205	2,472,976	258,865	7,957,094
1916	553,141	3,749,097	155,883	1,105,338	1,263,814	6,767,333
1917	652,557	3,657,510	268,102	1,451,229	497,479	6,526,878
1918	625,830	5,132,232	433,126	1,173,546	195,900	7,560,724
1919	713,682	5,601,719	653,960	1,388,006	419,236	8,768,592
1920	885,524	6,894,461	805,195	1,948,257	279,779	10,873,153
1921	1,146,722	7,432,936	814,068	2,321,144	323,242	12,038,052
1922	1,241,315	7,475,582	1,262,130	2,332,254	216,998	12,428,473
1923	1,117,023	9,282,650	442,376	1,925,153	260,192	12,027,374
1924	1,054,733	8,327,327	493,980	1,267,787	345,395	11,489,231
1925	1,084,879	8,197,095	357,103	1,130,377	364,954	11,134,331
1926	1,137,638	9,241,715	573,401	1,058,121	329,363	11,331,231
1927	1,218,573	8,901,979	563,150	967,536	333,931	11,925,143
1928	1,321,158	9,279,493	1,097,008	1,241,062	391,368	13,330,083
1929	1,355,963	9,419,440	1,543,704	1,364,173	459,582	14,142,862

ALBERTA—Expenditure—Dépenses

Year—Année	Teachers' Salaries — Traitem. des instituteurs	Officials' Salaries — Appoint. du personnel	Debentures — Obligations	Notes — Billets	Buildings — Bâtiments scolaires	Other Expenditure — Autres dépenses	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1913	1,672,526	180,165	594,051	3,160,030	1,816,203	1,261,211	8,641,186
1914	2,050,679	179,453	815,062	2,350,462	1,324,470	1,114,747	7,834,891
1915	2,244,964	185,816	1,065,437	2,731,279	443,641	1,294,533	7,965,170
1916	2,421,404	230,931	956,583	1,269,894	325,297	920,535	6,121,614
1917	2,620,085	193,484	1,100,181	1,068,058	414,105	1,199,649	6,595,562
1918	2,860,352	198,870	1,054,044	1,598,757	604,891	1,179,777	7,496,691
1919	3,560,318	225,242	1,051,171	1,503,944	765,934	1,699,920	8,905,523
1920	4,271,508	258,249	1,053,328	1,785,432	1,092,863	2,082,949	10,614,329
1921	5,213,011	268,003	1,141,660	2,218,782	1,120,851	2,142,181	12,134,188
1922	5,428,826	283,873	1,183,983	2,467,356	999,787	2,604,513	12,358,371
1923	5,411,487	281,680	1,213,110	2,190,676	830,895	1,935,719	11,863,567
1924	5,443,248	303,914	1,273,607	1,727,405	703,495	2,609,837	11,458,506
1925	5,477,156	276,519	1,225,741	1,269,913	630,377	1,947,084	10,828,790
1926	5,640,219	332,467	1,226,350	1,173,582	839,841	2,467,654	11,280,112
1927	5,899,839	332,115	1,211,234	1,278,206	980,704	2,005,890	11,707,988
1928	6,243,085	357,525	1,228,138	1,170,050	1,806,289	2,251,799	13,036,866
1929	6,586,974	350,427	1,287,395	1,575,483	2,067,582	2,498,888	14,396,349

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Expenditure—COLUMBIE BRITANNIQUE—Dépenses

Year—Année	Local Assessments—Taxes locales				Provincial Government — Gouvernement provincial	Grand Total
	Cities — Cités	Rural Municipalities — Municipalités rurales	Other Rural — Autres taxes rurales	Total		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$
1913	2,214,123	883,710	98,059	2,995,892	1,663,003	4,658,895
1914	1,983,977	643,767	121,479	2,749,223	1,885,654	4,634,877
1915	1,897,734	584,243	127,818	2,309,795	1,607,651	3,917,446
1916	—	—	—	1,635,028	1,591,322	3,216,350
1917	—	—	—	1,637,539	1,600,125	3,237,664
1918	—	—	—	1,865,215	1,633,797	3,519,015
1919	—	—	—	2,437,566	1,791,154	4,228,720
1920	—	—	—	3,314,246	2,155,935	5,470,180
1921	—	—	—	4,238,458	2,631,572	7,170,030
1922	—	—	—	4,891,840	3,141,738	7,833,578
1923	2,727,755	1,371,147	354,421	4,453,323	3,176,680	7,629,999
1924	3,083,161	1,492,501	477,639	5,053,301	3,173,395	8,196,696
1925	2,969,649	1,694,533	431,216	5,105,418	3,223,671	8,329,089
1926	3,015,092	1,600,452	479,876	5,095,420	3,216,209	8,311,629
1927	3,269,522	1,992,573	507,692	5,769,787	3,402,941	9,172,728
1928	3,368,253	1,843,283	517,040	5,728,576	3,532,519	9,261,095
1929	4,806,030	1,026,482	552,563	7,384,075	3,765,021	11,149,106
1930	4,549,067	1,120,718	565,154	6,234,939	3,743,317	10,008,256

¹ Including grants to provincial University as follows: 1921, \$420,250; 1922, \$445,000; 1923, \$446,250; 1924, \$458,125; 1925, \$449,000; 1926, \$516,242; 1927, \$531,875; 1928, \$545,917; 1929, \$564,425 and in 1930, \$606,825.

² Embrasse les allocations suivantes à l'université provinciale: 1921, \$420,250; 1922, \$445,000; 1923, \$446,250; 1924, \$458,125; 1925, \$449,000; 1926, \$516,242; 1927, \$531,875; 1928, \$545,917; 1929, \$564,425 et 1930, \$606,825.

HIGHER EDUCATION

6. UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES—UNIVERSITÉS ET COLLÈGES

103.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Enrolment by Grade of Work, 1929-30

103.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Inscription selon le degré, 1929-30

Name of University Nom de l'université	A. Students of University Grade Étudiants de degré universitaire			B. Pre-matriculation students Cours préparatoire d'immatriculation			C. All students not in A. or B. Tous étudiants non compris dans A. et B.			Total enrolment (excluding duplicates) Total (sans compter les dou- bles emplois)		
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total
Prince of Wales St. Dunstan's (Laval)	18 77	12 —	30 77	109 80	197 —	306 80	—	—	—	127 137	208 —	335 137
TOTAL, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	95	12	107	189	197	386	—	—	—	284	208	493
Acadia	251	217	468	14	15	29	10	30	40	275	282	557
Dalhousie	655	204	859	—	—	—	20	48	68	575	250	825
Kings (Amos, Dalhousie)	55	17	72	5	1	6	50	—	50	60	112	178
St. Francis Xavier	202	110	312	32	2	34	50	—	50	264	—	264
St. Mary's	69	—	69	160	—	160	10	—	10	256	—	256
St. Anne	25	—	25	94	—	94	—	—	—	133	—	133
Mt. St. Vincent	—	261	261	—	—	—	—	—	—	261	—	261
Holy Heart	62	—	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	—	62
Pue Hill	32	—	32	—	—	—	37	20	57	74	22	96
N. S. Agricultural	37	2	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	315	541	856
N. S. Technical	55	—	55	260	—	260	21	11	32	33	13	46
Maritime Pharmacy (Ahl, Dalhousie)	12	2	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL, NOVA SCOTIA	1,391	774	2,165	504	360	1,124	148	107	255	2,103	1,411	3,514
Sacré Coeur	48	—	48	233	—	233	—	—	—	281	—	281
St. Joseph's	82	—	82	280	—	280	—	—	—	368	—	368
Mount Allison	375	280	655	31	31	62	—	—	—	364	297	661
New Brunswick University	275	83	358	—	—	—	—	—	—	275	195	470
TOTAL, NEW BRUNSWICK	780	359	1,139	538	31	569	—	—	—	1,318	392	1,710
Bishop's	130	35	165	—	—	—	—	—	—	130	35	165
McGill	2,044	869	2,913	—	—	—	672	207	879	2,716	1,076	3,792
Macdonald	72	13	85	—	—	—	324	249	573	396	202	634
Probyerian	30	—	30	9	—	9	—	—	—	48	—	48
De la Roche	25	15	40	—	—	—	7	—	7	47	—	47
United	104	—	104	18	—	18	—	—	—	122	—	122

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

87

	(3,714)	(1,780)	(5,494)	(2,995)	(1,618)	(4,513)	(1,001)	(1,401)	(2,402)	(7,520)	(4,799)	(12,309)
(Université de Montréal) ¹	1,108	417	1,525	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,108	417	1,525
Montréal, facultés de l'université	192	192	192	-	-	-	-	-	-	192	192	192
École Polytechnique	177	1	178	-	-	-	677	57	734	854	58	912
Institut des H. E. Commerciales	137	1	138	37	-	87	153	-	153	327	-	327
École de méd. vétérinaire	12	45	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12
Institut pédiatrique	-	-	43	-	-	-	-	1,362	1,362	-	1,407	1,407
Collège Loyola	107	107	107	307	-	307	-	-	-	414	-	414
de l'Assomption	109	109	109	264	-	264	-	-	-	373	-	373
" Bourget	76	76	76	331	-	331	-	-	-	457	-	457
" Brébeuf	123	123	123	441	-	441	-	-	-	564	-	564
" de Joliette	141	141	141	268	-	268	-	-	-	409	-	409
" de Montréal	232	232	232	192	-	192	-	-	-	424	-	424
" de Sherbrooke	119	119	119	391	-	391	-	-	-	510	-	510
" de St. Hyacinthe	188	188	188	353	-	353	-	-	-	511	-	511
" de St. Jean	67	67	67	242	-	242	-	-	-	309	-	309
" St. Laurent	116	116	116	484	-	484	-	-	-	600	-	600
" Ste. Croix	15	15	15	145	-	145	-	-	-	169	-	169
" Ste. Marie	230	230	230	253	-	253	-	-	-	483	-	483
" Ste. Thérèse	98	98	98	226	-	226	-	-	-	324	-	324
" de Valleyfield	54	54	54	225	-	225	-	-	-	279	-	279
Marquette Bourgeoys	-	161	161	-	-	-	-	856	856	717	-	717
École de musique (annex.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	536	536	757	-	757
" d'hygiène (annex.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	377	377	45	-	45
" d'ess. ménage (annex.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13
Couvents annexés	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	377	-	377
	-	-	-	-	1,618	1,618	-	-	-	-	1,618	1,618
(Université Laval) ¹	(2,402)	(349)	(2,751)	(3,891)	(3,894)	(7,745)	(9)	(619)	(928)	(6,302)	(4,822)	(11,124)
Laval (Faculté de l'Université)	731	16	747	-	-	-	-	619	628	740	635	1,375
Grande Séminaire	149	149	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	-	149
Académie Commerciale	184	184	184	-	-	-	-	-	-	184	-	184
Arthabaska (Frères Sacré Cœur)	29	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	29
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière	92	92	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	92
Collège de Québec	302	302	302	723	-	723	-	-	-	367	-	367
" de Nicolet	114	114	114	212	-	212	-	-	-	1,025	-	1,025
" de Ste. Anne	158	158	158	469	-	469	-	-	-	627	-	627
" des Trois-Rivières	119	119	119	372	-	372	-	-	-	491	-	491
" de Rimouski	109	109	109	236	-	236	-	-	-	345	-	345
" de Châteauguay	117	117	117	403	-	403	-	-	-	529	-	529
" de Lévis	99	99	99	676	-	676	-	-	-	775	-	775
" de Mont Laurier	30	30	30	110	-	110	-	-	-	140	-	140
" St. Alexandre	44	44	44	152	-	152	-	-	-	196	-	196
" de St. Victor	66	66	66	119	-	119	-	-	-	175	-	175
" de Gaspe	-	-	-	70	-	70	-	-	-	70	-	70
Les Dames de Jésus-Marie, Sillery	-	50	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50
Écoles des garçons malades	-	283	283	-	-	-	-	-	-	283	-	283
Couvents affiliés	-	-	-	-	3,854	3,854	-	-	-	3,854	-	3,854
Institutions classiques non-affiliées	381	-	381	445	-	445	-	-	-	825	-	825
Institutions supérieures non affiliées	459	-	459	-	-	-	-	-	-	459	-	459
TOTAL, QUÉBEC	8,791	1,825	10,616	8,238	5,472	13,710	2,338	3,963	6,301	19,367	11,260	30,627

* Provincial totals exclude duplicates between institutions. — Les totaux provinciaux sont à l'exclusion de duplication entre les institutions.
 1 The figures in brackets represent the enrolment reported by the university. Immediately below these is shown the enrolment in each of the various colleges or schools of which the university is comprised.
 1 Les chiffres entre parenthèses représentent les inscriptions déclarées par l'université. Immédiatement après on lit l'inscription des divers collèges et écoles affiliés à l'université.

HIGHER EDUCATION

103.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Enrolment by Grade of Work, 1923-24—Continued
103.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Inscription selon le degré, 1923-24—Fin

Name of University Nom de l'université	A. Students of University Grade Étudiants de degré universitaire			B. Pre-matriculation students Cours préparatoire d'immatriculation			C. All students not in A. or B. Tous étudiants non compris dans A. et B.			Total enrolment (excluding duplicates) Total (sans compter les dou- bles emplois)		
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total
Université d'Ottawa.....	442	260	702	750	127	877	182	282	464	1,363	649	2,012
Sacred Heart, Sudbury.....	45	448	493	119	—	119	—	—	—	164	—	164
University of Western Ont.....	759	1,207	1,966	—	—	—	—	—	—	759	448	1,207
U. of W. O. Extension.....	15	16	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	141	264	405
Alma.....	125	—	125	375	—	375	—	—	—	500	—	500
Huron.....	—	—	—	—	122	122	—	170	292	—	—	292
Ursuline.....	26	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	26
Waterloo.....	30	39	69	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	46	76
Ev. Luth. Sem.....	23	6	29	31	2	33	—	—	—	54	8	62
Queen's University.....	1,101	1,064	2,165	—	—	—	655	—	655	1,111	—	1,111
McMaster University.....	2,101	1,338	3,439	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,756	1,064	3,820
Royal Military College.....	269	—	269	—	—	—	—	—	—	239	138	377
Crescent Hall.....	311	11	322	—	—	—	—	—	—	266	—	266
Margaret Eaton (P.T.).....	—	65	65	—	—	—	3	202	205	311	11	322
St. Augustine's Seminary.....	190	—	190	—	—	—	—	—	—	190	—	190
Mt. Carmel College.....	53	—	53	62	—	62	—	—	—	143	—	143
Stud. des Rédemptoristes.....	29	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Jerome's College.....	40	—	40	109	—	109	—	—	—	29	—	29
University of Toronto.....	4,277	2,427	6,704	129	244	373	1,349	1,836	3,185	4,362	2,790	7,152
U. of Toronto, Extension.....	75	83	158	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,553	—	1,553
Victoria College.....	407	407	814	—	—	—	—	—	—	407	—	407
Emmanuel College.....	209	34	243	—	—	—	—	—	—	209	—	209
Trinity College.....	165	142	307	—	—	—	—	—	—	105	34	139
St. Michael's.....	273	161	434	460	—	460	—	—	—	733	101	834
Knox.....	24	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	81
Wyldiffe, 1929.....	75	—	75	6	—	6	—	—	—	244	—	244
Pharmacy.....	244	11	255	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	81
Ont. Agricultural.....	307	136	443	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,172	451	1,623
Ont. Veterinary.....	133	—	133	—	—	—	—	—	—	201	—	201
TOTAL, ONTARIO.....	9,595	4,639	14,234	2,083	502	2,585	3,358	3,166	6,524	15,036	8,307	23,343
Brandon College.....	90	76	166	17	8	25	—	—	—	122	175	297
University of Manitoba.....	1,021	1,093	2,114	42	58	100	555	219	774	2,516	1,370	3,886
Man. Law School.....	57	4	61	—	—	—	—	—	—	57	—	57
Man. College.....	28	6	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	—	29
Wesley College, 1929.....	142	165	307	87	55	142	—	—	—	259	220	479
St. John's College.....	60	—	60	213	—	213	—	—	—	283	—	283
College St. Boniface.....	40	—	40	218	—	218	—	—	—	260	—	260
TOTAL, MANITOBA.....	2,092	1,220	3,312	597	121	718	572	310	882	3,261	1,661	4,922

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

89

University of Saskatchewan.....	1,245	652	1,897	-	-	-	571	343	910	1,816	997	2,813
Emmanuel.....	50	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50
St. Andrew's, 1929.....	38	1	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	1	39
Lutheran.....	10	2	12	17	8	-	5	1	0	32	11	43
St. Chad's.....	19	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	19
Regina.....	49	62	111	41	52	-	164	490	654	254	604	858
Campton.....	61	-	61	170	-	-	170	-	-	231	-	231
Outlook.....	21	10	37	20	28	-	57	15	20	35	59	114
St. Peter's.....	20	-	20	59	-	-	59	-	-	79	-	79
TOTAL, SASKATCHEWAN.....	1,389	607	2,086	316	88	404	745	851	1,598	2,450	1,036	4,086
Concordia College.....	12	-	12	41	9	50	-	-	-	53	9	62
Collège des Jeunes (Laval).....	15	-	15	129	-	129	-	-	-	144	-	144
Junior St. Jean (Ottawa).....	4	-	4	23	-	29	-	-	-	33	-	33
University of Alberta.....	941	470	1,417	40	37	77	52	14	66	1,036	527	1,569
St. Stephen's.....	35	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	35
TOTAL, ALBERTA.....	945	470	1,461	239	46	285	52	14	66	1,276	536	1,812
Western Pharmacy.....	43	1	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	1	44
University of British Columbia.....	1,124	780	1,904	-	-	-	414	292	706	1,538	1,072	2,610
Victoria.....	146	133	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	133	279
Anglican, 1929.....	30	1	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	1	31
Union.....	19	1	20	2	-	2	-	-	-	21	1	22
TOTAL, BRITISH COLUMBIA.....	1,355	915	2,270	2	-	2	414	292	706	1,771	1,207	2,978
TOTAL, CANADA.....	26,473	10,927	37,400	12,766	7,017	19,783	7,027	8,705	16,232	40,896	20,649	73,515

*Provincial totals exclude duplicates between institutions. Les totaux provinciaux sont à l'exclusion de duplication entre les institutions.

HIGHER EDUCATION

101.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Enrolment Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, Etc., 1929-30
101.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Inscription des cours réguliers, libres, abrégés, etc., 1929-30

	Full time students Etudiants réguliers			Part time students of the regular session Etudiants libres de la session régulière			Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students Etudiants des cours abrégés, du soir, extra mural, et cours d'extension			Total enrolment (excluding duplicates) Toutes inscriptions (à l'exclusion des doubles emplois)		
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total
Prince of Wales St. Dunstan's (aff. to Laval)	127	209	336	—	—	—	—	—	—	127	209	336
	157	—	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	157	—	157
TOTAL, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	284	209	493	—	—	—	—	—	—	284	209	493
Acadia	245	247	512	—	46	66	10	15	25	275	262	537
Dalhousie	655	204	859	20	—	—	—	—	—	675	250	925
King's (assoc. with Dalhousie)	201	18	219	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	18	78
St. Francis Xavier	201	53	254	—	—	—	50	59	109	284	112	396
St. Mary's	213	—	213	—	—	—	16	—	16	229	—	229
St. Anne	183	—	183	—	—	—	—	—	—	133	—	133
Mt. St. Vincent	101	101	202	—	19	19	—	141	141	—	261	261
Holy Heart	62	—	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	—	62
Pine Hill	32	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	—	32
N. S. Agricultural	37	2	39	—	—	—	87	20	107	74	22	96
N. S. Technical	57	—	57	—	—	—	260	543	803	315	543	858
Maritime Pharmacy	12	2	14	—	—	—	21	11	32	33	13	46
TOTAL, NOVA SCOTIA*	1,689	387	2,276	20	65	85	394	780	1,183	2,103	1,441	3,544
Sacred Heart	281	—	281	—	—	—	—	—	—	281	—	281
St. Joseph's	368	—	368	—	—	—	—	—	—	368	—	368
Mount Allison	254	108	362	7	51	58	133	138	271	294	207	501
New Brunswick University	202	75	277	—	—	—	13	22	35	275	95	370
TOTAL, NEW BRUNSWICK	1,165	181	1,346	7	51	58	146	160	306	1,316	392	1,710
Bishop's	130	35	165	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
McGill	1,092	835	2,927	—	34	36	—	—	—	130	35	165
Macdonald	132	158	290	52	58	110	672	907	879	2,716	1,076	3,792
Procyerian	26	—	26	—	—	—	291	46	307	398	292	698
Procyerian	47	—	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	48	—	48
United	79	—	79	—	—	—	—	—	—	47	—	47
(l'Université de Montréal)	(6,035)	(3,768)	(9,803)	(942)	(1,031)	(1,972)	(402)	(41)	(442)	(7,519)	(4,756)	(12,275)

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

Montreal (faculties of the University)	956	1	152	418	508	1,108	417	1,322
École Polytechnique	192	1	192	—	192	—	—	1,322
Écoles des H. E. Commerciales	177	1	178	—	178	754	—	1,322
Institut agr. d'Oka	116	—	116	—	116	138	—	1,322
École de méd. vét.	12	—	12	—	12	—	—	1,322
Institut pédiatrique	45	45	45	199	189	1,178	1,407	1,407
Collège Loyola	414	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de l'Assomption	378	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
" Bourget	457	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
Brébeuf	564	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Joliette	409	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Montréal	424	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Sherbrooke	510	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de St-Hyacinthe	511	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de St-Jean	399	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Ste-Anne	600	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Ste-Croix	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Ste-Marie	483	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Ste-Thérèse	334	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
de Valleyfield	279	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,407
Marquette Bourgeoys	279	515	—	202	202	—	717	279
Écoles de musique (sœurs)	—	—	231	536	737	—	717	279
" d'hygiène (sœurs)	—	11	45	2	47	—	11	279
" d'ens. infanter (sœurs)	—	377	—	—	—	—	377	279
Conventuals sœurs	—	1,618	—	—	—	—	1,618	279
(Université Laval)	(8,221)	(4,189)	(51)	(633)	(714)	(6,302)	(4,822)	(11,124)
Laval, (University faculties)	659	2	81	633	714	740	633	1,375
7 Grands Séminaires	149	—	—	—	—	149	—	1,375
Académie Commerciale	184	—	—	—	—	184	—	1,375
Artiathuska (Pères du Sacré Cœur)	39	—	—	—	—	29	—	1,375
Ste-Anne de la Pocatière	92	—	65	—	65	367	—	1,375
Collège de Québec	1,025	—	—	210	—	1,025	—	1,375
de Nicolet	326	—	—	—	—	326	—	1,375
de Ste-Anne	427	—	—	—	—	427	—	1,375
des Trois-Rivières	491	—	—	—	—	491	—	1,375
de Rimouski	345	—	—	—	—	345	—	1,375
de Chebucti	520	—	—	—	—	520	—	1,375
de Lévis	775	—	—	—	—	775	—	1,375
de Mont-Laurier	140	—	—	—	—	140	—	1,375
de St-Alexandre	196	—	—	—	—	196	—	1,375
de St-Victor	184	—	—	—	—	184	—	1,375
de Gaspé	70	—	—	—	—	70	—	1,375
Les Dames de Jésus-Marie, Sillery	50	—	—	—	—	50	—	1,375
Écoles de Gardes-natiales	283	—	—	—	—	283	—	1,375
Conventuals sœurs	3,854	—	—	—	—	3,854	—	1,375
Institutions classiques, non affiliées (10)	826	—	—	—	—	826	—	1,375
Institutions supérieures, non affiliées (10)	459	—	—	—	—	459	—	1,375
Total, Québec	18,641	7,707	699	2,070	2,760	3,409	1,483	30,627

*Provincial totals exclude duplication between institutions. — Les totaux des provinces sont à l'exclusion de duplication entre les institutions. The figures in brackets represent the total enrolment reported by the University. Immediately below these are shown the number in each of the various schools and colleges of which the University is comprised. Les chiffres entre parenthèses représentent l'inscription totale déclarée par l'université. Immédiatement au-dessous est le nombre des divers collèges et écoles affiliées à l'université.

HIGHER EDUCATION

101.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Enrolment (Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, Etc., 1923-24—Concluded
101.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Inscription des cours réguliers, libres, abrégés, etc., 1923-24—Fin

	Full time students Étudiants réguliers			Part time students of the regular session Étudiants libres de la session régulière			Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students Étudiants des cours abrégés, du soir, extra mural, et cours d'extension			Total enrolment (including duplicates) Toutes inscriptions (A l'exclusion des doubles emplois)		
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total
Université d'Ottawa, including affiliated schools Sacré-Cœur, Saultury.....	1,149	300	1,455	33	13	46	181	330	511	1,383	649	2,012
University of Western Ont. U. of W. O. Extension.....	653	299	952	55	55	110	118	137	255	184	—	184
Assumption.....	498	—	498	—	—	—	141	204	405	759	448	1,207
Alma.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	141	294	435
Huron.....	22	134	156	—	116	116	—	42	42	500	—	500
Uxbridge.....	30	42	72	—	4	4	—	—	—	292	202	494
Waterloo.....	64	8	72	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	46	66
Ev. Lutheran.....	11	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	8	42
Queen's University.....	1,243	380	1,623	—	—	—	1,513	675	2,188	2,753	1,064	3,820
McMaster University.....	222	119	341	32	5	37	45	14	59	290	136	426
Royal Military College.....	280	—	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	311	11	322
Geoside Hall.....	311	—	311	—	—	—	—	—	—	311	—	311
Margaret Eaton.....	—	53	53	—	30	30	—	234	237	3	—	3
St-Augustine's.....	174	—	174	16	—	16	3	—	—	190	—	190
Mount Carmel.....	145	—	145	—	—	—	—	—	—	145	—	145
Stud. des Religieuses.....	39	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	—	29
St-Jérôme.....	174	—	174	—	—	—	—	—	—	174	—	174
University of Toronto.....	3,829	2,310	6,040	928	394	722	228	186	414	4,383	2,706	7,089
University of Toronto Extension Victoria College.....	407	407	814	—	—	—	1,553	1,872	3,425	1,653	1,873	3,526
Emmanuel College.....	150	21	171	—	—	—	—	—	—	407	467	874
Trinity College.....	195	142	337	14	13	27	45	—	45	209	34	243
St-Michael's.....	997	157	1,154	—	—	—	30	4	40	195	142	337
Knox.....	34	—	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	733	181	914
Bycliffe, 1929.....	81	—	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	24
Pharmey.....	244	11	255	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	81
Ont. Agricultural.....	315	236	551	—	—	—	837	221	1,078	244	11	255
Ontario Veterinary.....	80	—	80	—	—	—	121	4	125	1,172	457	1,599
TOTAL, ONTARIO.....	9,761	3,772	13,533	478	890	1,078	4,844	3,984	8,828	15,036	8,307	23,343
Brandon College.....	99	89	188	31	84	105	2	2	4	122	175	297
University of Manitoba.....	1,723	790	2,513	37	28	65	915	078	1,503	2,318	1,370	3,688
Man. Coll. School.....	57	4	61	—	—	—	—	—	—	57	4	61
Man. Coll.	21	6	27	—	—	—	8	—	8	29	6	35
Wesley, 1929.....	229	220	449	—	—	—	—	—	—	229	220	449
St-John's.....	293	—	293	—	—	—	—	—	—	293	—	293
St-Boniface.....	260	—	260	—	—	—	—	—	—	260	—	260
TOTAL, MANITOBA.....	2,435	1,004	3,439	58	112	170	925	680	1,605	3,281	1,651	4,932

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

93

Saskatchewan University	1 057	404	1 181	251	17	42	714	576	1 293	1 816	997	2 813
Euclid	30	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	—	30
St. Andrews, 1929	31	—	31	—	1	—	—	—	—	31	1	30
Lutheran	12	11	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	11	43
St. Charles	10	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	19
Regina	90	114	204	184	400	654	—	—	—	254	604	868
Campden	251	—	251	—	—	—	—	—	—	251	—	251
Outlook	36	44	94	5	15	29	—	—	—	55	59	114
St. Peter's	69	—	69	10	—	10	—	—	—	79	—	79
TOTAL, SASKATCHEWAN*	1 325	537	2 062	204	523	727	723	576	1 297	2 459	1 616	4 066
Concordia College	53	9	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	9	62
Collège des Jésuites (Laval)	141	—	141	—	—	—	—	—	—	141	—	144
Jumet St-Jean (Ottawa)	33	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	33
University of Alberta	900	421	1 321	40	21	61	128	88	216	1 033	527	1 569
St. Stephen's	2	—	2	25	—	25	8	—	8	33	—	35
TOTAL, ALBERTA*	1 132	430	1 562	43	21	64	136	88	224	1 276	536	1 812
Western Pharmacy	43	1	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	1	44
University of British Columbia	1 124	780	1 904	0	1	10	405	291	636	1 538	1 072	2 610
Victoria	104	100	204	24	22	46	18	11	29	146	133	279
Anglican Union	30	1	31	13	1	14	—	—	—	30	1	31
TOTAL, BRITISH COLUMBIA*	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	22
TOTAL, CANADA	1 369	882	2 191	36	23	62	423	302	735	1 771	1 207	2 678
TOTAL, CANADA	35 941	15 309	\$1 259	1 518	3 465	5 013	9 605	8 062	17 667	48 866	26 649	73 515

*Provincial totals exclude duplicates between institutions.—Les totaux des provinces sont à l'exclusion de duplication entre les institutions

185.—Universités and Colleges of Canada: Full time, Part time, Short course, etc., Students by Grades of Work, 1929-30
 185.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Étudiants réguliers, libres, des cours abrégés, etc. selon le degré, 1929-30

A. FULL TIME STUDENTS—ÉTUDIANTS RÉGULIERS

Name of University Nom de l'université	Pre-matriculation Inmatriculation		Undergraduate Sous-gradués		Graduate Gradués		Other Autres		Total (excluding duplicates) (sans compter les doubles emplois)	
	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.
Prince of Wales St. Dunstan's (Laval)	109	197	18	12	—	—	—	—	127	299
	80	—	77	—	—	—	—	—	157	—
TOTAL P.E.I.	189	197	95	12	—	—	—	—	284	299
Acadia	14	15	232	193	9	7	—	—	245	217
Dalhousie	—	—	643	100	12	14	10	30	655	204
King's	5	1	33	17	—	—	—	—	80	18
St. Francis Xavier	32	2	201	30	1	1	—	—	234	287
St. Mary's	183	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	213	—
Sto. Anselm	98	—	13	—	12	—	10	—	133	—
St. Vincent	—	—	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	101
Holy Heart	—	—	82	—	—	—	—	—	82	—
Pine Hill	—	—	2	—	6	—	—	—	32	—
N. S. Agricultural	—	—	27	2	—	—	—	—	37	2
N. S. Technical	—	—	55	—	—	—	—	—	55	—
Maritime Pharmacy	—	—	12	2	—	—	—	—	12	2
TOTAL NOVA SCOTIA*	304	17	1,325	519	40	22	29	30	1,499	587
Sacré-Cœur	—	—	48	—	—	—	—	—	281	—
St. Joseph's	223	—	48	—	—	—	—	—	308	—
Mc. Allison	286	—	240	105	5	3	—	—	254	108
New Brunswick	—	—	242	71	—	—	—	2	262	73
TOTAL NEW BRUNSWICK	519	—	654	198	5	3	—	2	1,145	181
Bishop's	—	—	117	25	13	10	—	—	130	35
McGill	—	—	1,869	794	132	42	—	—	1,992	833
Macdonald	—	—	72	13	—	—	69	145	132	158
Presbyterian	9	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	26	—
Dioscorus	15	—	21	—	4	—	—	—	47	—
United	18	—	49	—	12	—	—	—	79	—
Montreal (Univ. families)	—	—	956	—	—	—	—	—	956	—
Ecole Polytechnique	—	—	192	—	—	—	—	—	192	—
Ecole des H. E. Commerciales	—	—	177	—	—	—	—	—	177	—
Institut agricole d'Oka	37	—	79	—	—	—	—	—	116	—
Ecole de med. vét.	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
Institut pédagogique	—	—	45	—	—	—	—	—	45	—
14 collèges classiques	4,172	—	1,645	—	—	—	—	—	5,817	—
Marguerite Bourgeoys	—	—	—	121	—	—	—	304	—	515

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

95

Ecole d'hyg. soc. appl.	-	-	-	11	377	11
Ecoles d'ens. infanger	-	-	-	-	1,618	-
Convents amerie	1,618	-	-	-	-	-
Laval (Univ. facultes)	-	-	95	-	-	-
7 Grands Seminaires	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academie Commerciale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Archdiocese	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sac. Anne de la Postiere	4,600	-	-	-	-	-
11 colleges classiques	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sillery	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecole des garces-malades	-	-	-	-	-	-
Convents affilia	-	3,854	-	-	-	-
Institutions classeuses non affiliées	45	-	-	-	-	-
Institutions superieures non-affiliées	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL QUEBEC	9,356	5,472	255	57	916	24,348
Universite d'Ottawa	757	125	37	-	-	1,455
Sacre Coeur	119	-	-	-	-	184
Univ. of Western Ont.	-	-	-	-	-	633
Assumption	375	-	4	-	-	408
Alma	-	86	-	-	-	134
Huron	-	-	-	-	-	22
Ursuline	-	-	-	-	-	42
Waterloo	31	2	-	-	-	8
Ev. Lutheran Sem.	-	-	-	-	-	11
Queen's University	-	-	-	-	-	1,632
McMaster University	3	-	14	18	-	389
Royal Military College	-	-	-	-	-	341
Osgoode Hall	-	-	-	-	-	200
Margaret Eaton	-	-	-	-	-	222
St. Augustine's	-	-	-	-	-	53
Mount Carmel	92	-	-	-	-	174
Redemptoristes	-	-	-	-	-	145
St. Jerome's	108	-	-	-	-	29
Univ. of Toronto	-	-	-	-	-	174
Victoria C.	-	-	-	-	-	6,045
Emmanuel	-	-	-	-	-	2,216
Trinity	-	-	-	-	-	407
St. Michael's	480	-	-	-	-	21
Knox	-	-	-	-	-	142
Wyndcliffe, 1929	6	-	-	-	-	854
Pharmacy	-	-	-	-	-	24
Ont. Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	81
Ont. Veterinary	-	-	-	-	-	11
TOTAL ONTARIO*	1,952	214	338	51	176	13,533
Brandon College	16	8	1	3	10	89
University of Manitoba	-	-	9	55	35	769
Man. Law School	-	-	-	-	-	4
Man. College	-	-	-	-	-	57
Wesley, 1929	87	55	-	-	27	449
St. John's	233	-	-	-	220	203
St. Boniface	218	-	-	-	-	260
TOTAL MANITOBA*	554	63	10	60	51	3,439

a) *Indicateurs exclus du provincial total* Les doubles emplois sont exclus des totaux des provinces.

A. FULL TIME STUDENTS-CONCLUDED--ÉTUDIANTS RÉGULIERS-FIN

B. PART TIME STUDENTS OF THE REGULAR SESSION-ÉTUDIANTS LIBRES DE LA SESSION RÉGULIÈRE	
	35,190

CANDIDATS LIBRES DE LA SESSION RÉGULIÈRE									
Delhouie, N.B.	-	-	-	19	-	20	46	20	46
Mt. St. Vincent, N.B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	19
Mt. Allison, N.B.	-	-	7	51	-	-	-	7	51

[illegible]

* *Duplicata excluded in provincial totals.—Les doubles emplois sont exclus des totaux des provinces.*

103. — Universities and Colleges of Canada: Full time, Part time, Short courses, etc., Students by Grade of Work, 1929-30.—Concluded
105. — Universités et collèges du Canada: Étudiants réguliers, libres, des cours abrégés, etc., selon le degré, 1929-30.—fin

Name of University Nom de l'université	Pre-matriculation Immatriculation		Undergraduate Sous-graduates		Graduate Gradués		Other Autres		Total (excluding duplicates) Total (sans compter les doubles emplois)	
	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.	M.—H.	W.—F.
Acadia—Correspondence.	—	—	10	15	—	—	—	—	10	15
St. Francis Xavier—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.	—	—	—	58	—	—	—	—	—	58
Boy Guitano short course.	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	—	50	—
Extra mural.	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3
St. Mary's—Summer school.	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	16	—
Mt. St. Vincent—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer school.	—	—	—	60	—	—	—	—	—	60
Extra mural.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Extension.	—	—	—	45	—	—	—	—	—	45
N.B. Agric.—Short Course.	—	—	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	36
N.S. Teachers' School.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
N.S. Teachers' School.	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	20	37	20
Correspondence.	260	543	—	—	—	—	—	—	260	543
Maritime Pharmacy—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Extension.	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	5	12	5
Mt. Allison—Summer School.	19	81	67	74	5	—	9	6	74	15
Extension.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
N.B. University Summer School.	—	—	42	30	—	3	—	—	42	30
McGill—Extension courses.	—	—	13	21	—	—	—	—	13	21
Macdonald—Clergymen's S. S.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Short courses in Agric.	—	—	—	—	—	—	672	207	672	207
United Theol.—Extra mural.	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	46	70	46
Ecole des H. E. Commerciales—	—	—	10	—	33	—	182	—	182	—
Classes du soir.	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	—	43	—
Cours de correspondance.	—	—	—	—	—	—	435	46	435	46
Oka—Cours abrégés.	—	—	—	—	—	—	242	11	242	11
Institut pédagogique—	—	—	—	—	—	—	153	—	153	—
Cours de conférences pédagogiques.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cours de vacances.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cours de correspondance.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cours abrégés.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Université d'Ottawa—	—	—	—	—	—	—	210	—	210	—
Élèves extérieurs.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Classes du soir.	—	—	7	56	9	1	—	—	—	—
Cours d'été.	—	—	3	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cours d'extension.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—
Univ. of Western Ont.—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	225	100	225
Summer school.	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	35	60	35
Extra mural.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Extension.	—	—	60	96	—	—	—	—	—	—
Assumption.—X.M.	—	—	49	41	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alma.—Extension.	—	—	13	16	—	—	126	248	141	261
Huron—Extra mural.	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	2	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

[illegible]

HIGHER EDUCATION

100.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Students of the Regular Session by Faculties, 1929-30—Con.
 100.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Étudiants de la session régulière, par facultés, 1929-30—Fin
 A.—Full Time Students—Étudiants réguliers—Cont.—Fin

	Undergraduate—Sous-graduels																Graduate— Gradués		Others— Autres		Total									
	Pre-matriculation Cours préparatoires d'immatriculation	Arts—Arts	Pure Science—Science pure	Letters—Lettres	Philosophy—Philosophie	Agriculture—Agriculture	Architecture—Architecture	Commerce—Commerce	Dentistry—Art dentaire	Education—Pédagogie	Engineering and applied science Génie et sciences appliquées	Forestry—Sylviculture	Household Science Science ménagère	Law—Droit	Medicine—Médecine	Music—Musique	Public health and nursing Formation des gardes-malades	Pharmacy—Pharmacie	Social service—Œuvres sociales	Theology—Théologie		Veterinary science Médecine vétérinaire	Others—Autres	Total (excl. duplicates) Total (sans compter les doubles emplois)	Arts and science—Arts et science	Theology—Théologie	Total	Arts and science—Arts et science	Other—Autres	Total
Bank University		636	185			64				21	204			55	36	30		72					71	1,383	17		20	78		78
Emmanuel																														
St. Andrews ^a																														
Lutheran																														
St. Chad ^a																														
Regina																														
Camplua																														
Outlook																														
St. Peter ^a																														
Concordia																														
Jesuites																														
St. Jean																														
Alberta University																														
St. Stephen ^a																														
Western Pharmacy																														
University of B.C.																														
Victoria																														
Anglican, 1929																														
Union																														
Total Canada ^a	2	19,000	859		452	955	68 ^a	970	410	388	3,115	146	807	874	2,540	278	653	600	59	1,631	124	238	30,359	827	104	968	61	1,401	1,462	

^a To this figure should be added 31 students in the architecture section of the écoles des beaux arts in Montreal and Quebec.
 d'architecture des écoles des beaux arts de Montréal et Québec.

^a A ce chiffre devraient s'ajouter 31 étudiants de la division d'architecture des écoles des beaux arts dans le cours sous-gradué des Arts.

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

103

B. PART-TIME STUDENTS—ÉTUDIANTS LIÈGES

B. PART-TIME STUDENTS—ETUDIANTS LIÈRES																					
Undergraduate—Sous-graduates										Graduate—Gradués										Other—Autres	
Pre-matriculation— Cours préparatoires d'Imm- trication	Art—Arts	Letters—Lettres	Philosophy—Philosophie	Agriculture	Education—Pédagogie	Medicine—Médecine	Musio—Musique	Public Health and nursing Formation des gardes-malades	Pharmacy—Pharmacie	Theology—Théologie	Others—Autres	Total	Arts and science	Theology—Théologie	Total	Arts and science	Other—Autres	Total			
12	524	282	302	61	165	6	53	4	1	73	30	1,483	79	99	2,252	143	3,118	3,281			
Dalhousie.....	18											19				66			66		
Mt. St. Vincent.....	38											58									
Mt. Allison.....	86											86					61		61		
McGill.....												8	2	14							
Macdonald.....	8	282										868									
Presbyterian.....												58									
Montreal (Faculté de l'université).....												40									
McGill.....												44									
Institut polytechnique.....												23									
Marguerite Bourgeoys.....												92	18	19	42						
École amér.												10									
Laval (Faculté de l'université).....																					
Sto. Anne de la Poutière.....																					
Ottawa.....	13											23									
Western.....	82					6						3	1	1							
Alma.....	3											32									
Ursuline.....	32											30									
McMaster.....												10									
Margaret Eaton.....												202									
St. Augustine's.....												27									
Toronto University.....												27									
Emmanuel.....												13									
Brandon College.....												12									
Manitoba University.....	1											12									
Saskatchewan University.....												26									
St. Andrew's, 1929.....																					
Regina.....																					
Outlook.....												3									
St. Peter's.....	7											34									
Alberta University.....												24									
St. Stephen's.....												24									
University of B.C.....																					
Victoria.....												46									
Union.....												12									
Total Canada.....	12	524	282	302	61	165	6	53	4	1	73	30	1,483	79	99	2,252	143	3,118	3,281		

107.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Full-Time Students in Colleges (or faculties) of Arts by Academic Years, 1929-30

107.—Universités et collèges au Canada: Étudiants réguliers dans les collèges (ou facultés) d'Art, par année académique, 1929-30

	Preparatory — Prépara- toire	Undergraduate—Sous-gradués							Graduate — Gradués
		First year — Première année	Second year — Deuxième année	Third year — Troisième année	Fourth year — Quatrième année	Special — Cours spéciaux	Un- specified by years — Année non indiquée	Total under- graduates — Total, sous- gradués	
Prince of Wales.....	306	30	—	—	—	—	—	30	—
St. Dunstan's.....	80	23	17	23	14	—	—	77	—
Acadia.....	29	—	—	—	—	—	260	260	15
Dalhousie—King's.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	496	496	26
St. Francis Xavier.....	34	—	—	—	—	—	207	207	2
St. Mary's.....	160	—	—	—	—	—	45	45	—
St. Anne.....	98	—	—	—	—	—	13	13	12
Mt. St. Vincent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	68	68	—
Sacré Cœur.....	233	16	15	5	12	—	—	48	—
St. Joseph's.....	236	22	20	20	18	—	—	80	—
Mount Allison.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	252	252	8
New Brunswick.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	166	166	—
Bishop's.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	110	17
McGill.....	—	327	239	213	164	—	—	943	166
Montreal—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collèges classiques	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
affiliés ¹	2,995	513	452	381	379	—	—	1,725	—
Couvents affiliés.....	1,618	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Faculté des Sciences.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	98	98	—
Laval—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collèges classiques	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
affiliés ¹	3,542	371	308	247	212	—	10	1,148	—
Philosophie-Sciences.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	14	—
Ens. sec. des filles, Sillery.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	50	—
Couvents affiliés.....	3,854	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecoles classiques non- affiliés.....	445	—	—	—	—	—	381	381	—
Ottawa.....	882	—	—	—	—	—	205	205	—
Sacré Cœur.....	119	15	17	4	9	—	—	48	—
Western.....	—	278	220	153	128	—	—	776	—
Alma.....	80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Assumption.....	375	48	32	20	18	—	—	118	3
Huron.....	—	4	9	3	3	—	—	19	—
Ursuline.....	7	20	15	17	13	—	—	65	—
Waterloo.....	33	9	10	4	6	—	—	29	—
Queen's.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	691	691	24
McMaster.....	3	65	89	55	73	—	—	282	—
St. Jerome's.....	109	—	—	—	—	—	40	40	—
Toronto—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
University College.....	—	561	385	253	216	—	—	1,415	—
Graduate School.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	387
Victoria.....	—	296	204	194	180	—	—	874	—
Trinity.....	—	111	89	69	48	—	—	317	—
St. Michael's.....	460	96	94	79	60	20	—	349	15
Brandon.....	24	52	35	25	32	—	—	144	1
Manitoba U.....	—	502	453	219	267	23	—	1,464	11
Wesley, 1929.....	142	101	94	51	39	2	—	307	—
St. John's.....	233	25	11	4	8	—	—	54	—
St. Boniface.....	218	14	10	8	8	—	—	46	—
Saskatchewan U.....	—	125	246	157	123	—	157	821	17
Regina.....	93	57	54	—	—	—	—	111	—
Campion.....	170	36	14	6	—	—	—	61	—
Outlook.....	57	22	15	—	—	—	—	37	—
St. Peter's.....	52	13	4	—	—	—	—	17	—
Concordia.....	50	3	9	—	—	—	—	62	—
Jésuites.....	129	8	—	4	1	—	2	15	—
St. Jean.....	29	2	2	—	—	—	—	4	—
Alberta U.....	—	82	160	91	115	18	—	466	30
British Columbia U.....	—	555	312	225	182	—	160	1,434	53
Victoria.....	—	142	62	—	—	—	—	204	—
Total in colleges giving undergraduates by years.....	15,639	4,544	3,666	2,639	2,354	69	872	14,124	682
Total all colleges.....	16,951	—	—	—	—	—	3,425	16,677	786

¹ Including 80 girls in B.A. course at Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys.

² Not including the colleges in provinces other than Quebec.

³ Comprendant 80 filles dans le cours B.A. du Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys.

⁴ Ne comprend pas les collèges des provinces autres que ceux du Québec.

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

105

105.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Degrees and Diplomas Conferred, 1929-30
105.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Degrés et diplômes décernés en 1929-30

A. ON MEN—A. HOMMES

Name of Degrees, Diplomas, etc. Noms des degrés, diplômes, etc.	Dalhousie and King's ¹	Acadia	St. Francis Xavier	New Brunswick	Mount Allison	St. Joseph's	McGill	Bishop's	Laval	Montreal	Toronto	Victoria ²	Trinity ³	Western	Queen's	Ottawa	McMaster	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Other Institutions	Total
B.A. (Theol.)	34	26	22	14	27	18	70	20	168	275	228			72	93	24	44	105	43	35	96	22	1,438
B.A. (Sci.)		3																					3
B.Sc.																							12
B.Arch.																							13
B.Com. or B.Com. or B.S.C.																							102
B.D. or D.B.																							7
B.D.S. or B.C.D.																							33
B.Dr.C. or Bueh. canon Law																							49
B.L.																							139
B.Pharm. or B.S.P. or Plim. B.																							46
B.Paed. or B. Educ.																							132
B.A.Sc.																							167
B.S.A. B.Sc. (Agr.)																							267
B.E. B.Sc. (C.E.), or B.Sc. (E.E.)																							33
B.Sc. B.S.																							7
B.Sc. Socials																							33
B.Sc. (For.) or B.Sc. P.																							6
B.Sc. (Med.)																							17
B.Sc. (Dent.)																							29
B.Th. or B. Theol.																							8
B.V.Sc. or B.M.V.																							4
C.E. or I.C.																							113
D.C.L.																							3
D.D. or D. Theol.																							1
D. Theol.																							1
D. Div. Letters																							3
D.S. D.C.D.																							4
D.Litt.																							4
D.M.V. or D.V.Sc.																							6
D.Paed.																							1
D.Sc.																							1
E.E.																							1
L.Ch.																							187
L.L.B. B.C.L. or Barr. at Law																							4
Lic. Sc. Comp.																							63
L.L.D.																							16
L.Sc. Comm.																							7
L.Dr.C. or Lic. canon Law																							7
Lic. Letters																							7

N.B.—P.C.N.—Physique, Chimie, Sciences naturelles.—M.P.C.—Mathématiques, Physique et Chimie.

¹ Honorary degrees.—Degrés honoraires.

² King's is associated with Dalhousie; all degrees except theology are granted by Dalhousie.—King's est associé à Dalhousie; tous les degrés, excepté ceux de théologie sont décernés par Dalhousie.

³ Except in theology, degrees for Trinity and Victoria are granted by Toronto.—Excepté en théologie, tous les degrés de Trinity et Victoria sont décernés par Toronto.

HIGHER EDUCATION

108.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Degrees and Diplomas Conferred, 1929-30—Concluded
109.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Degrés et diplômes décernés en 1929-30—Fin

A. ON MEN—A. HOMMES

Name of Degrees, Diplomas, etc. Noms des degrés, diplômes, etc.	Dalhousie & King's ¹	Acadia	St. Francis Xavier	New Brunswick	Mount Allison	St. Joseph's	McGill	Bishop's	Laval	Montreal	Toronto	Victoria ²	Trinity ²	Western	Queen's	Ottawa	McMaster	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Other Institutions	Total
L. Mus.		1																					1
L. Sc. Soc.																							7
L.L.L. or Lic. Law-L. Droit.																							24
L.Th. or Th. L. or L.S.T. or L.D.																							38
M.A.	7	4					20	8	18	10	72	2	6	5	10	4	5	2	4	2	9	16	155
M.A. Sc.																							3
M.B. or B.M.																							55
M.M.D., C.M. or M.D.	19						83		55	41	158			29	80			44	18				489
M.M.E.																							1
Mus. B. or Bach. Musique.																							9
M.S.A.																							1
M.Sc.							20		1														49
M.Sc. (App. Sc.)																							2
Mus. D.							1																1
Ph.B.																							2
Ph.D. or D. Ph.																							23
Ph. L. or Lic. Phil.							13		13	1	14												34
Diplomas, etc.—Diplômes, etc.—																							46
Agriculture.																							67
Commerce.																							61
Chemistry—Chimie.									47														37
Education—Pédagogie.									5														14
Engineering—Génie.	8																						5
Forestry—Sylviculture.	10																						7
Journalism—Journalisme.									8														44
Language—Langues.																							8
Library School—Bibliothécaire.																							10
Lettres—Lettres.																							7
Pharmacy—Pharmacie.																							54
Theology—Théologie.	4																						43
Public Health—Formation des garçons-malades.																							57
Public speaking—Art oratoire.																							14
P.C.N.																							1
M.P.C.																							41
Cert. Sup.																							20
Musio—Musique.																							7
Total	139	92	28	56	49	23	393	39	455	605	935	23	11	115	243	116	66	306	152	157	170	359	4,565

Note.—P.C.N.—Physique, Chimie, Sciences naturelles.—M.P.C.—Mathématiques, Physique et Chimie.

¹ Honorary degrees—Degrés honoraires.

² King's is associated with Dalhousie; all degrees except theology are granted by Dalhousie.—King's est associé à Dalhousie; tous les degrés, excepté ceux de théologie sont décernés par Dalhousie.—Except in theology, degrees for Trinity and Victoria are granted by Toronto.—Excepté en théologie, tous les degrés de Trinity et Victoria sont décernés par Toronto.

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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B. ON WOMEN—B. FEMMES

Name of Degree, Diplomas, etc. Noms des degrés, diplômes, etc.	Dalhousie	Acadia	St. Francis Xavier	New Brunswick	Mount Allison	McGill	Bishop's	Laval	Montreal	Toronto	Western	Queen's	Ottawa	McMaster	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Other Institutions	Total
B.A.	42	16	2	13	13	72	10		10	255	68	109	9	28	121	44	44	111	7	974
B.A.Sc.	4					1				3		3					4	6	2	17
B.Sc.						3														6
B.Sc. (Pharm.)																				42
B.Sc. (H. Econ.) or B.H.Sc.						4				40							15			2
B.Sc. (Deat.)																				124
B.Sc. (Nursing), B.Sc. (Med.)									3		1						2			3
B.L.																				3
B. Mus. or Mus. Bach.																				3
B. Paed., B. Ed.																				3
B.S.A.																				31
B. Arch.																				1
B. Pharm. or Phm. B. or B.S.P.																				1
D.D.S.																				1
LL.B. or Barr. at Law, or B.C.L.																				1
Ph. L.																				1
Ph. D.																				1
L.L.D.																				1
L. Mus.																				1
M.A.	1																			1
M.B.	6					16														76
M.Sc.	3					5														4
M.D., C.M. or M.D.						5														31
Ph.D.						2														7
Diplomas, etc.—Diplômes, etc.—																				16
App. Soc. Hyg.																				2
Ag. Cultural																				50
Pub. Health Nursing—Formation des gardes-malades																				230
Education—Pédagogie																				89
Graduate Nurse—Gardiennes gradées																				57
Public Speech—Rhétorique																				78
H. Econ—Economie domestique																				36
Library School—Bibliothécaire																				139
Musical—Musique																				27
Occ. Therapy—Thérapie occupationnelle																				21
Phys. Educ.—Culture physique																				7
Pharmacy—Pharmacie																				23
Social Service—Œuvres sociales																				13
Cert. Eng. Secoa.																				
Total	69	47	5	13	32	171	21	183	28	474	79	117	13	32	198	115	96	160	217	2,069

HIGHER EDUCATION

109.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted, 1929-30
 109.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Résumé des degrés et diplômes décernés en 1929-30

A. BY UNIVERSITIES—A. PAR LES UNIVERSITÉS

	Diplomas and Certificates Diplômes et certificats		Bachelor Bachelier		Master and Licences ¹ Maîtres et Licenciés		Doctor ² Docteurs ³		Total		
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Total
Dalhousie—King ⁴	17	7	113	52	7	10	2	—	139	69	208
Acadia	26	15	51	24	5	8	10	—	92	47	139
St. Francis Xavier	—	—	27	9	—	3	2	—	29	6	34
New Brunswick	—	—	56	13	—	—	—	—	56	13	69
Mount Allison	9	8	35	24	—	—	—	—	49	32	81
St. Joseph's	—	—	18	—	7	—	5	—	25	—	25
McGill	6	67	321	85	40	16	26	3	393	171	564
Bishop's	5	10	20	11	10	—	4	—	39	21	60
Laval	71	181	346	1	37	—	1	—	483	182	665
Montreal	74	10	451	18	74	—	6	—	605	28	633
Toronto	14	113	821	329	81	27	26	5	935	474	1,409
Victoria ⁵	—	—	5	—	—	—	4	—	23	—	23
Trinity ⁶	—	—	2	—	6	—	4	—	11	—	11
Western	—	7	103	70	9	2	3	—	115	79	194
Queen's	—	3	211	112	16	5	16	—	233	117	350
Ottawa	—	—	63	9	41	1	12	—	116	23	139
McMaster	4	11	53	28	5	4	13	—	68	32	100
Manitoba	41	182	248	182	4	5	—	—	300	198	498
Saskatchewan	37	20	129	91	16	—	—	—	183	118	301
Alberta	8	15	133	79	11	—	—	—	157	86	243
British Columbia	18	40	138	118	12	2	5	—	170	160	330
Other Institutions—Autres	145	202	177	15	16	—	21	—	359	217	576
Total	482	712	3,521	1,263	397	86	165	8	4,565	2,066	6,634

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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B. BY SUBJECTS—B. PAR SUJETS

	Diplomas and Certificates Diplômes et Certificats		Bachelor Bachelier		Master and Licence ¹ Maître et Licencié		Doctor ² Docteur ³		Total	
	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes	Men Hommes	Women Femmes
Arts, Pure Science, Letters and Philosophy—Arts Sciences, Lettres et Philosophie.....	90	13	1,774	1,026	282	80	47	1,120	2,173	1,120
Sciences, Lettres et Philosophie.....	67	2	132	1	9	—	—	3	208	3
Architecture—Architecture.....	—	—	13	1	—	—	—	1	13	1
Commerce and Accounting—Commerce et Com- ptabilité.....	61	—	114	17	20	—	—	17	195	17
Dentistry—Art dentaire.....	48	240	126	31	—	—	5	261	126	261
Education—Pédagogie.....	76	—	296	6	26	—	—	6	398	6
Engineering and Applied Science—Génie civil et sciences appliquées.....	8	—	33	126	—	—	—	—	41	—
Forestry—Sylviculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Household Science—Arts domestiques.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Library Science—Art bibliothécaire.....	—	—	187	17	34	—	—	18	292	18
Medicine—Médecine.....	—	—	551	34	—	—	—	—	551	34
Music—Musique.....	7	126	1	3	1	—	—	1	11	135
Public Health and Nursing—Formation des gar- des-malades.....	14	176	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pharmacy—Pharmacie.....	54	7	139	6	—	—	—	14	193	14
Physical Education—Gymnastique.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Social service (livres sociales).....	57	23	89	—	45	—	—	21	231	21
Theology—Théologie.....	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	20	—
Veterinary med.—Formation des vétérinaires.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	482	712	3,521	1,263	397	88	165	2,009	4,565	2,009
Total.....										6,634

* Honorary degrees: In McGill 13 of the Doctor's degrees were honorary, in Toronto 7, in Manitoba, 11, in other institutions 17; in letters and science 7, in theology 30.

† All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

‡ All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

§ Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

|| The licence in the French-speaking universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English speaking.

¶ To this figure should be added 12 men completing the six-year course in architecture in the écoles des beaux arts at Montreal and Quebec, 6 at each school.

* Degrés honoraires: McGill, 13 doctorats honoraires: Toronto, 7; Manitoba, 11; autres institutions, 17. Doctorats ès sciences, 7; doctorats en théologie, 30.

† Tous conférés par Dalhousie, sauf les degrés en théologie.

‡ Tous les degrés exceptés ceux en théologie, sous la rubrique Toronto.

§ Les docteurs en médecine, art dentaire et art vétérinaire sont compris sous la rubrique "bacheliers".

|| La licence que confèrent les universités de langue française équivalent au degré supérieur à celui de bachelier, comme par exemple le diplôme de "maître" décerné par les universités de langue anglaise.

¶ A ajouter à ce chiffre 12 hommes qui sont à compléter le cours de sixième année en architecture aux écoles des Beaux Arts, dont 6 suivent le cours à Montréal et les 6 autres à Québec.

HIGHER EDUCATION

110.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Place of Residence of Undergraduate and Graduate Students of the Regular Session, 1929-30
110.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Domicile des étudiants diplômés et non diplômés des cours réguliers en 1929-30

Provinces in which University or college is located Provinces où sont établies les universités et collèges	Province or country of residence—Domicile par provinces et pays															Total	
	P.E.I. I.P.-E.	N.S. N.-E.	N.B. N.-B.	Que. Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.B.	Dis- tricts	U.S.A. E.-U.A.	U.K. R.-U.	British West Indies An- tilles An- glaises	New- found- land Terre- Neuve	Other Coun- tries Autres pays		Unspe- cified by prov. Non spéc. fiés par pro- vinces
Prince of Wales.....	30	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30
St. Dunstan's.....	66	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	77
Total, Prince Edward Island.....	96	1	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	107
Acadia.....	22	376	94	7	4	—	1	—	—	—	27	—	—	3	3	—	537
Dalhousie-King's.....	61	655	98	3	8	—	—	—	—	—	40	—	—	37	11	—	925
St. Francis Xavier.....	8	224	48	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	6	—	—	312
St. Mary's.....	—	51	2	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	7	—	—	69
St. Anne's.....	—	12	10	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	25
Mt. St. Vincent.....	—	88	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	2	1	—	120
Pine Hill.....	6	19	8	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32
N.S. Agricultural.....	6	17	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39
N.S. Technical.....	1	41	6	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	2	1	—	56
Total, Nova Scotia.....	101	1,483	282	20	19	—	1	2	2	—	118	1	10	57	18	—	2,114
Sacré Cœur.....	—	—	36	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	48
St. Joseph's.....	4	5	61	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	83
Mt. Allison.....	44	245	331	6	7	—	2	1	—	—	11	9	8	27	—	—	601
New Brunswick.....	—	8	302	11	9	1	1	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	333
Total, New Brunswick.....	48	253	730	89	16	1	3	2	—	—	15	12	8	27	—	—	1,154
Bishop's.....	—	—	3	136	24	—	—	4	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	165
McGill.....	12	62	50	1,793	283	27	40	23	72	—	204	28	16	36	17	159	2,913
Macdonald.....	2	16	8	38	10	—	—	—	2	—	—	10	5	1	4	—	85
Presbyterian.....	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22
Diocean.....	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	30
United.....	1	1	1	18	14	—	1	—	—	—	—	20	—	22	1	—	47
Montréal.....	1	3	3	7,152	72	7	6	1	—	—	524	—	1	22	26	—	7,796
Laval.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Écoles class. non-affiliées.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,751
Écoles sup. non-affiliées.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	381
Total, Quebec.....	16	82	63	9,158	404	34	47	28	74	—	826	81	23	63	48	3,772	14,715

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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Ottawa University.....	216	329	19	2	1	5	32	1	1	42	615
Sacré-Cœur.....	2	1,126	4	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	45
Western.....	2	80	1	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	1,207
Assumption.....	2	22	1	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	22
Huron.....	2	56	1	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	69
Ureline.....	2	27	1	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	29
Waterloo.....	2	27	1	3	1	36	7	2	1	45	11
Ev. Luth. Sem.....	2	1,421	12	14	13	32	7	2	1	45	1,631
Queen's.....	2	331	4	4	4	8	7	2	1	45	375
McMaster.....	2	102	6	7	16	2	1	1	1	45	200
Royal Military.....	2	322	4	7	16	2	1	1	1	45	322
Legion Hall.....	2	322	4	7	16	2	1	1	1	45	322
Margaret Eaton.....	2	17	5	6	1	26	4	1	1	45	55
St. Augustine's.....	2	130	8	6	7	26	4	1	1	45	190
St. Jerome's.....	2	28	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	45	53
Redemptorists.....	2	34	63	59	73	147	1	1	1	45	29
Toronto University ¹	2	176	1	2	1	7	1	1	1	45	40
Emmanuel.....	2	11	2	1	1	7	1	1	1	45	7,178
Trinity (except Arts).....	2	11	2	1	1	7	1	1	1	45	20
St. Michael's (except Arts).....	2	11	2	1	1	7	1	1	1	45	20
Knox.....	2	46	3	1	1	7	1	1	1	45	30
Wycliffe.....	2	393	1	3	5	3	1	1	1	45	24
Ont. Agricultural.....	2	78	11	1	3	28	1	1	1	45	75
Ont. Veterinary.....	2	78	11	1	3	28	1	1	1	45	443
Total, Ont.....	24	11,181	109	101	124	366	53	6	16	124	13,117
Brandon College.....	2	117	18	18	5	3	1	1	1	45	162
Manitoba University ¹	2	38	218	22	19	7	7	1	1	45	2,497
Man. College.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	45	6
St. John's.....	2	3	4	6	1	1	1	1	1	45	60
St. Boniface.....	2	35	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	45	40
Total, Manitoba.....	2	42	240	46	24	11	7	1	1	45	2,786
Saskatchewan University ¹	4	11	18	9	7	2	47	2	2	45	1,442
St. Chad's.....	4	11	6	2	2	11	11	1	1	45	111
Regina.....	4	11	11	3	1	1	1	1	1	45	61
Campion.....	4	2	55	3	1	1	1	1	1	45	37
Outlook.....	4	1	13	2	1	1	1	1	1	45	17
St. Peter's.....	4	1	16	2	1	1	1	1	1	45	22
Total, Saskatchewan.....	4	11	1,539	14	10	3	58	2	2	45	1,687

¹ Including all affiliated and annexed schools.
² Including Victoria, Trinity and St. Michael's College Arts Students, and Pharmacy College students.
³ Includes Law School students and 304 Arts students also registered in affiliated Arts Colleges—about the number in Wesley College which is not reported.
⁴ Includes students of Emmanuel, St. Andrew's, Luthernan and Regina Colleges.
⁵ Comprend toutes les institutions affiliées et annexes.
⁶ Comprend les étudiants en arts de Victoria, Trinity et St. Michael et ceux du Collège de Pharmacie.
⁷ Comprend les étudiants en Droit et 304 étudiants en Arts également inscrits dans les collèges affiliés d'Arts—appr. le nombre inscrit au collège Wesley et qui est inconnu.
⁸ Comprend les étudiants inscrits aux collèges Emmanuel, St. Andrew, Luthérien et Régina.

110.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Place of Residence of Undergraduate and Graduate Students of the Regular Session, 1929-30.—Cont.
110.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Domicile des étudiants diplômés et non diplômés des cours réguliers en 1929-30.—Fin

Province or country of residence—Domicile par provinces et pays

Provinces in which University or college is located Provinces où sont établis les universités et collèges	P.E.I. I.P.-E.	N.S. N.-E.	N.B. N.-B.	Que. Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.B.	Dis- tricts	U.S.A. E.-U.A.	U.K. R.-U.	British West Indies Antilles Anglaises	New- found- land Terre- Neuve	Other Coun- tries Autres pays	Unspe- cified by prov. Non spécifi- ées par pro- vinces	Total
Concordia College.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
Collège des Jésuites.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
Juniorat St. Jean.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
University of Alberta.....	1	2	1	—	12	14	81	1,153	68	2	6	3	—	1	5	—	1,349
Total, Alberta.....	1	2	1	—	12	15	90	1,174	68	2	6	3	—	1	5	—	1,380
Western Pharmacy.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44
University of B.C.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	11	1,841	3	—	—	—	—	14	—	1,904
Victoria.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	248	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	250
Anglican, 1929.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	29	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	31
Union.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
Total, British Columbia.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,181	3	8	—	—	—	14	—	2,249
Total, Canada.....	290	1,885	1,142	9,049	11,689	2,589	2,164	1,382	2,483	9	1,347	221	47	164	212	4,036	39,399

* Including St. Stephen's College.

† Comprend le collège St. Stephen.

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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110A.—Universities and Colleges: University grade students of the regular session attending outside their Province of Residence, 1929-30
110A.—Universités et collèges: Étudiants suivant les cours régaliers, mais inscrits dans une province autre que celle où ils sont domiciliés, 1929-30

	Number of students—Nombre d'étudiants												Total non-identifiable in each province—Total non-domiciliés dans la province où se trouve l'université	Enrollment represented by those students—Enrôlement représenté par ces étudiants	Unspecified by provinces—Non spécifiés par provinces	Total enrollment, regular session university grade—Total des inscriptions régulières, degré universitaire
	From P.E.I. I.P.-É.	From N.B. N.-É.	From N.S. N.-É.	From Que. Qué.	From Ont. Ont.	From Man. Man.	From Sask. Alta.	From B.C. C.B.	From Yukon and N.W.T. Yukon et T.N.O.	From U.S.A. U.S.A.	From U.K. R.U.	From British West Indies Antilles anglaises	From Newfoundland Terre-Neuve	Other Countries—Autres pays		
In Prince Edward Island..	-	1	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	107
In Nova Scotia.....	101	-	282	20	19	-	1	2	-	118	1	10	57	18	831	2,114
In New Brunswick.....	48	253	-	39	15	1	3	2	-	15	12	8	27	-	424	1,154
In Quebec.....	16	82	65	-	404	34	47	28	-	820	81	23	63	48	1,785	14,715
In Ontario.....	24	62	62	421	-	109	228	101	124	366	53	6	16	124	1,700	13,117
In Manitoba.....	-	-	-	-	42	-	245	46	24	11	7	-	-	1	376	2,786
In Saskatchewan.....	4	1	2	1	11	20	-	14	10	3	58	-	-	2	125	1,687
In Alberta.....	1	2	1	-	12	15	90	-	68	6	3	-	1	5	206	1,380
In British Columbia.....	-	1	-	-	4	6	11	13	-	8	6	-	-	14	68	2,249
Students enrolled in Canada, outside their province (or country) of residence—Au Canada ailleurs que dans la province où ils sont domiciliés.....	194	402	412	491	508	185	625	208	302	9	1,347	221	164	212	5,327	39,309
															4,036	

111.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Teaching Staffs, 1929-30
 111.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Personnel enseignant, 1929-30

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science Arts, Lettres et Sciences				Professional Faculties Facultés professionnelles				Pre-matriculation Cours préparatoire d'immatriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates) Nombre du personnel enseignant			
	Full time Personnel régulier		Part time Personnel libre		Full time Personnel régulier		Part time Personnel libre		Full time Personnel régulier		Part time Personnel libre		Full time Personnel régulier		Part time Personnel libre	
	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.
Prince of Wales College.....	-	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	2	4	5	-	7	5	-	-
St. Dunstan's University.....	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	15	-	-	-
Total, Prince Edward Island.....	9	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	8	4	5	-	22	5	-	-
Acadia University.....	40	8	-	-	13	4	81	1	-	-	1	-	40	8	1	1
Dalhousie University.....	40	-	10	-	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	53	4	91	9
University of King's College.....	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	1	-
St. Francis Xavier University.....	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	18	2	-	-
St. Mary's College.....	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	5	-	8	-	12	-
College Ste-Anne.....	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	15	-	-	-
Mt. St. Vincent College.....	-	3	-	11	-	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	20
Holy Heart Seminary.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	3
Pine Hill Divinity Hall.....	-	-	-	-	4	-	11	2	-	-	1	-	4	-	11	2
N. S. College of Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	3	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
N. S. Technical College.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	7	-
Mar. College of Pharmacy.....	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1
Total, Nova Scotia.....	118	13	17	19	43	5	104	13	13	-	9	-	174	18	130	33
Collège du Sacré-Cœur.....	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	23	-	-	-
St. Joseph's University.....	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	16	-	17	-
Mt. Allison University.....	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	4	-	-	24	4	-	-
Univ. of New Brunswick.....	10	-	14	-	13	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	16	-
Total, New Brunswick.....	44	-	16	-	13	-	1	-	29	4	17	-	80	4	32	-
Bishop's University.....	10	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
McGill University.....	83	13	-	-	396	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	429	55	-	-
Macdonald College.....	-	-	-	-	37	12	1	1	-	-	-	-	37	13	1	1
Presbyterian College.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Diosesan Theol. College.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
United Theol. College.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Univ. de Montréal.....	216	15	10	-	72	6	311	13	180	161	16	-	488	183	321	13
Université Laval.....	180	5	33	-	22	16	108	-	289	371	-	-	491	392	141	-
Écoles classiques non affiliées (10)*.....	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	91	-	-	-
Écoles supérieures non affiliées (10).....	-	-	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	-	-	-
Total, Quebec.....	540	33	43	-	558	77	421	14	527	532	-	-	1,624	643	464	14

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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Université d'Ottawa.....	381	81	1	21	31	141	63	16	132	27	15	1
Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	5	16	20	18	1	60	8	15	13	17	90	18
Univ. of Western Ontario.....	65	17	1	1	1	1	25	1	42	15	4	2
Assumption College.....	17	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
Alma College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Huron College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ursuline College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Waterloo College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
E. Luth. Sem.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Queen's University.....	108	31	2	1	1	24	1	1	159	31	24	1
McMaster University.....	20	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	2	3	1
Royal Military College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Osgoode Hall Law School.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Margaret Eaton School.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
St. Augustine's Seminary.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mount Carmel College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Student at des Rédemptoristes.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
St. Jerome's College.....	216	37	1	1	1	1	1	1	608	79	10	2
University of Toronto ¹	25	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	7	7	1
Victoria College.....	13	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	5	7	1
Emmanuel College.....	12	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	32	6	1	1
Trinity College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1
St. Michael's College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	1	1	1
Knox College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	1	1	1
Wycliffe College (1929).....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	66	8	12	1
Ont. Coll. of Pharmacy.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	1	1	1
Ont. Agric. College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ont. Veterinary College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total, Ontario.....	532	119	39	22	730	67	147	31	5	217	199	27
Brandon College.....	10	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	8	1	1
University of Manitoba.....	46	4	32	12	55	8	134	2	101	12	106	16
Man. Law School.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	7	1
Man. College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	1	1	1
Wesley College, 1929.....	12	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	19	6	1	1
St. John's College.....	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	17	1	1	1
College St. Boniface.....	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	13	1	9	1
Total, Manitoba.....	80	6	37	12	74	14	149	6	173	27	187	16
University of Saskatchewan.....	50	6	3	2	51	3	6	1	109	13	2	1
Emmanuel College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1
St. Andrew's College, 1929.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1
Lutheran College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	1
St. Chad's College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	1	1
Regina College.....	6	3	1	1	2	1	5	3	2	6	1	1
Campan College.....	6	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	2	1	1
Outlook College.....	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	7	1
St. Peter's College.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total, Saskatchewan.....	71	11	4	3	65	3	13	5	157	22	15	1

¹ Including affiliated and annexed schools. ² Comprend les institutions affiliées et annexes.
³ Estimated division between faculties. Total only given. ⁴ Représentation estimée parmi les facultés. Chiffre total.
 Full time and part time not distinguishable. All entered as full time. ⁵ Impossible de faire une distinction entre le personnel régulier et le personnel libre. Le personnel entier figure sous la rubrique "personnel régulier".

HIGHER EDUCATION

111.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Teaching Staffs, 1929-30—Cont.
 111.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Personnel enseignant, 1929-30—Fin

	Arts, Letters and Pure Sciences Arts, Lettres et Sciences						Professional Faculties Facultés professionnelles						Pre-matriculation Cours préparatoire d'immatriculation						Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates) Nombre du personnel enseignant					
	Full time Personnel régulier			Part time Personnel libre			Full time Personnel régulier			Part time Personnel libre			Full time Personnel régulier			Part time Personnel libre			Full time Personnel régulier			Part time Personnel libre		
	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	W.-F.	M.-H.	M.-H.	W.-F.	
Concordia College.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	
Collège des Jésuites.....	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	—	
Université St. Jean.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	
University of Alberta.....	48	5	—	11	—	2	45	2	77	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	91	9	—	90	—	—	
St. Stephen's College.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	3	—	—	
Total, Alberta.....	60	5	—	12	—	2	49	2	80	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	1	—	119	9	—	95	—	
Western School of Pharmacy.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Univ. of British Columbia.....	74	26	—	3	—	2	41	5	8	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	115	31	—	11	—	12	
Victoria College.....	5	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	—	1	—	—	
Anglican College, 1929.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	1	
Union Theo. College.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	
Total British Columbia.....	79	30	—	4	—	2	52	5	10	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	128	35	—	14	—	13	
Total, Canada.....	1,533	219	—	177	—	61	1,600	173	925	43	—	—	750	582	7	55	—	3,882	980	—	1,136	—	104	

ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

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112.—Universities and Colleges in Canada: Library Statistics, 1929-30
 112.—Universités et Collèges au Canada: Statistiques des bibliothèques, 1929-30

University or College Université ou collège	Volumes in library — Nombre des volumes en biblio- thèque	Period- icals received — Nombre des revues reçues	University or College Université ou collège	Volumes in library — Nombre des volumes en biblio- thèque	Period- icals received — Nombre des revues reçues
Prince of Wales.....	—	—	Quebec—Concluded	—	—
St. Dunstan's.....	6,300	16	Unaffiliated superior schools:	—	—
Acadia.....	65,000	179	Charlebourg.....	6,500	—
Dalhousie.....	73,642	341	Montréal, St-Joseph.....	22,000	—
King's.....	20,000	—	" Immaculée-Concep- tion.....	70,000	—
St. Francis Xavier.....	43,000	40	" Très-Saint Sacrement. Stud. franc.....	5,000	—
St. Mary's.....	5,000	25	" Stud. franc.....	2,500	—
Sto Anne.....	2,500	—	Pointe Aux Trembles.....	10,000	—
Pine Hill.....	22,000	24	Font Vieux.....	6,000	—
N.S. Agricultural.....	3,000	40	Quebec, Capucins.....	4,000	—
N.S. Technical.....	69,100	35	St-Benoit du lac.....	4,000	—
St. Joseph.....	15,000	—	Ottawa.....	—	—
Mt. Allison.....	35,000	100	Sacré-Cœur.....	2,000	—
New Brunswick.....	14,000	—	Western.....	91,324	621
Bishop's.....	15,000	8	Assumption.....	5,000	20
McGill.....	390,000	1,200	Alma.....	2,500	22
Mandonald.....	20,000	172	Huron.....	7,520	—
Presbyterian.....	10,000	20	Ursuline.....	3,000	6
Diocesan.....	7,888	14	Waterloo and Ev. L.....	7,500	25
United.....	20,000	30	Queen's.....	125,000	675
Montreal.....	165,000	—	McMaster.....	31,500	110
Ecole polytechnique.....	13,000	300	Royal Military.....	10,000	25
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Com- merciales.....	22,796	650	Osgoode Hall.....	5,054	—
Institut pédagogique.....	20,500	—	St. Augustine's Seminary.....	5,800	25
Loyola.....	13,500	—	Rédemptoristes.....	13,000	—
L'Assomption.....	9,000	—	St-Jérôme.....	4,500	—
Bourget.....	35,300	—	Toronto University.....	342,782	—
Brébeuf.....	5,600	—	Victoria University.....	45,867	158
Joliette.....	36,300	—	Trinity.....	35,000	30
Montréal.....	25,000	—	St. Michael's.....	6,000	20
Sherbrooke.....	23,200	—	Knox.....	26,000	—
St-Hyacinthe.....	46,600	—	Wycliffe.....	—	—
St-Jean.....	8,000	—	Pharmacy.....	1,100	—
St-Laurent.....	30,000	—	Ont. Agricultural.....	35,000	—
St-Croix.....	2,000	—	Ont. Veterinary.....	1,450	12
Sto-Marie.....	80,200	—	Brandon College.....	12,000	20
St-Thérèse.....	40,000	—	Manitoba University.....	67,000	860
Valleyfield.....	10,000	—	Man. Law.....	2,000	—
Laval.....	189,355	—	Man. College.....	20,000	20
Quebec.....	40,000	—	Wesley.....	6,500	—
Noulet.....	35,000	—	St. John's.....	8,000	25
Sto Anne.....	15,000	—	St. Boniface.....	7,000	25
Trois-Rivières.....	3,000	—	Saskatchewan University.....	50,000	400
Rimouski.....	25,753	—	Emmanuel.....	3,000	6
Chicoutimi.....	10,000	—	St. Andrew's.....	2,800	—
Lévis.....	35,180	—	Lutheran.....	4,000	4
Mont-Laurier.....	4,000	—	St. Chad's.....	4,500	—
St-Alexandre.....	3,100	—	Regina.....	—	15
St-Victor.....	6,000	—	Campion.....	3,400	24
Gaspé.....	2,025	—	Outlook.....	2,000	7
Ecoles classiques non affiliées—	—	—	St. Peter's.....	11,000	15
Beauport.....	5,500	—	Concordia College.....	2,000	20
Chambly-Bassin.....	2,500	—	Collège des Jésuites.....	8,050	10
Mistassini.....	300	—	Juniorat St-Jean.....	5,000	—
Montréal.....	1,300	—	University of Alberta.....	40,000	350
Papineauville.....	4,500	—	St. Stephen's.....	12,000	8
Sillery.....	300	—	Western Pharmacy.....	300	10
Sorel.....	1,285	—	University of B.C.....	86,000	550
Sto Anne de Beaupré.....	6,000	—	Victoria.....	3,000	15
Terrebonne.....	3,000	—	Anglican.....	4,952	—
Trois-Rivières.....	5,400	—	Union.....	12,000	31

HIGHER EDUCATION

University or College Université ou Collège	Assets—Actif				Receipts—Revettes				Expenditure—Dépenses			
	Value of Endowments and Investments	Value of Lands, Buildings, and Equipment	Value of Other Property	Total Assets	From Investments	From Government and Municipalities	From Fees* Contributions des étudiants*	From Other Sources† Autres sources†	Total Income Total des revenus	Current Courantes	Capital	Total
Princes of Wales	—	400,000	—	400,000	—	26,389	1,700	—	28,089	28,089	—	28,089
St. Dunstan's	30,000	300,000	26,000	356,000	900	—	—	44,000	45,900	42,000	4,500	46,500
Total, Prince Edward Island	30,000	700,000	26,000	756,000	900	26,389	2,300	44,000	73,589	70,089	4,500	74,589
Academy	1,233,533	1,630,064	41,674	2,905,271	47,831	—	61,575	409,757	609,243	287,940	—	287,940
Dalhousie	2,560,596	4,006,869	60,633	6,628,098	60,633	—	131,455	35,821	206,909	203,017	11,296	214,313
King's	191,000	480,000	8,000	679,000	10,000	—	4,500	54,700	69,200	68,000	—	68,000
St. Francis Xavier	369,000	507,000	510,000	1,386,000	43,278	—	3,500	91,000	137,778	139,844	—	139,844
St. Mary's	—	182,000	—	182,000	—	—	10,500	14,000	24,500	26,000	1,250	27,250
St. Anne	235,000	225,000	3,000	463,000	—	—	10,026	20,300	30,326	20,500	—	20,500
Pine Hill	274,601	155,014	—	429,615	17,623	—	—	21,746	39,369	50,450	11,634	62,093
N.S. Agricultural	325,000	—	—	325,000	—	28,730	—	—	28,730	28,730	—	28,730
N.S. Technical	500,000	—	—	500,000	—	40,000	8,000	—	48,000	160,000	8,000	168,000
Maritime Pharmacy	11,034	4,330	—	15,364	583	—	3,205	—	3,788	4,600	—	4,600
Total, Nova Scotia	4,603,482	6,450,208	562,074	11,615,764	215,998	68,730	235,555	742,616	1,202,929	1,049,219	82,180	1,081,399
Sacre-Cœur	—	250,000	—	250,000	—	—	—	10,000	40,000	40,000	—	40,000
St. Joseph's	—	383,748	41,800	425,548	—	—	18,505	73,570	92,075	77,540	4,548	82,093
Mt. Allison	556,002	571,300	—	1,127,302	33,715	—	37,000	65,040	135,773	135,973	13,198	149,171
New Brunswick	75,000	1,000,000	690,000	1,765,000	2,837	40,000	28,541	1,245	72,816	71,249	—	71,249
Total, New Brunswick	621,002	2,295,348	651,800	3,517,850	36,542	40,000	114,455	149,807	340,864	324,768	17,746	342,514
Bishop's	827,047	290,684	—	1,117,731	28,005	256,000	19,570	34,320	308,198	117,431	—	117,431
McGill	17,002,876	10,076,296	—	27,079,172	1,100,580	96,075	470,940	473,238	2,141,729	2,399,250	—	2,399,250
Macdonald	4,250,000	3,250,000	—	7,500,000	231,000	42,000	27,100	170,000	473,100	537,458	—	537,458
Presbyterian	280,000	170,000	—	450,000	11,000	—	—	25,000	36,000	19,500	—	19,500
Protestant	369,296	105,943	—	475,239	18,307	433	—	31,455	51,195	45,900	—	45,900
United	454,805	343,873	—	798,678	25,239	—	1,128	40,412	72,779	73,203	—	73,203
Mt. Allison (Univ. faculties except theology)	958,313	4,204,140	916,582	6,259,035	90,702	37,200	126,123	41,383	295,408	366,473	0,744	373,217
École Polytechnique	—	4,372	51,553	56,925	—	125,000	32,297	13,151	170,447	164,872	—	164,872

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École H. E. Commens	780,886	780,886	154,000	26,619	4,217	184,836	171,953	6,887	178,860
Oka	226,700	226,700	39,610	12,081	108	52,369	51,989	-	51,989
Institut pol. et Merguello Bourgeois	-	-	-	-	174,342	174,342	174,342	-	174,342
14 collèges classiques	11,722,000	11,722,000	170,000	-	1,290,840	1,420,840	1,420,840	-	1,420,840
Écoles annexées	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Javal (Univ. faculté, except theology)	2,000,000	2,000,000	No Report	de rapport	17,573	223,880	229,151	-	229,151
No-Aine de la Forêt	200,000	200,000	50,000	5,736	-	58,377	63,446	-	63,446
11 collèges classiques	200,000	200,000	39,000	-	991,000	1,091,000	1,091,000	-	1,091,000
Autres institutions affiliées	8,774,500	8,774,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Institutions non affiliées	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total, Quebec	27,023,152	43,409,610	1,612,335	1,083,850	784,914	6,703,346	6,926,046	13,631	6,939,697
Ottawa (1929) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sacre-Cœur	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	-	-	188,000	184,000	-	184,000
U. of Western Ont.	2,702,126	2,702,126	14,671	356,000	107,347	77,063	38,000	-	38,000
Assumption	850,000	850,000	200,000	10,000	35,000	555,000	490,765	73,574	569,339
Alma	175,538	175,538	94	-	34,468	150,000	150,000	-	150,000
Huron	36,538	36,538	7,000	-	5,341	55,825	77,524	-	77,524
Ursuline	400,000	400,000	141,103	11,239	7,200	14,200	27,623	-	27,623
Waterteo & Ev. Luth.	122,185	122,185	11	-	5,341	14,400	23,431	-	23,431
Queen's	4,001,891	4,001,891	218,350	302,200	282,000	30,000	34,046	1,718	35,764
McMaster (seels-acti 1929)	1,112,313	1,112,313	66,559	-	19,405	684,383	692,978	-	692,978
Royal Military	-	-	-	-	-	135,822	135,701	-	135,701
Osgoode Hall	-	-	-	-	-	373,099	374,724	-	374,724
St. Jerome's	-	-	-	-	-	39,981	26,629	-	26,629
Toronto University	3,122,506	3,122,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Victoria University	873,762	873,762	29,851	2,023,752	612,928	2,072,320	2,682,332	487,078	3,120,513
St. Michael's	286,237	286,237	-	-	47,063	106,203	172,973	172,973	172,973
Knorr	739,217	739,217	-	-	-	87,073	47,063	-	47,063
Wyeliffe, 1929	141,900	141,900	29,500	226,653	5,664	49,357	410,357	172,805	243,734
Pharmacy	-	-	-	-	-	124,822	83,620	-	83,620
Ont. Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	189,710	839,484	-	839,484
Ont. Veterinary	-	-	-	-	-	2,596	51,800	-	51,800
Total, Ontario	9,180,494	29,862,255	523,021	3,800,345	1,251,520	7,264,858	6,469,606	886,403	7,336,009
Brandon College	112,681	112,681	17,537	284,427	6,209	42,153	84,241	-	84,241
Manitoba University	1,661,311	1,661,311	462,000	8,229,394	92,560	1,001,583	1,009,789	-	1,009,789
Man. Law School	-	-	-	-	-	7,208	14,176	-	14,176
Man. College	183,767	183,767	-	302,767	6,438	33,144	40,022	-	40,022
Wesley, 1929	383,911	383,911	54,712	1,071,368	20,207	26,559	78,767	-	78,767
St. John's	188,520	188,520	-	564,354	9,436	97,279	89,609	6,132	95,801
St. Boniface	8,600	8,600	-	908,000	-	56,734	56,378	10,000	66,378
Total, Manitoba	2,468,253	8,118,861	534,249	11,121,370	134,849	384,000	1,378,803	16,132	1,394,935

- ¹ Acadia's income includes \$378,377 as gifts.
- ² Exclusive of figures for Mt. St. Vincent College and Holy Heart Seminary.
- ³ Bishop's income includes a special government grant of \$250,000.
- ⁴ Not including affiliated schools nor the faculty of theology.
- ⁵ Reverts to Consolidated Revenue Account.
- ⁶ Included with lands, etc.
- ⁷ Does not include expenditure made on new buildings during year.
- ⁸ Other than board and lodging.
- ⁹ Including board and lodging.
- ¹⁰ Revenues comprennent \$378,377 en donations.
- ¹¹ Revenus comprennent une subvention spéciale du gouvernement au montant de \$250,000.
- ¹² Ne comprennent pas les institutions affiliées, ni la faculté de théologie.
- ¹³ Retourne au compte des revenus consolidés.
- ¹⁴ Compris dans terrains, etc.
- ¹⁵ Ne comprennent pas les dépenses effectuées pour de nouvelles constructions au cours de l'année.
- ¹⁶ Autre que pension et logement.
- ¹⁷ Y compris pension et logement.

HIGHER EDUCATION

113.—Universités and Colleges of Canada: Financial Statistics, 1929-30—Contc.
112.—Universités et collèges du Canada: Statistiques financières, 1929-30—Fin

University or College Université ou Collège	Assets—Actif				Receipts—Recoettes				Expenditure—Dépenses			
	Value of Endowments and Investments Valeur de dotation et de placements	Value of Lands, Buildings, and Equipment Valeur de terrains, bâtiments scolaires et appareils	Value of Other Property Valeur d'autres biens	Total Assets Total de l'actif	From Investments Placements	From Government and Municipalities Allocations des gouvernements et des municipalités	From Fees* Contributions des étudiants*	From Other Sources† Autres sources†	Total Income Total des revenus	Current Courantes	Capital	Total
Saskatchewan Univ.	30,498	4,118,455	—	4,148,953	786	881,194	74,780	25,806	982,546	776,427	188,718	965,145
Emmanuel	8,000	75,000	—	83,000	—	—	—	35,000	35,000	35,000	—	35,000
St. Andrew's, 1929	2,300	188,914	706	191,914	115	—	215	47,715	48,045	42,081	5,750	47,834
Lutheran	2,000	170,000	—	172,000	—	—	834	19,715	20,549	15,273	3,758	19,031
St. Charles	23,208	169,243	—	192,451	861	—	650	8,885	10,696	9,765	496	10,251
Regina	2,000	821,615	—	823,615	95	—	65,181	62,804	128,186	145,532	11,079	159,611
Campion	—	250,000	12,000	262,000	—	—	21,000	35,000	56,000	53,000	—	53,000
Outlook	1,227	69,563	3,443	74,233	—	—	10,000	12,096	22,096	22,096	—	22,096
St. Peter's	—	175,000	30,000	205,000	15,000	—	3,500	15,000	33,500	25,000	—	25,000
Total, Saskatchewan	72,223	5,926,709	48,616	6,047,609	16,840	881,194	176,469	202,121	1,336,615	1,127,177	209,791	1,336,968
Concordia College	—	150,000	—	150,000	—	—	—	25,570	25,570	25,570	—	25,570
Collège des Jésuites	—	240,000	5,000	245,000	—	—	—	35,000	35,000	48,000	—	48,000
Junior St. Jean	—	150,000	—	150,000	—	—	—	15,000	15,000	14,000	—	14,000
University of Alberta	500,000	3,640,531	158,877	4,299,408	25,000	417,303	125,779	107,421	673,603	674,782	38,570	713,322
St. Stephen's	58,000	295,000	20,000	373,000	4,500	—	—	45,800	50,400	48,900	2,500	46,300
Total, Alberta	558,000	4,345,531	183,877	5,087,438	29,500	417,303	125,779	238,791	811,473	806,428	41,070	847,498
Western Pharmacy	—	20,000	3,000	23,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
University of B.C.	35,000	3,744,386	248,742	4,028,128	35,572	64,300	206,801	116,612	983,245	822,342	107,539	929,881
Victoria	—	90,000	—	90,000	—	11,150	24,221	142	35,513	35,513	—	35,513
Anglican, 1929	24,887	136,047	—	160,934	1,112	—	—	14,361	15,473	15,013	—	15,013
Union	17,000	130,000	55,000	202,000	783	—	—	32,870	33,653	33,653	—	33,653
Total, British Columbia	76,887	4,120,433	306,742	4,504,062	37,447	615,450	231,022	163,955	1,047,904	906,501	107,539	1,014,040
Total, Canada	44,675,561	105,228,773	3,895,116	153,799,452	2,667,250	7,413,270	3,261,754	6,647,962	30,300,236	19,058,687	1,308,902	30,367,679

* Other than board and lodging.
† Including board and lodging.

* Autre que pension et logement.
† Y compris pension et logement.

7. PRIVATE SCHOOLS—ÉCOLES PRIVÉES

11.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools in Canada: General Summary by Provinces, 1930

114.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées du Canada: Résumé général par provinces, 1930

Province	Number of institutions — Nombre d'institutions	Number on teaching staff — Personnel enseignant	No. of Pupils in Residence			Number of Pupils enrolled				Total
			Internes			Nombre d'élèves inscrits				
			Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Total	In Elem- entary grades — Degrés élémen- taires	In Second- ary grades — Degrés second- aires	Special work only — Cours spéciaux	Unspeci- fied by grades — Non classifiés	
P.E.I.—I.P.E.....	5	22	31	113	146	450	43	80	—	573
N.S.—N.E.....	16	148	125	450	575	1,839	728	268	—	2,833
N.B.....	24	159	584	1,160	1,744	2,356	609	669	16	3,650
Ont.....	65	691	1,327	2,264	3,591	4,141	4,480	841	50	9,518
Man.....	34	179	818	519	1,337	4,082	642	8	75	4,807
Sask.....	33	118	—	—	—	1,541	505	—	4	2,050
Alta.....	30	195	793	728	1,521	1,534	955	1,068	—	3,557
B.C.—C.B.....	57	348	622	695	1,318	3,113	782	108	1,227	5,228
Total.....	264	1,860	4,301	5,931	10,232	19,056	8,748	3,040	1,372	32,216

¹ Except Quebec, for which province data for private schools (called independent primary schools) are given together with data for publicly controlled schools in section I, etc., of this report. The number of such schools in Quebec is 531, teachers 3,653, enrolment 60,059.

² Sauf la province de Québec, où les données se rapportent aux écoles privées (désignées écoles primaires indépendantes) sont comprises avec celles qui se rapportent aux écoles sous le contrôle public et qui figurent au chapitre I, etc. du présent rapport. Il y a 531 institutions de ce genre dans le Québec, le personnel enseignant s'y élève à 3,653 et le nombre d'inscriptions à 60,059.

115.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools in Canada: Classification of teachers, 1930

115.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées au Canada: Classement du personnel enseignant, en 1930

	Elementary Elémentaires		Secondary Secondaires		Technical Techniques		Unspecified Non spécifiées		Total		
	M.-H.		M.-H.		M.-H.		M.-H.		M.-H.		Total
	M.-H.	F.	M.-H.	F.	M.-H.	F.	M.-H.	F.	M.-H.	F.	
Classification—											
Religious—Congréganistes.....	23	266	30	139	8	82	23	129	84	616	700
Lay—Laïques.....	69	141	140	171	32	121	49	124	290	557	847
Total.....	92	407	170	310	40	203	72	253	374	1,173	1,547
Qualifications											
University graduates—Universitaires.....	41	24	111	148	7	7	20	24	188	203	391
First class or higher.....	27	123	26	103	3	9	12	11	68	246	314
Second class.....	4	95	5	16	1	5	1	24	11	140	151
Third class or lower.....	1	107	—	3	—	2	—	9	1	121	122
Special.....	1	14	1	13	25	171	7	15	34	213	247
Unspecified lay.....	7	16	9	2	—	2	11	98	27	118	145
Unspecified religious.....	11	28	18	25	4	7	12	72	45	132	177
Total.....	92	407	170	316	40	203	72	253	374	1,173	1,547
Experience—Carrière enseignante—											
Under—Au-dessous de 3 years—ans.....	10	22	11	16	2	10	—	8	23	56	79
2-10 years—ans.....	65	175	73	98	14	89	17	27	169	389	558
11-20 ".....	9	107	25	72	3	41	4	26	41	246	287
21 and over—et plus.....	8	55	34	60	11	23	10	12	63	156	219
Unspecified lay.....	—	21	3	23	8	25	24	103	35	174	209
Unspecified religious.....	—	27	24	33	2	15	17	77	43	152	195
Total.....	92	407	170	310	40	203	72	253	374	1,173	1,547
Salaries—Traitements—											
(a) Religious teachers—Congréganistes—											
Under—Moins de \$500.....	—	29	—	5	—	—	—	5	—	39	39
\$500 and under—et moins de \$1,000.....	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	7	7
Over—Plus de \$1,000.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified—Non spécifiées.....	26	218	20	158	9	81	21	124	76	581	637
(b) Lay Teachers—Laïques—											
Under—Moins de \$1,000.....	6	56	10	25	6	38	4	5	26	124	150
\$1,000 and under—et moins de \$1,500.....	11	30	22	43	5	29	3	10	41	112	153
\$1,500 ".....	15	4	33	22	4	6	8	3	60	35	95
\$2,000 ".....	12	2	29	9	3	2	5	1	49	14	63
\$2,500 ".....	3	2	9	2	1	—	2	—	15	4	19
\$3,000 ".....	3	—	22	2	5	—	4	2	34	4	38
\$4,000 and over—et plus.....	1	—	4	—	—	—	1	—	6	—	6
Salaries not given—Traitement non indiqué.....	15	60	21	43	7	47	24	103	67	252	329
Total.....	92	407	170	310	40	203	72	253	374	1,173	1,547

¹ Exclusive of Quebec, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Data for Quebec are given in Section II.

² Sans le Québec, la Saskatchewan ni l'Alberta. Les données se rapportant à la province de Québec figurent au chapitre II.

114.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of Secondary Grade Pupils by Subjects of Study, 1930

115.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves de l'enseignement secondaire par sujets d'études, 1930

Subjects	Grade IX — Degré IX		Grade X — Degré X		Grade XI — Degré XI		Grade XII — Degré XII		Unclassified and Special Non classifié et spécial		Total	Matières
	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F	B-G	G-F		
Algebra.....	752	1,483	538	1,081	406	815	186	228	57	83	5,629	Algèbre.
Arith. and Mens.....	522	905	272	632	133	135	3	33	81	164	2,881	Arithmétique.
Botany.....	36	565	22	178	2	52	28	54	—	—	337	Botanique.
Chemistry.....	72	72	200	346	355	536	86	198	29	12	1,906	Chimie.
Civics.....	112	276	30	276	30	129	—	—	45	24	571	Droit civique.
Eng. comp.....	800	1,593	621	1,355	522	1,088	179	483	133	337	7,117	Comp. anglaise.
Eng. Grammar.....	92	85	75	108	56	70	12	15	—	15	538	Grammaire anglaise.
Eng. Lit.....	772	1,596	651	1,359	527	1,101	187	490	121	206	7,610	Littérature anglaise.
French.....	653	1,509	569	1,275	477	1,020	198	418	90	184	6,394	Français.
French (oral).....	209	733	120	552	139	453	49	224	13	107	2,599	Français (oral).
Elem. Science.....	546	742	137	284	24	16	—	—	36	52	1,531	Sciences élémentaires.
Geog. general.....	237	832	85	286	139	157	13	39	66	14	1,868	Géog. générale.
Geog. Physical.....	82	346	72	421	14	19	5	—	46	—	1,065	Géog. physique.
Geometry.....	690	829	612	1,060	507	949	206	427	53	38	5,371	Géométrie.
German.....	29	39	71	165	50	122	23	99	4	9	551	Allemand.
Greek.....	—	5	14	1	4	2	2	19	2	—	49	Grec.
Hist. Ancient.....	452	478	167	108	192	384	25	201	1	—	2,008	Histoire ancienne.
Hist. Modern.....	—	17	—	—	137	149	55	73	—	8	439	Histoire moderne.
Hist. British.....	353	897	268	524	97	93	38	35	1	14	2,330	Hist. britannique.
Hist. Canadian.....	280	280	162	421	240	652	23	122	46	8	2,235	Hist. du Canada.
Hist. Church.....	98	319	29	273	27	343	28	224	—	80	1,421	Hist. de l'Eglise.
Hist. European.....	39	227	89	252	70	262	8	79	16	30	1,072	Hist. Européenne.
Hist. French.....	—	51	4	42	2	36	10	—	—	—	145	Hist. de France.
Icelandic.....	2	3	4	5	—	5	1	1	—	—	21	Islande.
Latin.....	607	1,347	517	1,137	473	892	166	455	36	55	5,685	Latin.
Physics.....	56	39	317	311	344	513	135	186	42	12	1,901	Physique.
Physiology.....	69	154	59	247	—	53	—	12	—	8	692	Physiologie.
Psychology.....	—	—	—	—	—	65	—	12	—	11	88	Psychologie.
Religious Instr.....	564	1,320	399	1,033	293	820	152	431	147	510	3,675	Instruction religieuse.
Spanish.....	—	24	—	33	2	23	1	20	—	3	166	Espagnol.
Spanish (oral).....	—	26	—	18	—	9	1	2	—	1	51	Espagnol (oral).
Trigonometry.....	—	—	12	—	61	54	137	102	22	25	507	Trigonométrie.
Zoology.....	21	141	14	261	—	11	1	37	13	—	493	Zoologie.
Book-Keeping.....	150	446	109	267	69	71	20	—	60	351	1,519	Tenue des livres.
Business Law.....	—	22	4	5	69	69	27	—	74	253	533	Droit commercial.
Shorthand.....	104	120	76	107	20	38	8	7	—	503	1,660	Sténographie.
Typewriting.....	89	127	73	104	31	34	10	11	85	530	1,994	Dactylographie.
Agriculture.....	24	24	40	44	13	17	—	—	—	—	182	Agriculture.
Art.....	196	537	77	256	52	118	6	44	3	235	1,524	Art.
Domestic Science.....	—	149	—	140	—	41	—	34	—	494	858	Science ménagère.
Elocution.....	62	131	—	130	6	85	2	47	7	548	1,618	Elocution.
Manual Training.....	107	27	144	22	71	3	24	—	2	—	400	Travaux manuels.
Mech. Drawing.....	82	43	7	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	134	Dessin linéaire.
Military Drill.....	292	6	242	3	186	1	114	—	126	41	1,011	Exercices militaires.
Music.....	68	658	64	579	38	387	8	210	36	1,042	3,161	Musique.
Physical Culture.....	436	1,016	398	864	269	651	131	370	90	864	5,069	Culture physique.
Spelling.....	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	15	34	Orthographe.
Writing.....	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	15	28	Calligraphie.
Physiography.....	—	—	3	01	—	—	—	—	—	3	67	Physiographie.
Total classified....	915	1,724	772	1,473	673	1,212	301	688	311	1,123	9,192	Total, ainsi classifié.

ÉCOLES PRIVÉES

123

117.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools in Canada: Distribution of Pupils enrolled during year in 8 provinces (Quebec not included) by grade, sex and age, 1930

117.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées au Canada: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, dans 8 provinces (Québec excepté), par degré, sexe et âge, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K—E.M.	B.—G.	118	100	25	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	278		
	G.—F.	153	116	40	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	316		
I.	B.—G.	73	448	389	250	131	67	21	12	7	6	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1,409		
	G.—F.	150	537	454	313	85	44	16	17	9	1	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	1,531		
II.	B.—G.	8	38	226	279	196	133	60	33	13	3	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	991		
	G.—F.	5	111	336	385	199	83	48	25	12	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,213		
III.	B.—G.	—	5	50	194	263	205	117	60	18	16	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	940		
	G.—F.	—	10	95	303	348	195	89	44	22	10	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	1,122		
IV.	B.—G.	—	—	6	58	157	220	168	103	53	27	17	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	832		
	G.—F.	—	8	27	97	323	348	173	107	53	29	12	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	1,184		
V.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	50	161	221	150	92	54	24	5	3	2	—	—	—	—	767		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	101	270	310	221	111	43	20	6	—	—	1	—	—	—	1,090		
VI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	4	135	176	168	84	33	12	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	619		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	19	90	267	331	215	91	41	17	6	2	3	—	—	—	1,086		
VII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	2	16	53	126	146	126	58	21	5	1	1	—	—	—	553		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	4	30	93	251	265	210	96	45	14	6	—	—	—	—	1,014		
VIII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	1	21	37	115	121	97	58	24	5	3	1	6	—	489		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	8	32	115	294	274	208	97	27	12	6	5	8	—	1,086		
IX.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	32	111	252	260	163	62	29	11	5	22	—	851		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	63	301	448	424	301	103	30	9	6	10	—	1,797		
X.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	86	224	233	171	57	18	14	22	—	852		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	6	58	238	403	354	216	47	29	14	22	1,390		
XI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	75	167	211	130	45	28	44	—	716		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	56	262	289	286	164	39	20	28	1,154		
XII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	44	88	81	64	27	28	343		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	32	162	159	103	52	20	18	553		
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	25	48	58	44	15	17	230		
	G.—F.	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	6	30	80	121	219	105	44	35	19	—	664		
Total	B.—G.	229	591	794	789	811	846	790	729	757	795	836	736	618	365	186	91	139	10,002	—		
	G.—F.	310	833	952	1,014	1,080	1,076	1,035	1,182	1,357	1,439	1,543	1,401	1,031	473	183	180	106	15,160	—		
Total		539	1,424	1,746	1,803	1,891	1,922	1,825	1,911	2,114	2,234	2,400	2,137	1,652	840	369	191	245	25,162	—		

Unclassified by grades—Non classifiés par degrés Boys—Garçons, 2,912
Girls—Filles, 4,115

Unclassified by grades and sex—Non classifiés selon l'âge et le degré 27

Grand Total 32,216

118.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools in Canada: Distributions of pupils enrolled during year in Nova Scotia by grade, sex and age, 1930

118.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées au Canada: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Nouvelle-Écosse, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	
	G.—F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	
I	B.—G.	13	33	36	17	19	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	123	
	G.—F.	25	52	51	20	7	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	161	
II	B.—G.	4	13	16	24	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	108	
	G.—F.	3	27	32	38	24	4	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	138	
III	B.—G.	—	1	20	18	12	11	10	12	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	91	
	G.—F.	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	103	
IV	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	9	16	13	12	4	5	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	2	15	37	22	7	6	9	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	
V	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	6	20	26	7	9	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	72	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	1	24	26	14	11	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	90	
VI	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	1	13	10	14	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	47	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	8	32	31	16	5	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	88	
VII	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	13	11	14	5	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	20	21	16	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	72	
VIII	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	3	15	12	10	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	53	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	30	26	10	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	76	
IX	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	15	9	5	—	1	—	—	—	—	36	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	36	58	41	29	6	6	—	—	—	—	178	
X	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	14	12	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	35	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	54	30	21	4	4	2	1	—	123	
XI	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	15	18	8	1	—	—	—	45	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	31	23	14	2	—	—	—	89	
XII	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	11	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	9	6	3	—	—	24	
Spec.—Spéc	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	5	4	25	1	—	48	
Total	B.—G.	20	47	72	65	71	70	76	59	71	53	48	46	25	13	2	2	—	—	—	740	
	G.—F.	31	82	105	90	93	76	86	89	129	119	132	116	81	35	13	27	3	—	—	1,296	
Total		51	129	177	164	164	146	162	148	200	172	180	162	86	48	15	29	3	2	—	2,036	

Unclassified by grades—Non classifiés par degrés Boys—Garçons, 260
Girls—Filles, 537

Grand total 2,833

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

119.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during year in New Brunswick by grade, sex and age, 1930

119.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Nouveau-Brunswick, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
I.	B.—G.	5	65	67	51	25	18	4	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242	
	G.—F.	7	69	72	46	15	12	4	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	232	
II.	B.—G.	-	1	25	39	39	40	19	9	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	
	G.—F.	-	-	8	51	40	22	18	12	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	156	
III.	B.—G.	-	-	1	14	35	32	25	12	6	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	
	G.—F.	-	-	1	38	41	24	19	10	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	
IV.	B.—G.	-	-	-	2	21	36	29	21	17	11	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	5	38	28	30	18	7	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124	
V.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	1	13	42	36	13	10	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	27	31	44	29	19	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	155	
VI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	3	19	43	22	12	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	108	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	2	18	29	49	19	16	4	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	142	
VII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	17	23	12	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	18	33	53	26	19	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	156	
VIII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	12	9	5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	25	28	35	14	5	5	1	-	-	-	-	114	
IX.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	10	29	10	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	64	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	13	30	52	28	6	2	-	-	-	-	137	
X.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	43	35	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	93	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	27	35	7	4	-	-	-	-	87	
XI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	37	16	5	-	-	5	-	81	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	12	9	23	1	-	-	-	-	49	
XII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	15	24	22	7	11	-	-	-	85	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	23	49	33	12	-	-	-	-	130	
Total.	B.—G.	5	66	93	106	121	147	141	141	100	83	108	75	84	47	27	7	19	-	-	1,279	
	G.—F.	7	69	81	149	134	115	122	139	158	146	140	151	133	75	24	-	-	-	-	1,634	
Total.		12	135	174	246	255	262	263	280	258	229	248	226	217	122	51	7	19	-	-	3,004	

Unclassified by grades—Non classifiés par degrés..... Boys—Garçons..... 140
Girls—Filles..... 506
Grand total..... 3,650

120.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during year in Ontario, by grade, sex and age, 1930

120.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Ontario, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	41	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	
	G.—F.	55	55	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123	
I.	B.—G.	11	53	33	38	21	7	6	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	175	
	G.—F.	32	78	86	39	11	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	
II.	B.—G.	-	3	26	25	27	12	5	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	
	G.—F.	-	38	68	82	31	15	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	238	
III.	B.—G.	-	-	8	14	30	30	19	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	
	G.—F.	-	-	33	51	77	41	20	11	3	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242	
IV.	B.—G.	-	-	6	19	19	27	30	26	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	
	G.—F.	-	2	14	36	62	90	34	29	19	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	
V.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	1	9	12	17	10	13	16	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	48	74	86	46	25	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252	
VI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	1	12	13	13	23	12	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	4	12	41	64	101	35	17	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	282	
VII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	2	11	14	16	15	24	17	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	3	16	37	74	66	33	24	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	
VIII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	4	12	22	15	19	20	14	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	108	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	26	64	94	61	41	37	5	-	1	-	-	-	356	
IX.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	22	63	65	66	27	5	1	2	1	5	-	259	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	54	211	178	121	53	16	7	1	2	3	652	
X.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	44	46	45	52	26	5	-	-	-	240	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	48	179	156	110	36	7	2	1	7	555	
XI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	54	60	57	34	13	11	9	-	252	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8	50	210	152	106	27	5	4	-	565	
XII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	25	41	45	35	14	5	-	-	179	
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	26	132	97	47	13	5	4	-	351	
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	17	17	31	34	22	7	6	140	
	G.—F.	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	26	49	55	143	60	26	3	11	-	283	
Total	B.—G.	52	70	73	101	109	111	110	117	178	198	228	209	202	149	78	31	27	-	-	2,027	
	G.—F.	89	174	214	212	244	232	279	358	513	562	635	549	405	148	47	16	30	-	-	4,795	
Total.		141	244	287	313	353	403	389	503	691	760	863	749	607	298	125	49	57	-	-	6,822	

Unclassified by Grades—Non classifiés par degrés..... Boys—Garçons..... 1,240
Girls—Filles..... 1,456
Grand Total..... 9,518

ÉCOLES PRIVÉES

125

121.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during the year in Manitoba, by grade, sex and age, 1930

121.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Manitoba, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K—E.M.	B.—G.	36	53	14	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	185		
	G.—F.	38	34	18	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	86		
I.	B.—G.	8	125	105	55	15	7	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	317		
	G.—F.	11	144	79	37	11	7	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	295		
II.	B.—G.	—	3	74	78	46	24	11	6	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	245		
	G.—F.	1	8	94	61	44	16	7	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	237		
III.	B.—G.	—	3	13	55	77	57	25	12	2	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	254		
	G.—F.	—	6	16	64	63	39	14	4	6	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	214		
IV.	B.—G.	—	—	2	12	47	45	41	25	16	6	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	195		
	G.—F.	—	—	3	16	67	52	24	19	5	4	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	192		
V.	B.—G.	—	—	—	2	13	40	39	36	21	14	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	187		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	2	14	45	46	30	14	7	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	163		
VI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	1	—	16	31	39	37	20	11	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	158		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	7	13	55	33	27	16	4	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	160		
VII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	26	29	28	13	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	118		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	1	10	9	29	29	18	11	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	113		
VIII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	15	24	15	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	73		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	36	54	27	8	—	—	—	—	1	137		
IX.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	7		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	18	28	13	2	—	—	—	—	67		
X.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	8		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	20	12	4	—	—	—	—	54		
XI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3		
XII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3		
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	1	3	—	—	12		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1		
Total	B.—G.	44	184	208	205	198	198	158	152	121	103	65	33	2	1	—	—	—	—	1,675		
	G.—F.	50	192	210	185	208	182	138	136	128	132	100	58	25	10	4	1	3	—	1,774		
Total		94	376	418	390	406	380	296	288	249	235	165	91	27	11	4	3	4	—	3,449		

Unclassified by grades—Non classifiés par degrés

Boys—Garçons..... 653

Girls—Filles..... 705

Grand total

4,807

122.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during year in Saskatchewan, by grade, sex and age, 1930

122.—Écoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année par degré, sexe et âge, Saskatchewan, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																				Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21				
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	2	5	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9		
	G.—F.	3	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11		
I.	B.—G.	11	20	45	38	28	23	9	5	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	159		
	G.—F.	23	46	48	32	23	12	4	7	4	1	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	205		
II.	B.—G.	—	2	8	32	26	13	10	2	2	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	99		
	G.—F.	1	5	18	28	17	9	8	4	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	94		
III.	B.—G.	—	—	4	17	23	21	14	7	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	90		
	G.—F.	—	—	8	24	27	21	7	4	3	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	93		
IV.	B.—G.	—	1	—	—	—	12	20	15	13	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	77		
	G.—F.	—	—	1	5	25	45	27	16	6	6	5	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	139		
V.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	6	16	22	14	14	7	3	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	89		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	83		
VI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	1	5	16	23	22	11	7	5	2	—	—	—	—	—	93		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	11	9	6	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	39		
VII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	3	10	24	14	14	3	3	1	2	—	—	—	—	79		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	3	8	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	25		
VIII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	14	15	14	10	2	1	3	—	—	—	—	64		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	5	5	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	24		
IX.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	16	17	9	3	3	1	—	—	—	68		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50		
X.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12	10	6	2	4	3	—	—	10	112		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	17	38	27	8	5	3	2	2	—	48		
XI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	8	6	7	5	2	3	8	—	100		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	32	16	8	5	2	2	—	47		
XII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	14	5	4	4	8	89		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	18	28	21	3	3	7	46		
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	8	8	3	11	4	62		
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	22	19	8	—	—	—		
Total	B.—G.	13	27	61	93	95	96	78	64	45	52	42	37	38	26	17	11	37	—	832		
	G.—F.	27	56	79	90	97	103	89	96	81	86	112	97	82	59	20	9	16	—	1,214		
Total		40	83	140	183	192	204	167	160	126	138	154	144	120	85	37	20	53	—	2,046		

Unclassified by Grades—Non classifiés par degrés

Boys—Garçons..... 3

Girls—Filles..... 1

Grand total

2,050

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

122.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during year in Alberta, by grade, sex and age, 1930

123.—Ecoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Alberta, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																					Total	
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21						
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I.	B.—G.	15	36	39	22	14	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131
	G.—F.	18	54	62	26	12	4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183
II.	B.—G.	-	1	24	29	15	7	4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
	G.—F.	-	3	33	48	27	8	6	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129
III.	B.—G.	-	-	3	20	26	17	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
	G.—F.	-	-	5	28	40	27	8	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116
IV.	B.—G.	-	-	-	2	17	25	18	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73
	G.—F.	-	-	-	1	24	38	25	7	5	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104
V.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	2	12	22	18	7	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	4	20	34	23	7	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95
VI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	3	15	23	20	8	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	3	19	31	24	6	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87
VII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	12	19	17	8	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	17	26	15	8	7	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81
VIII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	17	10	6	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	18	24	20	10	6	3	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	99
IX.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	93	107	81	45	21	6	4	4	7	4	6	6	6	290
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	18	98	109	85	34	11	8	2	4	4	4	4	4	398
X.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	10	78	91	82	14	10	9	13	13	13	13	13	311
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	15	81	86	75	13	12	9	12	12	12	12	12	397
XI.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	9	43	61	45	21	13	18	18	18	18	18	229
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14	50	67	54	19	10	13	13	13	13	13	233
XII.	B.—G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	7	19	23	24	7	11	11	11	11	11	88
	G.—F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	9	22	27	25	13	9	9	9	9	9	107
Total.	B.—G.	15	37	66	74	74	66	69	66	83	150	226	245	212	118	69	34	54	1,649					
	G.—F.	18	57	100	101	107	100	95	100	171	240	246	297	110	63	28	46	1,303						
Total.		33	94	166	175	181	166	169	161	192	321	466	491	419	228	123	72	100	3,557					

124.—Private Elementary and Secondary Schools: Distribution of pupils enrolled during year in British Columbia, by grade, sex and age, 1930

124.—Ecoles élémentaires et secondaires privées: Répartition des élèves inscrits durant l'année, par degré, sexe et âge, Colombie Britannique, 1930

Grade Degré	Sex Sexe	Age—Âge																					Total
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21					
K.—E.M.	B.—G.	66	28	10	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	106	
	G.—F.	54	23	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	83	
I.	B.—G.	10	109	58	24	10	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	216	
	G.—F.	16	120	52	12	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	207	
II.	B.—G.	4	15	53	52	27	13	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	169	
	G.—F.	—	16	65	72	16	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	132	
III.	B.—G.	—	1	7	49	59	37	21	4	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	181	
	G.—F.	—	—	12	61	66	29	15	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	186	
IV.	B.—G.	—	—	—	9	32	56	23	8	2	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	134	
	G.—F.	—	6	7	15	67	71	26	12	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	210	
V.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	13	39	53	29	10	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	148	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	2	21	61	57	36	14	1	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	195	
VI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	1	1	5	29	37	43	21	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	142	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	15	59	74	50	14	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	221	
VII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	35	46	23	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	129	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	22	67	70	58	14	7	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	243	
VIII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	12	10	31	36	22	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	116	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	3	24	75	62	58	15	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	246	
IX.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	25	49	37	22	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	145	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	54	57	42	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	173	
X.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	19	33	39	20	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	117	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	51	57	29	6	2	—	—	—	—	—	154	
XI.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	25	24	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	83	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	16	42	18	8	3	—	—	—	—	97	
XII.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	19	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	
Spec.—Spéc.	B.—G.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	
	G.—F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total.	B.—G.	86	153	128	137	112	156	158	129	158	155	199	100	55	29	2	2	1	1,636				
	G.—F.	70	165	141	163	176	191	183	217	232	291	219	176	121	38	12	10	7	2,315				
Total.		156	318	269	300	318	347	341	346	350	340	328	275	176	58	14	12	8	4,001				

Unclassified by Grades—Non classifiés par degrés

Boys—Garçons

566

Unclassified by grade and sex—Non classifiés par degré et sexe

Girls—Filles

634

Grand total

5,228

125.—Private Business and Commercial Schools (Business Colleges) in Canada: Students Enrolled, Students Graduating, and Teachers, 1950
125.—Collèges commerciaux privés au Canada: Inscriptions, diplômés, personnel enseignant, 1950

Num- ber of schools	Non- bre- dis- tinc- tions	Students enrolled—Inscriptions										Students receiving Diplomas Diplômes conférés				Teachers — Personnel enseignant	
		In all classes			In day classes			In night classes				Diplômes conférés		Teachers — Personnel enseignant			
		A tous les cours			Aux cours du jour			Aux cours du soir				Diplômes conférés		Teachers — Personnel enseignant			
		Male Hom- mes	Female Fem- mes	Total	Male Hom- mes	Female Fem- mes	Total	Male Hom- mes	Female Fem- mes	Total	Male Hom- mes	Female Fem- mes	Total	Male Hom- mes	Female Fem- mes	Total	
3		56	138	194	35	114	149	21	24	45	36	87	123	4	3	7	
3	Prince Edward Island.....	148	400	548	92	334	426	56	66	122	18	87	105	5	15	20	
4	Halifax.....	48	191	239	25	125	150	23	66	89	3	57	60	2	6	8	
7	Other—Autres, Nova Scotia.....	198	591	789	117	459	576	79	132	211	21	144	165	7	21	28	
3	Total, Nova Scotia.....	68	140	208	40	97	137	37	43	71	20	55	75	2	3	5	
5	St. John.....	147	356	503	89	304	393	58	82	140	41	140	181	3	10	13	
8	Other—Autres, New Brunswick.....	215	526	741	129	401	530	86	125	211	61	105	256	5	13	18	
5	Total, New Brunswick.....	942	1,814	2,756	528	1,189	1,808	414	534	948	231	579	810	28	46	74	
17	Montreal.....	185	463	648	145	358	503	102	142	244	69	88	158	9	10	19	
2	Other—Autres, Quebec.....	1,127	1,979	3,106	673	1,243	2,016	454	636	1,090	300	668	968	37	56	93	
21	Total, Quebec.....	1,183	3,777	4,960	628	2,541	3,169	555	1,236	1,791	246	700	946	29	83	112	
4	Toronto.....	251	637	888	127	521	648	124	186	290	13	52	65	7	16	22	
5	Hamilton.....	402	1,090	1,492	211	892	1,103	191	398	589	145	454	599	7	16	23	
60	Ottawa.....	1,955	4,649	6,604	1,315	3,483	4,798	640	1,196	1,836	625	1,597	2,222	103	169	272	
90	Other—Autres, Ontario.....	3,791	10,203	13,994	2,281	7,237	9,518	1,510	2,966	4,476	1,029	2,803	3,832	109	199	308	
6	Total, Ontario.....	1,062	2,244	3,306	343	1,457	1,800	698	810	1,506	88	327	415	24	38	62	
3	Winnipeg.....	70	169	239	42	138	180	28	31	59	19	58	77	1	4	5	
9	Other—Autres, Manitoba.....	1,132	2,413	3,545	385	1,595	1,980	724	841	1,565	107	385	492	25	42	67	
5	Total, Manitoba.....	128	386	514	67	285	352	81	101	182	42	142	184	3	6	9	
3	Regina.....	134	472	606	70	370	440	58	102	160	23	122	145	6	10	16	
8	Saskatoon.....	99	333	432	53	302	355	45	92	137	40	171	211	5	9	14	
16	Other—Autres, Saskatchewan.....	361	1,251	1,612	196	957	1,153	164	295	459	105	453	540	14	25	39	
5	Total, Saskatchewan.....	879	1,425	2,304	522	870	1,392	357	555	912	(no record)			17	35	52	
6	Edmonton.....	518	1,276	1,794	399	985	1,384	119	291	410	72	257	329	13	26	39	
10	Other—Autres, Alberta.....	184	565	749	98	350	448	91	115	206	—	18	16	4	6	10	
22	Total, Alberta.....	838	2,069	2,907	539	1,335	2,082	299	486	785	101	400	501	21	43	64	
182	Total, Canada.....	8,585	20,535	29,120	4,897	14,369	19,266	3,664	6,060	9,724	1,760	5,117	6,877	242	437	679	

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

126.—Private Business and Commercial Schools (Business Colleges) in Canada: Courses Followed by Students in 1930
127.—Collèges commerciaux privés au Canada: Cours suivis par les élèves en 1930

	Stenographic Sténographie				Commercial Commerce				Secretarial Pour secrétaire				Other Autres		
	Sténographie				Commerce				Pour secrétaire				Autres		
	Male Hommes	Female Femmes	Total	Months Mois	Male Hommes	Female Femmes	Total	Months Mois	Male Hommes	Female Femmes	Total	Months Mois	Male Hommes	Female Femmes	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	10	113	123	—	35	12	47	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	24
Halifax.....	25	328	353	—	117	15	132	—	6	57	63	—	—	—	—
Other—Autres, Nova Scotia.....	—	56	56	—	44	2	46	—	4	128	132	—	—	—	—
Total, Nova Scotia.....	25	384	409	8-0	161	17	178	6-1	10	185	195	9-7	—	—	—
St. John.....	15	105	120	6-3	27	8	35	6-6	26	27	53	10-0	—	—	—
Other—Autres, New Brunswick.....	26	200	226	7-4	43	2	45	7-0	38	109	147	10-4	—	—	—
Total, New Brunswick.....	41	305	346	—	70	10	80	—	64	136	200	—	—	—	—
Montreal.....	285	954	1,239	6-7	130	124	254	6-8	316	582	898	9-4	231	154	385
Other—Autres, Quebec.....	37	101	138	6-6	42	12	54	7-8	80	28	108	11-6	26	24	50
Total, Quebec.....	302	1,055	1,357	—	172	136	308	—	396	610	1,006	—	257	178	435
Toronto.....	455	2,824	3,279	8-5	295	200	495	9-2	189	540	729	11-5	135	95	230
Hamilton.....	17	357	374	8-4	119	19	138	8-3	96	241	337	11-0	49	63	112
Ottawa.....	179	992	1,171	6-3	212	34	246	7-0	—	—	—	—	11	64	75
Other—Autres, Ontario.....	613	2,920	3,533	7-7	864	194	1,058	8-5	500	90	590	10-6	90	235	325
Total, Ontario.....	1,164	7,093	8,257	—	1,490	447	1,937	—	755	2,058	2,813	—	285	447	732
Winnipeg.....	199	850	1,049	7-8	303	293	596	6-4	41	183	224	11-0	419	938	1,357
Other—Autres, Manitoba.....	46	164	210	—	24	5	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total, Manitoba.....	245	1,014	1,259	—	327	298	625	—	41	183	224	—	419	938	1,357
Regina.....	46	242	288	7-5	64	20	84	7-0	7	102	109	11-0	11	22	33
Saskatoon.....	28	291	319	7-7	81	33	114	7-5	12	131	143	9-5	13	9	22
Other—Autres, Saskatchewan.....	34	370	404	7-3	46	12	58	6-1	7	96	103	9-4	12	30	42
Total, Saskatchewan.....	108	803	911	—	191	65	256	—	26	329	355	—	36	61	97
Total, Alberta.....	132	667	799	—	300	307	607	—	118	310	428	—	329	141	470
Vancouver.....	275	1,025	1,300	8-7	33	15	48	—	60	105	165	10-0	95	145	240
Victoria.....	32	245	277	6-7	83	14	97	6-9	13	69	82	9-0	64	61	115
Other—Autres, British Columbia.....	58	246	304	8-3	53	37	90	8-9	11	93	104	10-0	4	7	11
Total, British Columbia.....	365	1,519	1,884	—	189	66	255	—	86	267	353	—	153	216	369
Total, Canada.....	2,382	12,953	15,335	—	2,915	1,358	4,273	—	1,496	4,058	5,554	—	1,400	1,994	3,394

General note:—"Stenographic" courses are those in which shorthand and typewriting are the chief subjects; "commercial" are those in which bookkeeping or accounting is the chief study; "secretarial" includes courses reported as complete business training and similar terms, usually comprising most of the subjects in the "stenographic" and "commercial" courses as is reflected in the column "months". The figures in this column represent the average number of months required by a student to complete the course with regular, day-time attendance.

Note:—Dans les cours de sténographie, on enseigne surtout la sténographie et la dactylographie; dans les cours commerciaux, on s'occupe principalement de comptabilité et de tenue des livres; les cours pour secrétaires comprennent un cours commercial complet ou se trouvent combinés à part des sujets qu'on enseigne dans les cours de sténographie et les cours commerciaux, tel qu'il apparaît sous la rubrique "autres". Les chiffres qui figurent dans cette colonne représentent la moyenne du nombre des mois qu'il faut à un élève pour terminer ses études ou assistant régulièrement aux cours du jour. 1 Non spécifié.

8. INDIAN EDUCATION—INSTRUCTION DES INDIENS

127.—Indian Schools: Enrolment and attendance in all schools, 1911 to 1930
 127.—Ecoles Indiennes: Inscriptions et fréquentation dans toutes écoles, 1911-1930

Year — Année	Schools—Ecoles				Enrolment—Inscriptions				
	Total Number of Schools — Nombre total d'écoles	All-Indian Schools — Toutes écoles indiennes		Com- bined public and Indian — Publiques et indiennes combinées	Number Enrolled — Nombre d'élèves inscrits			Average Attend- ance — Moyenne de fré- quentation quoti- dienne	Percent- age of Attend- ance — Pourcen- tage de fréquen- tation
		Non-resi- dential — Externats	Resi- dential — Internats		Boys — Garçons	Girls — Filles	Total		
1911.....	324	251	73	—	5,607	5,533	11,190	6,703	60.44
1912.....	325	251	74	—	5,648	5,655	11,303	6,838	60.49
1913.....	326	249	77	—	5,631	5,513	11,144	6,929	62.18
1914.....	323	256	77	—	5,908	5,806	11,714	7,218	61.63
1915.....	335	257	78	—	6,367	6,101	12,468	8,711	69.87
1916.....	345	269	76	—	6,528	6,271	12,799	8,080	63.13
1917.....	341	265	76	—	6,167	6,011	12,178	8,285	68.03
1918.....	339	264	75	—	6,211	6,202	12,413	7,878	63.46
1919.....	323	248	74	—	5,966	5,986	11,952	7,601	63.59
1920.....	321	247	74	—	6,020	6,176	12,196	7,649	62.71
1921.....	326	253	73	—	6,219	6,339	12,558	8,074	64.29
1922.....	331	250	71	—	6,605	6,416	13,021	8,668	66.56
1923.....	340	255	72	13	6,931	6,79	13,723	9,106	66.35
1924.....	324	242	73	9	6,896	6,976	13,872	9,188	66.23
1925.....	333	247	73	13	7,031	7,191	14,222	9,879	69.46
1926.....	344	254	74	16	7,318	7,464	14,782	10,598	71.69
1927.....	343	250	77	16	7,309	7,401	14,710	10,541	71.66
1928.....	340	251	77	12	7,327	7,691	15,018	10,866	72.35
1929.....	341	254	78	9	7,472	7,875	15,347	11,258	73.35
1930.....	350	264	78	8	7,677	8,066	15,743	11,579	73.55

By Provinces, 1930—Par provinces, 1930

P.E.I.—I. du P.-E.....	1	1	—	—	14	20	34	21	61.76
N.S.—N.-E.....	11	11	—	—	142	144	286	163	56.99
N.B.....	10	10	—	—	141	157	298	209	70.13
Que.—Qué.....	32	32	—	—	713	720	1,433	1,046	72.99
Ont.....	98	81	13	4	2,024	2,081	4,105	2,897	70.57
Man.....	56	44	10	2	1,148	1,150	2,298	1,630	70.93
Sask.....	49	25	14	1	978	1,023	2,001	1,638	81.85
Alta.....	22	3	19	—	608	832	1,530	1,316	86.01
B.C.—C.B.....	63	46	16	1	1,607	1,684	3,291	2,347	71.31
N.W.T.—T.N.O.....	8	4	4	—	119	158	277	204	73.64
Yukon.....	9	7	2	—	93	97	190	108	56.84
Total.....	350	264	78	8	7,677	8,066	15,743	11,579	73.55

128.—Indian Schools: Enrolment and attendance in each type of School, 1930
 128.—Écoles indiennes: Inscriptions et fréquentation dans chaque type d'écoles, 1930

(a) Residential Schools, 1930—Internats, 1930

Province	Number of Schools — Nombre d'écoles	Denominations — Confessions religieuses				Number enrolled — Nombre d'élèves inscrits			Average Attendance — Moyenne de fréquentation quotidienne	Percentage of Attendance — Pourcentage de fréquentation
		Roman Catholic	Church of England	United Church	Presbyterian	Boys Garçons	Girls Filles	Total		
		Catholic romaine	Anglican	Eglise unie	Presbytérienne					
Ontario.....	13	8	6	1	1	628	744	1,372	1,189	86.66
Manitoba.....	10	4	2	3	1	486	492	978	877	89.67
Saskatchewan.....	14	9	3	2	—	680	747	1,427	1,276	89.41
Alberta.....	19	12	5	2	—	642	773	1,415	1,261	89.11
N.W.T.—T.N.O.....	4	3	1	—	—	87	122	209	169	80.89
B.C.—C.B.....	16	9	2	5	—	911	935	1,846	1,657	89.76
Yukon.....	2	—	2	—	—	25	30	55	47	85.45
Total.....	78	45	20	13	2	3,459	3,843	7,302	6,476	88.68

(b) Non-Residential Schools, 1930—Externats, 1930

Province	Number of Schools — Nombre d'écoles	Number on Roll — Nombre d'élèves inscrits			Average Attendance — Moyenne de fréquentation quotidienne	Percentage of Attendance — Pourcentage de fréquentation
		Boys — Garçons	Girls — Filles	Total		
P.E. Island—Ile du P.-E.	1	14	20	34	21	61.76
Nova Scotia—Nouvelle-Ecosse	11	142	144	286	163	56.99
New Brunswick—Nouveau-Brunswick	19	141	157	298	209	70.13
Quebec—Québec	32	713	720	1,433	1,046	72.99
Ontario	81	1,345	1,282	2,627	1,638	62.35
Manitoba	41	649	650	1,299	742	57.12
Saskatchewan	25	290	271	567	357	62.96
Alberta	3	56	59	115	55	47.82
Northwest Territories—Terr. du N. Ouest	4	32	36	68	35	51.47
Br. Columbia—Col. Britannique	46	693	744	1,437	685	47.66
Yukon	7	68	67	135	61	45.18
Total	264	4,149	4,150	8,299	5,012	60.39

(c) Combined Public and Indian Schools, 1930—Écoles publiques et indiennes combinées, 1930

Ontario.....	4	51	55	106	70	66.03
Manitoba.....	2	13	8	21	11	52.38
Saskatchewan.....	1	2	5	7	5	71.42
Br. Columbia—Col. Britannique.....	1	3	5	8	5	62.50
Total.....	8	69	73	142	91	64.98

INSTRUCTION DES INDIENS

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129.—Indian Schools in Canada: Number of Pupils in each Standard or Grade, 1911 to 1939
 129.—Écoles Indiennes au Canada: Nombre d'élèves dans chaque échelon ou degré, 1911 à 1939

Year — Année	Standard—Échelon							Total
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI		
	Equivalent Grade—Degré équivalent							
	I	II	III	IV—V	VI—VII	VIII—X		
1911.....	5,310	2,204	1,724	1,172	574	206	11,190	
1912.....	6,614	2,115	1,604	1,142	581	247	11,303	
1913.....	5,452	2,108	1,728	1,122	531	213	11,144	
1914.....	6,026	2,072	1,716	1,134	527	229	11,714	
1915.....	6,199	2,388	1,817	1,230	600	234	12,468	
1916.....	6,381	2,358	1,888	1,275	601	296	12,799	
1917.....	5,846	2,351	1,828	1,198	709	246	12,178	
1918.....	5,853	2,400	2,059	1,198	618	285	12,413	
1919.....	4,416	2,329	2,048	1,281	639	239	11,952	
1920.....	5,869	2,162	2,018	1,258	618	271	12,196	
1921.....	5,974	2,258	2,068	1,329	645	284	12,558	
1922.....	5,917	2,489	2,081	1,488	720	320	13,021	
1923.....	6,252	2,574	2,126	1,584	803	384	13,723	
1924.....	6,216	2,666	2,280	1,523	817	370	13,872	
1925.....	6,251	2,707	2,750	1,662	836	486	14,222	
1926.....	6,542	2,824	2,321	1,627	912	556	14,782	
1927.....	6,329	2,642	2,378	1,697	996	668	14,710	
1928.....	6,498	2,537	2,311	1,715	1,108	849	15,019	
1929.....	6,571	2,619	2,072	1,857	1,137	1,091	15,347	
1930.....	6,730	2,659	2,157	1,835	1,150	1,212	15,743	

130.—Indian Education Vote—Expenditure for year 1929-30
 130.—Voté pour l'instruction des Indiens: Crédits de l'année 1929-30

	Non- residential Schools — Externats	Residential schools — Internats	Tuition and assistance to ex-pupils — Enseigne- ment et secours aux anciens élèves	Stationery — Papeterie	Miscel- laneous — Divers	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
P. E. Island—Ile du P.-Edouard.....	668	—	—	54	—	722
Nova Scotia—Nouvelle-Ecosse.....	8,793	80,952	15,255	244	11	105,255
New Brunswick—Nouveau-Brunswick.....	14,892	—	684	766	1,044	17,386
Quebec—Québec.....	72,489	—	4,280	1,764	19	78,552
Ontario.....	104,565	285,784	12,849	9,620	544	413,392
Manitoba.....	53,612	321,264	596	4,707	5,089	385,268
Saskatchewan.....	42,519	344,878	2,356	4,380	3,118	397,252
Alberta.....	3,651	316,222	1,674	4,710	515	326,772
British Columbia—Colombie Britannique.....	60,569	462,517	948	7,537	1,068	532,579
Northwest Territories—Territoires du Nord- Ouest.....	2,245	52,104	—	437	40	54,825
Yukon.....	2,503	13,494	—	426	—	16,423
Total.....	363,476	1,377,216	38,642	34,645	11,456	2,330,427

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